

National Portuguese Examinations
Specifications for Grammar
(for exam years 2018 and after)

Level 2	
Everything from Level 1, plus:	
Nouns and articles	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • plural of nouns ending in <i>-l, -m, -s,</i> and <i>-ão</i>, including common irregulars (<i>mãos, irmãos, pães, alemães</i>) • use of the definite article with abstract nouns, names of languages, days of the week, body parts, people's titles • use or nonuse of the definite article with geographic names
Adjectives	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • formation of the feminine of adjectives ending in <i>-es</i> and <i>-or</i> • irregular feminine forms <i>boa, má, espanhola</i> • comparisons of equality and inequality • irregular comparatives <i>melhor, pior, maior, menor</i> • <i>que, o que</i> and <i>qual</i> • ordinal numbers <i>primeiro</i> through <i>décimo</i> • cardinal numbers above 100 • demonstrative adjectives
Verbs	<p><i>Note:</i> For all verb tenses, the second person singular forms (<i>tu</i>) may be tested, but not the plural forms (<i>vós</i>).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • present tense <i>-ir</i> verbs with stem changes: <i>repetir</i> type, <i>dormir</i> type, <i>subir</i> type • preterite (regular and irregular verbs): formation and basic uses <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◦ spelling adjustments with verbs ending in <i>-car, -çar, -gar, -ger</i> • imperfect (regular and irregular verbs): formation and basic uses • past progressive (<i>estava falando</i>) • future (regular verbs plus <i>fazer, dizer, trazer</i>) • <i>fazer</i> and <i>haver</i> to express duration of time • <i>haver</i> and <i>ter</i> used to express existence • <i>conhecer</i> vs. <i>saber</i> • reflexive verbs
Adverbs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • adverbs of place (<i>aqui, aí, ali, lá</i>) • adverbs of quantity (<i>pouco, muito, demais, quase, só</i>)
Pronouns	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • demonstrative pronouns • reflexive pronouns • 1st and 2nd person object pronouns: <i>me, te, nos</i>
Prepositions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • prepositions related to time (<i>antes de, depois de, desde, durante, até</i>) • prepositions related to space (<i>em frente de, atrás de, em cima de,</i> etc.) • <i>por</i> vs. <i>para</i>
Conjunctions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • conclusive and explicative conjunctions (<i>porque, por isso, então</i>)
Other	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • affirmative and negative expressions (<i>tudo, todo[s], algo, alguma coisa, nada, algum, nenhum, sempre, nunca, também [não]</i>)