Legend: BV=a German village near the Black Sea. FN= German family name. FSL= First Settlers’ List. GL= a locality in the Germanies. GS= one of the German states. ML= Marriage List. RN= the name of a researcher who has verified one or more German origins. UC= unconfirmed. VV= a German Volga village.

A word in bold indicates there is another entry regarding that word or phrase. Click on the bold word or phrase to go to that other entry. Red text calls attention to information for which verification is completed or well underway.

Push the back button on your browser to return to the Germanic Origins Project home page.

Gr-Gzz

GräF: said by the Boregard FSL to be from Arsalen?. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.
GrabDnelaschni(?): surely this is a garbled form of Graben, Durlach.
Grabbe: said by the Messer 1798 census to be the maiden name of one of the frau Manweiler (Mail798:Ms50).
Grabbe: also see Krabe.
Graben: an unidentified place said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be home to a Koch family. There are 20 Grabens in Germany and Austria.
Graben, [Baden-]Durlach: is some 2 km S of Neudorf and 18 km NNE of Karlsruhe, Baden-Wuerttemberg, and said by the Dobrinka FSL to be home to Wenz families. Said by the Dreispitz FSL to be home to a Klein family; this origin was proven by Jim Mizouni in 2007. And this was the birthplace of Zwecker the widow of Gruenemeier and who remarried to Gammerstrath probably in Beideck.
Graben, Staffort Unteramt, Karlsruhe Oberamt, Baden-Durlach Margraviate: EEE p.642 said Wentz left here for the German colonies in Denmark. EEE p.653 said Ziegler may have left here for the German colonies in Denmark. This is the same place as the preceding two entries.
Gracka: is a variant of Kratzke.
Gradisce, Slowenien: said by the Seelmann FSL to be home to a Stankowic family. There were at least 10 such places with this name in Slovenia.
Gradwohl: said by the Kautz FSL to be from Ottenheim, Kurpfalz.
Graeber: he apparently was in Zug in 1774 when his daughter left there to marry in Basel; they appear in no FSL and may have been Zug first settlers.
Graeber: Danish records say this Lutheran died in 1761; his wife and 2 offspring arrived at Schleswig city, Schleswig Royal Duchy in July 1761; their son-in-law was Wendtz; they lived at #25 “Ohne Sorge” in Colony G8 ‘Friderichsholm’, Gottorf Amt which they left voluntarily in 1763 to immigrate to Russia. Later the widow Graeber is recorded in the churchbooks of Neu-Saratowka colony near St.Petersburg. (EEE p.420, for more see that).
Graeber: also see Groeber.
Graebern: Danish records say she was wife to Finck who settled first in
Denmark and then in Neu-Saratowka (EEE p.400).

Graef [A.Maragetha]: married Fruehling [Johannes] 19 March 1766 in Buedingen (Mai&Marquardt#448). They were at #57 in the 1775 Beideck census and likely were among the first settlers there. For 1798 see Mai1798:BD7.

Graef [FN]: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from UC Fritzlar(?). Graef [Gref]: said (no locality mentioned) by the Urbach FSL to be from UC Mansfield [County]. Spelled Greif in 1798 (Mai1798:Ur28).

Graefenhain [GL]: [Kur]-Sachsen: is some 16 miles NW of Dresden city and said by the Jost FSL to be home UC to a Wenig family. Graefenhainchen [GL]: is some 11 miles SE of Dessau city, and said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be home UC to a Zorn family, and possibly to a Hank family. Kuhlberg says this was in the state of Dessau. Graefenhain [GL]: [Baden-Durlach Margraviate]: is 8.5 km WSW of Pforzheim city and then in Baden-Durlach Margraviate. Lang [Gerhard] proved she was baptized here in 1714 and married in nearby Feldrennach. [Baden-Durlach Margraviate] on 2 January 1739 to Altegot [G.Friedrich]. After living for a while in Denmark where her husband evidently died, this woman was among the first settlers of Doenhof near the Volga.

Graefenroda [GL]: [Sondershausen-Ruolstadt County]: is 18 miles SW of Erfurt city, and was said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be home UC to a Kohl family. The Pleve book suggested this might be Graefenreuth, but that seems extremely doubtful.

Graefenstein [FN]: possible early settlers of Zuerich said to be from UC Garmitesas? (Lk3). For 1798 see Mai1798:Zr3.

Graefenstein [GL]: Greifenstein is some 9 miles NW of Braunfels city.

Graeser [A.Barbara]: was daughter of Lorenz and A.Maria and the deceased mother of Glockenhammer [Kaspar]’s first two children who settled in Kauft with him.

Graetz [FN]: said by the Dobrinka FSL to be from UC Kiel, Holstein. Later spelled Gretz or Kretz (Mai1798:Db72).

Graefelich [Elisabeth]: KS131 says to see Hubert from UC Neustadt near (?). But I could find no such entry.

Graevenstein?: Kurpfalz: an unidentified place said to be from UC Seelmann FSL to be home UC to a Berger family.

Graf [FN]: said by the 1798 census to be the maiden name of Frau Krieger of Boaro and Orlovskaya (Mai1798:Or58).

Graf [Valentin]: said by the Boregord FSL to be from UC Oberweld?.

Graf [Heinrich]: said by the Dehler FSL to be from UC Langenbach. For 1798 see 1798 Mai:Di40.

Graf [Johannes]: said by the Dehler FSL to be from UC Dorschheim, Ansbach [Margraviate]. For 1798 see 1798 Mai:Di10, 37.

Graf [Friedrich]: said by the Dobrinka FSL to be from UC Inrepeach(?), Oroningen(?). The 1798 census says Baumgartner was his wife’s maiden name (Mai1798:Db58).

Graf [Johann/Johannes]: married Ostermeier [A.Maria] in Rossau 28 May 1765 (Mai&Marquardt#859). On 30 May 1766 Graf [Johann] and wife [Barbara] with no children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Wuerzburg (Kulberg335). Not found in T. By 10 July 1766 [Johannes & Marianna] and their 1-year old daughter had settled at Graf FSL #1, he said to be from Eckstedt. In 1798 he was living in a son’s household in Graf (Mai1798:Grf19).

Graf: arrived in South Russia in 1819 and later settled in Gueldendorf, Odessa; Curt Renz reports that he found the Graf family records in Tutlingen, Tuttingen Oberamt, Wuertemberg. Stumpp, p.599, mistakenly says this was a Grass family from Tutlingen, Wuertemberg.

Graf [FN]: Curt Renz has found the church records for this Hoffnungstal, Bessarabia, family in Hilshach, Sinheim Amt, Baden.

Graf [FN]: this widow was said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from UC Fritzlar?.

Graf [FN]: [Christina]: said to be the Leitsinger FSL to be from UC Vorweichloch?, Wuerzburg [Bishopric]. For 1798 see Mai1798:Sm44.
Graf [Jakob] FN: said by both the 1816 Neudorf census (#26) and KS:282 to have come from UC
Gaggenau, Ratsstatt [Amt], Baden. Using FHL #1,189,097, the GCRA proved their origin in Hillsbach, Sininsheim [Amt], Baden. See the GCRA book for more. Also spelled Graff.
Graf [Johannes/Jakob/Peter] FN: listed by the 1858 Neudorf census (#238) without origin and said by the GCRA to be from UC Josephsburg, Galicia. See their book for more.
Graf FN [J.Michel]: Danish records say this man left UC Wuerttemberg arriving at Flensburg in Schleswig Royal Duchy in May 1762; he, his wife and 4 offspring lived at #8 in Colony T7 “Louisebebene”, Tondern Amt; last registered in Denmark in Jan. 1765 they immigrated to Riebensdorf colony, Woronesh in Russia (EEE p.421, for more see that).
Graf [J.Karl, Christoph, Maria] FN: they were recorded as coming from Schaefer (Mai 1798:Mv2515-1786,Bg31) but I could not find them in any published FSL.
Graf {name not given}: KS131 says this person left UC Lauterbach near Rottwell (now in Wuerttemberg) heading for Urbach. I did not find him in any published FSL.
Graf FN: said by the Volmer FSL to be from UC Worms, Kurpfalz.
Graf (Christian): he, his wife and a child left for Russia from Kochstedt, Dessau (Mai & Marquardt #1072). KS131 said with wife and one child he left UC Kochstedt (now in Dessau). I did not find him in any published FSL.
Graf/Graf [M.Christiana/M.Christian]: married Retz {Gottlieb} in Rossbau 9 April 1766 (Mai & Marquardt #832). KS150 has the wrong year: 1765. On 4 July 1766 {Gottlieb & Maria} with no children arrived in Russia, he said to be from UC Dessau (Kulberg 1325). Later in 1766 {Gottlieb & Christiana} with no children took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga, on which trip he died (T5481-5482). Not found in any published FSL.
Graf (Valentin): with wife and children left UC Kochstedt, Dessau (Mai & Marquardt #1073 & KS131). I did not find him in any published FSL.
Grapp/Graf [Barbara & Franziska]: by 30 Aug 1767 these orphaned girls were living in the household of Pauly [J. Georg & M. Dorothea] and said to be from Hahn, Hessen-Kassel (Schaefer FSL 50b).
So far they have not been identified in any other Volga-German source.
Graf FN: these are interspersed with the Graf families above.
Graf FN: see also
Graf VV (aka Krutojarovka or Krutoyarovka): a Russian Catholic German village situated on the eastern side of the Volga. Its FSL has been published in Pleve, Einwanderung ..., vol.II, pp.59-71. According to it, the first settlers were from the following places with the family names shown here in parens:
from Alzey, Kurpfalz: (Mueller45);
from Aschaffenburg: (Hepp10, 11, frau Remus13, Wagner12);
from Bergzabern, Zweibruecken: (Remus13);
from Blieskastell: (Wasinger26);
from Boehmen: (Janson20);
from Burglengenfeld, Kurpfalz: (Leisel39);
from Damice, Osterrich: (Zahn18);
from Dindelsbuehl: (Metzinger5);
from Eckstedt: (Graf1);
from Erfurt, Sachsen: (Hatzer34);
from Frisack, Brandenburg: (frau Weinberg7);
from Heidelberg, Kurpfalz: (Geiger8 and possibly Walter8a);
from Heilbronn: (Brant15);
from Heilbronn, Kurmainz: (Kohlmeier21);
from Homburg, Wuerzburg: (Weber38);
from Homberg-an-der-Ohm, Darmstadt: (Hermann28);
from Kahla, Sachsen: (Kellfuss|Hellfuss40);
from Kail, Kurpfalz: (Kunz43);
from Kiel, Holstein: (Stollmann32);
from Kopenhagen, Daenemark: (Laaber41);
from Langenfeld: (frau Stollmann32);
from Lauggen, Wuerttemberg: (Tak27);
from Linz: (frau Zahn18);
from Luxembourg: (Buchholz29, 30, Kunz35, Zimmermann25);
from Mannheim, Kurpfalz: (Eckel14, frau Hatzr34, Heidel4, Peil9, Schnep19, Sutner?17, Vogel23, Wolf36, 37, and possibly Haaley36a);
from Nordhausen: (Klepphorn48);
from Ostritz, Sachsen: (Tonat[Donat]46);
from Regensburg: (Eckel31, Esslauer3, Windholz6);
from Salzmuenster, Fulda: (Ruebesam22);
from Schoenburg: (frau Ruebesam22);
from Seiz(?), Mirtepska(?): (Gabel24);
from Siersk, Frankreich: (Weiss33);
from Speyer: (Glaese42);
from Ulm: (Schmidt44);
from Wuerzburg: (frau Janson20, Merker[Maerker]2, Weinberg7 and probably Hein20a);

Grafar*: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from Luxembourg, Frankreich.
Grafenreuth*: the Pleve book suggested this might be what was meant by Grafenroda. There are two small places name Grafenreuth in present-day Bavaria.

Graff*NS: see Graf.
Grafschaft Erbach*NS: is Erbach County.
Grafschaft Hanau*NS: the County of Hanau. See Hanau.
Grafschaft Manderscheid[MANDERSCHEID COUNTY]*NS: said (no locality mentioned) by the Rosenheim FSL to be home to a Wagner family.
Grafschaft Oldenburg*NS: is Oldenburg County.

Grain [A.Katharina]: 1766 in Buedingen she married Schroeder{Martin} (KS157). The Grimm FSL (#50) gives her name as Pea{Katharina}; the Buedingen ML gives it as Bra{A.Catharina} [was this a mistranscription for Bea??] (Mai&Marquardt#455). The 1798 Grimm census (#144) gives it as Pea.

Grain*: also see Bra.

Grall{Michael}: KS131 said with wife and 3 children he left Lauggen near Darmstadt (now in Hesse). I did not find them in any published FSL.

Gramlich/Gramlich (J.Adam/Hans): in Danish records this Lutheran is listed with the widow of Schneider{Leonhard} from the Heidelberg area; in Dec. 1760 he was in Colony J2 “Fridrichsheede”; Silkeborg Amt, last recorded in Denmark in April 1763. He probably immigrated to Schilling and seems to be listed there in their 1775 census (EEE p.421, for more see that). Lang proved that he was born in Bofsheim, [probably of Kurmainz], (today Baden-Wuerttemberg) on 4 March 1748, married {A.Eva} and they immigrated to Denmark (Schleswig-Holstein) before immigrating to Russia. Kulberg1683 says he was from Bofsheim, which CVGS says was SE of Buchen, Odenwald. On the Schilling website, Gary Martens says the family origin was in Levensheiss, Hessen. They arrived in Oranienbaum on 13 September 1766 aboard the Russian galliot ‘Tistadel’ (Kulberg Lists #5217) and then settled in Schilling where they likely were among the first settlers. They are listed at #15 in the 1775 Schilling census. For 1798 see the Schilling census #6. For a bit more information go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/g/gramlich_schilling.cfm.

Gramlich: see Gramlich.
Gramm*: of Kassel, see Frasch.
Gramlich: see Gramlich.
Granau*: see Granov.

Grand/Le Grand [Jean Jacques]: on 20 March 1766 in Buedingen he married Berlinger{Gertraud} (Mai&Marquardt#452). KS131 said one of them was born 7.3.1729 and her name was spelled {Gertraud}. The Kamenka FSL (#82) said this {Jacob} was kath. from Lauzes, Frankreich.

Granov/Graanau*: an unidentified place said by the Leichtling FSL to be home to a Schneider family. In Poland there are places called Granov, Granow, and Granau …
Granteu*: said by the Franzosen FSL to be from UC Naujan, Frankreich. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Grapowsky*: said by the Belowscher Kolonien FSL to be from UC Weiber/Weier and to have married the widow Heck in Oranienbaum.

Grapp/Graf{Barbara & Franziska}: by 30 Aug 1676 these orphaned girls were living in the household of Pauly (J. Georg & M. Dorothea) and said to be from Hahn, Hessen-Kassel (Schaefer FSL 50b). In 1798 Graf{Fanziska} was still living in Schaefer (Mai1798: SB32).

Grasbru*n: an unidentified family which according to the Frank FSL was in the state of Ansbach and was said to be home UC to a Berekt family.

Gras*: said by the Frank FSL to be from UC Umstadt(?), Hessen-Darmstadt.

Grasemeuchen*: an unidentified place said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home UC to a Neubert family.

Grasmick*: see Grasmueck.

Grasmuck*: see Grasmueck.

Grasmueck/Grasmick{Conrad}, {J.Jacob}: said by the Balzer FSL (#78 and 63) to be from Isenburg (no locality mentioned; said by both KS:131 and by the Stumpp version of the FSL to be from Rohrbach, Isenburg[-Buedingen County]. Parish records say these Grasmuck families left their home in Rohrbach for Russia in 1766 (Mai&Marquart#1254 and 1256). Bonner proved origin in Rohrbach, and the same for the Lepper wife of one of them. KS131 says {J.Jakob}’s wife was May{Johanna E.}. For the {Conrad} line there was himself, his wife and a daughter by a previous marriage (Mai&Marquart#1256). For 1798 see Mai1798: Bz90. For the {Jacob} line in the beginning there was himself, his wife, 3 daughters and 3 sons (Mai&Marquardt#1254). For 1788 see in 1798 see Mai1798: Mv42, for 1798 see Bz38, 71, 82, Lw4, and 27. There is an entry regarding {J.Jacob} at http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/g/Grasmueck_balzer.cfm.

Grasmueck*: see by the Lauwe FSL to be from UC Friedland, Sachsen. I could not find this family in the 1798 censuses.

Grasmuck*: see Gaurer of Lauwe.

Grasmuck*: also see Grasmick.

Grasnovatka: a Russian name for Schuck.

Grason*: said by the Merkel FSL to be from UC Debertsin(?), Austria.

Grass*: said by the Paulskaya FSL to be from UC Breitenbach.

Grass*: said by the Stahl-am-Tarlyk FSL to be from UC Suhl, [Kur-]Sachsen. For 1795 and 1798 see Mai1798: Mv2828, St8, Kk39.

Grass*: also see Graf and

Grass{Andreas}: see Krassel.

Grasser*: also see Griser.

Grasshoff*: said by the Paulskaya FSL to be from UC Berneburg? and to have Golop step-children in the household. I could not find this Grasshoff family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Grassmann{Christian}: was a day-laborer mentioned in Mai&Marquardt#1071. Said by the Kano FSL (#13) to be from UC Anhalt-Dessau (no locality mentioned). KS131 says he was from Oranienbaum. Spelled both Grassman (Rm28) and Grossmann (Sh02) in 1798 (Mai1798: ).

Grassmann*: the Katharinenstadt FSL says these stepdaughters were living in a Westhausen family from UC Mecklenburg (no locality mentioned).

Grasmey{Georg F.}: in Rosslau 30 April 1766 he married Naumann {Johanna Sofia} (Mai&Marquardt#959). KS131 mistakenly says the year was 1765.

Grast/Grost{Georg}: listed under both family names in the Luzern 1798 census (Mai1798: Lz38); found in no FSL so may well have been among the Luzern first settlers. In 1798 his wife was given as Werner {Katharina}.

Gratma*: an unidentified place said by the Reinhard FSL to be home UC to Frau Dreher.

Gratz*: Steiermark: is some 88 miles SW of Vienna, Austria, is also spelled Graz, and is said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home UC to a Rauscher family.

Gratz*: another name for Basell.

Gratzka*: a variant of Kratzke.
GrauerGraubuenden Kanton: this kanton is eastern Switzerland.

GrauenzPoland: an unidentified place said by the Schuck FSL to be home to a Glas family. This probably is Grudzendz, aka Grudziadz, Kujowsko-Pomorskie, Hesse.

GrauelGerman researcher who found FSL to be from the Schck family indicating that Grauel was the maiden name of a Schck family. This may indicate that Grauel was a Schck family living in the vicinity of the city of Wuerzburg.

Graus?: see Gross and Kraus.

GrazOesterreich: is 143 km SW of Vienna city centre and was said by the Susannental FSL to be home to a Winkelmann family.

Great Poland: see Grosspolen.

Greb/KreppGerman researcher who found Greb to be from the Krepp family. His daughter A. Christine was born in 1686 married Rupel. Their daughter A. Elisabeth born in 1711 married Schreiner. Their descendants settled in Kraft.

Grebe/GraebeJ. Herman. KS131 said he left Beisefahr near Melsungen to go to Zuerich on the Volga. The Phillipsfeld FSL (11) said he was from Altenmoo, Holstein Duchy.

Grauer: see Graul.

Grau/KrauPaul: on 19 Sept 1766 Paul & Anna arrived in Russia, he said to be from Wuerzburg (Kulberg). Not found in T. By 24 July 1767 he & A. Maria had settled at Semenovka. FSL 20, he said to be from Irbach, Wuerzburg. KS140 says it was either Irbach or Irlich in the Oberpfalz.

Grau: said by the 1798 Wittmann census to be the maiden name of Wiedemann of Ober-Monjou, now a Junck of Wittmann (Ma1798:Wm9).

Graugreif said by the Stahl-am-Karaman FSL (#49) to be from Gening. Spelled Krau in first transcription of the Stahl-am-Karaman FSL and Krau in the Pleve version.

Grauels: from Weisenbach she married in Buedingen in 7 April 1766 Mueller {Johannes}. (Ma1798:488 and KS131 and 146). KS131 says Weisenbach was near Witzenhausen. I did not find them in any published FSL.

Grau: {Joseph}, his Schedor wife and their children, all of Graf, as well as the origin of the Kinderknechts of Louis, in Ormesheim, 9 km SW of Blieskastell, Nassau-Saarbruecken County.

Grauberger: said by the Dietel FSL to be from Strassburg, Elsass. For 1798 see Mai1798:Dt6, 29, Ho34.

Graubuenden Kanton: this kanton is eastern Switzerland.

Graudenz: an unidentified place said by the Schuck FSL to be home to a Glas family. This probably is Grudzendz, aka Grudziadz, Kujowsko-Pomorskie, Hesse.

Grauel: KS131 says she was born in Nau and left Rueddighausen near Giessen (now in Hesse). I did not find her in any published FSL.

Grauf: see Graul.

Grauf said by the Frank FSL to be from Schezler, Wuerzburg.

Graul?: Grauer: said by the Fischer FSL to be step-children living with the Kraus family indicating that the Graul family was spelled Grauer in 1798 (Ma1798:Fs12).

Graule: Christoph: Danish records say this man left Wuertemberg arriving at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in May 1762; he, his wife and 2 offspring lived at #15 in Colony T4 “Sophienthal” Tondern Amt until they deserted and immigrated to Russia where they are recorded in the church books of Neu-Saratowa colony near St. Petersburg (EEE p.422, for more see that).

Graule: {J. Balthasar}: a probable son of {Christoph}, Danish records say he, his wife and 1 child lived at #12 in Colony T5 “Friedrichshoefe”, Tondern Amt; in April 1765 he wished to desert but was arrested and imprisoned, but nevertheless he still wanted to leave and immigrated to Russia where he was recorded in the church books of Neu-Saratowa colony near St. Petersburg (EEE p.422, for more see that).

Graulus: this family name was found recorded in Schotten parish records for many generations prior to 1767; see Flegel trip.

Graus: Susanna M.: the Graus widow born a Beitz from Buedingen who in Buedingen on 18 May 1766 married Schwach Bernhard (Ma1798:671). KS157 has her maiden name as Reitz. Not found in Kuhlberg or in any published FSL. They may have been the couple listed in T7400-7401.

Graux?: see Gross and Kraus.

Graz: said by the FSL to be from Winkelmann family.

Graz: is 143 km SW of Vienna city centre and was said by the Susannental FSL to be home to a Winkelmann family.

Great Poland: see Grosspolen.

Greb/Krepp: Edward F. Wagner commissioned a German researcher who found Greb to be from Engelrod, Riedesel Barony (now Germany). His daughter A. Christina born 1686 married Rupel. Their daughter A. Elisabeth born in 1711 married Schreiner. Their descendants settled in Kraft.

Greb: also go to Kreb.

Grebe/GraebeJ. Herman. KS131 said he left Beisefahr near Melsungen to go to Zuerich on the Volga. The Phillipsfeld FSL (#11) said he was from Altenmoo, Holstein Duchy.

Great Poland: see Grosspolen.
son is listed at #11 in the 1798 Zuerich census (Mai1798:Zr11).

Grebenhof, Wuerzburg: an unidentified place. Said to be home to Heilmann [Hans Adam] who married Stett Margaretha 14 May 1766 in Buedingen (Mai1798:Gruenewald)

Grebenhain: Alsfeld: then within Hessen-Darmstadt, is some 18 miles SSE of Alsfeld city and said by the Laub FSL to be home to a Kruse family.

Grebenhain, Darmstadt: said by the Laub FSL to be home to a Wiel family. Same place as the previous entry.

Grebenstein: Johann: KS131 said he was from Hartmuthsachen near Witzenhausen (now in Hesse). I did not find him in any published FSL or in Mai1798.


Grechen: an unidentified country.

Grechinnaya Luka: a version of the Russian name for Walter VV.

Greder: said by the Preuss FSL to be from Affeln, Kelheim.

Greder: said by the Preuss FSL to be from Brabant.

Greenwald: see Gruenewald. Gref: see Graef.

Grefath: an unidentified place said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home to a Mai family. This might be Grefath some 21 miles WNW of Duesseldorf city.

Greifenstein: see Greiffenstein.

Greifz: see Grefath.

Greger: a Catholic widower from Schoenfeld, Luzelburg 30 April 1766 in Woehrd married Scherer Katharina daughter of Bernhard; from Ederingen, Luzelburg (Mai1798).

Greger/Grieger, listed by KS:283 with no origin. Should have been listed in the 1816 Neudorf census (#97) but that entry was omitted in the printing process. Also spelled Griger. See the GCRA book for much more.

Greich: said by the Leitsinger FSL to be from Lachen, Kurbayern, with Schmidt step-children in the household. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Greifenstein: see Greifenstein.

Greifenstein, Snenkiries?: Solms-Braunfels Principality: is 14 km NW of Braunfels city and was said by the Straub FSL to be home to a Flag family.

Greifenthal: is 13.5 km NW of Wetzlar city.

Greiffer: see Pfeifner.

Greiff: J.Georg: KS131 says he was (kath.) from Ravensburg (now in Wurttemberg) and in 1766 in Woehrd married Meyer Margareta daughter of Thomas kath. from Schuesselfeld near Bamberg (now in Bavaria) (Mai1798). I did not find this couple in any published FSL.

Greiff: Paulus: KS131 says he was from Hirzenhain in Dillkreis (now in Hesse). I did not find him in any published FSL.

Greifenstein: with wife Elisabeth and 2 daughters he arrived in Russia on 15 Sept 1766, no origin named.

Greifenstein: Matthias: son of Johann of Aich married Linert Elisabetha daughter of Nikolaus of Haudorf near Christian Erlang 14 April 1766 in Woehrd (Mai1798). In May he was a witness at the Woehrd wedding of Lampel to Voiting (#790 note 782). And Matth. was witness at the Majer-Weigel wedding 14 Sept 1766 in Woehrd (Mai1798). The Lauwe FSL #40 said he was from Esch, Schoenborn. In 1798 the family name was given as Greifenstein (Mai1798:Grieff).

Greifz: said by the Walter FSL to be from Kaltenorheim, Saxony-Weimar Duchy. Identified by the Walter Research Group as the Greifz family.

Greifz: see Greifz.

Grein: J.Konrad: KS131 says he was from Langen near Offenbach (now in Hesse) going to Semenowka. The Roething FSL (se43) says he was from Langen, Offenbach (now in Hesse).

Grein: also see Krain.
Greiner{Michael}:\footnote{KS:283 mistakenly says that this man went to Neudorf. According to the GCRA his name was substituted for Greger who did go to Neudorf. See their book for more.}

Greiner: see also Kreinert.

Greinlich{Christoph}:\footnote{Kulberg p.38 did not suggest any origin for him. Not in T or any published FSL.}

Greiss\{Josef\}:\footnote{KS131 says he was from\footnote{UC} Horbach near Gelhausen (now in Hesse). I did not find him in any published FSL.}

Greiss\footnote{FN: using film \#1201845, item 3, Dr. Ruth Schultz proved this was the maiden name of frau Gruen (Norka first settlers) who married in Wolf and whose parents had come there from Dudenrod.}:

Greissenheim: an unidentified place said by the Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been home\footnote{UC} to the

Griessling\{Heinrich\}: family (Lk71). Kulberg said this was in Mainz, but I can find no such or similar place name in lands that were Kurmainz. Also said to have been home\footnote{UC} to the

Gretsch\footnote{FN: said by the Schaefer FSL to be home\footnote{UC} to frau Becht. There does not seem to be a country called Grechan. There is a Greiz which was the seat of Reuss County and is 21 km WSW of Zwickau city.}

Greiß: see also Grenz.

Grell\footnote{FN: said by the Norka FSL to be from\footnote{UC} Hessen (no locality mentioned). I could not find members of this family in Mai1798.}

Grenau: an unidentified place which the GCRA found associated with a Berg family in 1772.

Grenich\footnote{Christoph}: said (no locality mentioned) by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\footnote{UC} Hamburg. I could not find this man in the 1798 censuses.

Grenich\footnote{J.Wilhelm}: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\footnote{UC} Hogen?. I could not find this man in the 1798 censuses.

Grens: said by the Schaefer FSL to be from\footnote{UC} Krentzer {J.Michael}: from Reibach and 19 April 1766 in Buedingen married

Volger\{M.Catharina\} (Mai&Marquardt\#557). KS131 gives his name as Greus(Grens) and says Raibach was near Dieburg is now in Hesse. The Holstein FSL (#36) says he was from\footnote{UC} Raibach, Darmstadt. Later spelled Krentz.

Grens: see Grenz.

Grenz\footnote{FN: \(\text{\`{G}}\)l. Bamberg: an unidentified place said by the Preuss FSL to be home to Knopf and Rauch families. There is a Greuth, Bavaria, some 10 miles S of the city of Bamberg.}

Grenz\footnote{\{J.Adam\}: from UC Stahlen, Reidesel Barony married Werner\{Eleonora\} 22 April 1766 in Friedberg (Mai\&Marquardt\#331). Not found in any later source.}

Grenz\footnote{FN: this family name was found recorded in the Tann marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.}

Grenz\footnote{FN: said by the Pfeiffer FSL \#90 to be from\footnote{UC} Hilders. For 1798 see Mai1798:Pt72. And then might have been spelled Krentz (Mai1798:Pt23?)}

Grenz: see Grenz.

Grenzer\footnote{FN: said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be from\footnote{UC} Wuerzburg [Bishopric] (no locality indicated) with a Burger orphan boy in the household. Spelled Krentzer in 1795 and 1978 (Mai1798:Mv2104, 2105, and Mt5, Wm34, respectively).

Gress\{Christmann\}aka Jakob\{Anton\}: listed by both the 1816 Neudorf census (#75) and KS:283 with no origin. Using FHL\#756,809, the GCRA proved their origin in Roppenheim, Bischweiler [Amt. Hagenu Oberamit, Elsass. See the GCRA book for more.]

Gress\footnote{FN: this family name was found recorded in Haiger parish records during the years prior to 1767; see Flegel trip.}

Gresser\{Friederica Magdalena\}: said to have baptized in\footnote{UC} Ilgenheim in 1741 and to have married Fuchs\{J.Georg\} in 1761 in Offenbach-am-Glan.

Gressert: see Grisser.

 Gretchenaja Luka\footnote{VV: a version of the Russian name for Walter\footnote{VV.}}.

Gretsch\footnote{FN: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from\footnote{UC} Weissenfeld.}

Greetschmann\footnote{FN: said by the Seelmann FSL to be from\footnote{UC} Buch, Schwaben. I did not locate them or any descendants in Mai1798.}

Gretz: see Graetz. and Grenz.

Greuer\{Adam\}: on 15 October 1766 in Luebeck married Engels\{A.Katharina\} (Mai\&Marquardt\#40 and KS131). Found in no later record.
Greulich/Graeulich {Eva Catharina}: from Neustadt, Breuberg Condo married Hubert {J.Georg} 20 April 1766 in Buedingen (Mai&Marquardt#562). On 13 Sept 1766 this couple arrived in Russia with no children, he said to be from Erbach (Kuhlberg526). Later in 1766 still with no child they took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T293-294). Not found in any later source.

Greuth GL: Bavaria: see Greantu.

Greweiler County: the only reference I have found to this country has been in Mai&Marquardt#339.

GriewFG: said by the
Griey {Philipp}: KS131 says he was from UC Fulda. I could not find him in any published FSL.

Grieker {Catharina Elisabeth}: married Gillen {Johannes} 9 April 1766 in Friedberg (Mai&Marquardt#308). Not found in any other source.

Gridern {J.Kaspar}: KS131 says he was from UC Villingen near Giessen (now in Hesse). I could not find him in any published FSL or in Mai1798.

Grieb FN: said by the Bergdorf 1816 census (KS:660) to have been from Mohringen, Stuttgart [Amt], Wuerttemberg. This origin was verified by the GCRA using FHL(1,055,882-7). See their book for more detail.

Griedelbach (near Wetzlar), [Solms-Braunfels Principality]: is 10 km SE of Braunfels city and was said by KS126 and the Ernestinendorf FSL (#13) to be home to Ebert {J.Peter}, his wife and 2 children; and by the Ernestinendorf FSL (#15) to be home to Schwabacher/Schweicheret/Schwabacher {Peter} and possibly to the orphan Diel {Nicolaus}. Pleve says in (#15) that Kuhlberg said this was in Braunfels and in (#13) that it was in Solms.

Gries/GriessFN: {Heinrich}: Danish records say this Lutheran left UC Zwingenberg, Hess-Darmstadt Landgraviate arriving at Schleswig city Schleswig Royal Duchy in May 1761; he, his wife and 4 offspring lived first at #20 “Rumohr” in Colony G12 “Koenigshuegel”, Gottorf Amt, and later at #4 “Auf dem Mohr” in Colony “Friderichswiese”, same Amt; last registered in Denmark in Jan. 1765; they probably immigrated to Russia (EEE p.424, for more see that). Wife {Susanna} on 16 April 1766 was a god-parent at the Luebeck baptism of a son of Riess {Urban} (Mai&Marquardt#1346). On 3 June 1766 Gries {Heinrich & Susanna} and a daughter arrived in Russia, he said to be from UC Darmstadt (Kuhlberg672). By 12 July 1766 {Heinrich & Susanna Catharina} had settled at Dinkel FSL #9, he said to be from UC Ziegenberg, Darmstadt.

Gries {Susanna}: was godmother for Reiss {Christopher Juergen} baptized 13 Oct 1766 in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#1346).

Gries FN: said by the Seelmann FSL to be from UC Erfurt, [Kurmainz?]. I did not locate them or any descendants in Mai1798.

Griesbach {Philipp}: said by the Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been from UC Sogerheim?. Listed as Grissbach in the 1798 Luzern census with a Schmidt wife (Mai1798:Lz13). Not found in any FSL and with no previous colony indicated they probably were among the Luzern first settler couples.

Griesbach GL: an unidentified place said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home UC to a Schmidt family. There were at least 16 Giesbachs in the Germanies.

Griesburg, Darmstadt: an unidentified place said by the Reinwald FSL to be home UC to the Matthiesen family. There is a Griesburg 12 miles NE of Koeln city then in Berg Duchy lands, but I can find none that was in Hesse-Darmstadt Landgraviate lands.

Grieser FN: see Griiser.

Grieshaber FN: listed in the Bergdorf 1858 census (KS:668) without origin. Origin given in KS:283 as Gross-Sachsenheim. Ludwigsburg [Amt], Wuerttemberg; this verified by GCRA using FHL(1,184,619); see their book for detail.

Griesheim GL: Frankfurt-am-Main: is now a neighborhood within the city just before the Main turns sharply to the SW on its way out of the city, and said by the Laub FSL to be home UC to a Lohmann family.

Griess FN: said by the Norka FSL to be from UC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). For 1798 see Mai1798:Nr216, 111 and maybe 13?

Griess/Gries/Griesz FN: according to Steven Hahn this family from Edenkoben settled in Russia. Jim
Griess says this family from Edenkoben, Landau, Pfalz arrived in Worms in 1809.

Griess: also see Gries, and Grisin.

Griess: Jim: is the village coordinator for Worms and Rohrbach.

Griessling (Heinrich): said by the Recruiter Beauregard's list to have been from Greisenheim (Lk71); listed in no FSL but is in the Luzern 1798 census (Lz1); may have been a Luzern first settler.

Griessling (J. Georg): said by the Recruiter Beauregard's list to have been from Greisenheim (Lk72); listed in no FSL but is in the Luzern 1798 census (Lz5 and 8); may have been a Luzern first settler.

Griessling (Marianna): said by the 1798 Luzern census (Lz37) to be the maiden name of Frau Maier (Georg).

Griesmann: see Griessmann.

Griesse: see Krissel.

Griessmann: said by the Krasnoyar FSL to be from Laubach, Buedingen. Later spelled Griessmann.

Griess: see Griess.

Griez, Reuss County: is 21 km WSW of Zwickau city and was home to Grimm (Heinrich Ulrich Gottfried) first Vorsteher of Grimm colony.

Griger: see Greger.

Grigoriopol: Odessa: another colony in the Glueckstal Gebiet from which Reiser (Philip) came to Kassel.

Grigorius: see Grigoritsch.

Grigorisch (Johannes): single Orthodox (Kulberg21); from Bonat(?): (Grigorisch/Grigorisch (Johannes): said by Kulberg21 to be a single Orthodox from Bonat(?)). Not in T. Said by the Husaren FSL (#25) to be from Beczkarik, Oesterreich. Spelled Grigorius in 1798 (Mail1798:Hn56).

Grill: listed in the Bergdorf census (KS:665, 284) without origin. Proved by the GCRA to have been in Pleidelsheim, Ludwigsburg [Amt], Wuerttemberg (FHL 1,187,180-2) and then in Grossingersheim, same Amt (FHL 1,184,928) prior to coming to Bergdorf.

Grimburg, Kurtrier: is some 14 miles SE of Trier city and said by the Mariental FSL to be home to a Zimmermann family.

Grimm (Heinrich Ulrich Gottfried): not found in an FSL but was in the 1775 Grimm census #1. For 1798 see Mail1798:Gm168. Dietzl (p.379 as pointed out by Dona Marquardt) says that this surgeon from Groningen, United Netherlands, married to a Kompers woman, became Vorsteher, clerk, schoolmaster, and medic of Grimm colony before leaving the colony and becoming a scribe in the Kontor [sometime before 1798 ?]; several male descendants are mentioned, the last dying in 1904. Using FHL#109102 Dona found that he was neither a doctor nor Dutch, but was a soldier from Griez [seat of Reuss County] in Thuringen in Major Paikull’s company stationed in Groningen, who in 1749 married Gompers [A. Elisabeth] from “Treis in Hessen land”.

Grimm: said by the Schuck FSL to be from Danne-et-Quarte-Vents?, [Lorraine Prov.], Frankreich. The probably had died prior to the 1798 Volga censuses.

Grimm (Conrad): from Hanau County married Kaentzel [Barbara] 22 May 1766 in Luebeck (Mail&Marquardt#227). They arrived in Russia 8 Aug 1766, he said to be Lutheran from Hanau (Kulberg#2721). Not found in any later source.

Grimm: see also Gruen.

Grimm (aka Kamenskij, Lesnoi Karamysch, Lesnoi Karamysh, Lesnoj Karamys) is a Lutheran German village on the western side of the Volga. Its FSL is now published in Pleve, Einwanderung..., vol.II, pp. 73-85. According to this, the first settlers were from the following places with the family names shown here in parens. The number with the name is their household number in the FSL. Dona Reeves-Marquardt tells me that at least two families "first settled" in Grimm but did so after the FSL was put together; I have added the two that I have been told about in red in the immediately following sequence. For other families that arrived in Grimm before 1775 but which I cannot yet place in any other FSL, see the next Grimm entry. from Brandenburg: (Ehrlich82, Heide21);
from Buedesheim, Friedberg Imperial City: (Groh79);
from Danemark: (Dumler/Tumpler), Schultheiss;
from Darmstadt: (Ab/Aab16, Albrecht44, Baeker53, Balzer20, 58, Benner77, Brahm?86, Erdmann1, Felda45, Fink52[from(UC) Zell], Fischer70, Heimbuch7, Heppel/Goppel48, Icks75[from(UC) Romrod], Just4, Kaiser46, Koch73, Leffler42[from(UC) Heimertshausen?], Maus71, Mueller43, Pfeif13, Rau12, 69, Reich11[from(UC) NiederOhm], Salzmann37, 38, Schaefer17, Schamber15, Schmidt74, 85, Schneider31, Schulz26, Strebe28, Walter60, Zulauf49, and possibly Heil74a, Merz48a, Tripper/Trimmer16a, Waffel53a);
from Durlach: (Seifert27);
from Erbach: (Kerber84);
from Frankfurt-am-Main: (Goetz65);
from Friedberg: (Biermann66, Brunhardt82, Groh79, Kirchner6, Kraft55, Kuhn5, Major72, Seibel7a);
from Fulda: (Mueller18);
from Gelnhausen: (Abich56, Schroeder50 and possibly Pea50a, Strecke56a);
from Gelnhausen, Hessen: (Hepp[Hess]36);
from Gerden(?): (Wohlender9);
from Gerz: (Braun10);
from Hanau: (Fischler19);
from Hessen: (Gabel[Happend]64 and possibly Sutter64a);
from Holstein: (Marquart34 and possibly Hessenbeie64a);
from Isenburg: (Batz2, Hartmann57, Hock[Huck]67, Kisselmann40, Klein78b, Leonhard80, Muth39, Schaefer63, Schleifer88, Vogel51, Waag81, Weilmuenster[Weilmeister]47, 61, Weissbinder59[from(UC) Dreieicherhayn], Wolf41 and possibly Andrian51a, Schekedanz/Schickedanz80a);
from Kleinburg(?): (Hesse29);
from Kurland: (Engel25);
from Laubach: (Worms76[from(UC) Freyenseen]);
from Lauterbach: (Schwarz78a);
from Leonbronn, Brackenheim, Wuerttemberg, via Daenemark: (Dumler/Tumpler);
from Mannheim: (Bleichroth35, Lutz35a, 89);
from Marburg: (Lipp3 and possibly Stiel/Stihi3a);
from Mehlis(?): (Schott68 and possibly Berger68a);
from Pommern: (Heilm23, Pikus32a, Ruch22, 24);
from Rendel, Friedberg Imperial City: (Groh79);
from Ruedesheim, Imkelburg(?): (Schmidt33);
from Sachsen: (Hendel32);
from Schiltz: (Rusch8a);
from Waldlaubersheim, Kreis Kreuznach, Rheinland: (Schultheiss);
from Warschau: (Kasimirow30);
from Wehrda: (Braun8);
from Weimar, Sachsen: (Roeder62 and possibly Wiltendorf?62a);
from Wirtheim: (Axthelm87);
from Wuerttemberg: (Scherer14, Strecke54);
from Zwibruckeck: (Heinz78);
another possible first settler: Weig{Adam}

Grimm(1775): either the 1768? FSL was incomplete or many families arrived in Grimm sometime during the seven years following the 1768? FSL but before the census done in 1775. Such families, which I have so far been unable to find in any other village’s FSL, are listed alphabetically below with their 1775 Grimm census household numbers. So far I have no information on their origins prior to their arrival in Grimm: 1775: Adler30; Bartel/Pertel29; Dumler/Tumpler[Philipp]10, {?}51 (see previous list); Eberhard46; Engelhard57; Fiebig164, Fladung/Fladunk148; Fries35; Fritzler{Martin}11, {Michael}15,
Grimmelfingen GL: is a neighborhood to the immediate SW of Ulm city; see Grimmellfingen.

Grimmelfingen GL, Ulm, Schwaben: and said by the Bangert FSL to be home to a Huber family and possibly to a Gerhardt family; see Grimmellfingen.

Grimmen GL: see Gommern.

Grindlanos? GS: an unidentified country … it might be the Freiburg Barony that was near Fuessen in southern Bavaria.

Grischowsky FN: said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be from UC Danzig.

Griser/Grassert/Gressert/FS: listed by both the 1816 Kassel census (#84) and KS:283 without origin. See the GCRA book for more. Also spelled variously Grassert, Gressert, Grieser, and Groessert.

Grisin/Gtiess FN: said by the Norka FSL to be from UC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). Later spelled Griess (Mai1978: Nr111, 216).

Grisbach [Philipp]: see Griesbach [Philipp].

Grisel FN: said by the Seelmann FSL to be from UC Sohren, Kurpfalz[sic?]. I did not locate them or any descendants in Mai1978.

Griselbach GL: see Kaisersbach.

Grjasnowatka VV: a Russian name for Schuck VV.

Grjaznucha VV: a variation of the Russian name for Kraft VV.

Grob [Jakob]: KS:131 says he left UC Kurpfalz in 1766 for Balzer. Said to be from UC Kurpfalz on 28 March 1766 this Gropp man, his wife, and 3 children arrived in Balzer (FSL #31). I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Grob [J.Jost]: KS:131 says he was from UC Burggemuenden near Alsfeld (now in Hesse). I could not find him in any published FSL.

Grob/Gropp [Johannes] FN: orphaned son of Johannes Gropp said by the Balzer FSL (#67a) to be living in the Gruen [Andreas] household. For 1798 see Mai1978:Bz82.

Grob FN: this family name was found recorded in Tann marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Grobau GL: said by the Boaro FSL to be home UC to a Zwikau? family. This might be the Grobau which is some 31 miles SW of Zwikau, Saxony.

Groebner FN: said (no locality mentioned) by the Degott FSL to be from UC [Kur-] Trier. Spelled Graebner in 1978 (Mai1978: Dg03, 04, 05).

Groebach GL, Freudenstadt Oberamt, Wuerttemberg: is some 9 miles NE of Freudenstadt, Baden-Wuerttemberg, and was home to a Schaible family that settled in Hoffnungstal leaving home in 1808. Proved by the GCRA to be home to Schaible [J.Martin] and Schumacher [Adam] who went to Glueckstadt. Mistakenly said by KS:293 to be home UC to the Harr family that settled in Neudorf. Also istakenly said by both the 1816 Neudorf census (#93) and KS:230 to have home UC to the Boihet/Bonnet family that settled in Neudorf. See the GCRA book for detail on these families.

Groebach GL, Ludz Amt, Sudpreussen: nka Laznowska Wola which is 2 miles NW of Laznow, Poland and some 15 miles SE of Ludz, Poland, and was the colony in which a Stein family lived for a few years and two of their children were born before the family went on to Bergdorf. The Weisert family that went to Berdorf was here for a time. The Schmid [J.Georg] family that
settled in Kassel was there for a time. Other families which the GCRA associates with this place are Henger, Rath, Reutter. See their book for details.

Groening/Groene [A.Maria]: married Braun [Christian] in Luebeck on 22 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#60). KS123 mistakenly gave the year as 1765. They are probable Zug first settlers. They arrived in Russia 12 Sept. 1766, he said to be from UC Wuerttemberg [Duchy] (Kulberg4627). Not found in T. By August 1767 Recruiter Beauregard had them temporarily settled, [Christian] said to be from Debing(?), Wuerttemberg [Duchy] (Lk37). In 1798 the widow seems to be at Mail1798.Zg36 with a daughter at Mail1798.Wm19.

Groening FN: this family name was found recorded in Tann marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Groening: also go to Groening.

Groesser [A.Margaretha]: Gerhard Lang found that on 110 May 1756 she married Barthuly [Balzer] in Lampertheim, Worms Bishopric, the town where she was born 2 March 1726. They are in the Balzer FSL (#1) with two children. She died before 1798 but for her husband and their children in 1798 see Mail1798.Bz44, 45, 77 and 88. For more information go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/b/barthuly_balzer.cfm.

Groessert FN: see Griser.

Groeter [Carl/Karl]: married Pfeil [Johanna M.] 6 April 1766 in Rossau (Mai&Marquardt#894). KS131 gave the year as 1765. I did not find this couple in any published FSL.

Groetzingen, Nuertingen Oberamt, Wuerttemberg: is 3 miles WNW of Nuertingen, Baden-Wuerttemberg, and was home to a Werner family that settled in Gueledendorf, Odessa.

Groh [Christina]: from UC Eschbach/Eisenbach, Riedesel married Jung [Peter] from UC Bohlenhausen/Bobenhausen II in Friedberg 21 April 1766. Not listed in KS and not found in any other document from a Russian Volga colony.

Groh/Groth/Groth FN (Gerdrudth/Sophia Gerdruth): said by the Grimm FSL #? to be from UC Friedberg (no locality mentioned). This couple is listed in Die Luebecker Trulisten. KS120 has Groth. John Groh has received church records proving the progenitor of this family was born in Rendel in 1685, moving later to Budesheim from whence as the Grimm first settler; both Rendel and Budesheim were in territory owned by Friedberg Imperial City.

Groh FN: said by the Krasnoyarsk FSL to be from UC Friedberg.

Groh FN, see Krib.

Grohnde GL, Kurbraunschweig: is 24 miles SW of Hildesheim city, and said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home UC to a Geisel? widower.

Groht/Groth FN (Gerdrudth/Sophia Gerdruth): who married Behrens [J.Diedrich] in Luebeck in 1765; they were listed in Die Luebecker Trulisten but have not yet been found resident in Russia (Mai&Marquardt#7). KS120 has Groth.

Groll [Michael]: KS131 said he was from Breitenbrunn, Erbach. I did not find him in any published FSL.

Grollmann FN: said by the Keller FSL to be from UC Bodenheim, Kurmainz with a Fell orphan girl in the household. I could not find the Grollmann family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Groman FN: see Gromann.

Groman FN: said by the Dinkel FSL to be from UC Kiel, Holstein. Later spelled Groman.

Gronau, [Kurmainz]: now in Hessen and 3 km E of Bensheim. Brent Mai proved this to be home to Pickelhaupt [J.Peter] who married Behrens [J.Diedrich] in Luebeck in 1765; Bill Pickelhaupt using LDS film 1195091, proved that this was where Burger [E.Catharina] married Bickelhaupt [J.Heinrich] in 1756 and Albert [Johannes] in 1766 and where her two Bickelhaupt children were born.

Groningen NL, United Netherlands: this city is 147 km NE of Amsterdam and where Grimm [Heinrich Ulrich Gottfried] who settled in Groningen was stationed prior to going to the Volga – proven by Dona Marquardt. There are said to be records in the Nederlands Hervormde Kerk, Groningen Province, Groningen, Netherlands.

Gropp FN, see Grob.

Gros Auheim GL: an unidentified place said by the Buedingen ML to be home UC to the Mehn man who in 1766 married a Walther woman; by 1767 this couple was in Pfeiffer (Mai&Marquardt#593).
The Pfeiffer FSL says he was from UC Hannover. The reference in the FSL to Hannover seems incorrect. This must be the Gros Auheim that is 2 miles SE of Hanau.

Grosch [Johannes]: using LDS Film #948719, Brent Mai proved he was the son of {Johannes and M. Sybillen} baptized on 19 August 1733 in Hessloch. The Schuck FSL (#21) also said he was from Hessloch, Kurpfalz. They surely died prior to the 1798 Volga censuses. For more detail go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/g/grosch_schuck.cfm.

Grosendorfel [Johannes]: said by the Walter FSL to be home UC to a Behmer family. The Walter Research Group has identified this place as Oberdorfelden some 6 miles NW of Hanau city.

Gross [Margaretha]: from UC around Aschaffenburg on 21 April 1766 married Gulder [Georg] (Mai & Marquard #566). The Boaro FSL #101 says they settled there before 17 Aug 1677, he said to be from UC Kulz bei Oberviechbach (KS #132). A probable daughter, von Geldt [Elisabeth] had married a Zorn and was living in Orlovskaya in 1798 (Mail #1798: Or35).

Gross [Eleonora]: a widow said by the Kano FSL to be from UC Luecht [aka Liege Bispohic] (no locality mentioned). For 1798 see Mail #1798: Sh24.

Gross [J. Georg]: said by the Krasnoy FSL to be from UC Buedingen, Isenburg.

Gross [G. Friedrich]: said by the Kratzke FSL (kr20) to be from UC Kergbolan (?). Nassau. Using LDS Film #247621 Brent Mai proved him born in 1742 in Kirchenheimbolandel und to {J. Michael and Rebecka Wilhelmina}. For more details see the Origins G section of the CVGS website.

Gross [J. Michael #566]: said by the Kratzke FSL (kr33) to be the deceased husband of {Rebecka Wilhelmina}. Brent Mai using LDS Film #193180 proved him born in 1717 in Steinbach am Donnersberg; using LDS Film #193864 Brent proved he married in 1739 in nearby Goellheim to Gross [Rebecca Wilhelmina] of nearby Jakobsweiler. For more details go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/g/gross_kratzke.cfm.

Gross [J. Philipp]: said by the Kratzke FSL (kr36) to be from UC Duerkheim/Tirkim (?) GL. Using LDS Film #488272 Brent Mai proved him born in 1742 in Bad Duerkheim to {J. Michael and Rebecka Wilhelmina}. For more details go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/g/gross_kratzke.cfm.

Gross [Rebecka Wilhelmina]: widow of {J. Michael} said by the Kratzke FSL (kr33) to be from UC Darmstadt. Using LDS Film #488271 Brent Mai proved her born in Jakobsweiler to {J. Jacob} Gross and M. Barbara Mail. For more details go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/g/gross_kratzke.cfm.

Gross [J. Peter]: said by the Mueller FSL to be from UC Steinburg.

Gross [Maria, Johann]: listed by the 1858 Neudorf census (#153 as in-laws of the Bross family) with no origin.

Gross [Johannes]: said by the 1798 census to be the maiden name of Frau Knatz [of Phillipsfeld] (Mail #1798: Ur12).

Gross [Jacob]: said by the 1798 Schulz census to be the maiden name of Frau Schroeder (Mail #1798: Sz3).

Gross [Jacob]: said by the Schulz FSL to be from UC Lindenborg?, Stolberg [sic ?]. For 1798 maybe Mail #1798: Sv13?, 14? or 19?

Gross [Johannes]: said by the Schulz FSL to be from UC Lindenborg?, Stolberg [sic ?]. For 1798 Mail #1798: Sz6 (where his wife’s maiden name is given as Hardem) and maybe Sv13, 14? or 19?

Gross [Philipp]: KS #131 said he was from UC Steinberg near Buedingen (now in Hesse) and went to Schulz with his 2nd wife, sons {Jakob and Johann}, one daughter and one uncle. I did not find them in any published FSL.
Grossen Buseck 1: Kulberg 31 said they were from Koenigsberg. Not found in T. Said by the Schwed FSL (#3) to be from Koenigsberg, Preussen. For 1798 see Mai1798:Sw9.

Grossen Buseck 2: Christoph said by the Susannental FSL to be from Kochstedt. For 1798 see Mai1798:Sw9 and Zr19.

Grossen Buseck 3: Robertus said by the Volmer FSL to be from Gruenstadt, Pfalz.

Grossen Buseck 4: name not given. KS131 says this one came from Gross-Bieberau near Dieburg (now in Hesse).

Grossenhausen: Anhalt-Dessau archival records report he left Kochstedt, Dessau with wife and 6 children (Ma1&Marquardt#1975). KS131 says this was near Frasdorf (now in Saxony). Not found in any later source.

Grossaspach GL, Backnang [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is some 1.5 miles NW of Backnang town, and was proven by GCRA to be home to the Holzwarth family that went to Glueckstal, and to the Knoedler family that settled (after spending some years in South Prussia) in Neudorf. See the GCRA book for more details.

Grossaspach GL, Ludwigsburg [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is some 1.5 miles NW of Backnang town and some 10 miles NE of Ludwigsburg city, and said by the 1816 Glueckstal census to be home to the Ibele family that went to Glueckstal. This is the same place as the previous entry.

Grossaspach GL, Backnang Oberamt, Wuerttemberg: is some 2 miles NW of Backnang, Baden-Wuerttemberg, and was home to a Schweigert family that settled in Hoffnungstal leaving home in 1825.

Gross Bibra: see Gross-Bieberau.

Gross-Bieberau GL, Darmstadt: is some 10 miles SE of Dartmouth city, and said by the Bauer FSL to be home to an Erhart family. Said by the Buedingen to be home to both Lebich/Lebig (J.Adam) and Zirkuebel (Eliassbetha Rebecca) who married in Buedingen 4 April 1766 (Ma1&Marquardt#478 & KS142 & 165).

Gross-Bieberau GL, Dieburg Kreis, Hessen: is some 9 miles SE of Darmstadt city, and may have been home to the Schuetz family that went to Glueckstal via Tscherwenka, Hungary. See the GCRA book for more details.

Gross-Bieberau GL: also see Biebereau.

Gross Bibra/Biberau: see Biebereau.

Grossbothen GL, Amtei Kursachsen: is some 18 miles SE of Leipzig city and said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be home to a Wagner family.

Grossbottwar, Baden-Wuerttemberg: is 1.8 miles SW of Oberstenfeld, Baden-Wuerttemberg.

Gross-Bottwar GL, Ludwigsburg [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is some 7 miles NE of Ludwigsburg city, and proven by the GCRA to be home to the Kurrle family which went to Bergdorf, see their book for more details.

Grosse: go to Gross.

Grossen Buseck GL, Amtei Hessen-Darmstadt: is some ½ miles SE of Alten Buseck, and said by a Friedberg ML to be home to a Menzel woman who in 1766 married a Freund man (Ma1&Marquardt: 322); the couple was in Warenburg by 1768. Said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home to Damm, Meier, Pabst, Schmidt, Simon, and possibly Folinis families.

Gross-Ellingen GL, Sachsen: an unknown place said by the Bauer FSL to be home to a Rener family which had a Schlege orphan living with them. In Lower Saxony there are two possibilities: Gross Ellershausen and Gross Gleidingen.

Grossenhain GL: was probably in Kursachsen 18.5 miles NW of Dresden city, and said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home to a Bote man.

Grossenhausen GL, was an unidentified locality which according to the Frank FSL #16 was in the state of Hannover and was home to Krebs (J.Friedrich). Hannover, here, surely is a mistake for Hanau [County]. This Grossenhausen is 3.5 km SSE of Gelnhausen city centre.

Grossenhausen: is 3.5 km SSE of Gelnhausen and KS137 says it was home to a Karch (J.Georg).

Grossenkneten, Amtei Bremen Duchy: is 23 km S of Oldenburg city and was said by the Warenburg FSL to be home to Koc (Johannes).
Grosslieder, Fulda [Bishopric]: spelled Grosslueder this is 11 km WNW of Fulda city. Said to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Hass\{A.Margaretha\} married Herbert\{Joseph\} 14 May 1766 in Buedingen\p{Mai&Marquardt#649}.

Grossen-Linden, [Hessen-]Darmstadt [Landgraviate]: is 6.9 km SSW of Giessen city, and said by the Stahl-am-Tarlyk FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Konrad family.

Grosslueder\textsuperscript{GL}, Fulda [Bishopric]: is some 7 miles WNW of Fulda city, and said by the Brabander FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Trutschel family.

Grosslueder/Grossluedere: is some 7 miles WNW of Fulda city and was said to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Dietrich/Diedrichs/Dietrichs\{Peter\} who married Breler\{A.Maria\} in Buedingen 25 April 1766\p{Mai&Marquardt#588}. Same place as the preceding entry.

Grossenmoor\textsuperscript{GL}, Freie Adelprovinz der alten Ritter: is some 10 miles NNNW of Fulda city, and said by the Walter FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Heinrich and Izik\{Isaak\} families.

Gross\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Hoelzel FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Ochsenfurt, Wuerzburg [Bishopric]. Spelled Glasser in 1798\p{Mai1798:Hz19}.

Grosserlach\textsuperscript{Kurmainz}: said by the Goebel FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Kemer and perhaps a Hein family. Stumpp says the Kaezmer man was from Oberolm near Mainz\p{Mai&Marquardt#357}.

Grossheubach\textsuperscript{Kurmainz}, some 2 miles NE of Miltenberg, Bavaria.

Gross-Werder: see Belowscher Kolonien.

Gross Feld\textsuperscript{GL}, Hessen-Darmstadt: is some 8 miles SW of Alsfeld, Hessen; see Feld.

Gross Gartach Condominium run by the Odenheim Abbott and the Speyer Bishop: is 3 miles WNW of Heilbronn city. EEE p.614 said this might be the origin of Steinbrenner\{David\} who settled first in Denmark and then in Rosenheim FSL #38.

Gross Gartach, Odenheim Amt, Speyer Bishopric: is 3 miles WNW of Heilbronn city. EEE p.616 said this was home\textsuperscript{UC} to Steinmueller\{Gottlieb\} who went to Denmark and then to Neu-Saratowka colony near St. Petersburg.

Gross-Gerau: is 17 km SE of Mainz city centre and 12 km NW of Darmstadt city central.

Grosshans\textsuperscript{FN}: listed by both the 1816 Kassel census (#66, 67) and KS:285 without origin. Using FHL#247,655 the GCRA proved origin in Godramstein, Landau [Amt], Rheinpfalz. See their book for more.

Grosshausen\textsuperscript{GL}, [Hessen-]Darmstadt: is some 14 miles SSW of Darmstadt. Said by the Dietel FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Kraemer family. Said by the Galka FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to an Olf family. Said by the Kautz FSL to be the home\textsuperscript{UC} of a Knaub family.

Grossheim\textsuperscript{GL}, Mainz, an unidentified locality said by the Seewald FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} of a Nungesser family.

Grossheppach, Waiblingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is 3 miles ESE of Waiblingen city, and was proven by the GCRA to be home to Siegle\{Johannes\} who settled in Neudorf.

Grossheubach\textsuperscript{GL}: see Grosserlach.

Grossingersheim\textsuperscript{GL}, Besigheim Oberamt, Wuerttemberg: is some 3.5 miles SE of Besigheim, Baden-Wuerttemberg, and was home to a Rudolph family that settled in Guelendorf, Odessa, as well as an Aippersbach/Aipperspach family that settled in Hoffnungstal leaving home in 1804. This is the same origin as the next entry.

Grossingersheim\textsuperscript{GL}, Ludwigsburg [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is some 4 miles N of Ludwigsburg city, and said by the Bergdorf 1858 census (KS:667, 207, 665, 284, 666, 305) to have been home to Aiperschbach, Grill and Hettich families. Mistakenly said by KS:435 to have been home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Schott family that settled in Neudorf. This is the same place as the previous entry. See the GCRA book for more detail.

Grosskarben\textsuperscript{GL}: see Friedberg.

Grosskopf: see Roskopf.

Grosskopf\textsuperscript{FN}: see Gussfeld.

Gross Kotten\textsuperscript{GL}, Filehne Kreis, Posen Province, Prussia: now Kocien Wielki, Poland, some 6 miles NW of Filehne town (now Wielen, Poland): the GCRA believes this the likely origin of the Meske family that went to Glueckstal.

Grossleuningen, Mansfeld [County]: is 6.8 km W of Sangerhausen town, and was said by the Stahl-am-Tarlyk FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Hoetsch? family. However, Grossleuningen was then not in
Mansfeld County, but was instead in nearby Stolberg County.

Grossliebenthal: was a southern Russian German village itself, and a district (Gebiet) including the villages of Alexanderhüf, Alt-Freudenthal, Franzfeld, Gueldendorf, Hellenental, Josefstadt, Klein-Liebental, Lustdorf, Mariental, Neuburg, Neu-Freudenthal, and Peterstal. All were located SW of, but very close to, Odessa. The 1858 Bergedorf census says the Schuler family came to here to Bergedorf.

Grosslüder: see Grossenlueder.

Grossmann: said by the 1798 Ernestinendorf census to be the maiden name of Frau Siefert (Mai1798:Mv569, Bt46).

Grossmann: it turned out this was the family name (Mai1798: Mv2984, Lw26 and Wr78) of the stepsons listed by the Warenburg FSL in the Mueller (J.Heinrich) household.

Grossmann: also spelled Grassmann and Gossmann.

Grossmannrode: said by the Phillipsfeld FSL to home to a Voelker family. There was such a place 5 miles W of Bad Hersfeld then in Hersfeld Principality, Hessen-Kassel Landgraviate.

Gross-Ottersberg: Hessen, said to be Utsberg.

Grossopfer, Kurpfalz: an unidentified place said by the Rosenheim FSL to be home to an Ellert family.

Grossopolen: Germans used this term in several ways, most often either to include all the areas that Poland ever included, or to identify the earliest Polish heartland covering a large area somewhat larger than a swath from present-day Lubuskie province on the west, to present-day Lubuskie province on the East. Also called Great Poland.

Grossrechtenbach, Nassau-Weilburg [Principality]: is and was said to be the Straub FSL to be home to a Mehl family.

Gross Rechtenbahn, Nassau-Weilburg Principality: is 13 km E of Braunfels and 7 km SE of Wetzlar city. Proven site of Will (J.Philipp)'s marriage 15 Dec 1752. Said by the Straub FSL #20 to be home to Mehl (Caspar).

Grosssachsen, Heidelberg Oberamt, Kurpfalz: EEE p.372 says this was home to Christman (Peter) who settled first in Denmark and then in Hirschshof. EEE p.489 says this was home to Kraut (Christoph) who settled in Denmark and then in Dobrinka. This is the same place as the next entry.

Grosssachsen, Kurpfalz: said by the Straub FSL to be home to a Rau family. This is the same place as the next entry, except 50 years earlier.

Grosssachsen, Mannheim [Amt], Baden: is some 9 miles E of Mannheim city centre, and said by the 1816 Bergedorf census to be home to a Merkel family.

Grosssachsenheim, Ludwigsburg [Oberamt], Wuerttemberg: is 7 miles NW of Ludwigsburg city. KS:283 gave this as the origin for the Grieshaber family that settled in Bergedorf, verified by GCRA. Incorrectly said by the 1816 Glueckstal census to be home to the Spaeth family.

Grosssachsenheim, Vaihingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is 4 miles ENE of Vaihingen-an-der-Enz, and both the 1816 Kassel census (#34, 68) and KS:415 (with the wrong given name) said this was home to the Sattler (Siegfried) family. This is the same place as the preceding entry.

Grossbundenbach, Pfalz-Zweibruecken: 7 km NE of Zweibruecken city and said by Danish records to be home to Fuhrmann/Furman (H.Jacob) who settled in Denmark and then Latvia (EEP p.410).

Gross Slawsk, Posen Province, South Prussia: nka Slawsko Wielkie and is 6.5 miles S of Inowroclaw, Poland: the GCRA said that a child of Goehrning/Gering (Jakob) who settled in Kassel was born here in 1801; however the FHL# they provide as proof, #11,797, appears to have nothing to do with Gross Slawsk; the films that do seem to have Gross Slawski records #719,938 and #2,269,436 begin no earlier than 1817. This place was also known as Schauffzig, Schlauffzig, Schlauff, Slawsk, or Slawski, often preceded by either Gross-, Klein- or Alt-.

Gross Steinheim: see Gross Steinum.

Gross Steinum: an unidentified place said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be home to a Weigan family. Kohlburg says the state was Mainz. There is a Gross Steinheim some 14 miles NW of Aschaffenburg.

Gross-Umstadt: Hessen (sic: not then in Hessen): said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home to the
wife of a Mueller. A Luebeck ML says Mueller married a Vogelein woman (Mai&Marquardt#24). This is the same place as the next entry.

**Gross-Umstadt [Condominium]**<sup>GS</sup>; the town seat is some 19 km E of Darmstadt city and some 6 km SE of Dieburg town and was the chief town of a Condominium jointly owned and run by Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate and Kurpfalz. This was the home of the Urich man who went to Frank, as well as home to his ancestors back to at least 1669 (Gieg1).

**Gross Winterbach?**, Kurpfalz: an unidentified place said by the Keller FSL to be home<sup>UC</sup> to Koch and Schmidt [Michael] families.

**Gross Zimmern**<sup>GL</sup>, [Kurmainz or Loewenstein Barony]: is some 7 miles E of Darmstadt city and was home to the Reinhardt men and Hornung and Heim women who married them; they settled in Doenhof. A Schenkels shepherd in Kirch-Beerfurth was domiciled here when he, his wife and 3 children left from Fraenkisch-Crumbach for Russia in 1766 (Gieg1).

Grost{Georg}: see Grast.

Grot<sup>FN</sup>: was on the Kraft FSL but no place of origin was given.

Groth: go to Groth.

Growenck<sup>GL</sup>, Galacia: an unidentified place where the GCRA believes frau Leicht was born in 1791.

Grube [Peter Hinrich]: was a godfather at the 6 June 1766 Luebeck baptism of a child of Hinckelmann [Johann] and his Schumacher wife [Barbara] (Mai&Marquardt#1354). No further information.

Gruber [Joseph]: in Rosslau 1 June 1766 married Heinler [M.Magdalena] (Mai&Marquardt#997). KS131 incorrectly gave the year as 1765, and gave his name as {Josef}. I did not find them in any published FSL.

Gruemb [J.Matthias]: KS131 says he left<sup>UC</sup> Luetzelhausen near Gelnhausen (now in Hesse). I did not find him in any published FSL.

Gruen<sup>FN</sup> [Andreas]: said by the Balzer FSL (#67) to be from Isenburg with a Gropp [Johannes] orphan in the household. KS131 said he was from Bonner proved that he was the son of {Johannes} and his wife Heylmann [A.Elisabeth] and was baptized (1732) and married (1761) in Wolf, Isenburg[-Buedingen County] where the maiden name of the bride was Hart [M.A.Apolonia] the daughter of {Johannes} and his wife Trieber [A.Dorothea]. Darrel Kaiser proved Andreas was cousin to Gruen [J.Heinrich] who settled in Kutter. For much more detail go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/g/gruen_balzer.cfm. The name may have been spelled Erin in 1798 (Mai1798:St3), otherwise for 1798 see Bz50, 42 and possibly 12.

Gruen<sup>FN</sup> [A.Dorothea]: mentioned on KS131 & 152. On 16 March 1766 she married Ruehl [Christian] (Mai&Marquardt#438). On 4 July 1766 Riel, with wife [Anna] and her mother [Catharina], arrived in Russia, said to be from Solms (Kulberg1847). Not found in T. By 20 June 1767 this couple with an infant daughter had settled at Dobrinka FSL#72; he said to be from<sup>UC</sup> Retes(?), Braunfels. Later spelled Riel with a Gruen wife (Mai1798: Mv444, M108, Db7); in 1798 spelled Reil (Db43).

Gruen [Catharina] <sup>FN</sup>: said by the 1798 Ernsteindorf census to be the maiden name of frau Koenig (Mai1798:Er11).

Gruen [Hermann] <sup>FN</sup>: said by the Ernsteindorf FSL to be from<sup>UC</sup> Atzehain, [Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate].

Gruen<sup>FN</sup>: the Buedingen ML says a Gruen woman from<sup>UC</sup> Merlau married a Wurm man in 1766; by 1767 this couple was in Grimm; Stumpf apparently has the wrong bride (Mai&Marquardt#501).

Gruen/Gruenh<sup>FN</sup> [A.Juliana]: the Buedingen ML says she was from<sup>UC</sup> Merlau and married a Bender<sup>FN</sup> [J.Jacob] in 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#500); by 1767 he was in Stephan with a younger bride: {A.Elisabeth} (Sp29). KS121 said Merlau was near Alsfeld and gave Juliana’s maiden family name as Gruenung.

Gruen<sup>FN</sup>: said by the Kamenka FSL to be from<sup>UC</sup> Miltenberg.

Gruen/Gruhne [Heinrich]: Anhalt-Dessau archival material show that Gruen [Heinrich] with wife and 6 children left Kleutsch, Dessau now Poetenitz, Sachsen where he had guarded ducks and lived on charity (Lippert [Dr. A.] in (Mai&Marquardt#1076). This Gruhne family arrived in Oranienbaum on 4 July 1766; he was said to be from Dessau (Kulberg1236). T5307 recorded this family’s transport from Oranienbaum to Saratov.
Gruen{FN}{Agnessa K.}: widow of {Heinrich} said by the Kano FSL (#8) to be from{UC} Soellnitz. Spelled Gruhl and Grunau in 1798 (Mai1798:Kn01,02);
Gruen{FN}: said by the Koehler FSL to be from{UC} Hanau (no locality mentioned).
Gruen{FN}{J.Heinrich}: Bonner FSL to be from{UC} Hanau
Gruen{FN}: Using FSL Film #1201845 (Wolf, Kreis Buedingen), Dr. Ruth Schultz proved he was baptized on 13 December 1738 in Wolf, Isenburg-[Buedingen County]. He married there 30 January 1755 to Hart{A.Dorothea} daughter of {Johannes and Dorothea}. This daughter was also baptized in Wolf, 6 October 1733. For more information go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/g/gruen_kutter.cfm. They settled in Balzer FSL (#81) which said he was from Isenburg.
Gruen{FN}: said by the 1798 Norka census to be the maiden name of frau Koehler/Holler (Mai1798:Nr77).
Gruen{FN}{Peter}: said by the Norka FSL to be from{UC} Isenburg (no locality mentioned).
Gruen{FN}: this woman from{UC} Merlau married in 1766 in Buedingen a Bender man (Mai&Marquardt#500); by 1767 this couple was in Stephan.
Gruen{FN}{Julianna}: from{UC} Merlau on 8 April 1766 in Buedingen she married Bender{J.Adam} (Mai&Marquardt#500). KS131 said Merlau was near Alsfeld (now in Hesse). They are listed in the Stephan FSL #29. For 1792 and 1798 see Mai1798:Mv2839 and Sp26. Also spelled Binder in 1798 (Gk8).
Gruen{no name given}: KS131 says this person left{UC} Streitberg near Gelnhausen (now in Hesse) in 1766. Not found in any published FSL.
Gruen{FN}: this family name was found recorded in Herborn marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.
Grunau{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Koehler FSL to be home{UC} to a Bettenhause family. Kuhlberg said this was in the county of Mainz. There are many places so named in the Germans, but none that I can find which would then have been in Kurmainz.
Gruenbach{GL}, Goepppingen [Amt], Wurttemberg: an unidentified place incorrectly said by KS:383 to have been a home{UC} to the Nass/Nass family that went to Bergdorf.
Gruenbaum{FN}: said by the Warenburg FSL to be from{UC} Erfurt. I could not find this man in Mai1798.
Gruenberg{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be home{UC} to a Lingelbach family. Said by the Schaefer FSL to be home{UC} to the Schmidt family. Said by the Stahl-am-Karaman FSL (#25, 27, and 26) to be home{UC} to the Ruesbams/Rizon{Elias}, Ruesbams/Ripsa{Johannes} and Sassmannshausen/Sackmannhausen?Gauzen{Conrad} and probably Schnebelberger{Conrad}25a), and possibly Beidel{Christoph} families. There are several Gruenberg in the Germanies, especially in Saxony and Bavaria.
Gruenberg{ML}, in Rosslau 8 May 1766 married Stolle{Christoph} (Mai&Marquardt#966).
Gruenberg{GL}, Hessen-[Darmstadt Landgraviate]: was a city and amt. The town is some 11 miles E of Giessen city. Said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home{UC} to Bock, Boll, Doerr, Foltart, Hess, Mueller, Pastern, Pracht, Soltner, and probably Werner families. Said by the Krasnoyarsk FSL to be home{UC} to Appel, Enders, Hofmann, Honburth and Lehr families. Said by Kulberg to be home{UC} to these families: Baster150, Bock151, Boll154, Derr149, Folgard121, Hess148, Lingelbach155, Muhl157, Pracht159, Veit120, Werner153 and Werth160. Bill Pickelhaupt believes many of these first settlers could be found in LDS FN1195960 where he found the Bott family back to the 1640s.
Gruenberg{GL}, Laznow [Kreis, Posen Province], Prussia: nka Zielona Gora which is 6 miles NW of Laznow, Poland. The GCRA associates the Reiser family in 1805-17 with this place.
Gruenberg-bei-Thorn: an unidentified place associated by the GCRA with the Bohnet family. Thorn is
now Torun, some 21 miles NE of Inowroclaw, Poland.

Gruening/Groening\textsuperscript{FN} [Katharina/A.Catharina]: Corina Hirt using LDS Film #1336719 found that she was a daughter of \{J.Jacob\} who on 16 June 1761 in Langd married Prediger \{J.Adam\}; this couple later settled at Hildmann FSL #35.

Gruendler\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Lauben with a Hesslich orphan girl and a Wahl orphan boy in the household. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Grueneneimer \{J.Matthias\}: Martha Grueneneimer and Gerhard Lang proved he was born 22 January 1700 in Graben near Neudorf north of Karlsruhe. On 6 February 1731 he married there Kammerer \{M.Elisabeth\} who was born in Graben 1 January 1711 and died 30 July 1739. He next married Zwecker \{M.Margaretha\} who also was born in Graben 30 January 1719.

Gruenemeyer/Gruenemeier \{Margaretha Magdalena\}: she married in May 1761 Beydeck [Johann] in Denmark which they left in May 1763 (EEE:352). On May 1765 their son \{Juergen F.\} was baptized 25 May 1765 in Luebeck (Mai\&Marquard#1341). Not found in KS, Kulberg,or T. By the 1775 census household #19 they had settled in Beideck (EEE:352).

Gruenemeier \{Margarethe\}: Danish records say this Lutheran widow of \{Matthias Sr.\} left UC to Frau Krabe/Grabe, Graben Untermal, Karlsruhe Oberamt, Baden-Durlach Margravate arriving at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy with 3 offspring in July 1761; they lived at #2 “Basballes Hof” in Colony F8 “Christiansheide”, Flensburg Amt which she owned jointly with Gammerstrath [Josua]; she was allowed to leave in Oct 1764). In 1775 her sons \{Christopher\} and \{Matthias Jr.\} were recorded in Beideck 1775 census #22 (EEE p.425, for more see that).

Grueneyner: see Griemenier.

Gruenenbach\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to an Erb family. The two most likely places are Gruenenbach, Berg Duffy, some 21 miles E of Kueln city, and Gruenenbach, Vorarberg Barony, some 15 miles SW of Kempton city.

Gruenewald\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Dehler FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Dietersheim, Kurmainz.

Gruenewald/Gruenwald\textsuperscript{FN} [J.Kaspar]: said by the Frank FSL (#65) to be from\textsuperscript{UC} [Gross] Feld[e], Hessen-Darmstadt. Doris Evans says that research done by Ella Gieg for Sherrie Stahl and by a German researcher for Ed Wagner confirms his Gross Felda birth in 723 and traces his ancestry (and in Ed’s case all collateral lines also researched) back into the 1600’s. For a bit more detail go to http://eugs.eu-портал.дієнською/Gruenewald_frank.cfm.

Gruenewald\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Schuck FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Lampertheim, [Worms Bishopric]. For 1798 see Mai1798:Fz1,34,4 and 39.

Gruenewald\textsuperscript{GL}: was an unidentified locality which according to the Frank FSL was in the state of Hessen-Darmstadt and was home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Wacker family. The parents of this man lived in Crainfeld, Hessen-Darmstadt.

Gruening\textsuperscript{FN}: see Gruen.\textsuperscript{FN}

Gruening\textsuperscript{FN}, Nassau-Usingen [Principality][sic?]: said by the Straub FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Becht family. The only place of this name that I can find even near Nassau-Usingen lands is 24 km NE of Usingen city and was then in Solms-Braunfels Principality, not Nassau-Usingen.

Gruenmeier\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Bauer FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Neilesheim(?), Wittenberg. This couple surely died prior to the 1798 census.

Gruenmeier\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Arnhein, Holland.

Gruensfeld Oberamt\textsuperscript{GL}, Wuerzburg: was the town and nearby villages administered by the town of Gruensfeld, and said by the Anton FSL to be home to a Haepnner family. The town of Gruensfeld is some 16 miles SW of the Wuerzburg city.

Gruensfeld\textsuperscript{GL}, Wuerzburg: is about 15 miles SW of Wuerzburg city. Said by the Herzog FSL to be home to Frau Gerstner [formerly the widow Herber]. Said by the Louis FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Schmidt family, and possibly a Wals stepson.

Gruenstadt\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Hildmann FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Habach family. There are at lest 2 Gruenstadts in Germany.

Gruenstadt\textsuperscript{GL}, Kurpfalz[sic]: an unidentified place said by the Schuck FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Knauf family. Said by the Volmer FSL to be home to a Gross family. I found two Gruenstadts, neither on lands which were Kurpfalz in the 1760’s. The largest is 16 km SW of Worms city and was in Leiningen-Westerburg County.
Gruenstadt GL, Neu-Leiningen-Westoberg County: is 16 km SW of Worms city.
Gruenstadt Amt GL, Pfalz: was a district administrative center 13 miles NW of Mannheim city. This is the same place, 40 some years later.
Gruenwald FN: there is some evidence in the Kukkus FSL that such a family was from UC Dierdorf, Nassau – a Gruenwald orphan was living with a Berger family from UC Dierdorf, Nassau.
Gruenwald FN said by the Schwab FSL to be from UC Habach. For 1798 see Mai1798:Sb3 and 38.
Gruenwald{Angelica}/A.Gellica: married Pfeiffer{Johannes} in Luebeck 22 Aug 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#193). Later in 1766 {Johann & A.Gellica} with no child took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T3042-3043). Not found in any later source.
Gruenwald FN: also see Gruenwald and Kronewald.
Grues/Grus FN: according to a Danzig ML this widow from UC the Palatinate married a Seldenreich man in 1765; KS:158 spelled her name Grus (Mai&Marquardt#756). They settled in Moor.
Gruetzmacher FN: said (no locality mentioned) by the Rosenheim FSL to be from UC Hamburg [Imperial City]. I could not identify him in Mai1798.
Gruhl FN: see Gruen.
Grunbach, Wild and Rhine County: is 17.5 km SSE of Merxheim.
Grunberg GL, Hesse-Darmstadt: said by the Walter FSL to be home UC to a Becker family. The Walter Research Group has confirmed in parish records that this Becker family came from Fraenkish-Crumbach.
Grummet/Grummer {J.Gottfried}: married 17 July 1766 Maiantsch {K.Margarethe} (Mai&Marquardt#191). Said by the Recruiter Bearegad list to have come from UC Suhl and to have gone to Bettiinger in 1768 (Lk142); so they probably were among the Bettiinger first settlers. KS131 said he was from UC Sachsen. For 1798 see Mai1798:Bt29.
Grunau FN: see Gruen.
Grunbach Amt [Ame], Wurttemberg: is some 5 miles W of Schorndorf city, and was proven by GCRA to be home to the Hottmann family that went to Glueckstadt. See the GCRA book for more details.
Grunbach, Waiblingen [Ame], Wurttemberg: mistakenly named by the 1816 Neudorf census (#34) as a possible origin UC for the Illg family. Same place as the preceding entry.
Grund {Joseph}: KS:82 and 131 say this catholic party of 3 in 1764 was sent on to the Saratov area as part of the group of colonists transported under the command of Captain Paykul and Cornet Rehinder. I have not found them in any published FSL.
Grundmann {Christina M.}: a widow who married Zimmer{Johannes} in Luebeck 4 July 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#207 and KS165). Not identified in any later record.
Gruen FN: also see Gruen.
Gruene {Sofia Friederique}: 26 June 1666 in Rosskau married Rauschenbach {Carl Friedrich} (Mai&Marquardt#1030). KS131 and 149 spelled her name {Friedericke}. He is listed in the Neidermonnoj FSL at #20 with a newer wife.
Grueneich GL, Schulzen, Posen: aka Gruneicke, an unidentified place which the GCRA found associated with a Nass family.
Grunenwald/Gruenwald [Christian]: from UC Giederheim, Maynz married Schuh {Elisabeth} 12 May 1766 in Friedberg (Mai&Marquardt#342). On 8 Aug 1666 this Catholic Gruenwald couple with 3 children arrived in Russia, he said to be from UC Mainz (Kulberg4145). Not found in any later source.
Grunenwald/ Gruenwald {J.Wilhelm}: from UC Felda near Ulrichstein on 8 April 1666 in Buedingen he married Schmidt {A.Elisabetha} from UC Bobenhausen (Mai&Marquardt#499). KS131 said the places were Gross-Felda and Bobenhausen, both near Alsfeld. KS135 has {Joh.}, Gruenwald, and Bobenhausen near Buedingen. I did not find this couple in any published FSL.
Grunner FN: said by the Galka FSL to be from UC Hessen-Darmstadt (no locality mentioned). I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses. Judy Riffel thinks that this family listed in the Galka FSL from UC Darmstadt may be the Brunner family.
Grunschau, Poland: an unidentified place which the GCRA believes to be the birthplace of Frau Nagel...
(nee Fischer) in 1791.

GrusFN: see Grues.

GrusieFN: listed by both the 1858 Kassel census (#226) and KS:286 without origin. See the GCRA book for more.

GryaznovatkaVV: a Russian name for SchuckVV.

GschmachebergGL: an unidentified place said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be home to a Lehmann family. There are two Schmachtenberg in Bavaria: one some 14 miles SSE of Aschaffenberg city in then Kurmainz, and one some 14 miles NW of Bamberg city in then Bamberg Bishopric.

Gubengs: sees 27 miles SSE of Frankfurt-an-der-Oder, and said by the Enders FSL to be home to a Fleming family.

GudionFN: said by the Norka FSL to be from Hessen (no locality mentioned). Later spelled Gideon (Mai'1798:Nr69).

GruebFN: see Greb.

Guenter/GuentherFN: this family name was found recorded in Tann marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

GueglingenGL, Brackenheim [Oberamt], Wuerttemberg: is some 3 miles W of Blankenheim town, and proven by the GCRA to be home to the Jesser family that went to Bergdorf. See their book for more detail.

Gueglingen Amt, Wuerttemberg [Duchy]: this is the same place 50 some years earlier. It held half interest in the Kuernbach Condominium. Larger than Kuernbach Amt, its lands included such places as Gueglingen town (11 miles WSW of Heilbronn city), Kibensbach, Rodbachhof, Weiler, Haefnerhaslach, Kirchbachhof, Sterrenfels, and perhaps Ochenbach, Spielberg, and Bromberg as well.

GueldendorfBV: a Lutheran German village founded in 1817, in the Grossliebental district of the Odessa (Cherson) colonies. An 1830 list of 95 settler households with their purported origins in Germany is printed in Stumpf's The Emigration.. pp.598-600. Curt Renz, AHSGR village coordinator for Gueldendorf, has spent over 20 years verifying their actual origins. He has personally found in German church records the births for some 81 Gueldendorf family names which he now shares with us. The family names follow. Their origins are shown in separate entries for each family name. Each of those separate entries gives both the village and the parish of origin: Ackermann, Allgeier, Baisch, Barth, Bauerle, Beck, Bernhard, Bier, Bippus, Bodamer, Breitenbuecher, Brenneise, Dengler, Ehret, Erkert, Fauser, Fischer, Fried, Geiger, Graf, Hammel, Haring/Hering, Hensler/Henssler, Hепперле, Herrmann, Hetzel, Hornbacher, Horner/Hoerner/Herner, Huber, Hutt, Kast, Keck, Keller, Klingmann, Kloss/Closs, Koch, Krieg/Krueg, Kurr, Lutz, Mueller, Muellerweiss, Niebel, Osswald, Pfeifle, Quenzer, Reichert, Roehrlich/Roehrig, Roller, Rothmann, Rudolph, Runk, Sauter/Saufter, Schacher, Schauter, Schatz, Schlicker, Schlittenhardt, Schmidt, Schroth, Schuh, Schultes, Schweiger, Seeger, Seher, Seidel/Seydel, Seiter/Seyder, Stahlecker, Staub, Stockburger, Strieb, Stueckle, Trot, Trostel, Voll, Wagner, Wenz, Werner/Woerner, Wittmer, Wolfer, Ziegler, and Zuer.

Guelders Duchy (Habsburgian)GS: this was a small country just to the S of the Prussian Guelders Duchy.

Guelders Duchy (Prussian)GS: this country was just E of the United Netherlands and W of the Cleves Duchy which was also came under Prussian influence and control.

GueleFN: see Gitle.

GuendelbachGL, Vaihingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is 4 miles NNW of Vaihingen-an-der-Enz, and proven by GCRA to be home to the Eisenbrei family that went to Glueckstal. See the GCRA book for more details.

GuengsenFN: said by Die Luebecker Traulisten to be the family name of the woman who married Pietsch who then settled in Dietel (Mai&Marquardt#117). Also see Jungk.

Guenter/Guenther interfiled in the following:

Guenther/GuenterFN: said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be from Weber and to have married in Oranienbaum the widow Rot/Rott said to have been from Isenburg.

GuentherFN: said by the Dehler FSL to be from Damrzhausen?, [Hessen]Darmstadt [Margraviate]. For 1798 see 1798Mai:DI17, 25.
Guenter\textsuperscript{FN} said by the Frank FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Enerhof(?), Hessen-Darmstadt.

Guenter\textsuperscript{FN}: said (no locality mentioned) by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} [Kur]-Brandenburg.

Guenter/Guenter [J.Konrad]: 23 May 1766 in Luebeck married Dorn [Katharina E.]

(Mai&Marquardt#160 and KS132). On 9 July 1766 {Conrad} and his Dorn wife arrived in Russia, he said to be from Kalbe (Kulberg#1470). Later in 1766 they left Oranienbaum for the Volga (T5809-5810). By 7 June 1767 with an infant daughter they had settled at Paulskaya FSL #84, he said to be from Kolba. In 1798 the family name was spelled Guenther and frau Guenter’s maiden name was given as Dorn (Mai1798:Pl15).

Guenter [Georg]\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Reinwald FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Liebenzell?, Wuerttemberg [Duchy]. For 1798 see Mai1798:Rw5.

Guenter\textsuperscript{FN} said by the Schwab FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Brendenbach-bei-Steinau. Spelled Guenther and the wife’s maiden name was given as Schmal in 1798 (Mai1798:Sp17).

Guenter [Bartholomaeus]\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Stephan FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Albersbach. For 1796 and 1798 see Mai1798:Mv2848, Db65, Sp17 and 18.

Guenter [J.Adam]: from Darmstadt arrived with wife {A.Margaretha} 13 Sept 1766 (Kulberg5583).

Guenter [J.Heinrich]\textsuperscript{FN}: from\textsuperscript{UC} Eichenhain married Wirth [A.Eliesabetha] 8 July 1766 in Buedingen (Mai&Marquardt#731). KS132 said he was from\textsuperscript{UC} Eichelhain near Lauterbach (now in Hesse). KS131 says the brothers(?). Guenter [J.Heinrich & J.Adam] left from\textsuperscript{UC} Helpershain near Alsfeld to go to Russia. On 13 Sept 1766 with wife {A.Veronica} and 4 children he arrived in Russia, said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Darmstadt (Kulberg5580). Later in 1766 with wife {A.Veronica} and 4 children he arrived in Russia. (T387-392). Said by the Stephan FSL #18 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Heilberscheid, [Kurtier]. For 1798 see Mai1798:Sp36.

Guenter [Christian+w+1c]: Kulberg24 said they were from\textsuperscript{UC} Erbach. I did not find them in T or in any published FSL.

Guenter [Eliesabetha] from\textsuperscript{UC} Keffingen she married Fohr [J.Hermann] on 19 June 1766 in Buedingen (Mai&Marquardt#703). KS128 had {Johan}, Ober-Breidenbach near Alsfeld, and {Elisabetha}. Not found in any later source.

Guenter [Jakob]: on 11 March 1766 in Buedingen married Jung [A.Maria] (Mai&Marquardt#413 and KS131-32). I did not find them in any published FSL.

Guenter [Johann+w]: said by Kulberg96 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Bayreuth (no locality indicated). Not identified either in T or in any published FSL.

Guenter [J.Adam]: from\textsuperscript{UC} Breidenbach near Steinau-sn-der-Strasse 12 April 1766 in Buedingen married Mundi [A.Maria] (Mai&Marquardt#525). KS132 mistakenly said this was near Biedenkopf (now in Hesse) I did not find this couple in any published FSL.

Guenter [J.Heinrich]). I did not find them in any published FSL.

Guenter/Guenter [Johannes]: father of {M.Margaretha Barbara} who was baptized 13 July 1766 in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#1307). Might have been Guenter [Johann] who is listed as arriving in Russia 12 September with wife {Anna} and newborn daughter {Anna} (Kulberg5520). Might have taken transport later in 1766 in Oranienbaum with wife {Margaretha} and newborn daughter {Anna} who died on the trip to the Volga (T1635-1637). Not found in any later source.

Guenter [M.Margaretha Barbara]: daughter of [Johannes] baptized 13 July 1766 in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#1307). Not found in any later source.

Guenter\textsuperscript{FN}: this family name was found recorded in Schotten parish records for many generations prior to 1767; see Flegel trip.

Guenterfuerst\textsuperscript{GL}: see Gutenfuerst.

Guenter\textsuperscript{FN}: filed with Guenter.

Guentner [Marg.]: widow of {Daniel Friedrich} of Fuerth in Woehrd 25 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#777 & KS165). KS165 says {Daniel} had a business in Nuernberg near Woerth. No further information.

Gruenwald [J/.Michael]: was a godparent at the 24 April 1766 Luebeck baptism of a son of Mitz [J.Wilhelm] and his wife Schwartzel [M.Eliesabeth] (Mai&Marquardt#1287). Not found in any later source.

Guersch [Gottfried]: Anhalt- Dessau archives record that he is from Woerlitz, Dessau (now in Anhalt-Saxony) watches over geese and ‘is seldom sober’ (Mai&Marquardt#1078 & KS132). Not
found in any later source.

**Gustrow, Mecklenburg [-Schwerin Duchy]:** some 19 miles S of Rostock city, and said by the Dinkel FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Heinrich family. Said by the Laub FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Sasse and possibly to an Eckardt family. Said by the Reinhard FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Mehl family. Said by the Schaefer FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to frau Arnst.

**Guethle:** Lange said this was the surname of Hostein first settler Krauss\{Andreas\}'s wife. Also spelled Guetlein?

**Guettel:** see Gitle.

**Guettle:** {Margaretha}: EEE p.489 said she was the betrothed of Krauss\{Andreas\} who settled in Denmark and later Enders. Also spelled Guethle or Gitle?

**Guettin**\footnote{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Kano FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Zimmermann\{Heinrich\} family. This might have been in Swedish Hither Pomerania some 52 miles NE of Rostock city.

**Guettlein**\footnote{FN}: see Getlein.

**Gufayer?\{A.Maria\}:** said by the 1798 Luzern census to be the maiden name of frau Ritter\{Jacob\}.

**Gufelt:** go to Hofsfeld.

**Gugel**\footnote{FN}: listed by the Bergdorf census (KS:665, 315) with no origin, but said by KS:286 to be both from\textsuperscript{UC} Erligheim, Ludwigsburg [Amt], Wuerttemberg and from Undingen, Reutlingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg. The GCRA verified the latter using FHL 1,569,151. See their book for details. Also spelled Hugel.

**Gulum/Gullan/Gullau/Hula**\footnote{FN}{Matthias}: Danish records say this Lutheran from the Baden-Durlach Margraviate arrived with wife and two children in Denmark in July 1761 and requested permission to depart in April 1763 (EEE p. 426, for more see that). They were in the 1775 Grimm census \#9. Spelled Gulau in 1798 (Mai1798:860).

**Gulau**\footnote{FN}: see Gula.

**Guld**\footnote{FN}: listed by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:678) with no origin. Said by KS:286 to be from Calw Oberamt, Wuerttemberg (no locality mentioned). Also spelled Guldin (KS:286).

**Gulder/von Gulder/von Geldt \{Georg F.\}:** from\textsuperscript{UC} Kultz in the Ober Pfalz on 21 April 1766 in Buedingen married Gross\{Margaretha\} from\textsuperscript{UC} around Aschaffenburg (Mai&Marquardt#566). KS132 said he was from\textsuperscript{UC} Kultz ueben Oberviechbach (now in Bavaria). The Boaro FSL #101 said they had settled there before 17 Aug 1767, and that he was von Gulder \{Georg Friedrich\} a Prussian captain from Kultz-bei-Oberviechbach. A probable daughter, von Geldt\{Elisabeth\}, had married a Zorn and was living in Orlovskaya in 1798 (Mai1798:860).

**Gulder**\footnote{FN}: said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Neuberg-am-Wald.

**Guldin**\footnote{FN}: see Guld.

**Guldner**\footnote{FN}: this family name was found recorded in Schlitz marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

**Guldrich**\footnote{FN}: see Dar of Pfeiffer.

**Gullan**\footnote{FN}: see Gula.

**Gullau**\footnote{FN}: see Gula.

**Gumbinnen**\footnote{GL}: Preussen: is now Gusev, Kaliningrad, Russia, 144 miles E of Gdansk, Poland, and said by the Doenhof FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Doenhof family.

**Gumbreschtshof**\footnote{GL}: Niederbronn Amt, Elsass: is 3 miles S of Niederbronn-les-Bains. See Mettler\{J.Jakob\}.

**Gumerthausen?**\footnote{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Boaro FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Klinkhefer family.

**Gumler/Kummeler/Kuemler/Kuemmel**\footnote{FN}{Hans Adam+w+3c}: Catholic, from\textsuperscript{UC} Kurpfalz, arrived at Fridericia, Jueltland Royal Province in May 1760. In Dec 1764 with wife and son he last reregistered in Denmark. By July 1766 they had settled in\textsuperscript{UC} Rohleder FSL #36 which said he was from\textsuperscript{UC} Fulda Bishopric, no locality mentioned (EEEp.493). However, Kulberg\footnote{214} said they were from\textsuperscript{UC} Kur-\textsuperscript{UC}Pfalz and went to\textsuperscript{UC} Livonia.

**Gundelfingen**\footnote{GL}: Freiburg [Amt]. Baden: is 4 miles N of Freiburg city, and may have been home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Paulin family that went to Glueckstal. See the GCRA book for more detail.

**Gundelfingen**\footnote{GL}: Kurpfalz: was in Pfalz-Neuburg, and is some 21 miles NE of Ulm city. Said by the
Preuss FSL to be home to a Weinmeier family.

Gundershausen [GL], [Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate]: is 7 miles WSW of Darmstadt city, and was the 1734 birthplace, and 1756 marriage place of Friedrich Amann who left for Russia from Fraenkisch-Crumbach in 1766 (Gieg1).

Gundersheim [GL], Rhineland-Palatinate: see Gedernheim.

Gundershofen, Hagenau [Kreis], Elsass: is 8 miles NW of Hagenau city, and was proven by the GCRA as home to the Malo family that settled in Kassel. This is the same place as the next entry.

Gundershofen [GL], Niederbronn Amt, Elsass: is 3 miles S of Niederbronn-les-Bains. See Mettler {J.Jakob}.

Gundersweiler [GL], Pfalz, is 26 miles ESE of Worms and is said by the Seewald FSL to be home of a Meyer family.

Gundheim [GL]: an unidentified place said by the Kano FSL to be home to a Hacke family. This may have been in Kurpfalz some 6 miles NW of Worms city.

Gundheim [GL], Brandenstein: is in Hesse, 3 miles E of Elm.

Gundlach: is some 8 miles SSE of Hesse-Darmstadt Landgraviate.

Gunterskirchen [GL]: said by the Buedingen ML to be home to a Becht woman who in 1766 married a Leer man; by 1767 this couple was in Krasnoyarsk. Stumpf says this was Gonterskirchen near Nidda (Mai&Marquardt#559).

Guntershausen [GL], Kurpfalz: an unidentified place said by the Keller FSL to be home to a Keller family. The only Gunsbach I can find was 8 miles SW of Colmar in the Alsace. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Gundelach: is in Hesse-Darmstadt Landgraviate.

Gunsbach [GL]: an unidentified place said by the Keller FSL to be home to a Keller family. I could not find this family in the Kurpfalz.

Gunsch [GL]: see Hunis.

Gunterskirchen [GL]: said by the Buedingen ML to be home to a Becht woman who in 1766 married a Leer man; by 1767 this couple was in Krasnoyarsk. Stumpf says this was Gonterskirchen near Nidda (Mai&Marquardt#559).

Guntershausen [GL], Kurpfalz: an unidentified place said by the Preuss FSL to be home to a Snip family. There is a Guntershausen, Hesse, some 6 miles S of the city of Kassel; none that I can find in the Palatinate.

Gunther [FN]: this family name was found recorded in Herborn marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Gunther [FN]: said by the Keller FSL to be from Allendorf, Kurmainz. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Gunzendorf, Bamberg [Bishopric]: is 16 km SE of Bamberg city and said by Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been home to the Baeccker {Johann} family (Lk47).

Gunzenhausen, Ansbach [Margraviate]: is 24 km SE of Ansbach city centre and was said by the Schuck FSL to be home to a Stadlmann family. In his first translation, Pleve spelled this Kunzhausen.

Gurp/Hupert/Hubert [FN]: said by the Preuss FSL to be from Messelgruebe, Kurmainz.

Gurr [FN]: see Gor.

Gussfeld [FN]: said by the Bauer FSL to be from Kuenhausen, Sachsen. I can not find this family in Mai1798, and I do not believe it tho have been Grosskopf.

Gust [FN]: see Just.

Gut [FN]: said by the Pfeifer FSL to be from Freiburg. Later spelled Guth (Mai1798:Pf57).

Gut [FN]: said by the Stahl-am-Karaman FSL to be from Rosenberg, Prussia.

Gutberg: Nicolaus H.) from Hersfeld married in Buedingen on 30 May 1766 Becker {A.Katharina} from Boesgesaes (Mai&Marquardt#674, KS120, 132). KS132 said both places were now in Hesse. Not listed in Kullberg or T or in any published FSL or in Mai1798.

Gut Berun [GL], Nassau: an unidentified place said by the Brabander FSL to be home to a Sommer {Conrad} family. The wife’s maiden name was Pfenning according to the 1798 Brabander census (Mai1798:Bn34).

Gutherlet: Philipp Ludwig: KS132 says he was from Hersfeld (now in Hesse). I did not find him in any published FSL or in Mai1798.

Gutberg [FN]: said by the Boaro FSL to be from Unter-Schwarz. Spelled Gutperl in 1798 (Mai1798: Bx57).

Gutenberg [GL], Anhalt-Bernburg: is some 4 miles N of Halle city and said by the Jost FSL to be home to a Trut family. The state is odd. All the lands around Gutenberg seem to be of the Magdeburg Duchy.

Gutenburg [GL], Kirchheim [Amt, Nuertingen Oberamt], Wuerttemberg: is some 8 miles SSE of
Kirchheim-unter-Techn, and some 10.5 miles SE of Nuertingen city. Proven by the GRCA both as the home of the Fischer {Michael} family that went to Bergdorf; and as home to the Feil/Veil family that went to Glueckstal and to Neudorf. The GCRA concluded this was the likely home of Reichle {Jakob} who also settled in Neudorf. See the GCRA book for more.

Gutenfuers: said by the Kano FSL to be home to a Kraus family and possibly to their Hauptrock? The GCRA book for more.

Gutenfuerst: said by the Kano FSL to be home to a Kraus family and possibly to their Hauptrock? The GCRA book for more.

Gutenfuerst: said by the Kano FSL to be home to a Kraus family and possibly to their Hauptrock? The GCRA book for more.

Gutenstetten: absorbed into Castell-Castell County in 1735, so it likely was somewhere not far from the River Eder, either SW or NW of Wuerzburg city, or E of Kitzinger town.

Gutenstetten: see Gutenstetten.

Guterich: see Guterich.

Guterich {J.Christian}: Danish records say this man was from either Affalterbach, Lindenfels, Kurpfalz or Erbach County and arrived in Denmark in May 1760 being last registered there in April 1763 (FHL p. 426, for more see that). Gerhard Lang proved that his birth on 21 February 1739 in Gammelsbach, Erbach County, not Kurpfalz; and he married in Wald-Michelbach on 9 January 1759 Albrecht {A.Katharina}. They immigrated first to Denmark (now Schleswig-Holstein) and then to Russia. For more information go to http://cvgs.cu-portalnd.edu/origins/g/guterich_anton.cfm. The Anton FSL (#12) said he was from Erbach County (no locality mentioned). Not found in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Guthmann {J.Martin}: from Hasselbach married 12 May 1766 in Buedingen Heun {Margareta} from Romers, both places being in the Weyher Barony (Mai & Marquardt #633). KS132 said Rommers was near Fulda (now in Hesse), her family name was Heuss.

Guthmann {Christoph}: son of {Johannes} from Buedingen on 8 April 1766 in Buedingen married Geyer {Christine E}, daughter of Wilhelm Ludwig also from Buedingen (Mai & Marquardt #498). The Kutter FSL #82, KS130 and 132 spelled his name Gutmann. That FSL said he was from Isenburg and KS132 said he was from Pferdsbach near Buedingen (now in Hesse) and above Witten (now in Rh) [?].

Guthmann: this family name was found recorded in Tann marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Guthmann: also see Gutmann.

Guthmueller: see Gutmueller.

Guthschmidt: family name was found recorded in Tann marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Guthmann: also see Gutmann.

Gutjahr {J.Martin}: Doris Evans and Robert Goodman proved that he was born 1740 in Gersfeld to {Johannes} and his wife Heun {Dorothea}, and he married Cammerzell {Amelia}. The Frank FSL (#112) said he was from Hirschfeld {sic for Gersfeld}, Freie Adelprovinz der alten Ritter. According to the Buedingen ML this Guthman man was from Hasselbach and on 12 May 1766 married 2nd Heun {Margaretha} (Mai & Marquardt #633).
Gut(t)mann {name not given}: KS132 said he was from UC Buedingen (now in Hesse) headed for UC Brunnental. I could not find him in any published FSL.

Gutmann/Guthmann {Christoph}: Danish records say this Lutheran either from UC Neckargartach (?) near Heilbronn or from UC Wuerttemberg arrived with wife and son in Denmark in June 1762 and requested permission to leave in May 1765 (EEE p. 426, for more see that). The Pleve transcription of Stahl-am-Karaman FSL (#12) says he was from UC Stuttgart, Wuerttemberg Duchy. The first transcription of that FSL gave his name as Gutman.

Gutmann: also see Guthmann.

Gutmueller FN: said by both the 1816 Neudorf census (#84, 85) and KS:287 to have come from Wingen, Weissenburg [Amt], Elsass. Using FHL #1,195,514, the GCRA proved this origin. See their book for more. Also spelled Guthmueller.

Gutor FN: see Gitor.

Gutshe FN: see Couchis?.

Gutstein GS: see von Gutstein.

Guttenberg GL: an unidentified place which until 1797 was a Kreis or district administrative center for the Pfalz-Zweibruechen Duchy.

Guttenstaedten GL: is some 2 miles N of Neustadt, and a Woehrd ML says this was home UC to {Ursula} married 7 May 1766 Kolb {Martin}; Stumpp said this was Gutenstetten (this is the modern spelling) near Neustadt (Aisch) in Wuerttemberg (Mai&Marquardt #804). They originally settled in Laub FSL #56.

Gutmann FN: see Guthmann and Gutmann.

Guttperl FN: said by the Norka FSL to be from UC Hessen (no locality mentioned). This may have been spelled Kutverlet? in 1798 (Mai1798:220).

Guttperl FN: also see Guteberg.

Guwst FN: said by the Moor FSL to be from UC Kurpfalz (no locality mentioned). The family name was spelled Henne in 1798 (Mai1798:Mo06).

Gvardeyskoye VV: a variant spelling of the Russian name for Pfeiffer VV.

Gythle FN: see Gitle.