Aa-Ank

updated Jan 2015

_Aburg_ GL: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home to a Meier {Eva Elisabeth} orphan girl.

_Eeman_ FN: said by the Walter FSL to be from Uendweisen, Hesse-Darmstadt. The Walter Research project suggested that this might be Leman.

Aab FN: see Ab.

Aach GL, Freudenstadt [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is 3 miles E of Freudenstadt city, and was said by the 1816 Kassel census (#68) to be home to the widow Schmelzle who married Herr Sattler. Named by the 1816 Neudorf census (#37) as a possible origin of the Flaig family.

Aal FN: see Ahl.

Aalen GS [Imperial City], Swabia: this city was in the 1760’s an independent country controlling some not too extensive lands around the city which is some 8 miles S of Ellwangen city. Said by a Woehrd ML to be home to a Winter man whose daughter in 1766 married a Lauchner from Wolkenstein, Bamberg; Lauchner later settled in Hoelzel (Mai & Marquardt #818).

Aargau Canton GL: see Aaron Canton.

Aaron Canton GL, Switzerland: said by the Kromm version of the Jagodnaja Poljana FSL to be home to a Schweizer man who came here as a prisoner of war in 1812 (p.35). This surely is Aargau Canton.

Ab/Aab FN: {Johann/J.Heinrich}: arrived in Russia 22 July 1766 with wife {Anna}, 2 children (Erlach & Elisabeth) and brother {Conrad}, {Johann} said to be from Darmstadt (Kulberg #2439). Sometime in 1767 {J.Heinrich}, wife {A.Katharina}, son {Gerlach} and brother {Konrad} had settled at Grimm FSL #16, he said to be from Darmstadt (no locality mentioned). Later spelled Aab.

Ab {Johann}: arrived in Russia 22 July 1766 with wife {Anna} and daughter {Anna}, he said to be from Darmstadt. No further information.

Abe {Nikolaus}: was from Frankfurt-am-Main; his wife was Sophia (KS:117).

Abel FN: said by the Bauer FSL to be from Meimers, [Kur-]Sachsen. This couple may have died prior to the 1798 census.

Abel {Andreas} FN: listed by the 1816 Kassel census (#73) without origin. KS:204 said he came from Stuttgart, Wuerttemberg. See the GCRA book for more.

Abel {Regina} FN: the GCRA says she married a Stoebner/Tschitibner son. Using FHL #1,187,180-2 the GCRA proved her origin in Pleidesheim, Ludwigsburg [Amt], Wuerttemberg. See the GCRA book for more.

Abel {A.Margaretha}: Corina Hirt found she was born 27 Aug, baptized 30 Aug 1733 in Bad Duerkheim a daughter of {Michael & A. Elisabeth}. On 13 Sept 1766 {Bernhard & A.Margaretha} arrived in Russia (Kulberg #5232). Later in 1766 Soerg {J.Bernhard & A.Margretha} in Oranienbum took transport for the Volga (T274-275). By 18 June 1767 this Sorg couple had settled at Doenhof.
Abel\footnote{FSL #105}. In 1798 he was a widower still living in Doenhof \((\text{Mai}1798:\text{Dh}45)\).

Abel\footnote{FN} also see Gabel.

Abentheuer\footnote{GL}: said by the Kraft FSL to be home\footnote{UC} to a Roth family. This may have been Abentheuer, Rhineland-Palatinate, some 21 miles SE of Trier city.

Aberspach\footnote{GL}, Hesse-Darmstadt County: said by the WRG version of the Walter FSL to be home\footnote{UC} to a Sufrin family. The Walter Research Group has suggested that this might be Eberbach near Fraenkisch Crumbach or Albersbach near Fuerth south of Darmstadt. I doubt that the latter was Hessen-Darmstadt territory. The Pleve version of the FSL (\#39) says this was Eberbach.

Abholz\footnote{FN}: see Obholz.

Abich/Abig \{J.Georg\}\footnote{FN}: married 18 March 1766 in Buedingen Schroeder \{A.Maria\} \((\text{Mai}\&\text{Marquardt} \#442 \text{ and } \text{KS}:117)\). They arrived in Russia 10 Aug 1766, he said to be from Hanau (Kulberg4906). By 1767 this couple with a very young daughter had settled at Grimm FSL \#56, he said to be from\footnote{UC} Gelnhausen (no locality mentioned). Still in Grimm in 1798 \((\text{Mai}1798:\text{Gm}62)\).

Abitsch \{Gottlieb\}: aka Haug/Hauch/Haufc \{Georg\}.

Abig\footnote{FN}: see Abich.

Abo\footnote{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Galka FSL to be home\footnote{UC} to a Bartelson family. There is at least one such placename in Denmark, one in Finland and two in Sweden.

Abo\footnote{GL}, Finnland: seems now to be known as Turko which is some 93 miles WNW of Helsinki; is said by the Kratzke FSL to be home\footnote{UC} to a Freiburg family.

Abraham \{Heinrich\}: Samara Region 1859, from\footnote{UC} Schulwiese, Marienwerder Regierungsbezirk, Westpreussen (KS:118).

Abraham \{J.Christ.\}: married\footnote{UC} an Abraham woman in Neu-Saratowka in 1800 (KS:117).

Abraham \{J.Martin\}: married\footnote{UC} a Braeuner in Neu-Saratowka in 1796 (KS:118).

Abraham \{M.Christ.\}: married\footnote{UC} an Abraham man in Neu-Saratowka in 1800 (KS:117).

Abs \{Nickolaus\}: from\footnote{UC} Frankfurt-am-Main; his wife was M.Sophia (KS:118).

Abstatt\footnote{GL}, Heilbronn \{Amt\}, Wuerttemberg: is some 5.5 miles SE of Heilbronn city, and was proven by the GCRA to be home to the Schock family that went to Bergdorf; also proved by the GCRA to be home to two Stotz brothers who went to Glueckstal; see the GCRA book for more details.

Abt\footnote{FN}: said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be from\footnote{UC} Klasid?. For 1784 see Mai1798:Mv2066. The maiden name of Frau Abt was given as Schmidt \{Anna Maria\} in 1798 \((\text{Mai}1798:\text{Ls}26)\).

Abt\footnote{FN}: also see Ob.

Achen: an unidentified place said by the Recruiter Beauregard list to have been home\footnote{UC} to the Flander \{Johann\} family (Lk67). There are some six Achen\footnote{es} in Germany.

Achern\footnote{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be home\footnote{UC} to a Deible family. There is an Achern, then owned by the Hapsburg family, some 14 miles ENE of Strasbourg.

Achtundvierziger Kolonie\footnote{SPN}, was the popular name of Kulpino, a village in Neu-Saratowka parish east of St. Petersberg (Giegl).

Achtung\footnote{FN} \{Johann\}: arrived in Russia 14 Sept 1766 with wife \{Catharina\} and 2 children, he said to be from Hanau \{County\} (Kulberg6491). Said by the Anton FSL \#53 to be from\footnote{UC} Hanau (no locality mentioned). For 1798 see Mai1798:An53 and Dn7.

Achzigeier \{Gottfried+w:1c\}: Kulberg44 said they were from\footnote{UC} Danzig and actually settled in Saratov. I did not find them in T or in any published FSL.

Acker\footnote{FN}: according to Steven Hahn this family from Edenkoben settled in Russia.

Ackerer \{J.Heinr.\}: said to have married\footnote{UC} an Avanter woman in 1780, both said to be from\footnote{UC} Augsburg (KS:118).

Ackermann\footnote{FN}: listed by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:676, 205) with no origin. Also spelled Akermann.

Ackermann\footnote{FN}: arrived in South Russia in 1817, later settled in Gueldendorf, Odessa; family records found by Curt Renz in Speigelberg, Backnang Oberamt, Wuerttemberg. Stumpf, p.598, says an Ackermann family in 1817 left Jungholzhausen, Schwabisch Hall parish, Wuerttemberg and later settled in Gueldendorf. Jungholzhausen is 20 miles NE of Speigelberg.

Ackermann \{M.Katharina\}: listed in the Recruiter Beauregard’s list as an orphan in the Richmeier/Rickmesser \{Johannes\} household (Lk73a). In 1767 there was a six-member
Ackermann [Johannes/Johann] household heading for the Volga said to be from UC Waldeck (Kulberg5478); most or all of them may have died since, with this possible exception, no record of the rest of them on the Volga; the family included 13-year-old Maria who looks to have been too old to be this lady, but whom the Pleve group assumed was this one; I seriously doubt that. She was in Luzern in 1798 (Mail1798:Lz21); is found in no FSL and no earlier colony is indicated; so was likely one of Luzern’s first settlers.

ACKERMANN [Johannes]: listed by both the 1816 Neudorf census (#73) and the 1858 Glueckstal census (#117) with no origin. Also spelled Akkermann. See the GCRA book for more.

ACKERMANN [Johannes]: he and his Heel wife {Eva Catharina} married in Buedingen in May 1766 and were said to be from UC Fulda [Bishopric] (Mail&Marquardt#636 and KS:118). They have not been found in any published FSL. Her maiden name is also given as Heeb and they were said to have gone to UC Schaffhausen [no FSL has been published for it – ed] (KS:133). No further information.

Acqua/Aqua [Johann/Johannes]: on 13 Sept 1766 with wife {Marianna} and 2 grown children he arrived in Russia (Kulberg5671). Said by the Keller FSL #64 to be from UC Kutunin?. Spelled Aqua in 1798 (Mail1798:Mv1892).

Actleben [Johann], Bremen: an unidentified place said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home UC to a Hartwig family. It must have been within the confines of the current city of Bremen.

Adam [Karl/Carl]: arrived in Russia 31 July 1766 with wife {Elisabeth}, he said to be from Sachsen, saying he wished to settle in St.Petersburg (Kulberg2834). Said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be from UC Sachsen (no locality mentioned).

Adam [Johann]: according to the 1798 Brabander census, this was Frau Zimmer’s maiden name (Mail1798:Bn06).

Adam [Kasper/Caspar]: arrived 30 May 1766 with wife {Catharina} and 3 children, from Mainz (Kulberg387). Said by the Keller FSL #49 to be from UC Calbach, Kurmainz, with Diet [Karl and Katharina] step-children in the household (#49a). For 1798 see (Mail1798:Nk10).

Adam [Christian]: said by the Kolb FSL to be from UC Lindheim, Hessenburg (7).

Adam [Christoph and Michael]: said by the Merkel FSL (mk37 and 3) to be from UC Neuburg, Wuerttemberg.

Adam: said by both the 1816 Neudorf census (#35) and KS:205 to have come from UC Flehingen, Karlsruhe [Amt], Baden. The GCRA believes this family came via Poland; see their book for more.

Adam [Martin]: arrived in Russia 9 Aug 1766 with wife {Marianna} and 2 sons: Peter Ludwig & Georg Martin, {Martin } said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg4027).

Adam [Peter Ludwig and G.Martin]: listed in the Norka FSL (nr62a) as step-sons in the Kornborn household. For 1798 see Mail1798:Nr145.

Adam [Valentin] [Johannes]: said by KS:118 and the Schoenchen FSL (sn13) to be from UC Momberg, [Hessen-Kassel Landgraviate]. For 1798 see Mail1798:Sn18 and Wm5.

Adam [Conrad]: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 with wife {Catharina} and 2 children (Kulberg7024). No further information.

Adam [Johann]: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 single from Ungarn (Kulberg5785). No further information.

Adam [Johann]: arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 single accompanied by a Staub servant {Adam}, Johann said to be from Mainz (Kulberg2248). No further information.

Adam [J.Andr.]: said by KS:118 to be from Wernigerode in Harz, who was said to have married in 1787 a Juergenson woman from Reval. He has not been found in an FSL.

Adamo: said by the Brabander FSL to be from UC Venedig.

Adelbylund, Gross and Klein: were at the SE edge of Flensburg. See Ahnebylund.

Adelhof [Johann]: arrived in Russia 8 Aug 1766 single from Steinheim (Kulberg2924). By 12 May 1767 [Albrecht] had settled still single at Warenburg FSL #110, said to be from UC Kopenhagen, Daenemark [Kingdom]. He surely had died prior to the 1798 Volga censuses.

Adelmaier [J.Peter]: from Hessen-Darmstadt [Landgraviate] married Knop [Catharina] 27 May 1766 in Luebeck (Mail&Marquardt#232). On 10 Aug 1766 they arrived in Russia, he said to be from Darmstadt (Kulberg4904). Not found in T. By 1767 they had settled at Frank #68, he
Adelman: this family name was found recorded in Schotten parish records for many years prior to 1767; see Flegel trip.

Adelsmaier: married Knop On 10 Aug 1766 they arrived in Russia (Kulberg4904). Not found in T. By 1767 they had settled at Frank #68, he said to be from Fauburch, Hessen-Darmstadt. In 1788 again widowed she moved with her children to Kamenka where she married Gumler (Ma1798:165). In 1798 widowed yet again she was head of her own household (Ma1798:Km89).

Adelmeier: said by the Leichtling FSL #35 to be from Hildesheim (no locality mentioned).

Adelsberg: an unidentified place said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be home to Neubauer (Christoph) 11 and {Michael} families. There are 5 such placenames in Germany and Austria.

Adelshofen, Count Neipperg Barony, Kraichgau canton, Swabian Knights Circle: is 23 km WNW of Heilbronn city and has been proven birthplace of Stoll (Friedrich) who settled in Denmark and then at Doenhof FSL #16 (EPE p.618).

Adenauer: probably Kurkoeln: may be the village some 28 miles S of Cologne [Koeln] city; said, by the Roething FSL, to be in or near Koeln and to be home of a Wanstenderer family.

Adersbach: Sinsheim [Amt]. Baden: is 4 miles E of Sinsheim city, and proven by the GCRa to be home to the Rudolph (Daniel) as well as the origin of the Meier/Maier (J.Adam, J.Georg, J.Konrad, Jakob) families that went to Kassel.

Adler: Lutheran, son of Zeller (Catharina) from Rhien(?), arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in June 1762. With wife {Salome}, son, and mother-in-law Hager (A.Margaretha) were freed to leave Denmark in June 1763 (EPE p.333). Before the 1775 census he had settled in Grimm (1775 census #30). For 1798 see Mai1798:Gm65, Hs83 and 122.

Adler: said by the Kolb FSL to be from Ruesselsheim, Hessenburg(?).

Adler: on 18 June 1766 this widow arrived in Russia with a son, she said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg1043). Not identified in any later source.

Adolph: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 single from Wuerstemberg (Kulberg5858). No further information.

Adolph: arrived in Russia 18 June 1766 with wife {Anna} said to be from Hanau (Kulberg1159). Said by the Warenburg FSL to be from Holzhausen, Hannau [County] (sic?). For 1798 see Mai1798:Wr42 and 57.

Adolph: arrived in Russia 13 Sept 1766 with wife {A.Margaretha} and 4 children, he said to be from Schlitz (Kulberg6289). No further information.

Adolph: said by KS:118 to have been from Tiefenbach near Wetzlar in 1766. He has not been found in an FSL.

Adolfzurt: Oehringen [Amt]. Wuerstemberg is some 3 miles SW of Oehringen city, and proven by the GCRa to be home to the Zuern family that went to Bergdorf; see their book for more details.

Adrian: arrived in Russia 18 June 1766 with wife {Gertruda}, said to be from Mainz (Kulberg914). No further information.

Adrian: said by KS:118 to have been in the Samara region in 1859 and have been from Klein-Schardau, Stuhm [Amt], Westpreussen.

Adwertin: said by the Fischer FSL to be from Frankfurt-am-Main (no locality mentioned). I could not find this family in the 1798 censuses.

Aeltmann: KS137 says she was daughter of {Michael} from Fuerth and married Kapfenbauer (J.Gg.). No additional information found.

Aelfel: listed at KS:118 with no comment. He was among those transported to Saratov by Capt. Paykul and Cornet Rehbinder in 1764 with no origin mentioned (KS82).

Aepfellborn: Lothingen: an unidentified place said by the Brabander FSL to be home to a Spaniol family. Darrell Brungardt believes this to be Eppleborn.

Af: arrived in Russia 29 Aug 1766 with wife {M.Elisabeth} and 4 children, said to be from Laubach (Kulberg5123). Not found in any published FSL.

Aff: see Off.

Affalterbach: Backnang [Amt]. Wuerstemberg: is 5 miles WSW of Backnang town and 2.5 miles
ESE of Marbach-am-Neckar, and proved by the GCRA to be home to the Burr family and a Faber woman (a Burr widow) who went to Bergdorf.

Affellerbach, [Brewberg Condo]: is 9 km SW of Hoechst-in-Odenwald and was said to be home to Seeger {Agatha} who married Romig {J.Christoph} in Buedingen 22 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#660).

Affeln, Kelheim [aka Kurkoeln]: said by the Preuss FSL to be home to Geisterscheid and Greder? families. This probably is the place some 53 miles SSE of Cologne [Koeln] city.

Affolterbach, Lindenfels, Kurpfalz: is 12 km SW of Erbach city and apparently very near the border of Erbach County.

Afner: said by the Shcherbakovka FSL to be from Echterdingen. I could not find any member of this family in Mai1798.

Af {Kulman}: arrived in Russia with wife {Heresia} 8 Aug 1766, he said to be from Schwaben (Kulbereg3075). No further information.

After {Christian}: arrived in Russia with wife {Eva}, he said to be from Sachsen. No further information.

Aganberg: said by the Shcherbakovka FSL to be from Lauterbach, with Frankfurt orphans in the household. I could not find any Aganberg in Mai1798.

Agner {J.Christian}: married Liedicke {M.Elisabeth} in Rosslau 3 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#885). KS118 & 143 have Liedicke {M.Elisabet/M.Elis.} and the wrong year: 1765. No further information found.

Ahe: this family name was found recorded in Schlitz marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Ahl: first settled in Neudorf; some much later moved to Bergdorf. Also spelled Aal and All. Listed by both the 1816 Neudorf census (#110) and KS:207 with no origin. Origin was proven by GCRA using FHL (721,671) in Butten, near Mackweiler, Zaben [Kreis], Elsass. They first settled in Hilsbach, Sudpruessen in 1803 on their way to Russia. See the GCRA book for much more, especially regarding their stay in South Prussia.

Ahlberg {Joh.}: KS:118 says he, his wife and three children left Anhalt-Dessau [ Principality] for Samara. There is some chance this might be Alberg, see below.

Ahlborg {Johann}: said by the Recruiter Beauregard list to have come from Malberg (Lk29). He was born in Alburg in 1767 (T2303-2305). In 1798 they were in Basel with no earlier colony indicated; so they may have been among Basel first settlers.

Ahlbrecht {J.Adam}: see Albrecht {J.Adam}.

Ahlern: see Allerborn.

Ahm {Johann}: this son of {Caspar} of Frauenuarach married Andresz {Margaretha} in Wohrd 30 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#789). KS:118 said Frauenuarach was near Erlangen. Not found in any later source.

Ahm {Valentin}: married Kimmel {Barbara} 16 Apr 1766 in Buedingen and was said to be a Wuerzburger (Mai&Marquardt#541). Not found in any later source.

Ahnle: see Undieit.

Ahenyland: an unidentified place where Stoll {Friedrich}'s wife Schumacher {M.Eva} and her mother died in 1763 (EEE p.618). There were Gross and Klein Adelbylund at the SE edge of Flensburg.

Ahun {Hermann & A.Margareta}: T19-20 records their transport from Oranienvaum to Saratov. I could not find them in any published FSL or in Mai1798.

Aich: see Esch.

Aichele/Aickele: Curt Renz has found the church records for this Hoffnungstal, Bessarabia, family in Neufn, Nutlingen Oberamt, Wuerttemberg.

Aichalden, Calw [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is some 11 miles SW of Calw city, and said by the 1816 Glocckstal census to be a possible home to the Schaible family. See the GCRA book for more detail.

Aichstaett: an unidentified place said to be home to Hausner {J.Thomas} who married Vogel {M.Anna} 25 Feb 1767 in Wochrd (Mai&Marquardt#830).

Aickeles: see Aichele.

Aidlingen, Boeblingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is 5 miles W of Boeblingen city. Proved by the
GCRAS as origin to the Doeffinger family that went to Bergdorf. Said by the 1816 Glueckstal census (#69) to be home to the Walz family. Said mistakenly by both the 1816 Neudorf census (#20) and KS:475 to have been home to the Walz family that settled in Neudorf. Also mistakenly said by the 1816 Neudorf census (#60) to have been home to the Walz family.

Aipersbach⁴FN: see Aipersbach.

Aipersbach⁴FN: said by the Bergdorf 1858 census (KS:667, 206) to have been from Grossingersheim, Ludwigsburg [Amt], Wuerttemberg. This origin was verified by TAS in the FHL(1,184,930). See the GCRA book for more details. The family name was also spelled Aipersbach and Aiperspach.

Aipersbach/Aippersbach⁴FN: Curt Renz has found the church records for this Hoffnungstal, Bessarabia, family in Grossingersheim, Besigheim Oberamt, Wuerttemberg. Stumpp, p.523, says they arrived in Russia in 1804.

Aiperspach⁴FN: see Aipersbach and Aiperspach.

Albacher⁴FN: see Alsbach.

Aistaig⁴GL: Sulz Oberamt, Wuerttemberg: is 4 miles SW of Sulz-am-Necker and was home to a Staab family that settled in Gueldendorf, Odessa.

Aitrich⁴FN: said by the Paulskaya FSL to be from Oberroh. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

aka: “also known as”.

Aken, Anhalt-Koethen [Principalität]: is 11 km NNE of Koethen city, and was said by the Warenburg FSL to be home to a Rannefeld family.

Akkersmann⁴FN: see Ackermann.

Aks/Ochs⁴FN: said by the Volmer FSL to be from Selz, Kurpfalz. Later spelled Hacks.

Alave⁴GL: Italien: an unidentified locality said by the Kamenka FSL to be in Italy and to be home to a Goette family.

Albach: said by the Neidermonjou FSL #205 to be from [Hessen-]Darmstadt and said in 1768 to have gone on to Paulskaya. For 1798 see Mai1798: P22.

Albach⁴FN: [Heinrich/J.Heinrich]: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 single, said to be from Leusel (Kulberg4647). By 23 July 1767, alone he had settled at Paulskaya FSL #88, said to be from Leusel.

Albach⁴FN: [J.Peter]: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 with wife {Catharina} and an infant son, the said to be from Leusel (Kulberg4646). Said by the Paulskaya FSL #69 to be from Leusel.

Albach⁴FN: [J.Georg Peter]: left Vadenrod, Alsfeld in 1766 (KS:118).


Albach⁴FN: also see Allbach.

Albek⁴GL: Daenmark: an unidentified place said by the Dobrinka FSL to be home to a Philippson family.

Albenhausen, Riedesel Barony: an unidentified place said to be home to Gillen [Johannes] who married Gricker [Catharina E.] 9 April 1766 in Friedberg (Mai&Marquardt#308).

Alberg/Albert⁴FN: [David/J.David]: This family is recorded in archival materials as having sold their home in Anhalt-Dessau and as having left for Russia (Mai&Marquardt#1046). He was a god parent at the 22 May 1766 Luebeck baptism of the son of Scheel [J.Heinrich & Sophia] (Mai&Marquardt#1310). On 4 July 1766 [David] & wife {Leopoltina} (no children listed) arrived in Russia, he said to be from Dessau (Kulberg1416 & KS118). Later in 1766 in Oranienbaum with wife {Leopoltina} and son {J.Christian} age 9, Albert [J.David] took transport for the Volga (T5627-5629). By 7 June 1767 he with wife {Louisa} and one son {Johann} age 10, along with one Knoll stepson age 1 had settled at Orlovskaya FSL #58 and #58a, [David] said to be from Dassau. In 1795 the widow {Louisa} nee Lindtner married and went to Boaro (Mai1798:Mv2187), where she still is with her new husband Herrfort [Christian] in 1798 (Mai1798:Bx8).

Albers⁴FN: married Gill [Nikolaus] 4 August 1766 in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#202 and KS130). They may have settled in Schaffhausen which has so far no printed FSL. However the
household head in Mai1798. Bettinger household #17, is the widowed Gille {Nikolaus} age 68, from Schaffhausen.

Albersbach, [Kurpfalz?]: said by the Stephan FSL to be home to a Guenter {Bartholomaeus} family. There were at least 4 Alersbachs in the German-speaking lands. Kuhlberg said this was in Darmstadt, but I could not find one in lands that were then Hessen-Darmstadt Landgravate. My guess is that the most likely one is 25 km NE of Mannheim city centre and was then in Kurpfalz.

Albert [^2]: said by the Belowscher Colonien FSL to be from Mainz (no locality mentioned).

Albert [K.Justina frau Hahn]: she is listed in the 1798 census as the daughter-in-law of Zahn [Andreas] having come from Hockenberg and being the widow of Hahn {Tileman} who had lived in Hockenberg (Mai1798:Ur19). Not found in any FSL both her parents and her 1st husband’s parents may have been among the Hockenberg first settlers.

Albert [Elisabeth nee Berg]: in 1798 she was in Kind, the widow of some unknown Albert man; they should have been in some FSL but have not been found; the 1798 entry mentions no earlier colony (Mai1798:Kd18), so they may well have been among the Kind first settlers.

Albert [J.Georg] [^2]: said by the Walter FSL (wt30) to be from Golzheim, Hessen-Nassau County. The Buedingen ML says this man married in 1766 a Seiser woman; KS:118, naming no source, said he was from Wertheim near Hoefeld, Hessen (Mai&Marquardt#408).

Albert [M.Elisabeth]: this young girl was in the 1798 Zug census (Zg38) with her Louis husband; no hint was given as to from whence either one came; so she could be the last surviving member of a Zug first settler family.

Albert [Johann]: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 with wife {Margaretha} and a daughter, he said to be from Wuerzburg (Kulberg4722). No further information.

Albert [Johannes/Peter]: Bill Pickelhaupt, using LDS film 1195091, proved that he in 27 May 1766 married a Pickelhaupt widow (nee Burger) [E.Catharina] in Gronau, [Kurmainz now Hessen]. On 12 Sept. 1766 he, with wife {Elisabeth} and her two children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Erbach [County] (Kulberg4577). In August 1767 he is listed in Recruiter Beurregard’s list of settlers in temporary quarters as Albert [Johannes] age 23 said to have come from Kron? while his wife’s two Pickelhaupt children are mistakenly listed as Burger step-kids in that household (Lk112 & 112a). In Mai1798:Kd18 his wife is listed as a widow.

Albert [Margarete] [^2]: from Wertheim [County] married Poehlen {Georg} 14 April 1766 in Buedingen (Mai&Marquardt#533 and KS:118 & 148. I did not find them in any later source.

Albert [Peter]: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 single from Frankreich (Kulberg4484). No further information.

Albert [Philipp]: arrived in Russia 8 Aug 1766 single from Wertheim living in the housoled of his Biel brother-in-law [J.Georg] (Kulberg4135 p.271). Not found in any later source.

Albert [^2]: also see Alberga and Albrect.

Albertin [Johann]: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 with wife {Anna}, said to be from Boehmen (Kulberg4630). No further information.

Albig [^2], Kurpfalz: is 17 miles SW of Mainz city, and said by the Kukkus FSL to be home to Boos and Gaul families.

Alborg [^2], Denmark: is a city some 138 miles NW of Kopenhagen.

Albrand [^2]: see Albrecht.

Albrecht [Adam]: said by the Anton FSL to be from Heidelberg Oberamt, Kurpfalz. Volz indicated Hessen origins for this family. Gerhard Lang proved he was brother to the next entry. For 1798 see Mai1798:An61 and 60 where the maiden name of frau Albrecht is given as Dor?.

This may be the Lutheran Ahlbrecht [J.Adam] and wife who were in Kolonie J8 “Friedrichshaaab”, Amt Coldinghausen, Danemark in 1761 and who left there in 1763; for more detail see EEE:333.

Albrecht [A.Barbara]: born 1741 in Heiligkreutz in the Odenwald, she married Engelhardt [Christian] in Fredericia, Denmark (now Schleswig-Holstein). She is listed in Anton FSL (#11). For 1798 see (Mai1798:An56 and 62).

Albrecht [A.Catharina]: Gerhard Lang proved her origin in Siedelsbrunn, and then her marriage to Gutherich [J.Christian] in Wald-Michelbach 9 January 1759. In the Anton FSL (#12) her
husband was said to be a widower.

**Albrecht** FN: said by the Bauer FSL to be the maiden name of Frau Fertig (Mai1798:Br13).

**Albrecht** FN: listed as an orphan in the Dehler household in the Caesarsfeld FSL. Said by Kuhlman to be from Dessau (no locality given).

**Albrecht** (J. Georg) FN: said by the Dobrinka FSL (db66) to be from UC Fett (?). Franken. KS:118 and the Buedingen ML says this man married in 1766 a Wagner woman ; and was from UC Werda, Truembach (Mai&Marquardt#626).

**Albrecht** FN: said by the Galka FSL to be from UC Friedrichsheim.

**Albrecht** FN: said by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:670, 673, 207) to be from Endersbach, Waiblingen [Amt], Wurttemberg. The GCRA verified this origin, and found that they were in Marbach, Wurttemberg prior to coming to Russia. See the GCRA book for more detail.

**Albrecht** FN: said by KS:206 to have been from Kirchheim-am-Neckar, Heilbronn [Amt], Wurttemberg. The GCRA verified that origin and proved they were in Glueckstal.

**Albrecht/Albrand** FN: [Andreas]: arrived in Russia 29 Aug 1766 with wife {Eva Katharina} and 3 children said to be from Darmstadt (Kulberg5191). Said by the Grimm FSL #44 to be from UC Darmstadt (no locality mentioned). Also spelled Albrand.

**Albrecht** FN: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from UC Tionam (?), Frankreich.

**Albrecht** FN: said (no locality mentioned) by the Kukkus FSL to be from UC Hessen.

**Albrecht/Albert** FN: [Carl/H. Carl]: arrived in Russia 14 Sept 1766 with wife {Anna}, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg6461). Said by the Norka FSL #196 to be from UC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). In 1798 may have been spelled Albert (Mai1798:Nr57?, 77?, 104).

**Albrecht/Albert** FN: [Martin/J. Martin]: arrived in Russia 10 Aug 1766 single said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg4847). Said by KS:118 and the Norka FSL #30 to be from UC Pferdsbach, Isenburg[-Buedingen County]. The maiden name of the wife was given as Urlich in 1798 (Nr194). For Albrecht in 1798 also see Mai1798:Bz89 and Wt85. Also spelled Albert in 1792 (Mai1798:Mv1966) and perhaps in 1798 (Nr77?, 104?).

**Albrecht** FN: said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be from UC Brethausen.

**Albrecht** FN: [Emmanuel Friedrich]: said by the Orlovskaya FSL #43 to be age 46 and to be from UC Dessau (no locality mentioned).

**Albrecht** [Christian] FN: he went to UC Samara from Brandhorst, Anhalt-Dessau Principality via Oranienbaum, Anhalt-Dessau Principality (Waeschke and Lippert in Mai&Marquardt#1048 and KS:118).

**Albrecht** [Christian]: arrived in Russia 10 Aug 1766 with wife {Anna} and 2 children, he said to be from Ramenborn (?). Unless this is the man in the preceding entry not found in any other record.

**Albrecht** [Heinrich] FN: KS:118 said he left Schulwiese bei Dragheimersweide, Stuhm district for Samara District in 1859.

**Albrecht** [Johann] FN: said to have left Dessau city for Samara District (Waeschke and Lippert in Mai&Marquardt#1048 and KS:118).

**Albrecht** FN: J. Heinrich FN: KS:118 said he left Oberkerbswalde bei Ellerwald in 1859 for Samara District.

**Albrecht** [E. Margretha]: married Faure [Jean] in Buedingen 16 March 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#439 & KS:127). Not found in any later source.

**Albrecht** [Friedrich]: arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 with wife {Leopoltina} and 2 young children, he said to be from Dessau (Kulberg1594). Not otherwise identified.

**Albrecht** [Johann]: arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 with wife {Margaretha}, he said to be from Franken (Kulberg1834). No further information.

**Albrecht** [Johann]: arrived in Russia 15 Sept 1766 (Kulberg6911). Not yet identified in Russia.

**Albshausen** GL: Darmstadt: is some 11 miles WSW of Giessen city, and said by the Dietel FSL to be home UC to a Ring family.

**Albshausen** GL: also see Althausen.

**Albstadt** GL: an unidentified place said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be home UC to a Schuetz family. Kuhlberg said this was in Schwaben. This may have been Albstadt 21 miles SW of Reutlingen in what was then Stauffenberg Barony.
Albungen\textsuperscript{GL}, Darmstadt: said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Freund family. Albungen apparently is a mistranscription since the real Albungen was in Hessen-Kassel some 23 miles ESE of Kassel city. This may actually have been Alten Buseck which was in Hessen-Darmstadt.

Alburg\textsuperscript{(?)GL}, Oesterreich: an unidentified place said by the Dobrinka FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Moninger family.

Alburg\textsuperscript{FN}: see Alborg.

Albritin\textsuperscript{FN}: see Albutin.

Albutin\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Boaro FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Wiseritz\textsuperscript{(?)}, Bohmen. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses. This may be Albritin, see Trans\textsuperscript{#4882}.

Aldenburg\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Schwab FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Engwald family. There is one tiny Aldenburg in northern Germany and were many Altenburgs and Oldenburgs throughout the Germanies of that day.

Aldingen\textsuperscript{GL}, Spachingen Oberamt, Wurttemberg: is some 2 miles NW of Spachingen, Baden-Wuerttemberg, and was home to a Reinhardt family that settled in Hoffnungstal.

Aldinger\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Bergdorf 1816 census (KS:660, 207) to have been from Fellbach, Waiiblingen [Amt], Wurttemberg. This origin was verified by the GCRA using FHL\textsuperscript{(1,055,978)}. See their book for more detail.

Aldinger\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:670, 207) to be from Fellbach, Waiiblingen [Amt], Wurttemberg. The GCRA proved that this family did not come to Glueckstal, but using FHL\textsuperscript{(1,055,978)}, they did verify the family's origin.

Aldinger\textsuperscript{FN}: Curt Renz has found the church records for this Hoffnungstal, Bessarabia, family in Fellbach, Cannstatt Oberamt, Wurttemberg.

Alencon, Frankreich: is 116 miles WSW of Paris city centre, and said by the Franzosen FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Leboine\{Bonawentura\} family.

Alenkrinhausen\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Boregard FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Lulea\? family. There is an Alkertshausen some 16 miles NW of Crailsheim city, and an Alleringhausen some 4 miles W of Korbach city.

Alertshausen an der Rabenaue: said by the Buedingen ML to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Reiffen\{Johannes\} who married on 17 April 1766 (Mai\&Marquardt\#552). KS150 says this was near Geissen.

Aleshniki\textsuperscript{VV}: is a Russian name for Dietel\textsuperscript{VV}.

Alex\{J.Michel\}: Danish records say he was living in the Frick/Freuck\{Hans Georg\} household and was step-father to same (EEE p.409).

Alexander\textsuperscript{FN}: listed in the Bergdorf 1816 census (KS:658) without origin. Their origin in Ingolsheim, Sulz [Amt], Elsass was proven by the GCRA using FHL\textsuperscript{(721,154)}. See the GCRA book for more details.

Alexander\{Valentin\} \textsuperscript{FN}: listed by the 1858 Kassel census (#254) without origin. The GCRA says he was born in Bergdorf and using FHL\textsuperscript{#721,154} proved the family origins in Ingolsheim, Sulz [Amt], Elsass. See the GCRA book for more.

Alexeeva\textsuperscript{FN}: in 1798 given as the maiden name of Frau Anastas (Mail\textsuperscript{1798}:Hn12).

Albretter\{Jacob\}: arrived in Russia 18 June 1766 with wife \{Anna\}, he said to be from Trier (Kulberg\#921). No further information.

Alforst\textsuperscript{FN}, see Alstoerst.

Algesheim\textsuperscript{GL}, Kurmainz: now called Gau Algesheim, Rhineland-Palatinate, some 12 miles WSW of the city of Mainz. Said by the Louis FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Lang family. Said by the Preuss FSL to be home to Getter/Hetter\? and Rikert\? families.

Alhausen\textsuperscript{FN}: this family name was found recorded in Kroppach marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Alkertshausen\textsuperscript{GL}: see Alenkrinhausen.

Allkofer\textsuperscript{FN}\{Joseph\}: on 20 May 1766 with wife \{Maria\} he arrived in Russia (Kulberg\#268). Not found in T. He was said to have gone next to Saratov itself (Kulberg\#268). By 14 May 1767 had settled h is family at Leichtling FSL\#33. Pleve\{Igor\} has published two translations of this FSL: the first in The German Colonies on the Volga 2001 had Allkofer\{Joseph\} Catholic carpenter age 25 from Wasser Truedingen, wife Fruekscheff\{?\}/Walturia 30, step-daughter of Magdalena 12; the 2nd in vol.3, p.58 of Einwanderung in das Wolgagebiet 2005 was the same except for Allkofer...
from Wassertruedingen, Ansbach, wife {Walpurga}, and the step-daughter mistakenly called a daughter. In 1798 the only recorded survivor of this family was a daughter living at Goebel #54, she having moved there in 1796 from Leichtling (Mai1798:Mv1552 and Gb54).

Alkofer {Berthold}: has been researching the deeper roots of his family in Moorish Spain, the name being basically Arabic. His excellent work can be found in detail at https://sites.google.com/site/alkofername/.

Alt{FN}: see Ahl.

Allbach [{J.Heinrich}{FN}: KS:118 says he was from Vadenrod, Alsfeld Amt; no destination given.

Allbach{FN}: see also Albach.

Allenbach{GL}, {Pfalz}-Zweibruecken {Duchy}: is some 24 miles due E of Trier city; see Allerbach.

Allendorf{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be home{UC} to a Brehm {Johannes} family. Said by the Orlovenskaya FSL to be home{UC} to a Goetz family. There are at least 16 Allendorfs in the Germanies.

Allendorf, Nassau-Weilburg {Principality}: is 5 km WNW of Weilburg city, and was said by the Warenburg FSL to be home{UC} to a Garz man. I could not find this man in Mai1798.

Allendorf{GL}, {Solms}-Braunfels {Principality}: is some 6 miles NW of Braunfels city, and said by the Kukkus FSL to be home{UC} to Gerlach, Johannes, Stahl and Volk families. Said by a Friedberg ML to be home{UC} to a Steckenscheuer woman who in 1766 married a Becker man; by 1767 the couple was in Kukkus (Mai&Marquardt#344).

Allendorf{GL}, Graefenstein area: same as Allendorf, Solms-Braunfels.

Allendorf{GL}, Kurmainz: an unidentified place said by the Keller FSL to be home{UC} to a Gunther family.

Allenhoff{Just}: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 with wife {Catharina} and 4 children, he said to be from Hessen (Kulberg4552). No further information.

Allerbach{GL}, {Pfalz}-Zweibruecken {Duchy} at Birkenfeld: surely is a misprint for Allenbach which is some 9 miles N of Birkenfeld. Said by the Kromm version of the Jagodnaja Poljana FSL to be home{UC} to a Piek man who came here later than the first settlers (p.35). Scheuerman spelled the name Peik.

Allerborn{FN} {Christian}: arrived in Russia 15 Sept 1766 with wife {Catharina} and 4 children, he said to be from Lothringen (Kulberg6780). Said by the Hoelzel FSL #21 to be from UC Langdorf?, Lothringen. Spelled Ahlerborn in 1798 (Mai1798:Hz5, 8, 13). Darrell Brungardt found that Langdorf was a mistransliteration of Laundersdorf which is 5 miles W of Merzig, Saarland, Germany, and is now called Launstroff, Lorraine, France.

Allerheiligen{GL}, Darmstadt: an unidentified place said by the Lauwe FSL to be home{UC} to Bitter families.

Allerkinghausen{GL}, see Alenkirchenhausen.

Alles{FN} {Johannes}: with wife {Margaretha} and 2 daughters arrived in Russia 22 July 1766, he said to be from Mainz (Kulberg2356). By 22 July 1766 {Johann, wife {Anna} and daughter {Magdalen} had settled at Pfeiffer FSL #27, he said to be from UC Orb.

Alles {Anna}: this widow with daughter {Margaretha} arrived in Russia 23 July 1766 said to be from (Mainz). Not identified in any other source.

Allfeld, {Kurpfalz}: is 2 km SSW of Billigheim and was where Paul {PeterAnton} and Awerbach/Aurbach{A.Katecharina} had been baptised, married and raised their children prior to going to Russia – per Corina Hirt.

Allgiefer{FN}: arrived in South Russia in 1819, later settled in Gueldendorf, Odessa; family records found by Curt Renz in Mittelstadt, Urach Oberamt, Wurttemberg. Stumpp, p.598, says an Allgiefer family from UC Rohrbach, Sinsheim parish, Baden left in 1819 and later settled in Gueldendorf. Rohrbach is some 57 miles NW of Mittelstadt, Bad Urach.

Allmenroth{GL}, {Riedesel Barony}: is some 10 miles N of Crainfeld, and was home of the earliest known Wacker ancestor of the Wacker man who settled in Frank.

Almen{FN}: see Hohlmann.

Almerschlag{GL}, Wuerzburg: an unidentified place said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home{UC} to a Mueller family.

Almoshof: is today Allmoshof a northern neighborhood of Nuernberg city and was said to be home{UC} to
the father of Nuebler {Christoph} who married Schaub {Clara Regina} in Woehrd 15 Apr 1766 (Mai&Muarquardt#772).

Alns? [J.Georg]: arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 with wife {Elisabeth}, he said to be from Darmstadt. No further information.

Alpersbach [GL]: Freudenstadt [Amt], Wuerttemberg: now Alpirsbach, 9 miles S of Freudenstadt city, and proven by GCRA to be home to the Heinzellmann family and to Friedrich aka frau Roesler who went to Glueckstal. See the GCRA book for more details.

Alsace (aka Elsass) included most of the west side of the Rhine River; from 1679 to 1789, it was a quasi-independent state under nominal French control within the Kingdom of France, but with open frontiers to German states during much of that time. Said by the Merkel FSL to be homeUC to a Rohlmann family. Said by the Seewald FSL to have been the homeUC of a Schmidt family.

Alsachgl, Hessen-Darmstadt: is some 9 miles S of Darmstadt city, and said by the Kolb FSL to be homeUC to a Walter family.

Alsbachgl, Kurpfalz: is some 7.5 miles NW of Koblenz city, and said by the Kukkus FSL to be homeUC to Kukkus and Reitz families.

Alsens, Meisenheim [Amt], Rheinfalz: is 6.5 miles E of Meisenheim town, and was named by one Neudorf source as home to the Bakus/Gauch family. The GCRA did not find the family in Alsenz records.

Alseldgl: said by the Kraft FSL to be homeUC to Helwig, Kraft, Ruhl and Schlothauer families. Said by the Mueller FSL to be homeUC to Koch and Pfeiffer families. Said by the Paulskaya FSL to be homeUC to a Schmat family. Said by Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been home to the Blum [Christoph] family (Lk31). Surely this is the same place as the next entry.

Alsfeld [Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate]: is some 28 miles NE of Giessen city, and said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be homeUC to Brehm and Lotz families. Said by the Krasnoyarsk FSL to be homeUC to Bath, Hahn, Keller, Pabst, Rau, Schneider, Spies and Wahl families. Said by the Warenburg FSL to be homeUC to an Oesterreich and perhaps to a Schwengel family. Same place as next entry.

Alseldgl, Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate]: some 11 miles NNE of Helpershain, 23 miles NW of Fulda, and 28 miles NE of Giessen. In the 1760’s it was part of Hessen-Darmstadt. Said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be homeUC to Bast and Faust families. Said by a Friedberg ML to be homeUC to Zipp [A.Catharina] (Mai&Muarquardt#1365). Also see Alsfeld.

Alsfordgl, Hessen: an unidentified place used by the Stump version of the Jagodnaja Polyjana FSL in conjunction with a Rausch family and with the town of Helpershain. This probably was a misspelling of Alsfeld, Hessen-Darmstadt.

Alsfeldgl, Kurpfalz, is some 16.5 miles SSE of Mainz city and is said by the Rothammel FSL to be homeUC to a Manschau family.

Alsheim[sic?], Nassau-Usingen [Principality][sic?]: Either the locality or the country or both, said by the Straub FSL to be homeUC to a Krotz family were incorrect. As best I can tell there was no A–heim of any stripe in Nassau-Usingen and there is an Alsheim 15 km E of Alzey city, then in Kurpfalz.

Alstadtgl: there are at least 10 Alstads in Germany, but KS:118 said the one near Homburg in the Saar was homeUC (no basis for this statement was given) to the Kaemmer woman who married the Amkein man in Buedingen. In 1765 that would have been Alstadt, Pfalz-Zweibruecken Duchy, 5 miles NW of Zweibruecken city, but that is a very long way from Buedingen where they were married. See the previous entry.

Alstein gl, Pomerania: an unidentified place said by the Merkel FSL to be homeUC to a Specht family.

Alsterbach gl, Pfalz: an unidentified place said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be homeUC to a Vogt family.

AlstoferstFN: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be fromUC Megen, Holland. Later spelled Alforst (Mai1798:Mv1177).

Alt {Jacob}: arrived in Russia single 8 Aug 1766, said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg3165). Said by the Huck FSL #62 to be fromUC Isenburg (no locality mentioned).

Alt {J.Heinrich}: said by the Norka FSL (nr125) to be fromUC Schwarzenfels, [Hanau County], Hessen[-Kassel Landgraviate]. The 1798 Norka census gives his wife’s maiden name as Vogel
(Mai1798:Nr54) also for 1798 see Nr38 and 53. The Buedingen ML says this man from Schwarzenfels married Vogel\{A.Gertraut\} woman on 21 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#567). Betty Schmoll has research done for her in Germany that proves this couple came from Oberzell and Weichersbach respectively. For more details see http://cvgs.edu/origins/a/alt_norka.cfm.

Alt\{Johannes\}FN: he is listed in Rosenheim in 1798 (Rm10) but I cannot find him in any FSL.

Alt\{Johann\}FN: on 13 Sept 1766 with wife {Regina} he arrived in Russia said to be from Riedesel (Kulberg577). Said by the Stephan FSL #17 to be from UC Laueterbach, [Fulda Bishopric/Riedesel Barony]? I did not find them or any descendants in Mai1798. For 1767 see T380-81.

Alt\{J.Adam\}FN: from UC Hengmantel, Erbach [County married Meier/Meyer\{Gerdreuth Eliesabeth\} in Buedingen 17 June 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#697 and KS:118 & 145). Not found in any later source.

Alt\{J.Heinrich\}: arrived in Russia 9 Aug 1766 with wife {Gertruda}, said to be from Hessen (Kulberg4978). Found in no later source.

Alt\{Philipp\}FN: he married Boehm\{Margaretha\} in Buedingen 20 April 1766 and was said to be from UC Neuwiedermus (Mai&Marquardt#564 and KS:118 & 122). I could not find them in any published FSL.

Alt\{Philipp\}: arrived in Russia 8 Aug 1766 with wife {Anna}, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg3166). H may have been previous entry.

Alt\{Ott\}FN: also see Olt\{FN\}.

AltbachGL, Esslingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is 2.5 miles ESE of Esslingen-am-Neckar, and the GCRA proved this origin for the Lang\{FN\}\{Georg Adam\} family that settled in Bergdorff and moved very soon to Glueckstal. The GCRA also proved origin here for the Frick family that spent time in Glueckstal. See the GCRA book for detail.

AltbachGL, Calw [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is some 2.5 miles NW of Calw city, and proven by the GCRA as home to the Schlueter family that went to Bergdorf, see their book for detail.

Alt-DoenhofPV: a variation of the German name for Doenhof.

AltendorfGL, Nuernberg [Imperial City]: is 13 miles SE of Nuernberg city centre, and was said by the Stahl-am-Tarlyk FSL to be home to the Schindler family.

Alten\{Joh.\}: KS:118 said this was a widower with 5 children who left Eckartsborn near Nidda. I could not find him in any FSL.

AltenGL, Holstein: an unidentified place said by the Laub FSL to be home to a Baecker family. There is an Altenholzen some 5 miles N of Kiel city.

Altenau(?): see Alteno. Said by the Reinhard FSL to be home to a Frau Reinhardt. There were at least 4 Altenaus in the Germanies … the most likely may have been the one in Kursachsen, 11 km N of Riesa city.

Altenau, Daenemark [Kingdom]: an unidentified place said by the Schulz FSL to be home to a Withteith. None of the above-mentioned Altenau was in Denmark.

Altenbach, Kurpfalz: is 8.5 km NNE of Heidelberg city. Gerhard Lang proved this the birthplace of Fuchs\{J.Valentin\} who settled in the PMID says this man from Alteno and was some 52 miles NE of Rudolstadt city and some 19 miles N of Zweikau.

Altenburg, Sachsen: -- see Sachsen-Altenburg.
Altenburg Duchy\textsuperscript{GS}: this portion of the Sachsen-Gotha-Altenburg Duchy was a scattered territory whose lands stretched from just NE of Rudolstadt city NE intermittently to just beyond Altenburg city on the E and almost to Naumburg city on the N, with many sections completely separated from the others.

Alten Buseck, [Hessen-]Darmstadt [Landgravitate]: is some 3 miles NNE of Giessen city and was said by the Warenburg FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Konstanz family.

Alten Buseck\textsuperscript{GL}: also see Altenbueren.

Altenfeld\textsuperscript{GL}, [Herrschaft Gersfeld]: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Triller family. This may have been Altenfeld, some 9 miles SE of Fulda city.

Altenhaslau? Hanau [County]: is 1.5 km SE of Gelnhausen city and was said by the Warenburg FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Ries family. KS152 said this was near Gelnhausen and was home\textsuperscript{UC} to Ruppert\{Johannes\} who married Lutz\{Eliesabetha\} in Buedingen 6 March 1766 (Mai\&Marquardt\#373).

Altenhaslau(?), Hannover, an unidentified (might be one of the 4 Altenhagen, 3 of which are within 20 miles W and SW of the city of Hannover in Lower Saxony?) locality said by the Frank FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Bock family.

Altenhausen\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said to have been home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Brengenzer family (Lk12), early settlers in Zuerich. There were at least 3 such placenames in the German-speaking lands.

Altenhausen, [Hessen-]Darmstadt [Landgravitate]: an unidentified place said by the Warenburg FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Spahr family.

Altenhoff/Allenhoff\{J. Justus\}: was a godparent at the 7 June 1766 Luebeck baptism of a Rempe-Thiel son (Mai\&Marquardt\#1299). Late in 1766 he and wife [Elisabeth] with 4 children ages 9-14 took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T4369-4374). On 12 Sept 1766 Altenhoff\{Just & Catharina\} with 4 children ages 9-13 arrived in Russia, he said to be from Hessen (Kulberg4552). By 3 Aug 1767 this couple with 4 children had settled at Orlovskaya FSL #39, he said to be from Riebertenrod.

Altenkirchen\textsuperscript{GL}: said by a Friedberg ML to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Rauh woman who in 1766 married a Bruech man from\textsuperscript{UC} Koenigsberg, Darmstadt (Mai\&Marquardt\#304). This may have been short for Sayn-Altenkirchen County seated at the town of the same name which is some 21 miles N of Koblenz city.

Altenkirchen, Nassau-Weilburg [Principality]: is 10 km ESE of Weilburg city nd was said by the Straub FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Heintz family and a Roth family; this was rendered Antenkirch in a Roth Family Chart.

Altenmittleu\textsuperscript{GL}, Hanau [County]: is now in Hessen 10 miles E of Hanau city, and said by the Goebel FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Schneider family.

Altenmoor, [Holstein Duchy?]: said by the Phillipsfeld FSL to home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Grebe family. The only Altenmoor I found is 23 NW of Hamburg city centre, and would then have been in the Holstein Duchy.

Alteno/Altenau(?)?\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Merkel FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Brigmann family. There is an Alteno, Brandenburg some 48 miles SW of Berlin.

Altenrode\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to two Karl families. There are at least three Altenrode in the Germanies.

Alten Schlirff/Schlerff, Riedesel Barony: is 9.5 km due S of Lauterbach and said to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Senning\{Conrad\} father of J\{Conrad\} born 14 June 1766 in Luebeck (Mai\&Marquardt\#1210). Said to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Schraaff\{Gerdrauth\} who married Schraaff\{Gerdrauth\} 10 May 1766 in Buedingen (Mai\&Marquardt\#628).

Altenstadt\textsuperscript{GL}: is some 7 miles WSW of Buedingen, some 9 miles ESE of Friedberg city, and was in the 1760s owned by Friedberg Imperial City; see Altstadt.

Altenstadt\textsuperscript{GL} bei Buedingen: see Kemmerer\textsuperscript{FN}. This is surely the same place as the previous entry.

Altensteig, Calw [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is 3.5 miles W of Rohrdorf-bei-Altensteig, Calw [Amt], Wuerttemberg. It was proven by the GCRA to be home to the Glaser family that settled in Neudorf.

Altenstein\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Riebling family. Said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Knecht family. This might have been Altenstein,
Wuerzburg Bishopric, some 12 miles SW of Coburg city.

Altergot(t)[FN]{F.Ludwig}: second son of {G.Friederich}, he arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in June 1762 and in May 1764 he and his wife were awarded a residence in Kolonie G17 “Neudevenstedt”, Amt Gottorf, they were last reported in Denmark on 22 April 1765 – for additional detail see EEE p. 334; and he wife Mueller{Catharina} are listed in the Doenhof FSL (#91), and in 1798 in Schwab (Mai1798:Sw20).

Altergot(t)[FN]: {G.Friederich}: Using LDS film 1056809 Lang{Gerhard} proved this Lutheran was born 1714 and married 2 January 1739 to Gorgus{Elisabetha} in Feldrennach, [Baden-Durlach Margraviate]. For more, see his wife’s entry. This family arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in June 1762 and in May 1764 was awarded a residence in Kolonie G18 “Neuboerm”, Amt Gottorf, although Friederck himself died in late 1762 or early 1763 – for additional detail see EEE p. 334. On 3 June 1766 the widow {Elisabeth} with 3 children arrived in Russia, said to be from Wuerttemberg (Kulberg651). This widow remarried and the children are listed in the Doenhof FSL #88 & 88a. Later spelled Altergott. For more detail see http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/a/altergott_doenhof.cfm.

Altergot(t)[FN]{J.Martin}: third son of {G.Friederich} who arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in June 1762 (EEE p.334, see it for more detail), and is listed as a step-son in the Frank{Heinrich} household along with his remarried mother at Doenhof FSL (#88a & 88).

Altergot(t)[FN]{Ludwig F.}: aka {Friedrich Jr.}, eldest son of {G.Friederich}, he arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in June 1762 and in May 1764 he and his wife, Faber{Christina Catharina}, were awarded a residence in Kolonie G18 “Neudevenstedt”, Amt Gottorf, they were last reported in Denmark on 22 Nov 1765 – for additional detail see EEE p. 334-335. {Friedrich} & {Christina} with one daughter arrived in Russia 3 June 1766, he said to be from Wuerttemberg (Kulberg650). Listed in the Doenhof FSL (#94).

Altergott{Rosina} [FN]: she was listed in the 1798 Schwed census (Sw21), but not in the Schwed FSL. Altergott{N}: see Altergot.

Altern[GL], Hanau County: this is SpitzAltern, sometimes, SpitzAltheim. See Spitsa..ton, Yanauzen County.

Altersroh[FN]: said by the Brabander FSL to be from Urach, Wuertertberg [Duchy]. I could not find this family name in the 1798 censuses.

Altoerst[FN]: said by the Seelmann FSL to be from Magdeburg [Duchy] (no locality mentioned). I did not locate them or any descendants in Mai1798.

Alfred{Gottfried}: arrived in Russia 15 Sept 1766 single [no origin suggested] (Kulberg5276 p.338). No further information.

Alois{Benedict}: arrived in Russia 15 Sept 1766 single said to be from Frankreich, wanting to go to St. Petersburg (Kulberg5281 p.338). No further information.

Alt-Gololobowka[NN]: a variation of the Russian name for Doenhof.

Altgruen[GL], Prussia [or Poland]: an unidentified place; according to the GCRA a Lang family was here in 1768.

Althausen[FN]{Thomas}: arrived in Russia 25 July 1766 with wife {Anna}, he said to be from Holstein (Kulberg2531). Said by the Laub FSL #66, to be a single man from Kiel, Holstein, who moved on to Dinkel in 1768.

Althausen[GL] might be Albshausen a village some 42 miles NW of Fulda; said, by the Roething FSL, to be in or near Fulda, Hessen, and to be home of a Mihn family.

Althausen[GL]: an unidentified place said by the Urbach FSL to be home to a Spindler family. There were at least two small places named Althausen in the German-speaking lands.

Althausen: an unidentified place said by Kolberg1877 to be home to Kaiser{Jacob} who settled at Doenhof FSL 60. Could this has been Altenhassla??

Altheim: an unidentified place said by Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been home to the Koehler[Casper] family (Lk30). There are 15 Altheims in Germany and Austria.

Altheim, Darmstadt[GL]: said by the Mueller FSL to be home to a Going family. Mai and Marquardt say the record says Atzenheim instead of Altheim. There is an Altheim some 11 miles ENE of Darmstadt city; there is an Atzenhain some 13 miles ENE of Giessen city. A Luebeck birth record in 1766 gives the family name as Honig (Mai&Marquardt:1322).
Altwiedermus\textsuperscript{GL}, Calw [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is some 2 miles W of Calw city, and proven by the GCRA to be home to the Kramer/Kraemer/Cramer family that settled in Bergdorf and Neudorf; see their book for more.

Althof\textsuperscript{N}: this family name was found recorded in Schlitz and in Tann marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Alt Hofheim\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Hildmann FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Getlein/Guettlein family. This likely was Hofheim-am-Taurnus, Kurmainz, 6 miles NE of Mainz city.

Altkirch [Amt]\textsuperscript{GL}, Elsass: is 17 miles WNW of Basel city, Swiss., and was a District administrative center.

Altkirchen\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Kano FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Reischer family. There were at least two Altkirchens in the Germanies, one in Bavaria, the other in Thuringen. Or could this have been a mistake for Altenkirchen?

Alt Leiningen\textsuperscript{GL}, Gruenstadt [Amt], Pfalz: is 5.5 miles SW of Gruenstadt town, and proven by the GCRA as home to a Kloepfer family.

Alt-Leiningen-Westerburg County: see Leiningen-Westerburg County.

Altmann\textsuperscript{N}: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Heide.

Altmann\textsuperscript{N} (Gottfried Gilrat): in Kulberg88. Said by the Katharinenstadt FSL (#209) to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Koswig, Anhalt-Zerbst.


Altmeyer\textsuperscript{N} (Mathias): arrived in Russia 8 Aug 1766 with wife {M.Elisabeth} and 5 children, he said to be from Baden {Kulberg3334}. By 20 Aug 1767 with his wife and 4 children he had settled at Seewald FSL #39, he said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Bruschied, Trier.

Altoberndorf\textsuperscript{GL}, Schwaben: is 8 miles N of Rottweil town, and was said by the Brabander FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Russmann family.

Alt Schlaffzig\textsuperscript{GL}, Posen [Department], South Prussia: aka Gross Slawsk.

Altschwager [J.Friederich]: was a god parent in a Breyer-Bouteiller baby girl in Luebeck 16 August 1766 (Mai&Marquardt\#1309).

Alt Simmern\textsuperscript{GL}, Baden: said by the Kochler FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Siebert family, and possibly to an Eberle family. One would expect this place to be associated with Simmern, the seat of the Pfalz-Simmern Principality. But I have found no such references regarding it, nor have I found it on any map or in Meyers. I have found a reference saying it was a village in the Pfalz area which of course Simmern also was. A bit W of Simmern city was Sponheim County which was then a part of Baden … perhaps it was in Sponheim?

Altstadt\textsuperscript{GL}: said by the Buedingen ML to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to an Ickes woman who in 1766 married a Niedenthal man; by 1767 this couple was in Kutter; Stumph says this was Altenstadt near Buedingen (Mai&Marquardt\#629). Of course this might have been the old city within Buedingen itself.

Alt-Urbach\textsuperscript{VV}: another name for Urbach\textsuperscript{VV}.

Altwater\textsuperscript{N} (Johannes): said by Kulberg3209, KS:118 and the Kutter FSL #17 to be from Leisenwald, Isenburg-[Waechtersbach County]. He arrived in Russia 8 Aug 1766 with wife {Anna} and 1 son (Kulberg3209).

Altwiederimus\textsuperscript{GL}, [Isenburg-Buedingen County]: is some 5 miles SW of Buedingen city, and is the current name for Wiederimus which according to the Buedingen ML to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Mueller man who married in 1766 a Knausen woman; Stumph said the name of the place was Alt-Wiederimus (Mai&Marquardt\#496). By 1767 they were in Moor #38.

Altwiederimus\textsuperscript{GL}: also see Wiederimus.

Alus [J.Georg]: he married a Ritter woman in Luebeck in 1766 (Mai&Marquardt\#132); KS:118 mistakenly said this was in Buedingen. I could find them in no FSL.

Alvinn\textsuperscript{N}: said by KS:207 to have been born in\textsuperscript{UC} Preussen. Found by the GCRA to have married in Glauskaal. Also spelled Alwein and Alvin. See the GCRA book for detail.

Alwein\textsuperscript{N}: see Alvinn.

Alwin\textsuperscript{N}: see Alvinn.

Alzbach\textsuperscript{GL}: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a young Geisern woman. This might be
After 1778 he was part of Bavarian-owned Rheinpfalz. The town is some 13 miles NW of Worms city.

Alzey: an unidentified place said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be home to a Geist family. Kuhlberg said this was in Wuerzburg [Bishopric]. I can only find one Alzey in Germany and it was never in Wuerzburg lands. Surely this is the same place as the next entries.

Alzey: said by the Katharinestadt FSL to be home to Gaertner, Helwig? and possibly Elscheid families. This surely is the same place as the next entry.

Alzey [Kurfürstentum]: is some 13 miles NW of Worms. This may refer either to the town or the Kreis. Said by the Bauer FSL to be home to a Mauer family. Said by the Graf FSL to be home to a Mueller family. Said by the Kamenka FSL to be home to Dietze/Ditze, Mauren, and Schwarz/Schwarz families. Said by the Leichtling FSL to be home to Hermann and Keil families. Said by the Schuck FSL to be home to Kollmann/Kohlmann/Kolner? and Leick/Leik/Lei families. Said by the Urbach FSL to be home to Frau Kretzer/widow Tress? and Frau Schaff/widow Wengert, and possibly to Herr Tress? and Herr Wengert. Said by the Volmer FSL to be home to Dornus, Fuss, Gak/Hack/Haag?, and Wenzel families.

Alzey, Mainz: Said by the Goebel FSL to be the home to Franz and possibly Schreiber families. Surely Mainz is a mistake and this is the same as the previous entry.

Alzey Oberamt: this district or Kreis that included Alzey and the villages under its jurisdiction was said by the Anton FSL to be home to a Kletter family.

Ambach [Zollamt]: an unidentified place said by the Buedingen ML to be home to Dachs/A.Katharina who married a Hoffaerber man on 28 April 1766; later the couple went to Frank (fb100) (Mai&Marquardt#605). Geig1 says this was Wald-Amorbach, Breuberg Condominium.

Ambach: an unidentified place said by the Dobrinka FSL to be home to a Kraut family.

Amberg: an unidentified place said by the Phillipsfeld FSL to home to a Hinsch/Gansch family.

Amberg: an unidentified place said by the Rohleder FSL to home to a Wittman/Wittmann family. Said by a Woehrd ML to be home to the Frey woman who married an Oberndorfer man in 1766; by 1768 the couple was in Stahl-am-Tarlyk (Mai&Marquardt#799). There are at least 9 Ambergers in Germany, Austria, Sweden and Luxemburg, the largest then being in the Sulzbach Duchy, 30 miles NNW of Regensburg city and very near Nuernberg city.

Amberg: Bayren: an unidentified place said by the Herzog FSL to be home to a Riekel family.

Amberg: this family name was found recorded in Herborn marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Ambach: see Herborn.

Amen, Aman and their variations follow in one sequence:

Aman: listed in the Bergdorf 1858 census (KS:668, 207) without origin (they had first settled in Kassel). Origin in Meisenheim, Bad Kreuznach [Amt], Pfalz was proven by the GCRA using FHL(193,976). See the GCRA book for more details.

Aman: the woman from Sandbach who married in Hoehst the Hoffaerber man who settled in Frank (Gieg1). Spellings for the Amen surname started as Am End to Am Ende to Am Emdt to Amend. Am End probably referring to where he lived (Mattessen, who lives at the End of the Street). Amen lineage can be traced to Mattessen Am End, born about 1550 in Monrot, Bavaria. His descendants moved to Wildenstein, Unt Frankin, Bavaria, in 1620; to Albach, Unt Frankin, Bavaria, in 1648; and to Wildensee, Erbach, in 1727.

Aman: listed by the 1816 Glueckstall census (KS:674) with no origin. Using FHL(463,447), the GCRA proved origin in Medard, Meisenheim [Amt], Rheinland-Pfalz. See the GCRA book for more detail.

Aman: said by the Hoelzel FSL to be from Reichenbach, Bamberg [Bishopric]. I did not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Aman: said by the Kamenka FSL to be from Baden-Durlach.
Aman/Amann\textsuperscript{FN}: listed by both the 1816 Kassel census (#15) and KS:207 without origin. Using FHL#193,646 the GCRA proved origin in Meisenheim. Bad Kreuznach [Amt], Rheinpfalz. See their book for more.

Amann\textsuperscript{FN}: KS:118 says he married an Eidenmueller woman in 1787 in Neu-Saratowka.

Amann\textsuperscript{FN}: born and married (to a Burck woman) in Gunderhausen. 1763-1764 at Eggebek in Denmark. 1764-1766 was in Rossdorf, then Fraenkisch-Crumbach. He, his wife and 4 children left Fraenkisch-Crumbach in 1766 for Russia; they settled in Neu-Saratowka; earlier they had lived in Rossdorf. [Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate, 12 km NW of F-C] (Gieg1; also see KS:118). For additional information regarding the time in Denmark see , see it for p. 335.

Amann\textsuperscript{FN}: KS:118 says he married a Walther woman in 1795 in Neu-Saratowka. This may have been Ammon/Amman\{Jacob\}, an immigrant of the Reformed faith, who was said to have emigrated from Rippenweier, Oberamt Heidelberg, Kurpfalz arriving in Fridericia, Jueltland Royal Duchy in 1760 and who was held along with 20 others in Einbeck, in Hoverischen (EEE p.335, see this for more detail).

Ammann\textsuperscript{FN}: KS:118 says he married a Reinhardt woman in 1778 in Neu-Saratowka.

Ament\textsuperscript{FN}: Christian\{J.Math.\}: arrived in Russia 14 Sept 1766 with wufe {Margaretha} and 5 children (Kulberg6453). Said by the Walter FSL #12 to be from Wildensee, Erbach [County]. Also spelled Amend and Amen. According to Doris Evans\{Just\}, this origin was confirmed in Wildensee church records in research done by Ruth Froelke for Dorothy Hoff Thomas. In addition, this lineage has been traced from an AmEnd man born about 1550 in Monrot, Bavaria, to Wildenstein, Unter Franken, Bavaia in 1620, to Albach, Unter Franken, Bavaria in 1648, to Wildensee, Erbach in 1727. For more detail go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/a/amen_walter.cfm.

Amen\textsuperscript{FN}: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 with wife {Sabina} and 2 children (Kulberg6200) No further information.

Amen, Jerry\textsuperscript{FN}: proved the origins of the Doenhof Legler family.

Amenheiser\textsuperscript{FN}: see Ammenheuser.,

Amenheuser\textsuperscript{FN}: see Ammenheuser.

Amer\textsuperscript{FN}: see Hammer.

Amereli\textsuperscript{GL}, is an unidentified locality which according to the Frank FSL was in the Dauphin(?) region of Frankreich and was home\{Margaretha\} to a Philipper family.

Amersfoort\textsuperscript{GL}: is some 11 miles ENE of Utrecht, Holland and some 25 miles SE of Amsterdam. Said by the Boregard FSL to be home\{Sabina\} to the Klass family. Said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home\{Margaretha\} to a Thomas family.

Aman\textsuperscript{FN}: Sinkau Barony: an unidentified place said by the Rosenheim FSL to be home\{Margaretha\} to a Resch family.

Amheiser\textsuperscript{FN}: Bernard\{J.Just\}: KS:118 said he married a Geeren woman in 1794 in Neu-Saratowka.

Ammel\textsuperscript{FN}: see Amrhein.

Ammersbach, Bamberg [Bishopric]: is 5 miles SE of Bamberg city, and was said by the Leitsinger FSL to be home\{Margaretha\} to a Dietz family.

Amman\textsuperscript{FN}: go to Amen and variations in one sequence above.

Ammann\textsuperscript{FN}: go to Amen and variations in one sequence above..

Ammerndorf: is 14.5 km WSW of Nuernberg city.

Ammenheuser/Amenheiser/Amenheuser\textsuperscript{FN}: on 4 July 1766 {Just}, wife {Anna} and 3 children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Darmstadt (Kulberg1457). Said by the Paulskaya FSL #61 to be from Darmstadt (no locality mentioned) In 1798 the family name was also spelled Ammenheiser and Amenheuser and the wife’s maiden name was given as Bonaker (Mai1798#12620,Nb29/En14).

Ammerbach\textsuperscript{GL}, Breuberg [Condominium]: now called Wald Amorbach, said by the Buedingen ML to be home to Schmidt\{Johannes\} who in 1766 married a Walther woman (Mai&Marquard#619); by 1767 they were in Doenhof.

Ammersbach: this appears to be a mistake for Angersbach.

Amon\textsuperscript{FN}: see Amon.

Amon\textsuperscript{FN}: Hans\{Philipp\}: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 with wife {Barbara} and 4 children, said to be from
Bamberg [Bishopric] no locality mentioned. (Kulberg5764). Said by the Leitsinger FSL #66a to be stepchildren in the Strohhett household. For 1798 maybe see Nk30?

Amon/Ammon/Auman [Caspar]: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 with wife {Barbara} and 3 children (Kulberg4583). Said by the Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been from[UC Buchfeld?], Bamberg [Bishopric] and to have gone to Luzern in 1768 (Ma1798:Lk49) where they surely were among the Luzern first settlers. Spelled Amrion in 1767 (T4857-58). Spelled Auman when a son moved to Wittmann in 1783 (Ma1798:Mv1607); same spelling in 1798 (Lz18, 10, 24, Wm2).

Amorbach, [Kur]-mainz: in 1765 was in Kurmainz some 58 km NE of Mannheim city and 16 km NW of Buben, and said by Volmer FSLO #9 to be home[UC to Damm] [Conrad] who settled in Volmer.

Amorbach/Bauerbach [GL], Kurmainz: is the same place as the preceding entry and was said by the Preuss FSL to be home to an Sauerwald family.

Amraine[FN]: see Amrhein.

Amrhein[FN]: see Amrhein.

Amrhein[FN]: said by the Hildmann FSL to be from[UC Aschaffenburg, [Kurmainz], with his Kummer wife and a Kern widow in the household. The family name was spelled Amrhein in 1798 (Ma1798:Hd2,20). The Buedingen ML said this Amraine man from[UC Schildkroepgen [County] married in 1766 a Kemmer woman of[UC Alstadt (Ma1&Marquard#612). According to KS:118 he was an Amkein man and she a Kaemmer woman of[UC Alstadt near Homburg in the Saar."

Amrhein/Amrein [Philipp]: arrived in Russia 19 July 1766 single from Mainz. By 20 July 1767 he, with wife {Eva M.} and an infant had settled at Pfeiffer FSL #75, he said to be from[UC Aschaffenburg. Later spelled Amrein (Ma1798:Pr21,28).

Amrein [Johann]: arrived in Russia 29 Aug 1766 with wife {Anna}, he said to be from Mainz (Kulberg3677). No further information.

Amrein [Johann]: arrived in Russia 29 Aug 1766 with wife {Anna}, he said to be from Mainz (Kulberg3687). No further information.

Amsterdam [GL], Holland: was the capital of an independent country, the Dutch Republic, from 1579, and said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home[UC to Beuss, Bissing, Bosch, Feldhofen, Kartlein, Klein, Munter, Schaper, Schellhase, Schoenebeck, Schwan, Seilwerst, Stahlbaum, Strang, Utre?, and Versteeg families. Said by Kulberg81 to be home to Streng {Christoph+w+3c} [same family as Strang in the preceding sentence]. Said by the Schulz FSL to be home[UC to Frau Heimel. The city centre is 33 km NW of Utrecht city centre.

Amt Breitenbach [GL], Darmstadt: an unidentified place said by the Kraft FSL to be home[UC to a Wenzel family. There is a Bickenbach some 8 miles S of Darmstadt city.

Ammann [Margaretha]: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 single from Bamberg (Kulberg Analom)[GL,GS]: an unidentified place said by the Warenburg FSL to be home[UC to a Peters man.

Anastas[FN]: said by the Husaren FSL to be from[UC Konstantinopol, Tuerkei. The 1798 Husaren census gives his wife's maiden name as Alexeeva (Ma1798:Hn12).

Anben[FN]: see von Anben.

Anburg[GL], Nassau: an unidentified place said by the Schwab FSL to be home[UC to the Herr family.

Anschuetz: go to Anschuetz.

Ancre [Mathias+w+1c]: Kulberg69 said they were Catholic from[UC Danzig. I did not find them in T. The Goebel FSL (#58) to be from[UC Danzig. Later spelled Anker (Ma1798:Ki19).

Andechser Reid [GB]: in 1760 the monastery at Andesch (20 miles SW of Munich city) apparently owed some allegiance to the Bishop of Bamberg even though the site was in the territory of Electoral Bavaria. The monastery may have had some control over other religious sites in Bamberg and Kurbayern.

An der Haar?, [Osнabrzeck Bishopric?): said to have been home[UC to the Strack family (Lk100) that settled in Zuerich. I only found the one place of this name.

Anders [Friedrich]: KS:118 says he left [Kur]-Sachsen. He was among those transported to Saratov by Capt. Paykul and Cornet Rehbinder in 1764 said to be from[UC [Kur]-Sachsen (KS82).

Anders [Martin]: KS:118 says he left Bieber near Gelnhausen in 1766.
Andersen\textsuperscript{FN}\{Andreas\}: arrived in Russia 3 June 1766 with wife \{Anna\}, he said to be from Holstein (Kulberg\textsuperscript{#709}). Said by the Dinkel FSL \#4 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Tauban(?), Holstein.

Andersen\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Endersen.

Andersen\textsuperscript{FN}\{J.Lorenz \}: arrived in Russia said by the Fischer FSL \#25 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Kiel, Holstein. The family name was spelled Anders in 1798 (Mai1798:Fs35).

Andershof\textsuperscript{(?)}\textsuperscript{GL}: see Andertso.

Andertso/Andershof\textsuperscript{(?)}\textsuperscript{GL}, Kurmainz: an unidentified place said by the Preuss FSL to be home to an Ranburger/Rambe family.

Andes/Anthes\textsuperscript{FN}: Arrived in Russia 8 Aug 1766 with wife \{Catharina\} and 5 children, he said to be from Trier. Said by the Seewald FSL \#26 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Flech, Worms.

Andorf?: an unidentified place said by Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Koenig\{Nicolaus\} family (Lk84). There are five Andorfs in Germany and Austria.

Andreanopol\textsuperscript{GL}: said by the Brabander FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Brabander family. This was probably Andrianopol, Russia, some 594 miles ENE of Saratov, just beyond the Ural river. It might have been Andreapol/Andrespol, 8 miles ESE of Lodz, Poland. There would have been few if any Germans in either place in the 1760’s.

Andreas\textsuperscript{FN}\{J.Gottlieb\}: arrived in Russia 15 Sept 1766 single from Sachsen (Kulberg5271 p.338). Said by the Lauve FSL \#15 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Wiederau, Sachsen. I could not find this family in the 1798 censuses.

Andreas\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Warenburg FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Naumburg, [Solms-]Braunfels [County]. For 1798 see Mai1798:Wr100 (where the wife’s maiden name was given as Keller), 98.

Andreas\{Daniel\}: arrived 4 July 1766 in Russia with wife \{A.Maria\} and 2 young children, he said to be from Wetzlar (Kulberg 1990). No further information.

Andreas\{Joachim\}: arrived in Russia 29 Aug 1766 single said to be from Mecklenburg (Kulberg3741). No further information.

Andreas\{Johann\}: arrived in Russia 15 Sept 1766 with wife \{Anna\} and 2 children. Not yet identified in any Volga village.

Andreas\{Margaretha\}: arrived in Russia 12 Sept 1766 a widow alone from Nuernberg (Kulberg4613). Not found in any later source.

Andreas\{Nicolaus\}: arrived in Russia 8 Aug 1766 single, said to be from Nuernberg (Kulberg3432). Not found in any later source.

Andreas\{F\}: also see Andres.

Andres/Andersen\textsuperscript{FN}\{Jacob\}: said to have left\textsuperscript{UC} some Brandenburgian land arriving in Flensburg in 1762; with wife and one child he left Denmark in 1765 (EEE p.336, see this for more detail). By July 1766 they had settled ib Doenhof FSL \#42 which said he was from\textsuperscript{UC} Kurpfalz (no locality mentioned). Later spelled Andreas.

Andres\textsuperscript{FN}: see Andresz.

Andresz\{Marg.\}: this woman who married an Ahm man in 1766 was said by a Wohrd ML to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Eltersdorf (Mai&Marquardt\textsuperscript{#789}).

Andresz\{Margaretha\}: daughter of \{Friedrich\} of Eltersdorf married Ahm\{Johann\} in Wohrd 30 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt\textsuperscript{#789}). KS:118 spelled her maiden name Andresz. Mai&Marquardt\textsuperscript{#789} said she might be listed in Or08 in 1798 – surely this is in error. Not found in any later source.

Andrian\textsuperscript{FN}\{Woldemar\}: the Grimm FSL has widow and two sons were living in a Vogel family that was from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg.

Andrianopol\textsuperscript{GL}: see Andrianopol.

Anert\{J.Jacob\}: arrived in Russia 15 Sept 1766 with wife \{M.Sophia\} and one young son; wanted to settle in St. Petersburg (Kulberg5225 p.335). No further information.

Anfang\{J.Adam\}\textsuperscript{FN}: arrived in Russia 15 Sept 1766 with wife \{Maria\} (Kulberg6810). Said by the Boregard FSL \#121 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Pfaffenwiesbach\?. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Anfang\{Franz.Anton\}: arrived in Russia 15 Sept 1766 single (Kulberg6811). The Recruiter Beauregard list (Lk106) said he was from\textsuperscript{UC} Pfaffenwiesbach, [Walbott Barony] and went to Wittmann in 1768. They may have been Wittmann first settlers, but I did not find them in Mai1798. For 1767
see T2824-2826.

**Anhalt**

Anhalt-Koethen: said by Kulberg to Schmidt single (Kulberg64);

Anelloch: see Gau Angelloch.

Anengro: see Angero.

Anger [Michael]: arrived in Russia 30 May 1766, single, said to be from Ester (Kulberg449). Said by the Goebel FSL #72 to be from Wien, Oesterrich.

Angerode [Enz], Alsfeld Amt, Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate: is now Angerode 6 km W of Alsfeld town and was said by the Buedingen ML to be home to Decher (Nicolaus) who married Schmidt (Eva E.) in 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#477). The Mueller FSL said he was from Anjou?.

Angersbach: Riedesel Barony: is 4 km SE of Lauterbach town, and was said by the Schwab FSL to be home to the Lehning family.

Angersbach: Riedesel Barony: said by the Buedingen ML to be home to Jost (Friedrich) who married Stier (A.Catharina) 7 April 1766 in Buedingen (Mai&Marquardt#484).

Angersbach: Riedesel Barony: said by the Susannental FSL to be home to Kraemer [J.Joachim & Ernestine]. The only Angersbach I could find is 6 km NNE of Passau city and was then in Passau Bishopric.

**Anhalt**

Anhalt from 1603-1793 Anhalt could refer to any one of four states: Anhalt-Dessau, Anhalt-Bernburg, Anhalt-Zerbst, and Anhalt-Koethen. The Stump supplement to the Dietel FSL says Anhalt (no locality indicated) was home to a Weinmeister family. Said (no locality mentioned) by the Orlovskaya FSL to be home to an Erfurth family.

Anhalt-Bernburg: a principality which held lands in three relatively small areas (two of which included the towns of Bernburg and Ballenstedt) mostly some 24 miles NW of Halle, Sachsen-Anhalt. Said (no locality mentioned) by the Lauwe FSL to be home to Drechsler and Ude families.

Anhalt-Dessau [Principality]: from 1603-1803 the city of Dessau (now in Sachsen-Anhalt some 67 miles SW of Berlin) was the seat of this duchy, later principality, so Dessau may refer either to the city or the state. Said by the Dinkel FSL to be home to a Mueller family (no locality mentioned). Said (no locality mentioned) by the Kano FSL to be home to Gensch and Grassmann families. Said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home to a Gekert family.

[Anhalt]-Dessau [Principality]: said (no locality mentioned) by the Kano FSL to be home to Bloss, Golko, Hartmann (J.Gottlieb), Hoppe, Kauferhof, Klehmann (Kleman), Krimmel (Kruemmel), Leichner (Lichtner), Otto, Schaefer (Christoph), Weigand, and possibly Gaus, Retz, Specht (J.Michael) families. Said (no locality mentioned) by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home to Henne, Krieger, and Leopold families.

Anhalt-Koethen [Principality]: a small principality whose lands were near Koethen city, mostly a few miles NW and a few SE. None of the following references mentions a locality. Said by the Dinkel FSL to be home to a Rudolf family. Said by the Jost FSL to be home to Michaelis, Moeserburg, and possibly Hilmann families. Said by Kulberg to be home to Erfurt (Siegmund). Said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home to Rindflesch man. Said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be home to an Erfurth family. Said by the Urbach FSL to be home to a Schlitter family; they surely had died prior to the 1798 Volga censuses.

[Anhalt-Koethen [Principality]: none of the following references mentions a locality: said by the Boaro FSL to be home to Bohle, Handorf, and Wahl families; it is said the Wals were actually from Porst near Koethen (Mai&Marquardt#1166). Said by the Kano FSL to be home to a Sachs family. Said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home to a Weginer family. Said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home to a Reuter family. Said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be home to Erfurth, and Belger families. Said by the Stephan FSL to be home to Scherr family.

Anhalt-Zerbst [Principality]: this Duchy/Principality was seated in Zerbst city which is some 66 miles SW of Berlin. None of the following references mentions a locality. Said (no locality indicated) by the Brabander FSL to be home to an Eltz family and possibly to a Neuberger family. Said by the Holstein FSL to be home to a Bossel family. Said by the Kano FSL to be home to a Kellermann family. Said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home to to Bauk, Hansch, and Winter families. Said by the Kratzke FSL to be home to a Frick family. Said by Kulberg88
to be home to the Catholic Altmann {Gottfried}. Said by the Urbach FSL to be home{UC to Hershleben and Preger? families. Said by the Warenburg FSL to be home{UC to a Zwickau {J.Andreas} family.

[Anhalt]-Zerbst [Principality]{GS: said (no locality mentioned) by the Kano FSL to be home{UC to Arens, Gross {Andreas}, Honigmuth, Kordnemann?, Specht {Heinrich}, Spretz, and Wagner {Christoph} families, and possibly a Wolfart orphan). Same place as the preceding entry.

Anigolz {Johann}: arrived in Russia 19 Jul y1766 with wife {Elisabeth} and 3 children, he said to be from Mainz {Kulberg2662}. Not identified in any other source.

Anjou{GL: said by the Mueller FSL to be home{UC to a Decher family. The most famous Anjou is the lower Loire valley area in Western France.

Anker {FN: see Ancre.

Ankhekh {GL, Hesse-Darmstadt: an unidentified place, said by the WRG version of the Walter FSL to be home{UC to Yaist {J.Caspar}. The Pleve version said this may have been Eichen and the family name was Geist.

Anklam, {Preussisch Vor-}Pommern: is 71 km NW of Szczecin city, and was said by the Reinhard FSL to be home{UC to the Kraus family.

Ankorholtz {FN: said by the Kratzke FSL to be from{UC Sternberg, Mecklenburg.

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