

G & G CONSULTING GROUP, LLC PRESENTS

A presentation on

Categorical Funding

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- What is Categorical Funding?
 - Types of Categorical Funding
 - Qualifications for funding and appropriate uses
 - Calculating funding
 - Compliance Requirements

OUTLINE



- Categorical funding is restricted federal or state funding
 - Can only be spent on specific programs
 - Specific students
 - Can't be transferred to other funds for other uses.

WHAT IS CATEGORICAL FUNDING?

- State sources, which include
 - Capital Construction
 - ECEA
 - ELPA
 - GT
 - Transportation
- Federal sources, which include
 - □ Title I
 - Title II
 - Title III
 - IDEA

TYPES OF CATEGORICAL FUNDING







QUALIFICATIONS FOR FUNDING AND USES FOR EACH TYPE

- Each year the State Education Fund provides an appropriation for Charter School Capital Construction. The funding can be used for:
 - Construction
 - Renovation
 - Financing
 - Purchasing
 - Leasing of Facilities
- Funding is a per pupil allocation based on the October 1 Count

CAPITAL CONSTRUCTION



- ECEA is funding that is provided to support special education services.
 - Based on the October 1 count
 - Qualifying students.
- The funds must be used to support the educational needs of the qualifying students.

EXCEPTIONAL CHILDREN'S EDUCATIONAL ACT (ECEA – SPECIAL ED)

- Funding on a Per pupil Basis
 - Support Implementation of English Language
 Proficiency Programs
 - Students identified as Non English Proficient or Limited English Proficient.

ENGLISH LANGUAGE PROFICIENCY ACT (ELPA)

■ This is a very small allocation used to support GT activities.

GIFTED AND TALENTED (GT)

- Funding for to and from school transportation
- Calculated in conjunction with the entire district or authorizers transportation expenses.
- Contracted Transportation may also qualify.

TRANSPORTATION



Improving Academic Achievement of the disadvantaged

- Goal of Title I funds
- Funding to support high poverty schools
 - Eligibility based on LEA poverty measure
 - Improvement Status
 - Unified Improvement Plan
- Requirements
 - Targeted Assistance –vs- School-wide Programs
 - Highly Qualified
 - Supplement –vs- Supplant
 - Parent Involvement





Allowable Activities

Activities must support goals identified in the Unified School Improvement plan and meet the following criteria:

- Significantly elevate the quality of instruction
 - High quality professional development opportunities.
- Providing children an enriched and accelerated educational program
 - Additional services that increase the amount and quality of instructional time.
- Activities based on scientific research that
 - Address and enrich the core academic areas
 - Ensure that students achieve the state's proficiency targets.
- Provide extended learning time
 - Extended school year
 - Before-and after-school programs
 - Summer programs



High Quality Teachers and Principals

- Improve Teacher Quality
 - Provide Professional Development
 - Research Based
 - ☐ High-Quality and Sustainable
 - Recruit & Retain High Quality Staff
 - Incentives
 - Mentoring
 - Class Size Reduction
 - Reduce to 14-20

TITLE II



Language Instruction for Limited English and Immigrant students

- Help students learn English
- Provide more instruction time
- Supplement –vs- Supplant
 - Professional Development
 - Extending Learning time





Individuals with Disabilities Education Act

Equitable services to Charter School students

- Provide Services
- Provide Funding
- Provide Instructional Materials

IDEA





- Title I, Part A
 - Poverty Measure (Free lunch, F&R)
- □ Title I, Parent Involvement
 - LEA must allocate 90% of funds to schools
- Title II, Part A
 - Equitable distribution
- Title III
 - Equitable distribution

CALCULATING FUNDING

Acceptance of federal funds=agreement to comply with the applicable Federal requirements



- OMB Circular A-110
 - Reporting Requirements
 - Procurement Standards
- OMB Circular A-122
 - Reasonable & Necessary
 - Allocable
 - Allowable
- OMB Circular A-133
 - The Single Audit Act (Expend >\$500,000 in federal awards)



COMPLIANCE



- Approval Requirements
 - Obtain prior written approval prior to making changes
 - □ Change in objective or scope
 - □ Change in cost that is > 10%
- Consequences of Noncompliance
 - Administrative Sanctions
 - Reduction in award or termination of grant
 - Corrective Action
 - Criminal and Civil Penalties

COMPLIANCE





QUESTIONS