

## MATH/IDST 120 – Symmetry, Shape and Space Explorations of Scale

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

TASK: Using the provided planet cards, lay out a two-dimensional scale model of our solar system. You must use the given unit of measure and your system must fit on your row of tables.

Planet	Distance*	Diameter**
Mercury	36	3,031
Venus	67	7,521
Earth	93	7,926
Mars	142	4,221
Jupiter	484	88,734
Saturn	891	74,566
Uranus	1,783	31,566
Neptune	2,794	30,199

\* Distance from the sun, measured in millions of miles

\*\* Approximate diameter of the planet, measured in miles

- How long is your table row?  
How can you relate this distance to the distance to the furthest planet? (Think "Our table row has to fit approximately 2,794 million miles.")

- What is the approximate scale of the planet cards in inches? (Hint: measure the largest planet card and assume the others relate.)

- Why is there no sun card?

**SEE REVERSE FOR A HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT!!**



**\*\*\*Extra-Credit (5pts)\*\*\***

Explore Flatland from the perspective of scale by drawing a scene from the Flatland story – using at least some of Abbott’s detail and an appropriate scale.

Abbott spends a great deal of time describing the people and environs of Flatland. Here are a few quotes to get you started thinking about the scale of your picture.

*"The greatest length or breadth of a full grown inhabitant of Flatland may be estimated at about eleven of your inches. Twelve inches may be regarded as a maximum." (p8)*

*"...of rejoicing in our country for many furlongs around." (p10)*

*"The size of the sides would ...depend upon the age of the individual. A Female at birth would be about an inch long, while a tall adult Woman might extend to a foot." (p28)*

*"...Males of every class... the length of an adult’s sides, when added together is two feet or a little more." (p28)*