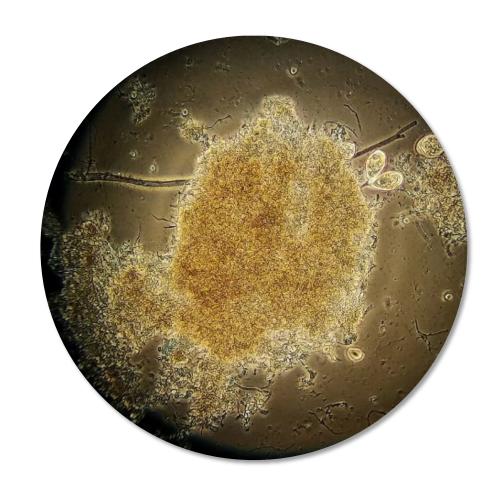


What Are We Talking About Today?



- What is Densified Activated Sludge (DAS) and Why do I Care?
- Case Study A Impact of Biological Selector on Enhanced Settleability
- Case Study B Impact of Biological Selector and Basin Configuration on DAS Settleability
- Case Study C Inducing DAS Using Biological and Physical Selection



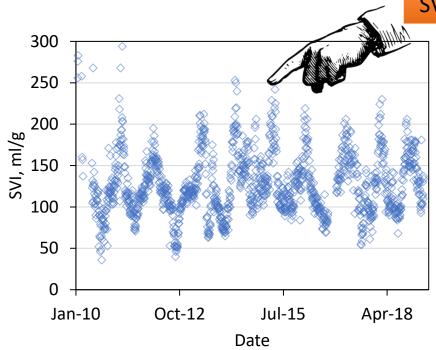




What is Densified Activated Sludge (DAS) and Why Do I Care?



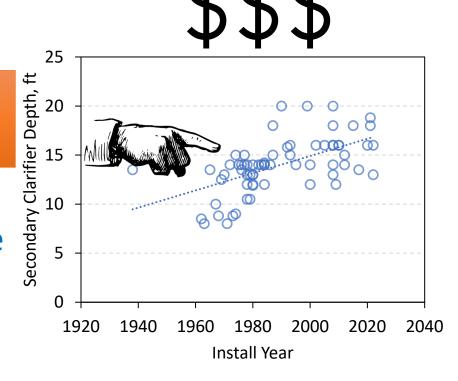
Need to Cost Effectively Increase Capacity Driving Utilities to Consider DAS



SVI can greatly influence capacity

Typically means more infrastructure and deeper clarifiers

Addressing the sludge characteristics is the key



Data Source: David Kinnear, Brian McNamara





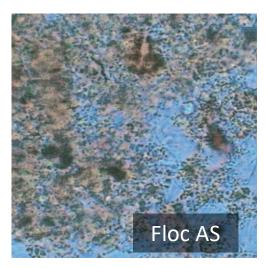
Data Source: Metro Water Recovery

Densified Activated Sludge is Aggregated Floc



Granules making up aerobic granular sludge are to be understood as aggregates of microbial origin, which do not coagulate under reduced hydrodynamic shear, and which subsequently settle significantly faster than activated sludge flocs

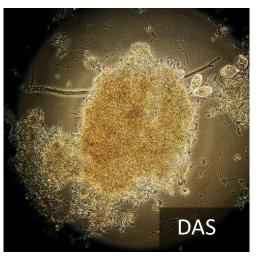
Enhanced settleability



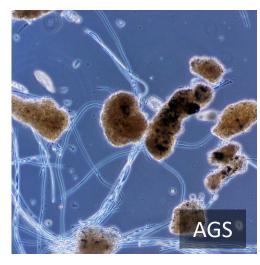
SVI₃₀ 80 to 300



SVI₃₀ 80 to 120



 $SVI_{30} < 100$

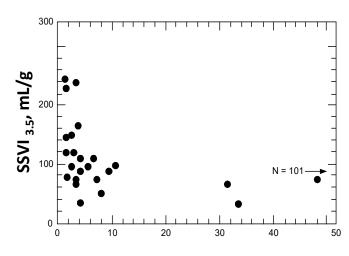


 $SVI_{30} < 50$



Densified Activated Sludge Incorporates Known Settleability Concepts With Physical Selection Pressures

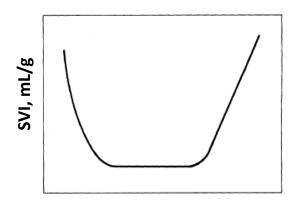
E. J. Tomlinson and B. Chambers, The effect of longitudinal mixing on the settleability of activated sludge. Technical Report TR 122, Water Research Centre, Stevenage, England, 1978.



Number of Equivalent Tanks, N

1. Plug flow conditions

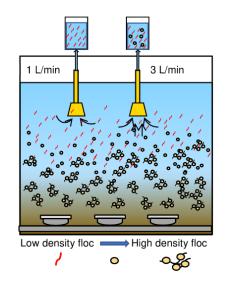
Sezgin et al (1978) A Unified theory of activated sludge bulking, Journal of Water Pollution Control Federation 50(2)



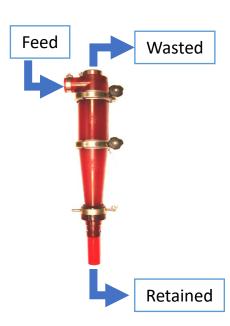
Substrate Removal Rate g BOD/g VSS/Day

2. Selector zone design and loading

Maltos, R. A., Holloway, R. W., & Cath, T. Y. (2020). Enhancement of activated sludge wastewater treatment with hydraulic selection. Separation and Purification Technology, 250, 117214.



World Water Works.



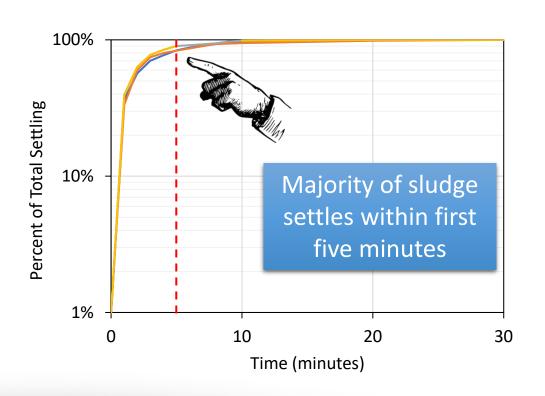
3. Physical selection

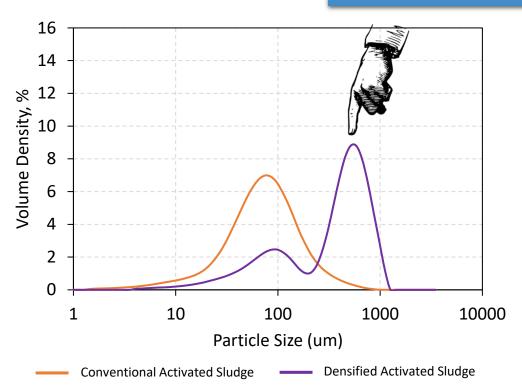




What Are Characteristics of Densified Activated Sludge?

Presence of MLSS larger than 200 μm









Case Study A Impact of Biological Selector on Enhanced Settleability

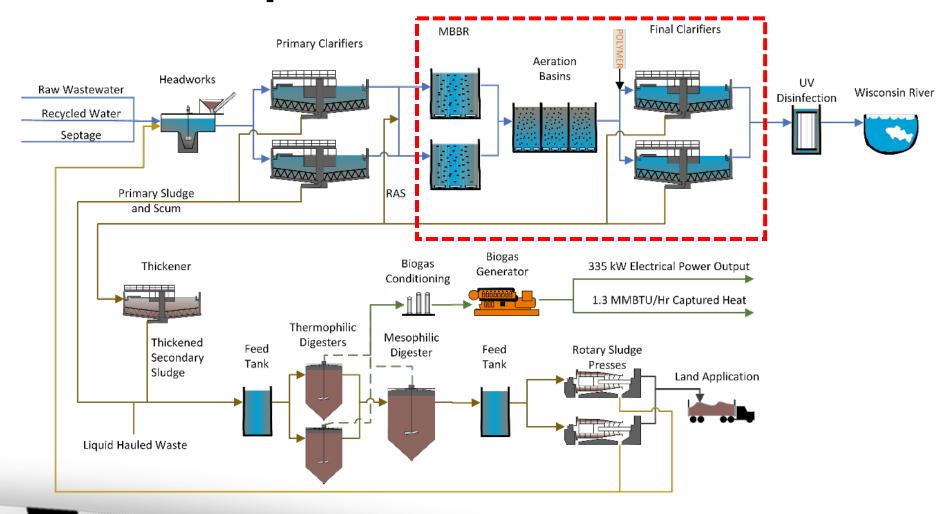
Wisconsin Rapids WWTP



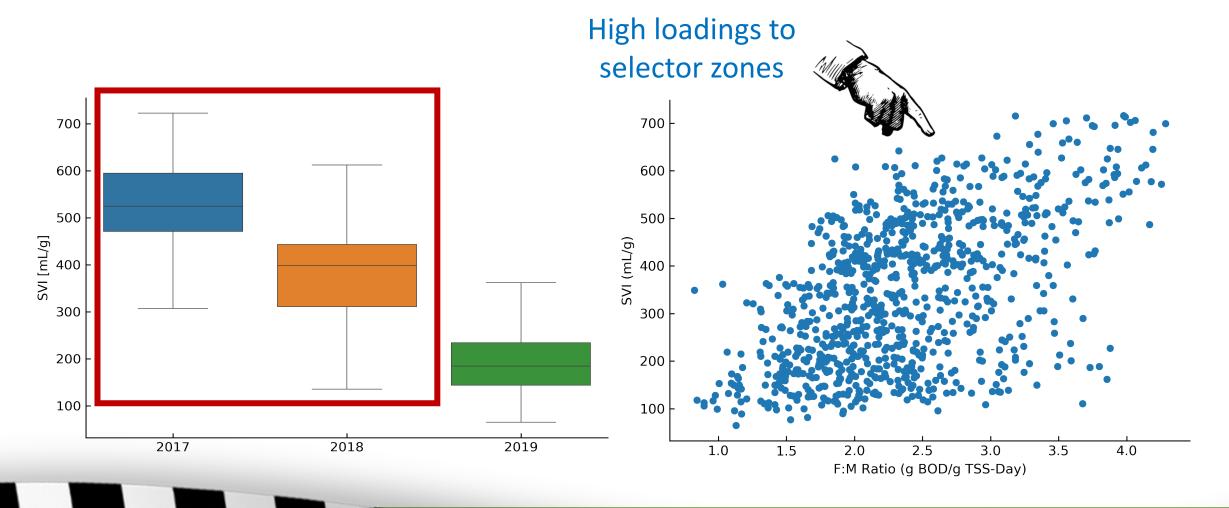








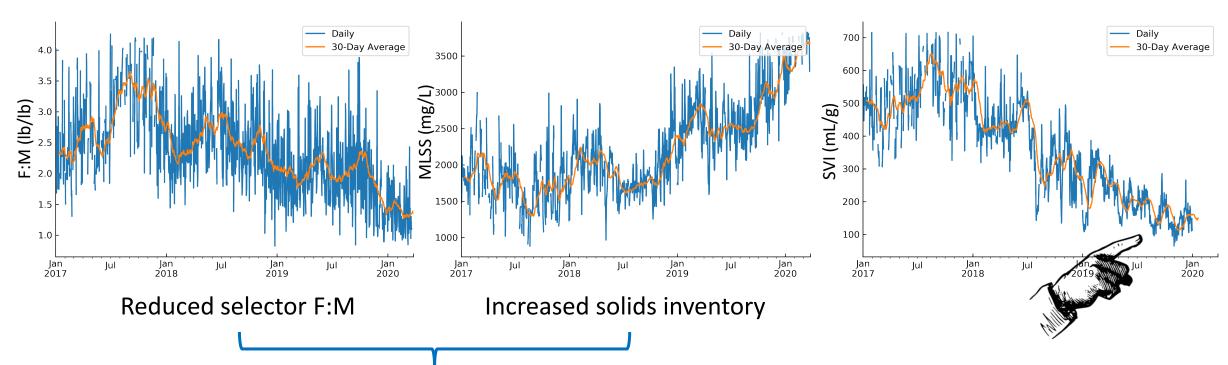
Wisconsin Rapids Settleability Typically Poor





Controlling F:M and SRT Improved SVI





Goal was to reduce carbon bleedthrough

Lowest settleability at F:M
< 2.0 lb BOD/lb TSS/d</pre>





Case Study B Impact of Biological Selector and Basin Configuration on DAS Settleability

TRA Central Regional Wastewater System

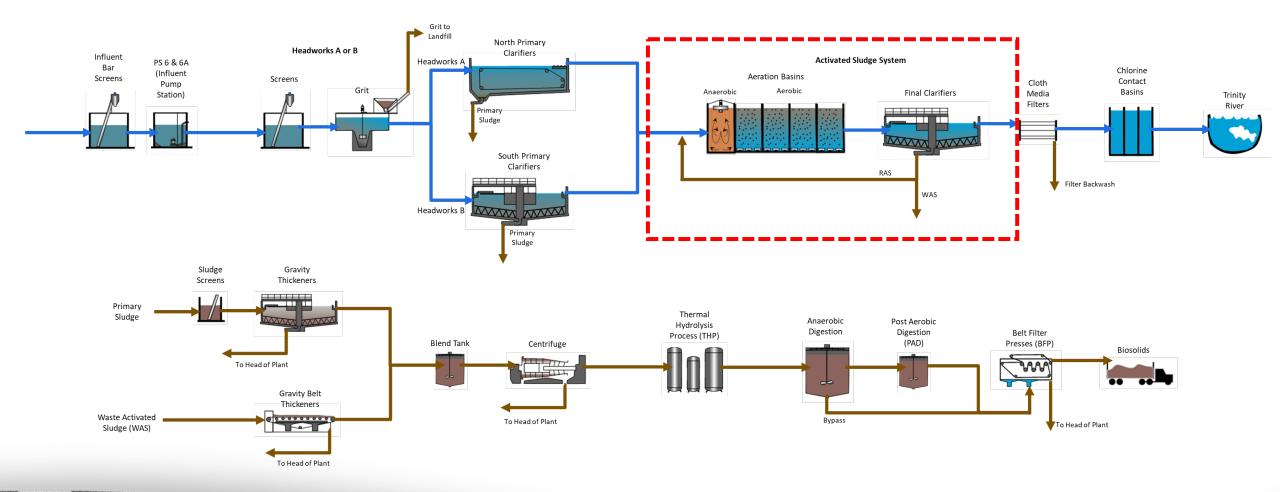






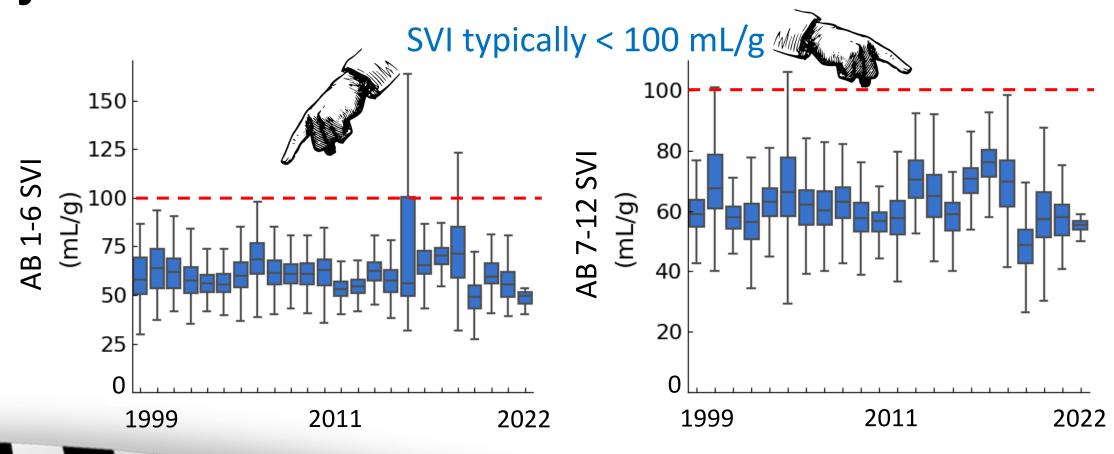


Central Regional Wastewater System Process





SVI Typically Low Due To Presence of DAS in System

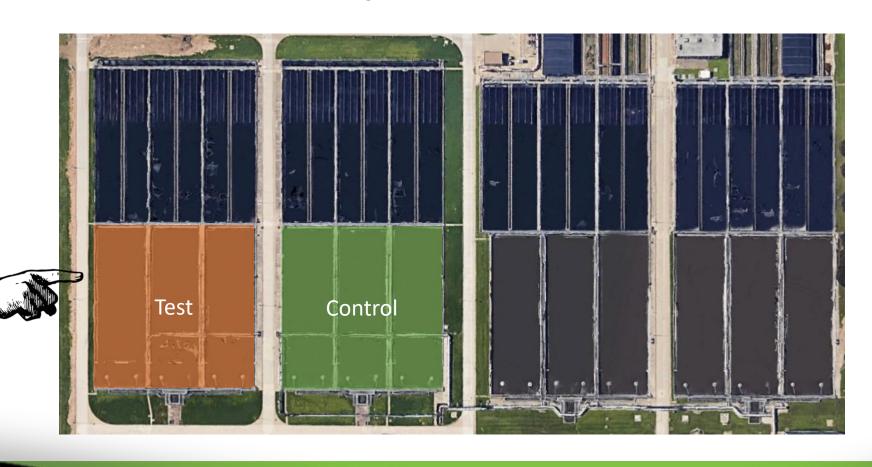




What is the Impact of F:M and Basin Configuration on Settleability?

Operated Test basins in step-feed mode for 4 weeks to compare with Control basins operating in plug flow mode

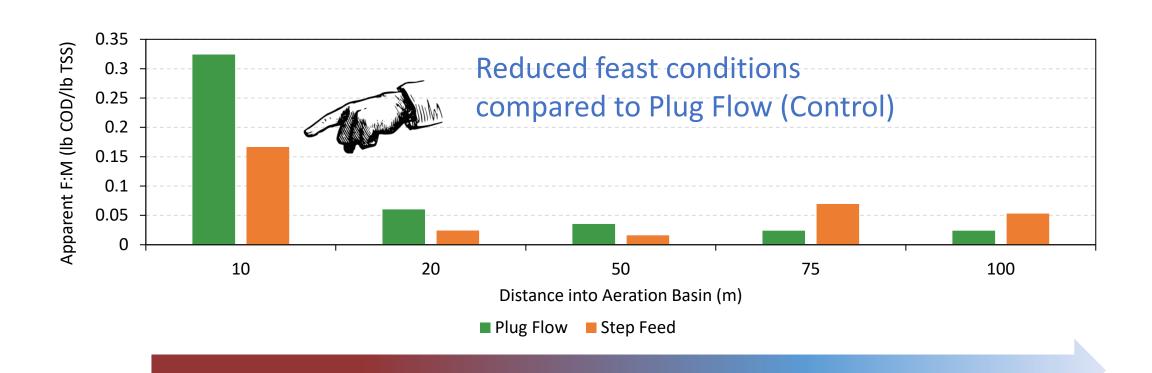
30% of primary effluent fed at ~60% of basin length











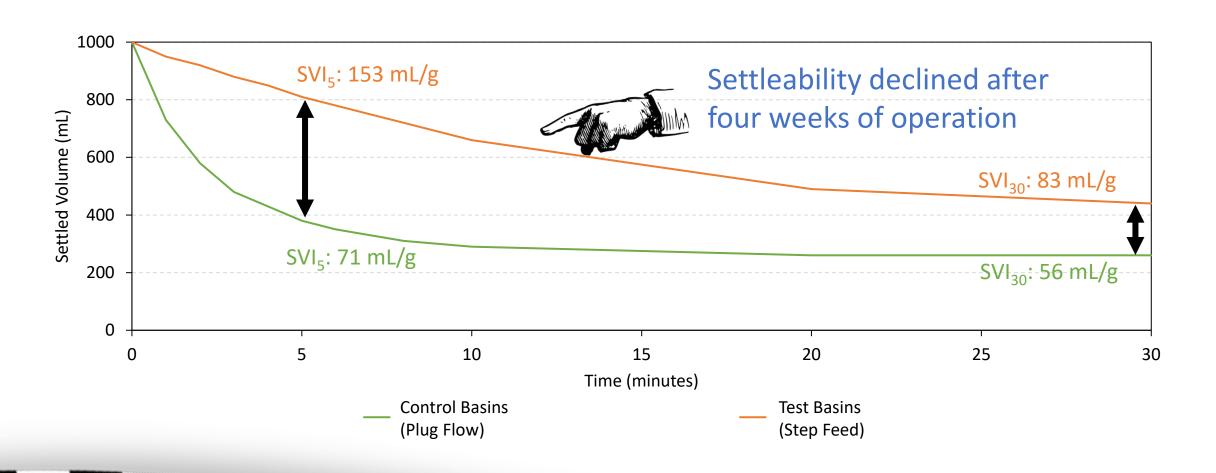
Feast Period

Famine Period













Case Study C Inducing DAS Using Biological and Physical Selection

Robert W. Hite Treatment Facility



Serves 2.0 million PE

• Flow: 225 mgd

Two liquid treatment trains

Expansion required to continue improving effluent quality

Shallow clarifiers and limited real estate to expand





Demonstration System Uses Selector Zones and Selective Wasting

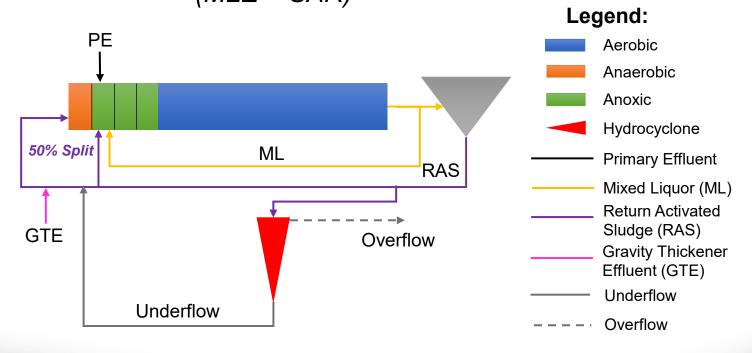
Control Basin (MLE + SAR)

PE ML RAS GTE

Sidestream Anaerobic

Zone (SAR)

Demonstration Basin Current Configuration(MLE + SAR)





AO configuration

High anaerobic feast achieved in
Z1 and Z2 using combination of
PE and GTE

A2O Configuration

High anaerobic feast achieved in Z1 and Z2 using combination of PE and GTE

MLE-SAR
Configuration
Minimal anaerobic
feast condition with
GTE*

High Anaerobic Pressure – but limited N Removal

High Anaerobic Pressure with improved N Removal due to IMLR

High anoxic feast* with PE due to IMLR

Comingle/Restart

Comingle/Restart

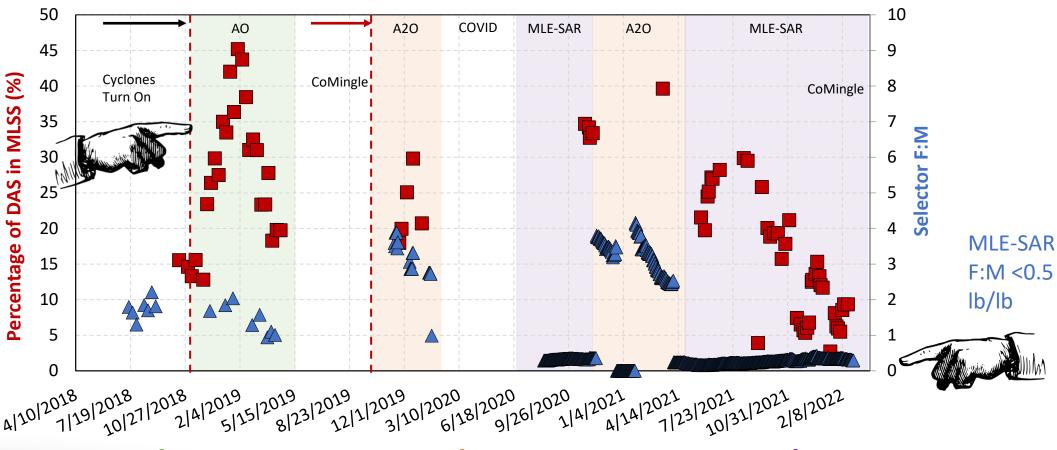
Period 1	Period 2	Period 3	Period 4	Period 5	Period 6	Period 7	Period 8	Period 9
6/5/2018 to 11/5/18	11/5/2018 to 3/18/2019	3/18/19 to 4/15/19	10/7/2019 to 1/19/20	6/1/20 to 11/16/20	11/16/20 to 1/22/21	1/22/21 to 4/4/2021	4/5/2021 to 11/9/2021	11/15/21 to Present
AO with traditional wasting (wasting from RAS)	AO with InDense NSI to Z1 GTE in NSI	AO with InDense GTE to Z1 PE to Z2	A20 with InDense GTE to Z1 PE to Z1 MLR to Z3	MLE with InDense GTE to Z1 PE to Z2 MLR to Z2	A2O with InDense GTE to Z1 PE to Z1 MLR to Z3	A2O with InDense GTE to Z1 PE to Z2 MLR to Z3 RAS split to Z1 and2	MLE with InDense GTE to Z1 PE to Z2 MLR to Z2 RAS Split Z1 and Z2	MLE with InDense GTE to Z1 PE to Z2 MLR to Z2 RAS Split Z1 and Z2



Selector F:M Influences %DAS in MLSS



High fraction of DAS when selector F:M >1.0 lb/lb



AO Configuration

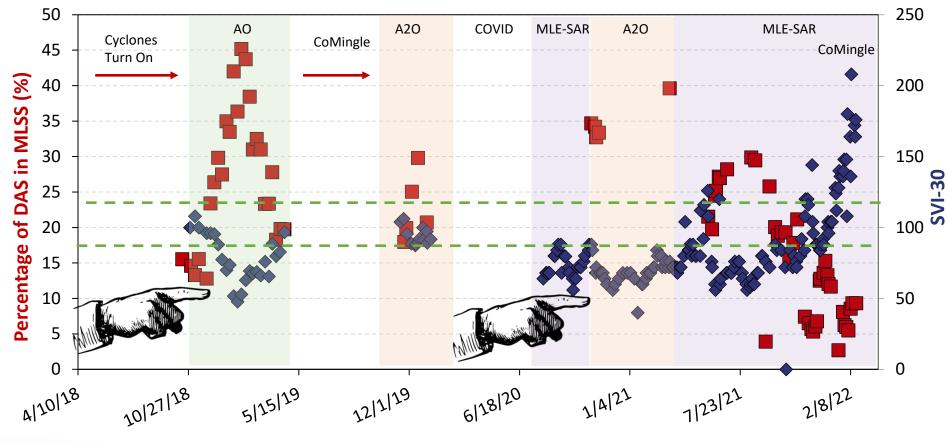
A20 Configuration

MLE-SAR Configuration



Settleability Influenced by %DAS in MLSS





Desired SVI of <100 mL/g occurred when DAS% >15%

AO Configuration

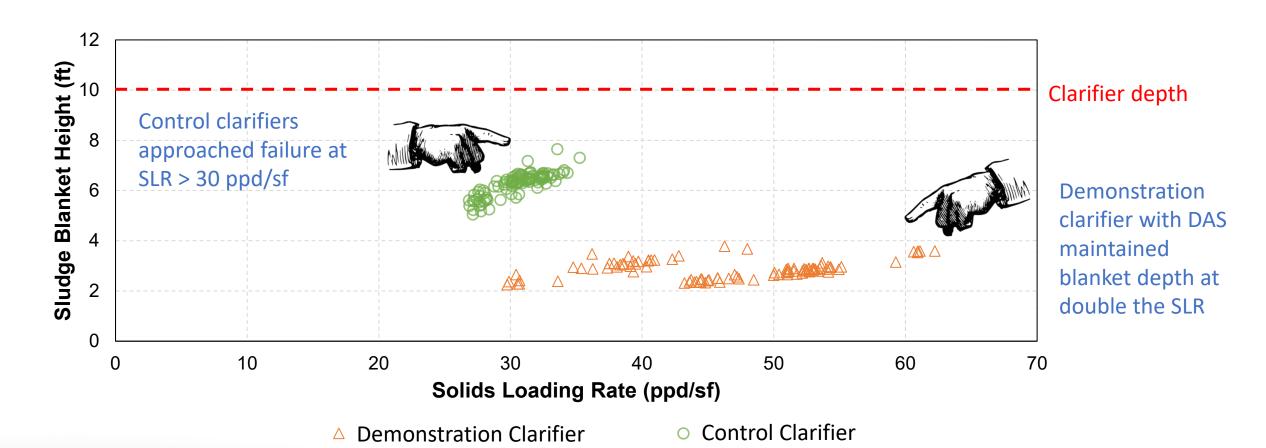
A20 Configuration

MLE-SAR Configuration



DAS Impacts on Process Intensification

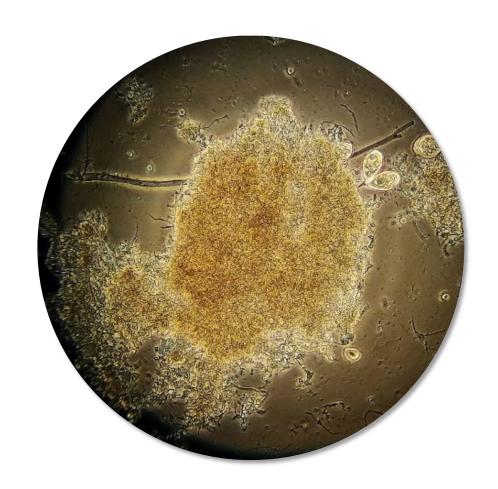




Summary



- Three case studies evaluated
- Goal of DAS is to enhance settleability
- Key observations
 - Basin configuration influences enhanced settleability
 - Selector zone loading influenced enhanced settleability and amount of DAS present
 - Inducing DAS in an existing system is viable and has beneficial impacts



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- Dan Freedman
- Liz Werth
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- Ron Latimer
- Alonso Griborio
- Wendell Khunjar

Central Regional Wastewater System Case Study



tra TRINITY RIVER **AUTHORITY OF TEXAS**

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- Mike Young



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- Eric Redmond
- Caitlin Ruff

Wisconsin Rapids Wastewater Treatment Plant Case Study



- Derek Budsberg
- Ryan Geifer



BLACK & VEATCH

- Patrick Dunlap
- Leon Downing



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Trinity River Water Authority Team



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