Ke-Khz

Keberlein\textsuperscript{FN}: see Keberlein.
Keberlein\textsuperscript{FN}\{Adam\}: said by the Pfeiffer FSL \#87 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Arnstein. Later spelled Keberle (Mai\textsuperscript{1798}:Pf34).
Keberlein\textsuperscript{FN}\{Dorothea\}: said by the Pfeiffer FSL \#86 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Arnstein. Later spelled Keberle (Mai\textsuperscript{1798}:Pf34). Kuhlberg gives the state as Wuerzburg.
Keberlein\textsuperscript{FN}\{Andreas\}: said by the Pfeiffer FSL \#66 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Wuerzburg no locality indicated. Later spelled Keberle (Mai\textsuperscript{1798}:Pf70).
Keberlein: also see Roebelern.
Kebring?, Brandendorf: an unidentified place said by the Galka FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to an Arni/Arne family.
Kechter\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Walter FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Waltenbuch, Wittenberg Duchy.
Keck\textsuperscript{FN}: settled, no date given, in Gueldendorf, Odessa; family records found by Curt Renz in Dillstein, Weissenstein parish, Baden. Curt says this place is now called Dillweissenstein. Stumpp p.599 says the Keck family that went to Gueldendorf was from Guendelhof, Calw, Wuerttemberg.
Keck\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Kek.
Kecklingen\textsuperscript{GL}, Kurpfalz: said by the Brabander FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to two Muellecker families: \{Peter\} and \{Johannes\}, with an Op orphan in the Johannes household. This probably was Kicklingen, Kurpfalz, some 18 miles NW of Augsburg city.
Kicklingen\textsuperscript{GL}: see Kicklingen.
Keddingen\textsuperscript{GL}, Sulz [\textit{Amt}], Weißenburg [\textit{Oberamt}]: is an unidentified locality, said by the Rothammel FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Roschauer family. This might be Kupferzell, Baden-Wuerttemberg which is some 22 miles ENE of Heilbronn.
Keffenach\textsuperscript{GL}, Sulz [\textit{Amt}], Weißenburg [\textit{Oberamt}], Elsass: was 2 miles N of Sulz town and said by the Bergdorf 1816 census to be home to the Kauz/Kautz family -- this origin was verified by the GCRA. Proved by the GCRA to be home to frau Martel (nee Dietz) of Kassel. See the GCRA book for more.
Keffenroth\textsuperscript{GL}, [Isenburg-Birstein]: now Kefenrod, Hessen, some 5 miles NE of Buedingen, and said by the Buedingen ML to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Kayser \{J.Peter\} man who married a Weinberger woman in 1766; by 1767 this couple was in Norka #191; Stumpp said Kefenrod was near Buedingen (Mai\textsuperscript{1798}:Marquardt\#604).
Kefinges: an unidentified place said to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Guenter \{Eliesabetha\} who married Fohr \{J.Hermann\} on 19 June 1766 in Buedingen (Mai\textsuperscript{1798}:Marquardt\#703).
Kefuescher\textsuperscript{FN}: see Kesisch.
Kegele\{Christoph+w+4c\}: Kulberg26 said they were from\textsuperscript{UC} Wuerttemberg. Not found in T or in any published FSL.

Keleg\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be a step-son living with the Geidereich family which would indicate that frau Geidereich was previously frau Keleg.

Kele\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Flegel.

Keideo\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Norka FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Hessen (no locality mentioned).

Kehe\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Hildmann FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Steinheim, with his Fuhr wife in the household. Spelled Kiel in 1798 (Mail\textsuperscript{1798}:Hd9, 15, 16).

Kehe\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Warenburg FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Anterlot?, [Hessen-]Darmstadt [Landgraviate]. For 1798 see Mail\textsuperscript{1798}:Wr63.

Kehe\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Klein.

Kehe\textsuperscript{FN}: see Wagner of Katharinenstadt and Wien.

Kehe\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Keil.

Keilm\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Koenigsberg.

Kehe\textsuperscript{FN}: the 1798 Norka census gives this as the maiden name of the wife of an Isenburger Hartung (Mail\textsuperscript{1798}:Nr78).

Kehe\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Gette and Kaehm.

Kehe\textsuperscript{FN}: Hesse: is some 12 miles SSE of Kassel city.

Keibe/Keip\textsuperscript{FN}{Conrad}: arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 with wife \{Anna\}, 2 children, and a 50 yr-old sister-in-law \{Anna\}, said to be from Fulda (Kulberg\textsuperscript{1768}). Not found in Kulberg. By 20 June 1767 he with his Resch wife and 2 children had settled at Hildmann FSL \#18, he said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Salmenuster, [Fulda Bishopric]. Spelled Keip in 1798 (Mail\textsuperscript{1798}:Hd101).

Keibe/Keibe/Keip\textsuperscript{Reip}{Jacob/Jacob Sr.}: a Lutheran farmer from Zahren, Riedesel married Schaa\textsuperscript{Gertraud}\textsuperscript{Gette} in Buedingen 10 May 1766; another source has him as Reip, and her as \{Gertraud\} (Mai&Marquardt#628). KS138 says Zahren was near Lauterbach and her as \{Gertraud\} and says Altenschlif was near Lauterbach. KS153 has \{Gertraud\}. On 15 Sept 1766 Keib\textsuperscript{Jacob & Gertrud\textsuperscript{a}} arrived in Russia said to be from Riedesel (Kulberg\textsuperscript{6338}). Later in 1766 Keip\textsuperscript{Jacob Sr.} in Oranienbaum took transport for the Volga (T3169). Found in no FSL. In 1798 {Jacob Sr.} was in Hussenbach with Kniess\textsuperscript{Elisabeth\textsuperscript{a}}, a son and a daughter and some grandchildren (Mail\textsuperscript{1798}:Hs73).

Keibe/Keit\textsuperscript{Jacob}: a single Lutheran farmer from Riedesel arrived in Russia 15 Sept 1766 (Kulberg\textsuperscript{6339}). Not found in T or in any published FSL. In 1798 he evidently was in Hussenbach listed as Keit\textsuperscript{Jacob Jr.} with wife Obermueller\textsuperscript{Katharina}, 3 children by her and 1 by his first wife (Mail\textsuperscript{1798}:5).

Keibler\textsuperscript{FN}: see Kifler?.

Keier\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Norka FSL to be the orphaned daughter of Johannes Keier living in the Mertz? household. I could not find her in Mai\textsuperscript{1798}.

Keier\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Eisenheim, Wuerzburg.

Keier\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Kraft FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Meila(?).

Keier\textsuperscript{J.Michael}: Lutheran, from\textsuperscript{UC} either Baden-Durlach Margraviate or Wuerttemberg, arrived at Schleswig city, Schleswig Royal Duchy in June 1761. With wife \{Magdalena\} and son he last reregistered in Denmark in January 1765, later immigrating to Riebensdorf colony in Woroesch (EEE pp.472-473).

Keiger\textsuperscript{Eva}: Lutheran, from\textsuperscript{UC} Baden-Durlach Margraviate arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in July 1761. In May 1765 with wife \{Eva\} and 3 sons he requested permission to leave Denmark (EEE p.498). On 6 June 1765 she and her Lauer spouse \{Eva\} had a daughter baptized in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#1343). Later they were found listed in the church books of Neu-Saratowka colony near St. Petersburg (EEE p.498).

Keihm\textsuperscript{Kanz}: said by the Kautz FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Hamm-amt-Alzey, Kurpfalz.

Keil\textsuperscript{J.Peter}: of Reformed faith, from\textsuperscript{UC} Burchenau (Barem?)-bei-Hehnsted-an-die-Bergstrasse, arrived at Viborg, Jueland Royal Province in Oct 1759. With wife \{Charlotte\} (Lutheran) and 2 sons he last reregistered in Denmark in April 1763 (EEE p.470). By March 1765 they had settled in Anton FSL \#28 which said he was from\textsuperscript{UC} Heppenheim Oberamt, Kurmainz. Volz says this family has Hessen origins. For 1798 see Mail\textsuperscript{1798}:An2, 6, Lw29, 23.
KeilFN: said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be fromUC Oschatz.
KeilFN: said by the Boregard FSL to be fromUC Haldorf.
KeilFN: said by the Dietl FSL to be fromUC Dordecken(?). Kurpfalz. For 1790 see Mail1798:Mv397.
KeilFN: listed (#3) in the 1816 Kassel census and in KS:326 as coming fromUC Rot, Heidelberg [Amt], Baden. See the GCRA book for more.
KeilFN: said by the Leichtling FSL to be fromUC Alzey (no locality mentioned).
KeilFN: said by the Mueller FSL to be fromUC Babenhausen, Darmstadt.
KeilFN: said by the Philippfeld FSL to be fromUC Frielingen, [Hessen-Kassel Landgraviate]. The maiden name of frau Keil was given as Karez? in 1798 (Mail1798:PP14).
KeilFN [Katharina/Catharina]: fromUC Buedingen she married in Buedingen on 14 April 1766 Appel[J.Caspar] (Mai&Maruqardt#529). He arrived in Russia 8 Aug 1766 with wife {Catharina}, he said to be fromUC Dienheim (Kulberg#252). As of 22 June 1767 the Stahl-am-Karaman FSL #48 recorded his then wife as Pfeifer{Katharina}. So are these two wives the same woman or not? My guess is, not.
KeilFN: said by the Straub FSL to be fromUC Brandau, [Hessen]-Darmstadt [Landgraviate]. For 1798 see Mail1798:SR30,9 and 15.
KeilFN: said by the Susannonjou FSL to be fromUC Kemel, [Katzenelnbogen County, Hessen-Kassel Landgr.]. Spelled Kehl in 1767 (T4344-46). I could not locate them or any descendants in Mail1798.
Keil[J.Georg & J.Eckard]: stepsons, born in 1751 and 1755 respectively, who left Wettsaasen near Alsfeld with their step-father Ruelh{Dietrich} (KS138 & 144). Found in no other available source.
KeilFN: see Kielh.
Keile: said by the Neidermonjonjou FSL to be a step-son in the Schroeder{Johann} household.
KeilerFN: listed in the Seelmann FSL but no origin was given. Kuhlberg said they were from the Fulda [Bishopric].
KeilerFN: also see Keller.
KeilmannFN [Johann,Conrad]: said by the Boaro FSL to be fromUC Iba. In 1798 these two families were in Meinhard colony (Mail1798:MN01,18).
KeimFN: said mistakenly by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:671, 326) to be fromUC Feldstetten, Muensing [Amt], Wuerttemberg. Using FHL(1,569,074-5 and 1,469,082), the GCRA proved this origin. See the GCRA book for more details.
KeimFN: said by the 1816 Kassel census (#5, KS:685) to be from Feldstetten, Muensing [Amt], Wuerttemberg. Using FHL#1,190,246, the GCRA proved this origin. KS:326 mistakenly said this man went to Glueckstal. See the GCRA book for more.
KeimFN: said by the Messer 1798 census to be the maiden name of frau Willmann (Mail1798:Ms65).
KeimFN: also see Heim{Martin}.
KeimFN: also see Kaehm and Keilm.
Keinberg(?)-GIL, Sachsen: an unidentified place said by the Katharinestadt FSL to be home to a Knoll family. This might be Kemberg, Sachsen-Anhalt, some 6 miles S of Wittenberg city.
Keip: go to Keib.
Keis: go to Keib.
KeiserFN: see Kaiser.
Keit: go to Keib.
KeitelFN: see Knittel.
KeiterFN: said by the Leichtling FSL to be fromUC Seligenstadt (no locality mentioned).
KeitmanFN: see Keytmann.
KeckFN: said by the Lauwe FSL to be fromUC Ehring, Ansbach. In 1798 the family name was given as Keck (Mail1798:Ln33).
KeckFN: see Kexel.
Kecksholm, [Russia]: nka Priozersk, some 77 miles N of St. Petersberg city centre, and said by the Galka FSL to be home to a Kandelin family.
KeilFN [Christina E.]: the 1798 Norka census gives this as the maiden name of Bachmann’s wife
Elsewhere Kel is said to be a mistake for Kuhl.

Kelber [FN]: said by the Preuss FSL to be from [UC] Burglengenfeld, Kurpfalz.

Kelber [FN]: said by the Rosenheim FSL to be from [UC] Kolb, dem Fuerstentum Waldeck. I could not identify him or any descendant in Mai1798.

Kelberheim [GL]: an unidentified place said to have been home [UC] to Koop {Theobald} (Lk145), a probable first settler in Zug. Kuhlberg said this was in Pfalz.

Kelberdinger [FN]: said (no locality mentioned) by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from [UC] Eich I could not find this man in the 1798 censuses.

Kelbermater [FN]: said by the Pfiffer FSL to be from [UC] Raron?, Schweiz.

Kelchart [FN]: said by the Huck FSL to be from [UC] Stolberg (no locality mentioned).

Kelcher [FN]: said by the Enders FSL to be a step-son living in the Brant household; the FSL said Frau Brant [his likely mother] was said to be from [UC] Neustadt, Wernburg. I cannot find this Kelcher family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Kelengar [GL]: a variant spelling of Gelnhaar in the Walter FSL.

Kelesheim?, Kurmainz: an unidentified place said by the Seelmann FSL to be home [UC] to a Walter family and possibly to a Mensing [Anton] orphan.

Kelgar [GL]: a variant spelling of Gelnhaar in the Walter FSL.

Kelgin [?] [GL], Strumbach [?] [GL]: an unidentified place said by the Dobrinka FSL to be home [UC] to a Schueber family.

Kelgor [GL]: a variant spelling of Gelnhaar in the Walter FSL.

Kelheim [GL]: Kelheim, Bavaria is some 12 miles SW of Regensburg. It was the original home in the 1100s of the Wittlesbach Dukes, who later came to control much of Bavaria and North Rhine-Westphalia, with scattered lands there centered on Cologne which for a very long time was under their control as well. It must be that one of their minor branches called their lands around Cologne, Kelheim. It is here that most the localities said by the Preuss FSL to be in the state of Kelheim seem to be. Said (no locality mentioned) by the Preuss FSL to be home to a Jungblut family.

Kelheim [?], [Kur-] Bayern: is some 12 miles SW of Regensburg. Said by the Herzog FSL to be home to Glaser, Ortmann, Richmeier, and, perhaps, Wallborg families.

Kelheim, Kurpfalz: an unidentified place said by the Hoelzel FSL to be home [UC] to a Brenauer family.

Kelheim?, Mannheim, Kurpfalz: an unidentified place said by the Husaren FSL to be home [UC] to a Hoefer/Hofer family.

Kelhorn [FN]: said by the Urbach FSL to be from [UC] Hettstedt, Mansfield [sic?]. I could not find them in Mai1798.

Kelhorn [FN]: his wife was said (no locality mentioned) by the Urbach FSL to be from [UC] Isenburg [?] [County].

Keligar [GL]: a variant spelling of Gelnhaar in the Walter FSL.

Keling [GL]: a variant spelling of Gelnhaar in the Walter FSL.

Kelker [FN] [Balthasar]: according to the Doenhof FSL he was a brother of Frau Nuss, Herr Nuss listed as being from [UC] Isenburg.

Kelker [FN] [Margaretha]: according to the Doenhof FSL she was Frau Nuss, Herr listed as being from [UC] Isenburg. Her brother {Balthasar} lived in the household.

Kelle [FN]: see Koelle.

Kellenbach [GL], Baden [surely this was then in Kurpfalz, not Baden]: is some 3 miles NNE of Kirn (now in the Rhineland-Palatinate, and said by the Buedingen ML to be home [UC] to a Brunn man who in 1766 married a Heinrich woman; by 1767 this [Bruhn] couple was in Norka; Stumpf (KS123) said Kellenbach was near Kirn, Pfalz (Mai & Marquardt #702).

Kellenbach [GL], Kurmainz: said by the Goebel FSL to be home [UC] to Stamm, and possibly Gabel, Hammel and Trinak families. The only Kellenbach I can find is some 19 miles WSW of Bingen, Rhinelrand-Palatinate, and then surely should have been Kurpfalz, not Kurmainz, and would be the same place as the previous entry.

Kellenbach [GL], Simmern Kreis, Preussen Rheinland: is some 9 miles S of Simmern city, and may have been home [UC] to the Schuetz family that went to Gleichstal via Tscherwenka, Hungary. The GCRA also proved this place the origin of the Miller/Mueller [G.Peter, Heinrich, J.Philip] family that settled in Kassel and of the Pleisch/Pleiss/Pleinis/Pleim and Krain/Krein/Grein
families that settled in Neudorf. See the GCRA book for more detail. This was the same place as the previous two entries, except over 40 years later.

Keller {J.Heinrich} FN: said by the Balzer FSL to be from UC Isenburg (no state or locality identified). For 1798 see Mai1798:Bz17 and possibly 10? and 45?.

Keller {Margareta} FN: said by the 1798 Balzer census to be the maiden name of frau Faust {Conrad Jr} (Mai1798:Bz73).

Keller {J.Heinrich} FN: said by the Balzer FSL to be from UC Isenburg (no state or locality identified).

Keller {Georg Michel}: from UC Niederhofen, Brackenheim Amt, Wurttemberg, arrived at Flensbureg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in June 1762 as the farmhand of Bleymeier {Christian}. He married {Elizabeth} the widow of Ziegler {J.Georg}. In June 1763 they, including her Ziegler sons were given permission to leave Denmark. By April 1765 they were settled in Dobrinka FSL #22a & 22 which said he was from UC Niederhof, Wittenberg.

Keller FN {Georg}: said by the Doenhof FSL to be from UC Niederhof, Wittenberg.

Keller FN {J.Jakob}: mistakenly said by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:670) to be from UC Motherm, Weissenberg [Amt], Elsass, and mistakenly said by KS:326 to be from UC Leimersheim GL, Germersheim [Amt], Pfalz. Using FHL(1,056,860), the GCRA proved origin in Schlierbach, Goepppingen [Amt], Wurttemberg. His Stotz wife is is suspected by the GCRA to be from UC Wollishofen, Zurich [Amt], Schwiss. See the GCRA book for more details.

Keller FN {Heinrich, Jakob, Peter}: these actually were Kessler men incorrectly listed as Keller men in the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:671, 674, 327).

Keller FN: arrived in South Russia in 1819; later these three families settled in Gueldendorf, Odessa; family records found by Curt Renz in Gondelsheim, Bruchsal Oberamt, Baden.

Keller {frau Berkirchert} FN: both using FHL #1,184,780-1 was proven by the GCRA to be from Hausen-an-der-Zaber, Brackenheim [Amt]. Wurttemberg. See the GCRA book for more.

Keller FN {Johannes}: said by the Keller FSL to be from UC Gunsbach, Kurpfalz. Spelled Keiler in 1798 (Mai1798:Bn75).

Keller FN {Konrad H.}: said by the Krasnoyar FSL #38a to be from UC Alsfeld, Darmstadt.

Keller FN {Nicolaus}: said by the Krasnoyar FSL #30 to be from UC Isistadt(?), Brandenburg.

Keller FN {Konrad and Martin}: said by the Krasnoyar FSL #48 & #47 to be from UC Laubach. According to the Wohrd ML {Martin} was from UC Dobesrieth and married a Brunner woman in 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#821).

Keller FN {Jacob}: said by the Leitinger FSL to be from UC Oberhausen, Kurtrier. Spelled Keiler in 1798 (Mai1798:Sm25, Hz39).

Keller FN {Peter}: said by the Norka FSL to be from UC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). For a possible 1798 entry see Mai1798:Nr3.

Keller FN: the 1798 Norka census gives this as the maiden name of the wives of two Isenburger Derr men (Mai1798:Nr19, 44).

Keller FN: the 1798 Norka census gives this as the maiden name of the wife of an Isenburger Frank (Mai1798:Nr176).

Keller {J.Heinrich} FN: listed in the 1772 Pobochnaya first settlers’ list (pb26) with no origin mentioned; possible descendants are at Mai1798:Ps23,71 and 76.

Keller {A.Dorothea} FN: listed in the 1772 Pobochnaya first settlers’ list as the wife of Schlegel {Franz} (pb15).

Keller FN {Georg}: said by the Seewald FSL to be from UC Dirmstein, Worms.

Keller FN: said by the 1798 Warenburg census to be the maiden name of frau Andreas.

Keller {Barbara} FN: a possible early settler of Zuerich this widow left in 1790 (Mai1798:Mv3087). In 1767 she may be listed as (T5303??).

Keller {Georg}: KS:82 and 138 say this party of 6 from UC Winterberg (which Stumpp noted was in Westfalen) in 1764 was sent on to the Saratov area as part of the group of colonists transported under the command of Captain Paykul and Cornet Rehbinder. I have not found them in any published FSL.

Keller {Casp}ar: married Meissner {Elisabeth} 18 June 1766 in Rossla (Mai&Marquardt#1021).

KS138 & 145 have the wrong year: 1765. KS145 has {Elisabeth Maria}. Not found in any later source.
Keller: KS138 says he was from Lardenbach near Giessen.
Keller: KS138 says he was from Laudernbach near Witzenhausen. Not found in any available source.
Keller: this family name was found recorded in Tann marriage records 1762-1767; see Fiegel trip.
Keller: see also Hessler, Kahler and Koehler.
Keller: an unidentified place said by the Louis FSL to be home to a Schaefer family. There are at least six Kellers in Germany.
Keller: Kur-Brauburg: is 56 km NNW of Berlin city centre and was said by the Schaefer FSL to be home to the widow of Mueller (Johann) 41 and so possibly maybe been to Mueller (Johann) himself.
Keller: (aka Krasnorynowka and Krasnorynowka) is a Catholic German village founded in 1766 on the eastern side of the Volga. It was completely destroyed by the Kirghiz in 1774. Many of its survivors went to Neu-Kolonia. For several of the surviving families I have indicated where members were in 1798. The Keller FSL is now published in Pleve, Einwanderung ..., vol. II, pp. 341-357. According to this, the first settlers were from the following places, "italics indicate information from the Kuhlberg list, with the family names shown here in parentheses. Other spellings of family names, usually from later sources are in square brackets. {Adam} indicates that there were more than one of a family name listed in the FSL, and the given name of this one was Adam. Verified origin information is in red. The number after the family name is their FSL household number:
from Allendorf, Kurmainz: (Guntherom48);
from Bettenhausen?, Kurmainz: (Riebel[Ruppel]3);
from Bissersheim, Kurmainz: (Degass67);
from Bodenheim, Kurmainz: (Bernhardt39, Grollmann28, Hahn{Jacob}31, Kloster{Johannes}32, Schippert{Schipper}27, and possibly Fell27a);
from Bommersheim, Kurmainz: (Schmidt{Johannes}46, {Lorenz}47);
from Bruchhausen, Kurpfalz: (Bracht2, and possibly Richelhof2a);
from Calbach, Kurmainz: (Adam49, and possibly Diel{Karl and Katharina}49a);
from Gauersheim, Kurpfalz: (Thomas{Heinrich}52);
from Gross Winterbach?, Kurpfalz: (Koch35, Schmidt{Michael}38);
from Gunsbach, Kurpfalz: (Keller[Keller]1);
from Hattersheim, Kurmainz: (Hahn{Friedrich}18, Hesser11, Philipp33, Walter10, and possibly Jost11a and Leindecker33a);
from Hausen, Hessen-Kassel: (Gerlach20);
from Heimbach, Wuerttemberg: (Mueller{Herman}9);
from Heimerdingen, Wuerttemberg: (Hahn{Gottfried}23, and possibly Fritz23a);
from Hesseneck?, Kurmainz: (Werner8);
from Horn, Kurmainz: (Heinrich15);
from Ingelheim, Stein: (Walter{Maria Eva}75);
from Kaiserslautern: (Bohn13, Heisser14);
from Kaltenborn, Kurpfalz: (Bellmann42);
from Kamberg, Kurtz: (Pauly71);
from Kammerstein, Kurpfalz: (Job61);
from Kempton, Kurmainz: (Bleitz{Blaits}{Peter}29, {Adam}30);
from Kettenbach, Hesse-Kassel: (Burgholz43);
from koeln: (Spithof{Spaelder}61a);
from Koenigshofen, Nassau: (Gorgie41, and possibly Riegelhof41a);
from Kolheim?, Kurmainz: (Ulrich45);
from Konstanz: (Eklich63);
from Konz, Kurz: (Folop24);
from Kottenheim, Bassenheim: (Ebers22, Fischer{Nicolaus}16, {J.Heinrich}56, Rau21, and possibly Rauch22a, and Riegelhof16a);
from Kurmainz: (Jbel17);
from Kutonin?, Mainz: Acqua[Aqua]64;
from Laubenheim, Kurmainz: (Martin4, Philipp {Adam}5);
from Mainz: (Herwig[Herwig]50);
from Merzig, Kurtvrieter: (Hoffmann{Hof}37, and possibly Knapp37a);
from Milchenbach?, Westfalen: (Schulz60);
from Muehlenbach: (Klotz{Heinrich}53);
from Muenchen: (Hasselwanter62);
from Neulussheim, Kurmainz: (Leichner12);
from Nuernberg: (Holzer73);
from Oberhofen, Mainz: (Fetschinger40);
from Oberursel, Kurmainz: (Birsack{Biersack}{Johannes}58, {Philipp}72);
from Offenbach, Isenburg: (Mathius26);
from Oftersheim?, Kurmainz: (Gebhard6);
from Reifenberg, Bassenheim: (Brendel7, Fischer{Barbara}70, Waldschmidt68);
from Rothenbach, Kurmainz: (Diel{Johannes}51);
from Scheer?, Oesterreich: (Wenzel{Christian}44);
from Schlechtenwald?, Boehmen: (Heckmann?55);
from Schwassing-bei-Muehle, Boehmen: (Schindler65);
from Sponsheim?, Kurfalz: (Lemrich57 and possibly Kastell57a);
from Strassburg: (Girdwar36 and possibly Kloster{David}36a);
from Tumbaeh?, Kurtvrier: (Ochs25);
from Unknown: (Jserloh9a, Wenzel{Kaspar}74);
from Urlichstadt?, Darmstadt: (Muehlhaus{Muehhausen}54, and possibly Thomas{Konrad}54a);
from Villmar, Kurtvrier: (Schaf59, and possibly Brehn{Brehm}59a);
from Walensheim?, Wuerzburg: (Hahn{Kaspar}66);
from Welshofen?, Kurpfalz: (Scherer{Antonette}19, Schwarz69);
from Westhofen, Kurpfalz: (Scherer{Johannes}34).

KellergasseGL: an unidentified place said to be homeUC to the Steinmarck woman who married Schmidt{Matthias} (Mai&Marquardt#607).
KellermannFN: said by the Kano FSL to be fromUC Anhalt-Zerbst (no locality mentioned). For 1798 see Mai1798:Kn31.
Kellermann/Keltermann/Koehlermann{J.Georg}: married Wagner{Johanne M.} in Rosslau 9 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#935). KS138 has the wrong year: 1765. Later in 1766 Kellermann{Georg & Johanna M.} took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga, on which trip a daughter was born and died (T5677-5679). Not found in any available later source. They may be Koehlermann{Johann & Johanna} who with a year-old daughter had settled at Schuck FSL #15, he said to be from Sauh, Sachsen. Not found in Mai1798. KellfussFN: said by the Graf FSL to be fromUC Kahla, Sachsen. Later spelled Hellfuss and Delfuss (Mai1798:Gf41).

Kellhausen\textsuperscript{a}, Free Republic: said by the Walter FSL to be homeUC to a Kimmel family. The Walter Research Group identified this as Gelnhausen.

KellnerFN: see Kselner.
Kelier/Koeler/Kellner?FN: said by the Preuss FSL to be fromUC Kur Trier (no locality mentioned). Kelor?\textsuperscript{a}, Friedberg: an unidentified place said by the Kraft FSL to be homeUC to a Beckel family. Kelte?FN: said by the 1798 Schwed census to be the maiden name of frau Mueller{J.Heinrich} (Sw27). Kellermann: go to Keltermann.

Kelzhaua(\textsuperscript{a})\textsuperscript{a}, Kurpfalz: an unidentified place said by the Dobrinka FSL to be homeUC to a Schnieder and perhaps an Erlich family.

KemmernFN said by the Frank FSL to be fromUC Fahrt (?), Hannover.

Kembel/KempelFN {Konrad}: said by Kuhlberg3122 and the Huck FSL to be fromUC Isenburg (no locality mentioned; country not identified).

Kemberg(\textsuperscript{a})/Kimberg(\textsuperscript{a})GL: said by the Kratzke FSL to be homeUC to a Sommer family. It surely is the same place as the following entry. See also Keinberg.

Kemberg\textsuperscript{a}, [Kur]-Sachsen: is some 7 miles S of Wittenberg, Sachsen-Anhalt. Said by the Jost FSL to
be home to a Hein family. Said by the Lauwe FSL to be home to a Richter family.

Kemel, [Katzelnlbogen County, Hessen-Kassel Landgr.]: said by the Susannental FSL to be home to a Kemel family. Kuhlsberg said this was in Hessen.

Kemel, [Katzelnlbogen County, Hessen-Kassel Landgr.]: is 18 km NW of Weisbaden city and was said by the Susannental FSL to be home to Schmidt [Franz C., J. Peter, and J. Heinrich] families.

Kemer/Kaemmerer FN (Lorentz): from Mainz married Voecker [Catharina] 1 March 1766 (Mai & Marquardt #357). By 25 May 1767 with his wife [Katharina] age 28, and 2 Heinz orphans, [Franziska] 13 & [Magdalena] 10, children of the deceased [Johannes], he had settled at Goebel FSL #40, said to be from Grosserlach, Kurmainz. Later spelled Kaemmerer (Mai 1798: Gb 66).

Kemergel [Clara]: from Muenster, Riedesel [Barony] married Breninger [Johannes] in Friedberg 9 April 1766 (Mai & Marquardt #309). Not found in KS. Arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 (Kulberg 2027). Not found in T, in any published FSL, or in Mai 1798.

Kemet FN: said by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS: 671, 674, 327) to be from Ehrstaedt, Sinseim [Amt], Baden. Using FHL (1, 189, 149), the GCRA verified this origin, and that his wife had been a Stahl. See the GCRA book for more details. Also spelled Kemmet, Kimets and Kimmels (KS: 329).

Keminisch: see Gemmingen Knight’s Holding.

Kemmel FN: see Kimmel.

Kemmer FN: see Kemmer.

Kemmer: go to Kaemmerer.

Kemmerer: go to Kaemmerer.

Kemmerzelle FN, see Kammerzelle.

Kemmet FN: see Kemmet.

Kempel FN: three families said by the Moor FSL to be from Isenburg (no locality mentioned). The family name was spelled Kembel and one wife’s maiden name was given as Michel in 1798 (Mai 1798: Mo 38, 29).

Kempfl FN also see Kembel.

Kempf FN: said by the Preuss FSL to be from Oberhoechstadt, Mainz.

Kempf: also see Kaempf.

Kempten GL, Kurmainz: is likely Kempten, just barely NE of Bingen-am-Rhein, and said by the Keller FSL to be home to Bleitz [Peter], [Adam] families.

Kempten GL, Schwaben: this city is some 52 miles SW of Augsburg, Bavaria and said by the Boaro FSL to be home to a Gindein family.

Kenaer FN, see Kenner.

Kensch [Wendel]: was a god father at the 13 Oct 1765 Luebeck baptism of a daughter of Krus [E. Dorothea] and Weymer [J. Heinrich] (Mai & Marquardt #1345).

Kenel/Kenets [A. Catharina]: daughter of [J. Georg] from Walerode on 18 August 1766 in Schlitz married Binewald FN (Johannes) son of the late [Johannes] from Meiches (Mai & Marquardt #742, KS 165a). Not listed in Kulberg or in T. By August 1767 they were settled in Boaro FSL #130. Also spelled Binewald in 1798 when her maiden name is given, probably mistakenly, as Rael (Mai 1798: Mn 33), also see Bs 27 in 1798.

Kener FN: said by the Herzog FSL to be from Roding, [Kur-] Bayern. Later spelled Kenner and his wife’s maiden name is given as Erlich (Mai 1798: Hr 20).

Kener FN: the Norka FSL says this servant was living in a Helzer household from Hessen.

Kener/FNL: see Kenel.

Kengi FN, Holstein: an unidentified place said by the Enders FSL to be home to a Brant family and possibly to a Kelchner family.

Kengott FN: listed by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS: 672) as Frau Fischer without origin; the GCRA proved her origin in Reutlingen, Reutlingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg, using FHL 1, 596, 075; see their book for detail.

Kenner FN: said by the Bettinger FSL to be from Nußdorf. For 1798 perhaps see Mai 1798: Hr 20 and/or
Kenner: not found in an FSL but was in the 1775 Grimm census #78. For 1798 see Mai1798:Gm167.

Kerne: also see Kener and Kermer.

Kensch: a god father at the 13 Oct 1765 Luebeck baptism of a daughter of Kris and Weymer (Mai&Marquardt#1345). No further information.

Kerber: Lutheran from the Schleswig city, Schleswig Royal Duchy in May 1761. During 1763 he, his wife (Maria) and 2 children were freed to leave Denmark (EPP p.484). By July 1765 they had settled in Fischer FSL #20 which said he was from Berboe, Polen and said his Frau was from Lanzberg, Brandenburg. I could not find this family in the 1798 censuses.

Kerber: list by the 1816 Kassel census (#114) as missing with no origin given.

Kepel: said by the 1798 census to be the maiden name of Streb/Schreb's wife (Mai1798:Db12).

Kepel: list by the 1816 Kassel census (#114) as missing with no origin given. Later spelled Kerbel.

Kepen: said by the 1798 census to be the maiden name of Streb/Schreb's wife (Mai1798:Db12).

Kepen: later spelled Kerbel.

Kepen: list by the 1858 Neudorf census (#249) with no origin. The GCRA did not treat this family.,

Kepen: not found in an FSL but was in the 1775 Grimm census #50. Spelled Kirchner in 1798 (Mai1798:Gm12 and 58).

Kerebach: an unidentified place said by the Boregard FSL to be home to the Heck family. The 1798 Boregard census gives the wife's maiden name as Jordan (Mai1798:Bb28).

Kerecher: KS:82 and 136 say this party of 4 was from Stockholm and in 1764 was sent on to the Saratov area as part of the group of colonists transported under the command of Captain Paykul and Cornet Rehbinder. I have not found them in any published FSL.

Kergbolan(?), Nassa: an unidentified place said by the Kratzke FSL to be home to a Gross family.

Kergbolan(?): an unidentified place said by the the Scherbakovka FSL (Mai&Marquardt#556 version) to be home to a Wassermueller. Gieg1 says that Habitzeim must have been his home.

Kergbolan(?): also see Kirchberg.

Kerl: see Carl.

Kemicke: see Kermick.
Kern/Fern/Fern/Fern {Christoph}: said by the Urbach FSL #49 to be from UC Retzau. [Anhalt]-Dessau [Principality]. Spelled Kern? In 1770 (Mail798:Mv1770). Anhalt-Dessau records said he was born in Retzau and left for Russia from either Siebenhausen or Sollnitz (Mai&Marquardt#1099). In 1766 in Rosslau he married Seidenzahl [Margr.] (Mai&Marquardt#993).

Kermigk FN, his wife was said by the Urbach FSL #49 to be from UC Giebenhausen [sic for Siebenhausen]-bei-Retzau, [Anhalt-Dessau Principality]. At marriage in 1766 in Rosslau her maiden name was given as Seidenzahl (Mai&Marquardt#993).

Kermin FN: in 1766 in Rosslau she married Wagner {Sigmund} (Mai&Marquardt#1010); by 1768 the couple was in Urbach.

Kermin/Korn {A. Eleonore}: married Wagner {Siegmund} 12 June 1766 in Rosslau (Mai&Marquardt#1010). KS138 has Korn and the wrong year: 1765. Not found in Kulberg or in T. By 13 July 1767 this couple had settled at Urbach FSL #3, he said to be from Luedershausen-bi-Artlenburg. For 1798 see Mail798:Ur10.

Kermin FN: also see Kermigk.

Kern {Michael & Maria}: step-children of Schleuger {Heinrich} whose wife was {Elisabeth} (Balzer FSL #99a & 99).

Kern FN {Peter}: said by the Brabander FSL #2 to be from UC Stroumbach?, Wuerzburg [Bishopric]. For 1798 see Mail798:Bn28.

Kern FN {Georg}: said by 9th entry in the Stumpp supplement to the Dietel FSL to be from UC Pfalz (no locality indicated). For 1798 see Mail798:D9, 32, Br17.

Kerke/Fern/Fern/Fern {Johannes}: said by the Goebel FSL #35 to be from UC Schotten, Darmstadt. Later spelled Kerne (Mail798:Gb67).

Kern {Margaretha}: was the wife of Reiker {Johannes} Catholic of UC Neuweiler, Lothringen (Goebel FSL #37).

Kern FN {Katharina}: said by the Hildmann FSL #30a to be a widow in the Amrhein household.

Kern FN {A. Christina} according to a Luebeck ML this woman married Mueller {Jonas} 25 Aug 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#213). By 17 Aug 1767 this couple with a 5 day-old daughter had settled at Kano #37, he said to be from Ebergoetzen.

Kern FN: the GCRA believes this woman who is frau Knapp in the 1816 Kassel census (#75) may have come from UC Fischbach, Lemberg, Pirmasens [Amt], Rheinpfalz. See their book for more.

Kern FN {J. Caspar}: Lutheran, from UC the Hannoverian area having later lived on Bandenburgian arable land, arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal in May 1762. In April 1765 with his wife {Dorothea Catharina} and 2 children he was given permission to leave Denmark. Later they were registered in the church books of Neu-Saratowka colony near St. Petersburg (EEE p.471).

Kern FN {Heinrich}: said by the Norka FSL #146 to be from UC Hessen (no locality mentioned). For 1798 see Mail798:Nr20, 187 and 5.

Kern FN {Louisa}: the 1798 Norka census gives this as the maiden name of the wife of an Isenburger Dinges {Johannes} (Mail798:Nr181).

Kern FN {Cuniginde}: the 1798 Norka census gives this as the maiden name of the wife of Giebelhaus {Georg} (Mail798:Nr5).

Kern FN {Cuniginde}: the 1798 Norka census gives this as the maiden name of the wife of Amer/Hammer {Heinrich} (Mail798:Nr187).

Kern FN {Bartholomaeus}: said by the Seelmann FSL to be from UC Triberg, Schwarzwald. I did not locate them or any descendants in Mail798.

Kern {Baltasar}: said by Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been from UC Wohlau (Lk11). Not found in any FSL and I could not find them or any likely descendant associated with any Volga colony.

Kern {Conrad/Konrad}: married Peter {M. Amalia} 29 July 1766 in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#121). KS138 has {Konrad} & {Martha Amalie}. Die Luebecker Traulisten has {Konrad}. He, wife {Emilia} and 5 children arrived in Russia 13 Sept 1766, he said to be from UC Pfalz (Kulberg5903). Not found in any later source.

Kern {J. Heinrich}: KS138 says he was from Niederaula near Hersfeld. Not found in any available source.
Kernbach [Hessen-Kassel Landgraviate]: is some 6 miles NW of Marburg-an-der-Lahn, and said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home to a Mai family.

Kernberg?, Hezogtum Wurttemberg: an unidentified place said by the Rosenheim FSL to be home to Rabensterk or Rebernstern family.

KernerFN: see Kern.

KernerFN: said by the Boregard FSL to be from Delchenburg?. Spelled Koerner in 1798 (Mail1798:Ka34).

KernerFN: said by the Hildmann FSL to be from Leipa, Boehmen. Spelled Koerner in 1798 (Mail1798:Ld7).

Kerner/Karnaer/KennerFN: said by the Kamenka FSL to be from Wimmelbach/Wimelbach.

KernerFN: both the 1858 Kassel census (#227) and KS:328 said this family came from Ubstadt, Bruchsal [Amt]. Baden. Using FHL #1,336,992 the GCRA proved origin in Maubach, Backnang [Amt], Wurtemberg. See their book for more. Better spelled Koerner.

KernerFN: said by the Lauwe FSL to be a step-son living in the Schatz household. This would imply that frau Schatz was formerly frau Kerner. In 1798 the family name was given as Koerner and Geringer (Mail1798:Lw8).

KernerPeter: a son of ZellerCatharina (EEE p.652). Was with his mother in Denmark, but has not been found in any published Volga FSL.

Kerner: KS138 says he went to Stahl.

KernicheChristoph Jeremias: go to Kernigk.

Kerpe?, Gockelm?: an unidentified place said by the Dehler FSL to be home to a Kroneberger family.

Kersary, Nassau: an unidentified place said by the Bauer FSL to be home to a Schlund family. It might be the place from which Schlund started his journey to Russia, but he evidently was born in Obrigheim-bei-Gruenstadt.

Kersbach?, Bamberg [Bishopric]: said by the Leitsinger FSL to be home to Dedzor and Raab families. Kersbach, Bamberg Bishopric was 16 miles SSE of Bamberg city.

KerschbaumFN: see Kirschbaum.

Kerschvelt/Kerschwald/KirscheltGersfeld [Freie Adelprovinz der alten Ritter]: said by the Walter FSL to be home to Bartelmei, Bartolmei, Bartolomei, Burkhart, Kammerzell, Limpert, Ofman, and Streck families. The Buedingen ML includes one of these men saying he was from Gersfeld. The Walter Research Project also has identified Kerschvelt as Gersfeld, Hessen.

Kerschwald, Freie Adelprovinz der alten Ritter: Evidently a variation of Kerschvelt.

Kersdorf [Freie Adelprovinz der alten Ritter]: an unidentified place said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home to a Sittig family. This probably is was 39 miles ESE of Berlin city centre, in Kurbrandenburg.

KerstJohann+w: Kulberg50 said they were from Schoeningen. Not found in T or in any published FSL.

Kersten: go to Karst/Kersten.

KersterFN: said by the Warenburg FSL to be from Neustadt, [Kur]-Sachsen. I could not find them in Mai1798.

KersterFN: also see Gerstner.

Kersten: go to Gersten.

Kerting [J.Christoph]: married Berger [Catharina Magdalena] in Rossau on 16 June 1766 (Mail1798:Marquardt1014 & KS138). Not found in Kulberg, T or in any published FSL.

KertzingerFN: according to the Goebel FSL this was the maiden name of Ancre (from Danzig)’s wife.

Kervel?[Freie Adelprovinz der alten Ritter]: an unidentified place said by the Volmer FSL to be home to a Stohr family.

KervenheimGL, Wuerzburg: an unidentified place said by the Goebel FSL to be home to Popp and Regard families. The only Kervenheim I can find is in North Rhine-Westphalia, some 27 miles SE of Arnhem.

Kerzenheim [Nassau-Weilburg Principality]: is some 12 miles SSW of Alzey city, and said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home to a Heinrich family. Said by the Recruiter Beauregard list (Lk107) to have been home to the MullerJ.Heinrich family who may have been Wittmann first settlers.
Kesbach \(^{\text{FL}}\), Franken: an unidentified place said by the Warenburg FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) to a Fertig family.

Keserlank \(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Altenfeld. Spelled Kesslering and Kessler in 1798 (Mai1798: Hm03).

Kessisch/Kefuescher \(^{\text{FN}}\){Ellisabeth}: married Lutz\(^{\text{FN}}\){Michael} in Rosslau 22 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt\#988 & KS144). KS138 has her name as Kefuescher and the date incorrectly as 1765. On 14 Sep 1766 Lutz\(^{\text{FN}}\){Michael & Elisabeth} with no children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Nuernburg (Kulberg5639). Not found in T. By 1767 Lutz, with wife \({\text{Susanna}}\) and an infant was settled at Frank FSL #76, he said to be from Nuernburg. In 1798 Lutz and his Wagner wife \({\text{Christina}}\) were living in Frank with 3 children (Mai1798:Fk07).

Keskell \(^{\text{FN}}\){Michael}: said by the Boaro FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Westerburg. I could find neither him nor his wife in any later Volga census.

Keskell/Kekse\(^{\text{FN}}\){Adam/J.Adam}: Corina Hirt using LDS Film \#1340476 found he was a brother, or other near relative, of \{J.Matthias\} born about 1704 and married Grimmel/Kruemmel\{A.Maria\} in Westerburg 12 Nov 1737. On 15 Sept 1766 with wife \{Anna\} and six children Keskell arrived in Russia, no origin suggested (Kulberg7267). By 17 Aug 1767 this Keskell couple with five children had settled at Kano FSL #108, he said to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Westerburg. Also by 17 Aug 1767 son \{J.Matthias\} and wife \{Sophia\} had settled at Orlovskaya FSL #36, by 1798 son \{J.Heinrich\} has married and died, and his widow and children, including a recently married son are, living in Kano FSL #109, he said to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Westerburg. At roughly the same time he had a son who had settled at Orlovskaya FSL #36 and another at Nieder Monjou FSL #181. Apparently \{J.Matthias\} and his son \{Wilhelm Anthon\} had died prior to the 1798 census. In 1772 son \{J.Christoph\} married in Hockerberg (no available FSL) and was still living there in 1798 (Mai1798:Mv2126, Hb10). I have found no information regarding son \{J.Friedrich\} after the Kano FSL. By 1780 son \{J.Heinrich\} has married and died, and his widow and children, including a recently married son are, living in Boaro (Mai1798:Mv587, Bx31). In 1783 son \{J.Adam\} moved from Kano to Fischer where he still was living in 1798 (Mai1798:Mv307, Bx05). In 1773 daughter \{M.Katharina\} moved from Kano to Meinhard where she married and was still living in 1798 (Mai1798:Mv282, Mn06).

Keskell\(^{\text{FN}}\){J.Friedrich}: said (no locality mentioned) by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Insterburg?. I could not find this man nor his descendants in the 1798 censuses.

Keskell\(^{\text{FN}}\){J.Mattias}: said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Wetterburg. I could not find this family in the 1798 censuses.

Kesler: go to Keslerz.

Kesner\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Wuerzburg no locality indicated.

Kess\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Kraft FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Kestrich.

Kess\(^{\text{FN}}\): also see Kaus.

Kessel\(^{\text{FN}}\): said (no locality mentioned) by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Luebeck. I could not find this family in the 1798 censuses.

Kesfeld\(^{\text{FN}}\){Gerdrut}\: from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Lydecen married Weitzel\{Christoph\} 24 May 1766 in Buedingen (Mai & Marquardt \#662 & KS138). On 28 Aug 1766 Wenzel\{Christoph & Gertruda\} with no children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg5169). Later in 1766 \{Christoph & Gerdruta\} took transport from Oranienbaum to Saratov, during which trip he died (T17-18).
Ruth Schultz found this widow listed in the Norka FSL #178 as the then wife of Kuch [Lorenz], in the 1775 Norka census #194 as wife of Kunz [Lorenz], and in the 1798 census #204 as the wife of Kuhn [Lorenz] (Mail1798: Nr204).

Kesselbach:\cite{Kisi}: see Kisi.
Kesselring:\cite{FN}: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from UC Orb. I could not find this man in the 1798 censuses.
Kesselmuehle:\cite{GL}: see Ketzeman and Kessemich.
Kessemich:\cite{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home UC to a Klotzbach family. This may be Kessenich, some 21 miles NNE of Maastricht city or a neighborhood must S of Bonn city. There apparently was a Kesselmuehle not far from Katzenelnbogen and Klingelbach in Katzenelnbogen County, which in turn was a subsidiary of Hessen-Kassel Landgraviate.
Kessenhausen?: [Kur-]Trier: an unidentified place said by the Dehler FSL to be home UC to a Lintze family.
Kessler\cite{J.Stephan}: see Kesslering \cite{FN} of Biberstein and Luzern.
Kessler\cite{FN}: \cite{Heinrich, Jakob, Peter}: incorrectly listed as coming to Glueckstal from UC Roetzweiler. Birkenfeld [Amt] by KS:328, incorrectly in the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:671, 674) as Keller from UC Leimersheim, Germersheim [Amt], Pfalz, and incorrectly by KS:327 as Keller from UC Mother, Seltz [Amt], Elsass. Using FHL(1,457,590) the GCRA proved origin in Lohnsfeld, Kaiserslautern [Amt], Rheinpfalz. The GCRA also found evidence that the family came through South Prussia sometime between 1801 and 1808. See their book for more detail.
Kessler\cite{FN}: said by the Kamenka FSL to be from UC Koenigshofen.
Kessler\cite{FN}: said by the Louis FSL to be from UC Schwaben, while his wife was said to be from UC Saargemuend, Lothringen. In 1798 her maiden name was given as Lich (Mail1798: Ls52).
Kessler\cite{FN}: the 1798 Mariental census gives this as the maiden name of Frau Mueller (Mais1798: Mt80). According to the Mariental FSL she was from UC Busendorf, Frankreich and her first husband was a Risch.
Kessler\cite{FN}: said by the Norka FSL to be from UC Hessen (no locality mentioned).
Kessler\cite{FN}: said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be from UC Neukirchen, [Nassau-Weilburg Principality]. For 1798 see Mail1798: Om73, Lz14, Sn46.
Kessler\cite{FN}: said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be from UC Zoellnitz. The family name was spelled Kessler in 1798 (Mail1798: Or41).
Kessler\cite{FN}: said by the Warenburg FSL to be from UC Schmiedeberg. I could not find them in Mail1798.
Kessler/Kessler: Anhalt-Dessau archival records report that she was wife to Schwartzkopf {Christoph} who left Dessau for Russia in 1766 (Mai\&Marquardt#1156). KS157 has {Christian} and Kessler. Not found in any later source.
Kessler/Kessler/Kessler: {Heinrich}: Anhalt-Dessau archival records say he was from Sollnitz and left for Russia with a wife and 3 children (Mai\&Marquardt#1100 & KS132). On 4 July 1766 Kessler arrived in Russia with wife {Dorothea} and one child, he said he was from UC Dessau (Kulberg127). Later in 1766 this Kessler couple with one child took transport in Oranienbaim for the Volga (T5392-5394). KS138 has Kessler and from UC Sollnitz to Dehler. Not found in any published FSL.
Kessler: KS138 says he was from UC Retzau, Dessau. Not identified in any other source.
Kessler\cite{FN}: also see Hessler, Kessler and Keslerank.
Kesslering\cite{J.Stephan}: said by the Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been from UC Suhl, [Kursachsen] and to have moved to Biberstein in 1768 (Lk148), which if he made it should make him a Biberstein first settler. For 1677 see T1213. Spelled Kessler in 1798 (Mail1798: Ls14).
Kesslering\cite{FN}: also see Keslerank.
Kesten/Kist\cite{Heinrich+w+3kids}: Kulberg4 said they were from UC Nassau-Saarbruecken and went to Lavonia.
Kesten: an unidentified place said by Kulberg40 to be home UC to Paul {Johann+w}.
Kestenho\cite{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Brabander FSL to be home UC to a Weber {Peter} family.
Kestle/Gerstle\cite{FN}: Johannes: Danish records say this man left UC Wuerttemberg arriving at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in April 1762; he, his wife Scheible {A.Maria}, and 2 offspring lived at #6 in Colony T4 “Sophienthal”, Todern Amt; a son was born to them in Brauderup, Tondern.
Ketternschwalbach, Kevelia/Kewel, Keuzker, Keszi, Ketternheim, Kettler, Keszler, Kestrich, Keter, Kuhlberg said this was in Ludwigsburg Oberamt. Also see Wennigsen.

Kettig: see Goettich and Grosch.

Kettenbach: an unidentified place said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home to a Bunder family. Kuhlberg said this was in Runkel. Kettenbach, [Katzeneilibnog Co], Hesse-Kassel: is some 13 miles NNW of Wiesbaden city, and said by the Keller FSL to be home to a Burgholz family.

Kettenheim: see Kottenheim.

Ketter/Keter: said by the Kano FSL to be from Friedland. Spelled Keter? in 1798 and the wife’s maiden name was give as Los (Mai1798:Zr09). Not found in KS.

Ketter: M.Elisabeth: according to the FSL to be home to a Ketter family. I could not find this place in the Germanies. Kuhlberg said this was in Katzenelnbogen County. A source said it was near Alsfeld (Mai&Marsquardt#352). KS147 also says it was near Alsfeld.

Ketich: see Bulkess.

Keskel: go to Kessler.

Ketek: said by the Jost FSL to be the betrothed of Herr Schleicher and living in his household. I could not find the Ketek family name in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Keter: see Ketter.

Kettich: see Goettich and Grosch.

Kettenbach: an unidentified place said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home to a Bunder family. Kuhlberg said this was in Runkel. Kettenbach, [Katzeneilibnog Co], Hesse-Kassel: is some 13 miles NNW of Wiesbaden city, and said by the Keller FSL to be home to a Burgholz family.

Kettenheim: see Kottenheim.

Kettering: said by the Kassel 1816 census and KS:328 to be from Doerrenbach [Amt], Bergzabern [Oberamt], Pfalz. Proved by the GCRA to be from Oberrotterbach in that Amt.

Kettenmark, Nassau-Usingen [Principality]: is 22 km NNW of Wiesbaden city and was said by the Straub FSL to be home to the Baecker {Matthias} and Mueller {Friedrich} families, and possibly Keller and Steinmetz families as well.

Kettler: said by the Kamenka FSL to be from Schwalbach.

Kettner: said by the 1816 Neudorf census (#116) to be from the Warsaw Duchy and listed by KS:328 with no origin. The GCRA believes they were from West Prussia but have been unable to prove where. Also spelled Kettle. See the GCRA book for a bit more.

Kettler, also see Kittler.

Kettig: [Werden Imperial Abbey]: is some 6 miles SW of Essen city, and was said by the Boregard FSL to be home to the Doenhof family.

Ketzeman: an unidentified place said by the Phillipsfeld FSL to home to a Goebel family. I could not find this place in the Germanies. There also was a Kesselmuhle not far from Katzenelnbogen and Klingelbach in Katzenelnbogen County, a subsidiary of Hessen-Kassel Landgraviate.

Ketzman: an unidentified place said by the Phillipsfeld FSL to home to a Klotzbach family. I could not find this place in the Germanies. Kuhlberg said this was in Hessen.

Keeler: using FHL#1055,844 the GCRA proved that the home of the parents of a woman who married a Schaible in Glueckstal was Kirchheim-am-Neckar, Heilbronn or Besigheim [Amt], Ludwigsburg Oberamt, Wuerttemberg. Also spelled Kaierleber.

Keuzker: go to Ketzker.

Kevelia/Kewel: died before the FSL was organized, by that time his widow {Elisabeth} had remarried to Schiper/Schipper {Michael} Stahl-am-Karaman FSL (#40 and 40a). {Elisabeth} very likely was from Dienheim like her reported 2nd husband was said to be.

Kewel: see Kevelia.

Kexel: go to Keskel.

Keyser {Margaretha}: from the Darmstadt Landgraviate she married 10 June 1766 Walter {Joost} from the Wetterau (Mai&Marsquardt#242). They then moved to Luebeck.

Keyser {Dorothea}: from Eckhausen in Luebeck she on 17 May 1766 married Mueller.
{J.Wilhelm}; later this couple went to Stahl-am-Karman FSL #20 (Mai&Marquardt#221).

Keyser {M.Magdalena}: daughter of {Andreas} born about 1719 near Doerenbach where she married Lamgolf {Georg} on 16 Feb 1740 before she died there in 1766.

Keytmann FN: said by the Brabander FSL to be from UC Kleinfeld, Kleve. Spelled Keitman in 1798 (Mai1798:Bn03).

Khauri FN, see Goury.

Khristak? {Erdmann} FN: he is mentioned in Rosenheim in 1798 and his widow is listed there (Rm2 and 3) but I cannot find them in any FSL.