A word in bold indicates there is another entry regarding that word or phrase. Click on the bold word or phrase to go to that other entry. Red text calls attention to information for which verification is completed or well underway.

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Li-Lzz last updated 01 May 2015

Libau, Kurland [Duchy]: (now Liepaja, Latvia) was 176 miles NE of Gdansk, and said by the Galka FSL to be homeUC to a Frank{Andreas} family. Said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be homeUC to a Westmann family. In 1795 Kurland was annexed to Russia … much later on Libau, a deep-water port there, became a major exit point for Germans leaving for Russia.

Libhardt{FN}: see Liphart.
Libich: go to Lebich.
Libie{FN}: said by the Koehler FSL to be fromUC Ewo, Frankreich. I could not find this family name in the 1798 censuses.
Libus: go to Bibus.
Lich and Licht{FN}: both interfiled here.
Lich{FN}: In 1798 the maiden name of frau Kessler was given as Lich (Mai1798: Ls52). She was said by the Louis FSL to be fromUC Saargemund, Lothringen.
Licht/Lieders{Friedrich}: Kulberg3 said he was single fromUC Rastenberg and went to Livonia.
Licht/Lich{FN}: the Kutter FSL gives three Licht orphans living alternately in the Lohrey and Loos households, both of which are listed as coming fromUC Isenburg. KS143 says Lich was from Leisenwald near Gelnhausen. Doreen Connelly has a German document which proves that all three Lich siblings were born in Leisenwald, Isenburg[-Waechtersbach County], where their parents were married, and that the Lohreys and Loos were relatives.
Lich{GL}, Solms: is some 7 miles SE of Giessen, Hessen, and said by the Kraft FSL to be homeUC to a Schneider family. Said by the Krasnoyar FSL to be homeUC to Bender and Roemer/Roehmer families.
Lichbach{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be homeUC to a Schmidt{Peter} family. Kuhlberg said this was in Hessen.
Lichner: Anhalt-Dessau archives record that he left Dessau with wife and 4 children (Mai&Marquardt#1114 & KS143). Found in no later source.
Lichtenberg, [Hessen]-Darmstadt [Landgraviate]: is 16 km SE of Darmstadt city centre and was said by the Straub FSL to be homeUC to a Bosler family. See Lichtenberg{GS} just below:
Lichtenberg{GL}, nka Thallichtenberg and until 1797 was a Kreis or district administrative center for the Pfalz-Zweibruechen Duchy. It is 32 km NW of Kaiserslautern city.
Lichtenberg, [Pfalz]-Zweibrucken [Duchy]: Said by the Warenburg FSL to be homeUC to Bier and Hess families. Same place as the preceding entry.
Lichtenberg{GS}: this was an independent County until 1736 when it was absorbed by Hessen-Darmstadt. Its seat probably was the town of Lichtenberg, Hessen, some 10 miles SE of Darmstadt city. See Darmstadt-Lichtenberg.
Lichtenberger/Lichtenberg{FN}{Christoph/J.Christof}3: {J.Christof}, with his Weber wife {A.Marg} and 2 others left Fraenkisch-Crumbach for Russia in May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#1270). Said by
the Walter FSL #42 to be from UC Krofdorf-Gleiberg, Hessen-Darmstadt County. Frankenisch Crumbach parish records say this man, the son of a Jaegersburg district official married in 1766 Weber {A.Margaretha} (Mai&Marquardt#750). Ella Gieg found that {J.Christoph, wife A.Margaretha} (Weber) and the wife’s two sisters left Frankenisch-Crumbach in 1766 for Russia; in the Walter 1798 census, this wife, now widowed and remarried was in household Wt96 along with two Lichtenberger sons (Gieg1) (KS143). Also see Weber, J. Leonhard.

Lichtenhausen GL, Franken: an unidentified place said by the Goebel FSL to be home UC to a Getterich and possibly a Seifert family.

Lichtenstein FN: said by the Paulskaya FSL to be from UC Ellbrunn?. According to the 1798 Wittman census, frau Lichtenstein’s maiden name was Koenig (Mai1798:Wm27).

Lichtentaler FN: this family name was found recorded in Kirburg marriage records 1762-1767; see Fegel trip

Lichtenwald/Lichtenwaller FN {J.Hinrich/Heinrich}: Using Friedrichstal Church records, which are written in a combination of French, Latin and German, Hugh Lichtenwald found Doenhof first settler Heinrich Conrad Lichtenwald’s baptism there dated 7 Sept. 1740. He also found that his father {J.Hinrich} moved to this place in the Baden-Durlach Margraviate from Freudenhofen, Brandenburg Margraviate where he had married L’Oiseau {Marie Margurite}. EEE p.503 said {J.Hinrich the father} was Lutheran from Baden-Durlach Margraviate who arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in July 1761, after which his wife died, and in June 1763 with his 9 children he deserted Denmark. By June 1767 {Hinrich Conrad the son} had settled in Doenhof FSL #92.

Lichter FN: see Richter.

Lichtner FN: see Leichner.

Lick FN {Catharina/Katharina}: according to a Rosslau ML the Schoenberger man who went to Louis married her 28 May 1765 (Mai&Marquardt:843). KS156 has {Katharina}. By 1798 his wife’s maiden name is given as Herr (Mai1798:Hr28).

Lick FN: said by the Louis FSL to be from UC Saargemuend, Lothingen.

Lickie FN: go to Leigue.

Lickstadt GL, Brandenburg: see Lueckstedt.

Liques?, Frankreich: is 80 km WNW of Lille city, and said said by the Stahl-am-Tarlyk FSL to be home UC to the Baret family.

Liebau GL, Sachsen: an unidentified place said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home UC to a Bartel family. This probably is Liebau, Saxony some 17 miles SW of Zwickau city.

Liebau, Schlesien: probably nka Lubawka, Poland 53 miles SW of Breslau, and said by the Cheisol FSL to be home UC to Kaspar and Berns/Bern/Behrens families.

Liebenzell, Calv [Amt], Wuerttemberg: nka Bad Liebenzell, was proven by the GCRA as home to the Stahl woman who was frau Kemmet of Glueckstal. Same place as the following entry, except 40 years later.

Liebenzell?, Wuerttemberg [Duchy]: nka Bad Liebenzell, is 8 miles S of Pforzheim. Said by the Reinwald FSL to be home UC to the Guenter (Georg) and Legler families.

Lieber FN: said (no locality mentioned) by the Boregard FSL to be from UC Rumstadt. Spelled Liebert in 1798 (Mai1798:Mv189).

Lieber FN: said by the Straub FSL to be from UC Kircheim, Nassau-Weilburg [Principality]. I did not find him or any descendants in Mai1798.

Lieber FN: said by the Susmannatal FSL to be from UC Troa?. For 1798 see Mai1798:Ss19.

Lieber FN: possible early settlers of Zuerich said to be from UC Gerbach, [Falkenstein Duchy] (Lk32). For 1783 see Mai1798:Mv3083.

Lieber FN: see Lieber.

Liebich FN: see Liebig.

Liebig FN: listed in the 1816 Kassel census (#41) and in KS:357 without origin. Also spelled Liebich. The GCRA believes that they may originate UC in Silesia. See their book for more.

Liebling GL, Banat: is now in Romania 68 miles NE of Belgrade, and said by KS:477 to be home UC to Weber FN {Christian} said to have married UC a Bauer woman in Glueckstal.

Liebloch, Menoholtz, Bonner found this given in their Huettengesas marriage record as the home of Frau
Rohrich (nee Schmick) of Balzer. I think this was Lieblos, Isenburg-Meerholz County.

Lieblos\textsuperscript{GL}, [Isenburg-Meerholz County]: is 2 miles WNW of Gelnhausen city. Bonner guessed that the Goetz woman who married the Schleucht/Schlegel man in Luebeck and settled in Balzer (FSL #101) may have been born here. Said by the Buedingen ML to be home to a Reuther family whose adopted daughter married in 1766 a Wagner man; by 1767 the couple was in Kutter; Stumpf says Lieblos is near Gelnhausen (Mai&Marquardt #534). Said by the Buedingen ML to be home to Goetz [A, Margaretha] who married in Buedingen 26 May 1766 Weisheim (Hieronymus) (Mai&Marquardt #667).

Lieblos\textsuperscript{GL}, Isenburg[-Meerholz County]: said by the Kraft FSL to be home to a Betz family. The same place as the previous entry.

Liebrecht: go to Liebrecht.

Lebrecht\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Husaren FSL to be from Boznowice, Oesterreich. I could not find these people in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Liebrecht (Catharina E.): said by the 1798 census to be the maiden name of frau Praeger originally of Urbach #33 (Mai1798: Sk1). This woman married a Berger [later Preger/Praeger] [Erdmann] on 8 April 1766 in Rosslau (Mai&Marquardt #913 & KS121); by 1768 this couple was in Urbach #33.

Liebrecht/Liebkecht\textsuperscript{FN} (J. Heinrich): married Siebert [Christiane] 9 April 1766 in Rosslau (Mai&Marquardt #924). KS142 has Liebkecht, {M. Sophia Kath. Elis. & Christiana}, and the wrong year: 1765. KS158 has {Christiana}. Found in no later source.

Liebricht (M. Sophia): married in Rosslau 10 April 1766 Schumann [Gottlieb] (Mai&Marquardt #922). KS157 had the wrong year: 1765. On 8 Aug 1766 {Gottlieb & Sophia} arrived in Russia, he said to be from Brandenburg (Kulberg 2911). Not found in any later source.

Liebstadt\textsuperscript{GL}, Preussen: said by the Koehler FSL to be home to a Mueller family. This may have been Liebstadt, now Milakowo in Poland some 29 miles SE of Elbang.

Lieder\textsuperscript{FN}: said by both the Pleve and the Kromm versions of the Jagodnaja Poljana FSL to be from Fulda (no locality mentioned).

Lieder\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Straub FSL to be from Friedrichstadt?, [Kur-]Sachsen. For 1798 see Mai1798: Lb33 and Sr53.

Lieder (J. Jost): KS141 says he was from Jessig (or Reisen?) and went to Boaro. No further information on him found.

Lieder\textsuperscript{FN}: see also Lieders.

Lieders/Lieder\textsuperscript{FN} (J. Detlef, Carl, Caroludwig, Joachim, Sophia): these stepchildren on 3 Aug 1767 were at Boaro FSL #81a living in the household of an Arnst family that was from Gonna, Mecklenburg. Mentioned in KS143. Spelled Lieder in 1783, 1795, and 1798 (Mai1798: Mv302, Mv334, Bx1, Bx12, Pl31, Rm06).

Lieders\textsuperscript{FN} (Friedrich): said by the Dreispitz FSL #8 to be from Erfurt, Thueringen.

Lieders: also see Licht.

Liedicke (M. Elisabeth): married an Agner man in 1766 in Rosslau (Mai&Marquardt #885) KS118 & 143 have Liedecke and Liedicke {M. Elisab/M. Elis.} and the wrong year: 1765. No further information found.

Liedle\textsuperscript{FN}: listed by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS: 357) to be from Brackenheim, Brackenheim [Amt], Wuerttemberg. This origin was proved by the GCRA using FHL 1,184,720-4; see their book for detail. Also spelled Luithie (KS: 361).

Lieг\textsuperscript{GS}, Hessen-Darmstadt County: an unidentified place, said by the Walter FSL to be home to a Walter family.

Lieг\textsuperscript{GS}: said by the Goebel FSL to be home to a Berin family; no separate origin is given for frau Berin whose maiden name according to the 1798 census was Frei (Mai1798: Gb23). Said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be home to a Strauss family. There was a Liega in Kursachsen some 18 miles N of Dresden city.

Lieг\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Reinhard FSL to be from Rathenow, [Kur-]Brandenburg. I could not find them in Mai1798.

Liege [Bishopric]\textsuperscript{GS}: aka Luettich; now in Belgium, this was an independent state, a Prince-Bishopric. Said (no locality mentioned) by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home to Berlatz, Delhopp.
Grigorius, Jacqnet, and probably Varnotte, and possibly Vertott families. Said by Richard McGregor to have been home to the Major family that ended up in Grimm before they fled the French army invasion about 1672.

Liege, Lebrand?: said by the Franzosen FSL to be home to a Roufosse family. Liege itself was a country, a Bishopric; the “Lebrand” may refer to the martyred bishop Lambert who was like a patron saint of Liege.

Liege, Likaland?: said by the Franzosen FSL to be home to a Roufosse family. Liege itself was a country, a Bishopric; the “Likaland” may have been a reference to the martyred bishop Lambert who was like a patron saint of Liege.

Liegnetz: an unidentified place said by Kulberg to be home to a Mummer family.

Liehr: see Lir.

Lienenberger: go to Linenbergen.

Liepe?: Preussen: said by the Enders FSL to be home to frau Ming. This might be one of two places of this name in present-day Mecklenburg-Vorpommern both near the current Polish border.

Lies: said by the Phillipsfeld FSL to be from Hirschfeld. The maiden name of frau Lies was given in 1798 as Heidt (Mai1798:Pp6). That might have been Held?

Liesborg, Hesse-Darmstadt County: said by the Walter FSL to be home to a Benzel family. This place has been identified by the Walter Research Group as Lissberg, Hessen.

Lieser, Trier: is some 20 miles NW of Trier and said by the Rothammel FSL to be home to a Maurer family.

Lieter?: see Lither.

Lieter?: may have been the offspring of an early Zurich settler family. In 1798 he was said to be from Zurich (Mai1798:Ka105) –but the family name does not appear in the Katharinenstadt FSL and he himself is too young to be in a FSL.

Lieve?: Sachsen: an unidentified place said by the Dobrinka FSL to be home to a Relke family.

Liezo: see Luft.

Lifland: is German for Latvia; sometimes spelled Livland.

Ligene: said by the Franzosen FSL to be from Belleme, Frankreich. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Likaland?: see Liege.

Lilienthal: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from Hanstein.

Lil?: said (no locality mentioned) by the Boregard FSL to be from Bamberg. This may have been Lehl. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Lille: go to de Lille.

Lille, Flanders: is now in the French state of Nord-pas-de-calais, some 56 miles WSW of Brussels, and said by Buedingen church records to be home to a Legai family; by 1767 this family was in Norka (Mai&Marquardt#1210a). Said by KS151 to be home to a Stueben(-elm). Go to de Lille.

Limbach: said by the Leitsinger FSL to be from Schesslitz. Bamberg [Bishopric] with a Schwerlup step-son in the household. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Limburg, Hessen: is some 32 miles NW of Frankfurt-am-Main, and some 23 miles NNW of Wiesbaden, Hesse.

Limmer: see Lammer.

Limpert: said by the Walter FSL to be from Kerschvelt. Freie Adelprovinz der alten Ritter. Also spelled Lembert.

Limpurg County: seated 26 miles ESE of Heilbronn city at Gaildorf with territories radiating out from their and then scattered pockets of territory on and near the Main River near Ochsenfurt. See Eschach.

Linck: see Linz.
Lindena\textsuperscript{F}: according to the Doenhof FSL he was a step-son in a Strauch household from Darmstadt.

Linde\textsuperscript{F}: said by the Kraft FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Lierbart\textsuperscript{a}. Also spelled Lindt.

Linda, Oesterreich: an unidentified place said by the Galka FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Bauer family. There are at least 8 Linds in Austria.

Lindach\textsuperscript{GG}: Gmund Oberamt, Wuertemberg: is some 2 miles NNE of Swabisch Gmuend, and was home to a Wahl family that settled in Hoffnungstal, Bessarabia.

Lindach\textsuperscript{F}: said by the Schulz FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Tornitz\textsuperscript{a}, [Kur-\textsuperscript{-Sachsen}. They surely had died prior to the 1798 Volga censuses.

Lindau\textsuperscript{GL}: (no other locality given) by the the Rohleder FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Herr Frank. This most likely was the Imperial City, see below.

Lindau\textsuperscript{GL}, Anhalt-Zerbst: is some 4 miles N of Zerbst city, said by the Jost FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Gine family.

Lindau Imperial City\textsuperscript{GG}: its territory surrounded the city which is near the SE end of Lake Constance and extended N and even further NE.

Linde\textsuperscript{F}: said by the Holstein FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Gi?pro (?). This FSL entry lists the given names but not the family names of his Geinitz step-children, and does not mention that they are step-children. Their family names are revealed in the 1798 Holstein census, households 5 and 46.

Lindegruen\textsuperscript{[Konrad]}: KS143 says he left Umgebung v. Hamburg heading for Stahl. Not found in any later source.

Lindeman\textsuperscript{F}: said by the Paulskaya FSL to be an orphan boy living in the Schneider household.

Linden\textsuperscript{F}[Heinrich]: from\textsuperscript{UC} Speck, Staffert Unteramt, Karlsruhe Oberamt, Baden-Durlach. Margraviate, arrived at Schleswig city, Schleswig Royal Duchy in May 1761. In 1764 with wife {Sibilla} and 2 daughters he fled Denmark. Before 1775 they had settled in Grimm (1775 census #24) (EEp p.504).

Linden\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Schwab FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Reinhardt family. There were at least 44 Lindens in the Germanies!

Linden\textsuperscript{GL}, Isenburg [?]: Bonner proved this was Linheim, [Friedberg Imperial City?]

Lindenauf, [Kur-\textsuperscript{-Sachsen}: is 16.5 km SSE of Zwickau city and said by the Jost FSL (#57) to be home to Meier (J.Christoph) who married Goldhorn (M.Elisabeth) and settled in Jost (FSL #57).

Lindenberg [sic], Stolberg: an unidentified place said by the Schulz FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Fleischer, Gross (Jacob), {Johannes}, and Lerg (J.Henrich) and {Johannes} families. There were 20-some Lindenberg\text{er}s in the German-speaking lands, and none seemed to be in any Stolberg country. Given the Buedingen information on Lech (J.Henrich) it is most likely that these people were from no Lindenberg, but instead were from\textsuperscript{UC} Hirtzehayn, [Stolberg-Gedern County].

Lindenfels\textsuperscript{GL}, Kurfalz: now Lindenfels, Hesse, some 14 miles SE of Darmstadt city and 15 km WNW of Erbach city. Said by the Buedingen ML to be home to Launert (Nicolaus) {Mai\textsuperscript{a}Marquardt\#705}.

Lindenfels Oberamt\textsuperscript{GL}, Kurfalz: was the district which included the town of Lindenfels and the surrounding villages, and said by the Anton FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Johann, Kraemer, Oxt, Reth, and Rotharmel/Rothfel\text{eri} families.

Lindenhahnen [Zacharias]: Anhalt-Dessau archival materials say he left for Russia from Oranienbaum in 1766 (Mai\textsuperscript{a}Marquardt\#1115 KS143) No further information.

Linder\textsuperscript{F}: see Lindner.

Lindheim\textsuperscript{GL}, [Staden Ganerschaft]: was 6 miles WSW of Buedingen and 10 miles ESE of Friedberg city, on the border with Isenburg-Buedingen County, and was said by of the Balzer FSL to home to a Leichner family. Bonner proved this was where the Leichner couple that went to Balzer married, as well as where the wife (nee Bauer) and some of their children were baptized, whereas their marriage record said the Leichner man came from\textsuperscript{UC} Hainchen. Bonner; he also found that the May couple who settled in Balzer married in Lindheim, [Staden Ganerschaft] in 1766, the bride being a Krimp\textsuperscript{a} woman. Bonner also proved that the two Weisheim brothers, {Christian} and {Peter}, who settled in Galka (FSL #53 and 54) were baptized here. Said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Schmidt {J.Peter} family.

Lindheim\textsuperscript{GL}, Hessenburg(?): said by the Kolb FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to an Adam family. This most likely was
the same as the previous entry.

**Lindemann**[^1]: see **Landmann**.

**Lindner**[^1]: said by the Hoelzel FSL to be from [UC Seinsheim], Bamberg [Bishopric]. Spelled **Lintner** in 1798 ([Mai1798:Nk22, 19]).

**Lindner**[^1]: said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be from [UC Fulda]. Later spelled **Linder** ([Mai1798:Pf26]).

**Lindt**[^1]: see **Lind**.

**Lindtner**[^1]: Louise: her parents and origin have now yet been found. She apparently married Alberg [David] sometime between his illness in [Russia] 4 July 1766 and their settlement in Orlovskaya. By 7 June 1767 she with husband Alberg [David] and one son (of his previous wife), along with a 1-year old Knoll stepson (Gottfried) had settled at Orlovskaya FSL #58 and #58a, [David] said to be from Dassau, so she apparently had been married to a Knoll ... on the same ship that Alberg arrived in Russia were Knoll (Gottfried & Henrietta) with no children, he like Alberg was said to be from UC Dessau (Kulberg1573) ... could Henrietta have been the pregnant Louise? In 1795 the widow [Louisa] see **Lindtner** went to marry in Boaro ([Mai1798:Mv2187]), where, in 1798, she is listed as separated from her new husband **Herrfort** [Christian] and said to be back living in Orlovskaya ([Mai1798:Bx8])!

**Linenbach**[^1]: see **Lingelbach**.

**Linenberg/Lienenberger/Lueneberg** [Joseph]: KS143 says he was born in Koblenz and went to Mariental. Not found in Kulberg or in T. By 16 June 1767 with wife [A.Margaretha] & 2 sons, Linenberg [Georg] had settled at Mariental FSL #24, he said to be from Willebadessen. The family name was later spelled Lueneberg ([Mai1798:Mt18]). Using LDS film #1056 Denise Grau found that Linenberg [J Georg] was baptized 17 Nov 1721, Schabbach [A.Margaretha] was baptized 19 Apr 1726, and the two were married 21 Aug1746, all in St. Vitus Catholic church in Willebadessen with seven children baptized there during 1747-1757.

**Linert**[^1]: Elisabetha: daughter of [Nikolaus] of UC Hauddorf near Christian Erlang 14 April 1766 in Woehrd married Greiffenstein [Matthias] son of [Johann] of UC Aich (Mai & Marquardt #771). In May he was a witness at the Woehrd wedding of Lampel to Voiting (#790 note 782). They were listed in the Lauwe FSL (#40). In 1798 the family name was given as Greiffenstein ([Mai1798:Lw40]).

**Ling**[^1]: the 1798 Urbach census lists her as the spouse of Kraus [Heinrich] who had come to Urbach from Reinhard. She surely earlier was a widow, but I cannot find her in any FSL.

**Lingantin?** [Magdalena]: listed in Luzern in 1798 as the wife of Gak [Konrad] and daughter of Postin [Elisabeth] ([Mai1798:Lz36]); in no FSL so may have been among the Luzern first settlers.

**Linge**[^1]: an unidentified place said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home to a DeFage family.

**Lingelbach** [Johannes+w]: Kulberg156 said they were from UC Gruenberg. They were listed in T5288-89. Said by the Orlovskaya FSL (#46) to be from UC Gruenberg. The family name was spelled Linenbach in 1798 ([Mai1798:Om33]). Bill Pickenhaupt says he found this man’s origin.

**Lingelbach** [Anna] single (155), from Gruenberg: (T5296, no MM, no 1798

**Lingelbach, [Hessen-Kassel Landgraviate]**: is 5 miles E of Alsfeld town, and was said by the Phillipsfeld FSL to be home to Schaefer and Schmidt families. Kuhlberg said this was in Hessen.

**Lingenau**[^1]: an unidentified place said by the Bettinger FSL to be home to a Krege family. There was at least one Lingenau each in Poland, Baden-Wuerttemberg, and Sachsen-Anhalt.

**Linger**[^1]: both the 1816 Kassel census (#83) and KS.358 said this family came from UC Hessen-Kassel. The GGRA believes the family likely came from somewhere not far from Hunspach, Sulz [Amt], Elsas. See their book for more. Also spelled Linert.

**Linger**[^1]: see **Linger**.

**Lingfert, Wuerzburg [Bishopric]**: is 23 km WNW of Wurzburg city and was said by the Susannental FSL to be home to a Brant family.

**Lingler** [Anton][^1]: listed in the 1798 Straub census (Sr22) but I did not find him in any FSL. His wife’s maiden name was given as Steintz in 1798 (Sr41).

**Lingren?**[^1]: see **Lungrin**.

**Linis**[^1]: Preussen: an unidentified place said by the Fischer FSL to be home to a Knoll family.

**Link** [Anna]: daughter of [Johann] catholic from UC Amberg on 3 June 1766 in Woehrd married...
Friedrich[Leonhard] catholic (Mai&Marquardt#823). KS129 said Oberwittichausen was near Lauda. Later in 1766 Friedrich[Leonhard] apparently took transport alone in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T3583). Not found in any later source.

Link[Conrad]: No further information. Link[FN]: this family name was found recorded in Tann marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Linkargauzen(?)GL, Kurpfalz: an unidentified locality said by the Rothhammel FSL to be homeUC to a Frank family.

Linke[FN]: said by the Jost FSL to be fromUC Goerlitz, Sachsen. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Linke[FN]: said by the Walter FSL to be homeUC to a Kister family.

Linke[FN]: said by the Stephan FSL to be fromUC Einhausen, [Kurpfalz?].

Linker[FN]: said by the Walter FSL to be fromUC Broenkheim, Hesse-Darmstadt County.

Linne[FN]: an unidentified place said by the Mariental FSL to be homeUC to a Schumacher family. There are at least 5 Linne in Germany, Poland and the Netherlands.

Linneberger[Conrad]: KS143 says she was the widow of Philipp} from either Bieber or Lohrshaupten near Gelnhausen and went to Herzog. Not found in any other source.

Lintenhausen?, Kurtrie: an unidentified place said by the Leitsinger FSL to be homeUC to a Jung[Wilhelm] family.

Lintner[FN]: see Lindner.

Lintze[FN]: said by the Dehler FSL to be fromUC Kessenhausen?, [Kurpfalz]Trier. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Linz[FN]: the Walter Research Group has confirmed in local parish records that this Linck family, listed in the Walter FSL as Linz, came from Gelnhaar, Isenburg (now Hessen).

Linz[GL]: an unidentified place [there are at least 3 Linz in Germany and Austria] said by the Graf FSL to be homeUC to Zahn’s wife. Said by the Louis FSL to be homeUC to a Debaptiste family. Said by the Reinwald FSL to be homeUC to Hersteinborn[J.Heinrich} family and perhaps to a Kaiser family.

Linz[?]GL, Darmstadt: an unidentified place said by the Dietel FSL to be homeUC to Hoffmann and Strohmann families.

Linz, Oberoesterreich: said by the Warenburg FSL to be homeUC to a Wagenleitner family. This is the same place as the next entry.

Linz, Oesterreich: is 96 miles W of Vienna and was said by the Leitsinger FSL to be homeUC to a Hammerschmidt family and possibly to a Schuster{Georg} orphan. Said by the Seelmann FSL to be homeUC to a Hassler family.

Liofin[FN]: see Lohfing.

Lion, Frankreich: an unidentified place said by the Franzosen FSL to be homeUC to a Marchand family. There were at least 5 Lions in France, however, Pleve suggested this reference might be to Lyon.

Lionier[FN]: said by the Enders FSL to be fromUC Mitau, Kurland. I cannot find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Lionier[FN]: frau Lionier? was said by the Enders FSL to be fromUC Rilik, Daenemark.

Lios[FN]: see Ley and Loos.

Lipany/Lippehne[?]GL (there are places of this name today in the Czech Republic, or it might be Lippehne in present-day Poland?) an unidentified locality said by the Stahl-am-Karaman FSL (#13) to be in Prussia and to be homeUC to Baumgart/Baumhardt{Johann}.

Liphardt[FN]: said by the Norka FSL to be fromUC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). Spelled Libhardt in 1775. Later spelled Lipphardt (Mail798:Nr40, Wt40 and 71).

Lipov-KurVv: a version of the Russian name for UrbachVv.

LipovkaVv: a version of the Russian name for SchaeferVv.

LipovkutVv: a version of the Russian name for UrbachVv.
**Lipow-Kut**: a version of the Russian name for Urbach.

**Lipowka**: a version of the Russian name for Schaefer.

**Lipowkut**: a version of the Russian name for Urbach.

Lipp FN: said by the Grimm FSL to be from Marburg (no locality mentioned).

Lippe [Principality] FSL: in the 1760's Detmold was its capital and home of its Prince. It's lands extended some 8 to 15 miles in all directions from Detmold city.

Lippehne: see Lipany.

Lippen, [Kur]-Sachsen: is 26 miles SSE of Cottbus city, and was said by the Reinwald FSL to be home to the Jorjen [Georg] family.

Lippert FN: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from Dohna, Polen.

Lippert FN: listed by both the 1816 Neudorf census (#70) and KS:358 with no origin. The GCRA found several hints as to their origin (in West Prussia, South Prussia, Hungary, etc.) but has not found proof of any; see their book for a complete discussion and perhaps later research results. He had married with widow Mein, nee Eva Walter.

Lippert FN: said by the Schwed FSL to be from Malchin, Mecklenburg-[Schwerin Duchy].

Lippert Johannes: KS:143 says he left Rainroed near Alsfeld to go to Krassnojar. Not found in any other source.

Lippert FN: Dr. A. Lippert, “Die Auswanderer aus Anhalt-Dessau in den Jahren 1764/68”, in Deutsche Post aus dem Osten, Oct 1937. Summarized and noted in Mai & Marquardt, p.148 and notes for #1046 through #1175.

Lipphardt FN: see Liphart.

Lipp FN: Wilhelm: KS:143 says he left Mittelgrundau near Buedingen. On 4 July 1766 with wife Anna and one son, he arrived in Russia (Kulberg 1777). Not found in T. By 18 June 1767 this family was settled at Messer FSL #68, he said by the Messer FSL to be from Isenberg (no locality mentioned).

Lippe: is some 17 miles W of Paderborn city in North Rhine-Westphalia.

Lippmann FN: said by the Dinkel FSL to be from Loumburg, Brandenburg.

Lips FN: said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be from Hannover (no locality mentioned); a Gondorf orphan boy was living with them. I could not find the Lips family in the 1798 censuses.

Lipsa GL: an unidentified place said by the Schwab FSL to be home to the Herber [Johann] family. The Buedingen ML said this man was from Hessen-Darmstadt married in 1766 a Stiehler woman (Mai & Marquardt #359). I could not find this or any similar placename in lands that were Hessen-Darmstadt in 1766.

Lip FN: said by the Ernestinendorf FSL to be from Berod, Kurpfalz. Spelled Lehr (Mai 1798: Fso11, Er6, Bo1) and Riel (Bo25 [did someone reverse the letters?!]) in 1798.

Lir/Liehr: Catherine E./Elisabeth: she on 10 April 1766 married Frank [J. Konrad] in Buedingen (Mai & Marquardt #508). KS:128 says she was Liehr [Elisabeth] from bindsachsen near Buedingen. Not found in any later source.

Lirbart: an unidentified place said by the Kraft FSL to be home to a Lind family. Kuhlberg said this was in Darmstadt. Don Loose said that Prof. Pleve spelled it Hierbart? in his Lind family chart.

Lisberg FN: said by the Kratzke FSL to be from Oberappenhofen(?)/Oberhaldten, Hessen-Kassel.

Lisberg Barony: a small and scattered barony NW of Bamberg city. See Bischberg.

Lisberg: see Lisberg.

Lissau: Christian: by 29 July 1766 with his wife [Elisabeth] had settled at Bauer FSL #16, he said to be from Etingen, Magdeburg, with the orphan Reiche FN: Jakob in the household. Except for the orphan, I could not find them in Mai 1798.

Lissberg Amt, Hessen-Darmstadt, near Nidda: is some 6 miles NNE of Buedingen and said by the Pleve and Stumpp versions of the Jagodnaja Poljana FSL to be home to Benner and Schneider families; said by Kromm to be home to a Gor family (pp.31, 33). Also home to an Asmus and a Mertz (Mai & Marquardt #711). Also see Lizbohkh.

Lissenburg GR: Frankreich: an unidentified place said by the Enders FSL to be home to Frau Dotz.

Lissman FN: said by the Norka FSL to be from Isenburg (no locality mentioned). For 1792 and 1798 see Mai 1798:Mv1977, Nr102, Hk19, Dl10 and 75.
Litauer?FN: said by the Ernestinendorf FSL to be from UC Preetz?. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Litauer?FN: also see Litzauer.

Litchner: Anhalt-Dessau archival records say he with wife and four children left here for Russia in 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#1214). Not found in any later source.

Liter?FN, see Lither.

Lither/Liter/Lieter?FN, said by the Kamenka FSL to be from UC Hanau.

Littich/Littig/Littich?FN: said by the Volmer FSL to be from UC Kirchheimbolanden GL, Kurpfalz.

Littich/Littich(?)?GL, Saxony: an unidentified place said by the Merkel FSL to be home UC to a Bese/Boese family. This might be Lueckettchau, some 19 miles NNE of Dresden, Saxony.

Litke?FN{Johann}: said by the Jost FSL (#55) to be from UC Muelhausen, Preussen. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Litke?FN{J.Bernard}: said by the Kano FSL (#29) to be from UC Fenay??. I could not find this family in Mai1798.

Litke{Ernst+w+2}: Kulberg182 said they came from UC Stralsund and went to Livonia.

Litke{Martin+w+2}: Kulberg61 says they were from UC Dresden. I did not find them in T or in any published FSL.

Litschen?GL, Kur-Sachsen: is some 13 miles N of Bautzen city and said by the Jost FSL to be home UC to a Wetzel family.

Litschen, Wittenberg[?]: an unidentified place, said by the Galka FSL to be home UC to a Fischer family. The only Litschen I can find was in Kursachsen 28 miles NW of Goerlitz city which is the same place as the previous entry.

Litseu?FN: said by the Merkel FSL to be from UC Hannover.

Littich?GL: see Litikh.

Littig?FN: see Litikh.

Litz?N: said by the Koehler FSL to be the maiden name of Frau Baumann.

Litzauer?FN: said by the Goebel FSL to be from UC Zellingen, Wuerzburg. Later spelled Litauer (Mai1798:Gb26).

Litzel, Biber [Barony]??: an unidentified place said by a Friedberg ML to be home UC to Vorbach {Peter} (Mai&Marquardt#1365).

Litzenberger?FN{Sebastian}: said by the Stumpf version of the Jagodnaja Poljana FSL to be from UC Offenbach, Hessen, and by the Pleve version to be from Offenbach, Pfalz.

Litzeberger/Litzenberger{Margaret}: was a godparent at the 24 June 1766 Buedingen baptism of the son of Fuchs {Georg & Friederque} (Mai&Marquardt#1212). On 19 Sept 1765 with husband Litzenberger {Christoph} and her sister {Christina} age 16, she arrived in Russia {Mai&Marquardt#6554}. Not found in any later source.

Liver?FN: said to be the maiden name of Frau Gerst of Sussannental (Mai1798:Mv2874).

Livland, [Russia]: aka Lifland, said (no locality mentioned) by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home UC to a Roessner family. In English this is Estonia (Latvia?) and was a territory in the Russian Empire from 1721 on.

Livonia: a region taken by Russia in 1721. Now in Latvia. Around 1760 it contained two Russian Imperial Estates (Hirschenhofe and Helfreishofe) which were about ¾ empty. Catharine the Great directed that some German emigrants be settled on them. These estates were near the town of Kokenhusen, now Koknese, some 87 km SE of Riga city centre and 217 SW of Pskov city. Kulberg said the following families from the following places left Oranienbaum to settle in one of the two Livonian colonies:

from Danzig: (Zilke {Michael+wife; actually settled in the Ukraine});
from Darmstadt: (Berg {Johann} single (Kulberg191), Berger/Betsch {Jacob+w+3c} (Kulberg231), Bitteniner {Thobias+w+5children} (Kulberg190, EEE p.356);
from Dresden: (Brose/Brousse {Johann+w+2 kids; actually went to settle in Saratov} Kulberg14);
from Durlach: (Ruthweiler {Jacob+w+son} (Kulberg188.2);
from Erbach: (Biedermann {Andreas+w+3c} (Kulberg227), Spaetz {Wilhelm+w+son}

FN, see [Martin+w+2]: said by the FBN{J.Bernard}: said by the FBN{Johann}: said by the FBN{Ernst+w+2}: FN: see FBN: said to be the maiden name of Frau FBN: said by the GL: see FBN Biber.

[?]GL, [?]?: an unidentified place said by the FBN{Sebastian}: said by the Stumpp version of the FBN{Georg & Friederque} (Mai&Marquardt#1212).
from Heilbronn: (Hasenfuss {Adam+wife} Kulberg198), {Dietrich+wife+3 kids} (Kulberg195), {J. Heinrich+f+2 k +1 sis-in-law} (Kulberg196), Hill {A. Margareta} single (Kulberg197);
from Holstein: (Eriksen {Otto+wife+3c} Kulberg243);
from Koenitz: {Gast {Gottfried+wife+4 kids} Kulberg70};
from Lenzen: (Klenzendorf {Friedrich} single (Kulberg188.1);
from Nassu-Saarbruecken: (Kesten/Kist {Heinrich+w+3 kids} Kulberg4), Weldi {Valentin single} (Kulberg5);
from Neuburg: (Schroeder {Johann+wife+son} Kulberg52);
from Niederlande: {Asmus {Nicolaus+wife+2 kids} Kulberg178}, Schulz {Gabriel+w+2c} (Kulberg205);
from Pfalz: (Buchennroth {Peter+w+5c} Kulberg229), Dannenwald {Friedrich+w+2c} (Kulberg201), {Georg+wife+2 kids} (Kulberg193), Franz {Georg+wife+2 kids} Kulberg172), Fuhrmann {Jacob+w+4c} Kulberg226), Gagnus {Gustaw+w} (Kulberg235), Gimper {Leonhard+w+3c} (Kulberg230),
Gunler/Kummeler {Adam+w+3c} (Kulberg214), Hermann {Philipp+w+5c} Catholic Kulberg216), Hess {Ulrich+w+3c} (Kulberg212), Knoerzer {Andreas+w+1c} Catholic Kulberg215), Lutz {Adam+w+3c} (Kulberg211), Nilsen {Johann+w+1c} (Kulberg203), (Schweiheimer {Johann+wife+4 kids} Kulberg171),
Sonnenwald {Jacob+wife+6 kids} (Kulberg170), Stahl {Martin+w+5c} Kulberg220), Stumpf {Johann+w} Reformed (Kulberg219), {Melchior+w} Reformed (Kulberg217), {Philipp+w} Reformed (Kulberg218);
from Pommern: (Hahnbuth/Hasibut {Friedrich} single (Kulberg45), Loewerenz {Christoph} single (Kulberg43), {Efram, wife+daughter} (Kulberg36);
from Preussen: (Klein {Christian+wife+2kids} Kulberg9);
from Rastenberg: Licht/Lieders {Friedrich} single (Kulberg3);
from Rizenberg: Popp {Jacob} single (Kulberg46);
from Schlesien: Schulz {Johann} single (Kulberg20);
from Schoeningen: Block {Christian} single (Kulberg71);
from Stralsund: Litke {Ernst+wife+2 kids} (Kulberg182),
from Sweden: (Dannenwald {Jacob+wife+2 kids} Kulberg176);
from Tschernigow: (Ritter {Michael} single (Kulberg59);
from Velen: Meier {Johann, single, actually went to Saratov} Kulberg66), Zilke {Mathias+wife+2 kids} (Kulberg68);
from Wartenberg: Knosp {Adam+w+1c} (Kulberg206), Knutler {Johann+w+2c} (Kulberg204), Schilling {August+w+3c} (Kulberg207), Spengler {Samuel+w+3c} (Kulberg209);
from Wuertemberg: Detter {Martin+w+5c} (Kulberg228), Fischer {Michael+wife} (Kulberg173), Rittmann {Georg+w+3c} (Kulberg223).

Lizborkh*GL, Hesse-Darmstadt County: said by the Walter FSL to be home to a Leitz family. This place has been identified by the Walter Research Group as Lissberg, Hessen.

Lk61: this would be household #61 in the “Kolonisten des Lokators Beauregard, die vorübergehend in anderen Kolonien angesielt wurden” [A list of colonists recruited by Baron Beauregard prior to their being assigned to the various colonies] found in pages 349-380 of Pleve, Einwanderung, vol.4.

Lob*FN: see Loob.

Lobach*GS: an unidentified country mentioned by the Kano FSL (#48) as the location of Robesburg*GL said to be home to a Marx family.

Lobauer*FN: said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be from Bernbaum.

Lobbach*GS: an unidentified state mentioned by the Frank FSL in connection with the Pfeif family.

Lobbese*GL: an unidentified place said by the Bettinger FSL to be home to a Benecke family. This may be Lobbese, Brandenburg, some 9 miles NNE of Wittenberg.

Lobes/Lopes*FN: said by the Paulskaya FSL #78a to be a 15 yr-old stepson in a Schulz household. In 1798
the family name was spelled Lopes ( Mai1798:Pl32).

Lopes [FN: see also Lobes and Lobuse.

Lobinger/Lobinger [FN: Carl] recorded as coming from Regensburg, he, with wife {A.Margaretha } and [step-]son {Franziscus} arrived in Russia on 8 August 1766 ( Kulberg3443). Not found in T. By June 1767 they had settled in Brabander FSL #97 & 97a which said he was from UC Regensburg (no locality indicated) with a Scheitwahl(?) stepson, {Franz} in the household. I could not find either family name in the 1798 censuses.

Lobinger: see also Pobinger.

Lobin [FN: this family name was recorded in Winterhausen marriage records 1760-1769; see Flegel trip.

Lobsens [GF, Wirsitz Kreis, Posen Department, South Prussia: now Lobzenica, Poland, some 7 miles N of Wirsitz, now Wyrzysk, and proven by GCRA to be home to the Eichelberg family that went to Glueckstal. See the GCRA book for more details.

Lobuse/Lopes/Lobes [FN: Catharina E./Katharina] according to Luebeck ML married Schultz {J.Jacob} 26 May 1766 this woman ( Mai&Marquardt#66). By 7 June 1766 Schultz {Jacob}, wife {Katharina} and one Lobes stepschild {Jacob} 15 had settled at Paulskaya FSL #78 & 78a, Schultz said to be from Zerbst. In 1798 her family name was spelled Lopes ( Mai1798:Pl32).

Locas: go to Lucas.

Loch [FN: Michael]: listed by the Hoelzel FSL #10a without origin as an orphan boy living in the Niesslein household, said by Kuhlberg to be from UC Bamberg [Bishopric] (no locality mentioned). I could not find him in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Loch/Lach [FN: Kaspar]: said (no locality mentioned) by the Kutter FSL #30 to be from UC Isenburg.

Loch [FN: Agnesa/A.Elisabeth?]: daughter of {J.Ceberian} from UC Boenhstadt married in Buedingen 12 June 1766 Feuerstein {J.Georg} ( Mai&Marquardt#691). {J.Jerome} and wife {A.Elisabeth} arrived in Russia 29 Aug 1766 ( Kulberg5166). Later in 1766 in Oranienbaum they took transport for the Volga (T506-507). Before 26 Aug 1767 {Georg} and {A.Elisabeth} had settled at Norka FSL #170. In 1798 her maiden name was given as Loch ( Mai1798:Nr109).

Loch [FN: Dietrich]: said by the Orlovskaya FSL #15 to be from UC Elbor?.

Loch [GF, Kurpfalz: an unidentified place said by the Laub FSL to be home UC to a Ritz family.

Loch {J.Adam}: married in Buedingen 18 March 1766 Ritter {Klara E.} ( Mai&Marquardt#446 & KS143). On 31 July 1766 {Adam & Clara} arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg2749). Found in no later source.

Lochmann [FN: J.Georg]: married Schiefferstein {A.Elisabeth} in Luebeck 8 May 1766 ( Mai&Marquardt#66). Later in 1766 {George & Elisabeth} in Oranienbaum took transport for the Volga (T5828-5829). On 4 July 1766 he and wife {Anna} arrived in Russia, he said to be from Darmstadt (Kulberg1478). By 7 July 1767 this couple had settled at Paulskaya FSL #18, he said to be from Bach. For 1798 see Mai1798:Sh25.

Lochmann {Johannes} [FN: this man was listed in the 1798 Stephan census ( Mai1798:Sp3), but I cannot find him in any FSL. For 1793 and more 1798 see (Mv2843 and Gk62).

Lochowittig [GF, Pfalz: an unidentified place said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home UC to a Reger family. There was a Lochowitz in Bohemia, now Lochovice some 25 miles SE of Prague but that is an awfully long ways from the Pfalz!

Lockmann [FN: see Lakkamn

Lodz [GF, Suedpreussen: was a large administrative center 73 miles SW of Warsaw city, and 68 miles NNE of Czestochowa city. Found by the GCRA to have been associated with Doeffinger and Dollinger families.

Loeh [FN: see Loob.

Loebe [FN: said the Caesarsfeld FSL to be from UC Kirchheim. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Loeben [GF: an unidentified place said by the Boaro FSL to be home UC to a Schuhmann family. There is a Loeben in Sachsen-Anhalt some 19 miles SE of Wittenberg, and one in Saxony some 11 miles SW of Leipzig.

Loener {A.Elisabeth}: married Netze {Heinrich Wilhelm} in Rosslau 9 April 1766 ( Mai&Marquardt#929 & KS147). Not found in Kulberg. Later in 1766 Netz {Heinrich &
Anna} took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T2155-2156). Not found in any later source.

Loebert FN: the {Matthaeus}: married Quindt {Andreas} in Rosslaub 9 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#928). KS143 has {A.Elis.Charl.Sophia} and the wrong year: 1765. By 7 June 1767 {Andreas} & wife {Anna} had settled at Boaro FSL #4, he said to be from Zerbst. In 1777 {Andreas & Rosina} and 4 children moved from Boaro to Dreispitz (Mai1798:Mv291). In 1788 daughter {A.Elisabeth} in Dreispitz married Krag [Johann] and she still lived there in 1798 with her Krag husband {Johann} (Mai1798:Mv515). In 1790 daughter {Friedrika} married Dahlinger {Gottfried} and moved to Dreispitz where they lived in the mill near Goebel (Mai1798:Mv518). In 1798 the widow Quindt {Rosina} and two of her sons by {Andreas} were living in Dreispitz (Mai1798:Dr42).

Loebert FN: see Luebert.

Loebs FN: this family was in Glueckstal for a time and was said by KS:357 to be from Kleeburg, Weissenburg [Amt], Elsass. The GCRA verified this origin, using FHL 745,907 and 745,908; see their book for detail. Also spelled Leps.

Loeback/Lebsack FN: in 1766 Kulberg6537 says he was from UC Darmstadt along with wife {Elisabeth} and 3 young adult unmarried children. By 1767 the Frank FSL only has one Loeback household, #44, headed by one of those unmarried children, {Immanuel} said to be from UC Steinheim, Hessen-Darmstadt [Landgraviate] with his new young bride {Catharina}. KS143 has {Emanuel} who left Hammerbrueck/Hessenbruecker Hammer near Giessen to go to Frank. A German researcher commissioned by Carole M. Hayden found that this lineage goes back to the 1500s starting in Widdersheim and Oberwiddersheim, later moving to Steinheim; she also researched the lateral lines of Becker, Hochstein, Hoffmann, Hurtziger, Nagel and Pipp.

Loechner FN: see Lechner.

Loefler J.Friedrich: from UC Carlsruh married Eberling {M.Petronella} in Buedingen 17 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#549 & KS#143). On 4 July 1766 {Friedrich & Anna} arrived in Russia (Kulberg1914). Not found in any later source.

Loefler FN: also see Lefler and Loefler.

Loefink FN: also see Lofink.

Loefler, this woman married Were of Gluckstal; the GCRA proved her origin in Scheppach, Walbach parish, Winsberg [Amt], Wuerttemberg, using FHL 1,346,109; see their book for detail. Also spelled Loeffler.

Loehnfeld KH Kurpfalz: Alton Sissell (2005) using an LDS film and a visit to the village, proved this is Lengfeld. It is said by the Kukk FSL to be home UC to Hoefner, Maser, Schaefer, and maybe Houg families. Alton Sissell (2005) in the same fashion as the earlier sentence proved this to be the place which the Maser/Maaser family left to go to Russia.

Loell {Heinrich}: KS143 says he lived Edingen near Wetzlar … No further information.

Loemlin: go to Lamel.

Loesch Matthaeus: KS143 says he lived Mittelsinn near Speßart. No further information.

Loew FN: the GCRA found that this was the maiden name of the first frau Schauer {Friedrich} of Neudorf and proved that she was from Birkenau, Weinheim [Amt], Hesse. See their book for more.

Loewer FN: said by the Orloff FSL to be from UC Rosenort, Elbing.

Loewenbrueck FN: said by the Louis FSL to be from UC Trier (no locality listed).

Loewenstein (KH) this town is 12 km SE of Heilbronn city and likely was the primary or secondary seat of Loewenstein-Wertheim-Virneburg County. It was situated in portion (5) of that county as detailed below.

Loewenstein (GH): in the 1700s there were two Loewenstein countries: officially Loewenstein-Wertheim-Virneburg County and Loewenstein-Wertheim-Rochefort Principality.

Loewenstein (?GH): said by the Pleve version of the Balzer FSL to be home UC of a Karl family. Said (no locality mentioned) by the Doenhof FSL to be home UC to Huwa and Sorg families. Said (no locality mentioned) by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home UC to a Mainz family. This probably refers to the County described below.

Loewenstein GS Schwaben: said by the Jost FSL to be home UC to a Heiling family. This probably refers to part (5) of the county described below, which part was in the Swabian area.
Loewenstein-Wertheim-Rochefort Principality\textsuperscript{GS}: (1712-1803) a “junior” branch of the Loewenstein family, this Prince appears to have been Catholic and to have ruled scattered territories in and around Puettlingen in the Saar and in and around Rochefort in the Namur region of what is now Belgium.

Loewenstein-Wertheim-Virneburg County\textsuperscript{GS}: (1611-1812) this Count appears to have been Protestant and to have ruled most of what are usually referred to as (1) Virneburg County, some distance W of Koblenz city, (2) Wertheim County on the Main (usually referred to as Wertheim for short) around and about the town of Wertheim-am-Main, (3) an exclave S of Dieburg and N of Reinhem extending on both sides of the Gersprenz river, (4) \( \frac{1}{2} \) interest in the Breuberg Condominium, and (5) scattered exclaves running SE from a few km from Heilbronn city to and just beyond Murrhardt town.

Loewer\{Johanna Sophia\}: she was a godmother at the 6 May 1766 Wachsmus-Hornsch baptism in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#1350). Not found in Kulberg. Later in 1766 there was a \{Mrs. Friedrich Leopold\} Loewer who took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T6107). Was it her?? Not found in any later source.

Loewerenz\{Christoph\}: Kulberg43 said he was single from\textsuperscript{UC} Pommern. Not found in T or in any published FSL.

Loewer\{Efram+wife+daughter\}: Kulberg36 said they were from\textsuperscript{UC} Pommern. Not found in T or in any published FSL.

Lofert\textsuperscript{GS}, Hesse-Darmstadt: said by the Walter FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Stan family. This place has been identified by the Walter Research Group as Laufach, Bavaria.

Loefink\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Boaro FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Fulda (no locality mentioned). Spelled Loefink in 1798 (Mai1798: Bt40).

Loefink\textsuperscript{FN}: see also Lohfing.

Login\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Schulz FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Insterburg, Preussen [Kingdom]. Also spelled Gegin in 1798 (Mai1798:Sz13).

Lohbach\textsuperscript{?}\textsuperscript{GS} is an unidentified state associated with Rutenberg in the Frank FSL. It might be Laubach of the Soms-Laubach duchy.

Lohbinger\textsuperscript{FN}: see Lohbinger.

Lohe/Lehn\{J.Georg\}: parish records report that he left Fraenkisch-Crumbach in 1766 with his Schaefer wife \{M.Elis.\} heading for Russia (Mai&Marquardt#1264). KS142 has Lehn, and says he was from Beerfelden bei Erbach. KS162 says he and his wife emigrated with 3 children and Walter\{K.Ludwig\}, a stepson born to his first wife. No further information.

Lohfing\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Norka FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg (no locality mentioned). Spelled Lofink in the 1775 census. Later spelled Liofin (Mai1798:Nr80) and possibly Lyuf (Nr45)?

Lohkirchen\textsuperscript{UL}: see Lohkirchen.

Lohmann: go to Lohmann.

Lohmann/Hohmann\textsuperscript{FN}\{Ludwig\}: said by the Laub FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Griesheim, Frankfurt-am-Main. In 1798 the wife’s maiden name was given as Viliriginta (Mai1798:1b49).

Lohmann\textsuperscript{FN}\{Johann\}: said by the Merkel FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Brandenburg.

Lohmann\textsuperscript{FN}\{Johannes\}: said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Elters?.

Lohnsfeld\textsuperscript{GL }, Kaiserslautern [Amt], Rheinpfalz: is some 8.5 miles NE of Kaiserslautern city, and was proven by GCRA to be home to the Kessler family that went to Glueckstal. See the GCRA book for more details.

Lohr/Loor\textsuperscript{FN}\{Johannes\}: said by the Boaro FSL #61 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Weier. Spelled Loor in 1772 and 1798 (Mai1798:Mv277,Ka29).

Lohr\{A.Maria\}: was godmother at the Luebeck baptism of Luedern\{J.Jacob Adam\} 4 June 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#1313). On 15 Sept 1766 she, her husband\{J.Gottl.\} and one son arrived in Russia (Kulberg6860). Later in 1766 in Oranienbaum they without the son took transport for the Volga (T4010-4011). No later source found.

Lohr\textsuperscript{GL}: said by the Koehler FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to an Ulrich, and possibly to a Hoffmann family. Said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Krach family. There were several Lohr in the Germanies, but this probably is Lohr, Kurmainz.

Lohr\textsuperscript{GL},\{Kur\}-Mainz: said by the Krasnoyarsk FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Steugerwald/Steigerwald family.
This may well be Lohr-am-Main.

Lohr, Kurmainz]: said by the Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been home to the Lembach {Anton} and {Paul} families. There are at least 4 Lohrs in Germany; the likely one was then in Kurmainz 31 km E of Aschaffenburg city.

Lohr, Kurmainz: is 18 miles E of Aschaffenburg city, and said by the Dehler FSL to be home to a Schulz/Schuld family.

Lohr-am-MainGL: in Bavaria is 42 miles ESE of Frankfurt-am-Main, and said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be home to a Thomaa family. This is Lohr, Kurmainz.

Lohrbach[sic?], [Hessen]-Darmstadt [Landgraviate]: said by the Warenburg FSL to be home to a Schmidt {Jacob}. This would apparently be a mistranscription of Lorsbach which is 13 km NE of Wiesbaden city centre.

Lohrengel/LorengelFN: see Lohrey.

Lohrengel/Lorringen/LorengelFN: {Just}: said by the Balzer FSL #74 to be from Isenburg (no locality indicated). 
Bonner proved this man was married in Vonhausen. Isenburg-Buedingen County], where the marriage record said he was from Lorbach of the same County. In 1798 Lohrengel was a widower and still living in Balzer (Mai1798:Bz21).

Lorengen/LohrengeLFN: {Georg}: on 4 July 1766 Lorengen and wife {Anna} arrived in Russia he said to be from Stolberg (Kulberg 1872). By 18 June 1767 he and wife {A.Maria} had settled at Doenhof FSL #58 he said to be from Stollberg.

Lohrengel/Lorringen/LorengelFN: {Peter/J.Peter}: Lorringen of Nieder-Seemen married Westerwaller [Margaretha] in Buedingen 12 April 1766 (MaiMarquardt FSL #526 & KS143). KSL64 has Westerwaeller. On 4 July 1766 {Peter}, wife {Anna} and daughter {Sophia} 6, arrived in Russia he said to be from Stolberg (Kulberg 1862). By 18 June 1767 with wife {A.Eleanora} and the daughter, Lohrengel had settled at Doenhof FSL #68, he said to be from Stollberg (no locality mentioned). In 1798 {Lohrengel} and wife {Lining}({?}){Eleanora} were still living in Doenhof (Mai1798:Dh 20).

Lohrentz{Christiane E.}: married Becher {Conrad} in Rosslau on 17 Sept 1765 (MaiMarquardt FSL #82 & KS120, 143). Not found in Kulberg or T. But by 1767 they had settled in Frank FSL #71..

Lohrer{Matthias}: Lutheran from Bretten Amt, Kurpfalz, arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in July 1762. With his wife and 3 children he reregistered in Denmark as late as April 1765. Later they were recorded in the church books of Neu-Saratowka colony (EEF p.505).

LohreyFN: said (no locality mentioned) by the Kutter FSL to be from Isenburg. Later spelled Lohrei and Lorey. Doreen Connelly proved that the mother of the Lich orphans in Leisenwald was a Lohrey. A public tree on ancestry.com traces the Lohrey family way back in Leisenwald. The Lorey/Lorey family was in Leisenwald at least as early as 1684 and this particular couple left there in 1766 (Reifsneider1, Reifsneider2).

Lohrhaupen: is SE of Gelnhausen, 12 km SE of Bieber. Said by KS124 to possibly be where the widow Damer {Magdalena} left in 1765. KS126 says Dietrich {J.Adam} and {Caspar} with wife and 4 children left here for Russia; I have found no further reference to them.

LohrkirchenGL: an unidentified place said by the Boregard FSL to be home to a Schuch family. There are two Lohrkirchen in Bavaria: one is 23 miles NE of Munich city, and the other one is 41 miles ENE of Munich.

L’Oiseau [Marie Margurite]: proven to be the wife of Doenhof first settler Lichtenwald[Heinrich Conrad].

LokasFN: said by the Walter FSL to be from Iningeim, Kurpfalz. Identified by the Walter Research Group as a Lukas family.

LokasFN: see Lucas.

Lollar{Hessen}-Darmstadt [Landgraviate]: is 7 km N of Giessen city and was said by the Warenburg FSL #88 and Lollar church records to be home to the Braun family.

LombachGL, Wuerttemberg: is some 39 miles SSE of Karlsruhe, Baden-Wuerttemberg, and said by the Kromm version of the Jagodnaja Poljana FSL to possibly be home to a Baumann family (p.27).

LombarFN: said by the Brabander FSL to be from Paris, Frankreich. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Lommatzsch, Kur-Sachsen: is 34 km NW of Dresden city and was said by the Rosenheim FSL to be
Loos\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Dreispitz FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Sarmi?, Schweden. In 1798 the family name was spelled Lungerin (Mail1798:Dr23).

London\textsuperscript{GL}, England: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Stahlabum’s wife.

Londorf\textsuperscript{GL}: is some 10 miles NE of Giessen city, and said by the Kraft FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Baler? family.

Londorf\textsuperscript{GL}, Hessen-Darmstadt: see Lorndern.

Loner\{Catharina\}: from Kurpfalz, a god parent at the 29 July 1766 Luebeck baptism of a daughter of Fulck [Nicolaus] (Mail&Marquardt#1327). Not found in either Kuhlberg or T.

Lonez\?, Holstein [Duchy]: an unidentified place said by the Stahl-am-Tarlyk FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Berns family.

Long\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Paulskaya FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Eltman?. This might have been Lang?

Lonsinger\textsuperscript{FN}: see Lontzinger.

Lontz\{Johann+w\}: said by Kulberg14 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Bayreuth (no locality indicated). Not found in T, any published FSL or Mail1798.

Lontzinger/Lonsinger\textsuperscript{FN}{Matthies Wilhelm}: from either Wuerttemberg or the Hohenlohe Principality arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in May 1762. Before 1775 they had settled in Grimm (1775 Grimm census #37). For 1798 see Mail1798:Gm80 and perhaps 88.

Lonz\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Neustadt. I could not find this family in the 1798 censuses.

Loob\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Bangert FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Dorfweil, Nassau-Usingen. Spelled Loeb in 1798 (Mail1798:Bg27). Paul Koehler reports that the most common spelling of this name was Lob and is now Loeb.

Loor\textsuperscript{FN}: see Lohr.

Loos\{Eliesabetha Catharina\}: from\textsuperscript{UC} Leisewald married in Buedingen on 3 May 1766 Frick\{Conrad\} (Mail&Marquardt#614 and KS128). By 1 July 1766 {Konrad & Katharina} had settled at Huck FSL #19, he said to be from Isenburg.

Loos\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Kano FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Stockhausen.

Loos/Loos\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Springe Reinfeld, Hessen with a Nulhass wife from\textsuperscript{UC} Weisel. Later spelled Loos (Mail1798:Ka103).

Loos\textsuperscript{FN}{Johannes}: 3 May 1766 he in Buedingen married Loos\{A.Maria\}, both from\textsuperscript{UC} Leisenwald (Mail&Marquardt#615). On 8 Aug 1766 {Johann & Anna}, no children, arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg3208). By 8 July 1766 this couple with an infant son had settled at Kutter FSL #2, he said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg. The Loos family was in Leisenwald at least as early as 1684 and this particular couple left there in 1766 (Reiffschneider2).

Loos\{A.Maria\}: 3 May 1766 she in Buedingen married Loos\{Johannes\}, both from\textsuperscript{UC} Leisenwald (Mail&Marquardt#615). One can track her in the immediately previous enry.

Loos\textsuperscript{FN}{A.Catharina\}: from\textsuperscript{UC} Leisewald, in Buedingen 3 May 1766 married Reiffschneider\{Johannes\} (Mail&Marquardt#613). On 8 Aug 1766 {Johann & wife Anna} with no children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg3216). Not found in T. By 8 July 1767 he and wife {A.Katharina} had settled at Kutter FSL #14, he said to be from Isenburg. In 1798 this couple was still in Kutter (Mail1798:Kt174).

Loos\textsuperscript{FN}: the 1798 Norka census gives this as the maiden name of the wife of an Isenburger Kleiber (Mail1798:Nr94).

Loos\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Norka FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg (no locality mentioned). For 1798 see Mail1798:Nr125, 100 and 126.

Loos/Lios\{Franciscus\}: using LDS Film #367603, Corina Hirt proved he was baptized 27 Jan 1937 in the Weidentalh Catholic church. Not found in Kulberg or in T. By 1 May 1767 Lios\{Franz\} and wife {A.Elisabeth} had settled at Schuck FSL #31, he said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Neustadt, Kurpfalz. In 1791 {Franz} with his family moved to Schuck (Mail1798: Mv2634) where {Franz} and his Herrmann wife plus several offspring and descendants still were in 1798 (Mail1798: Vm15, 8, & 22).

Loos\{Andreas\} \textsuperscript{FN}: may have been the offspring of an early Zurich settler family. In 1798 he was in Kind said to be from Zurich (Mail1798:Kd23) – the family name does not appear in the Kind FSL and
he himself is too young to be in a FSL.

Loos\{Conrad\}: was son of \{Ernst\}, of\{UC\} Orleshauen, and of\{A.Chris\}ta, born in Buedingen on 13 April 1766 (Mai\&Marquardt#1201a) Not found in Kulberg, T or in any published FSL.

Loos\{Ernst\}: husband of \{A.Chris\}ta and father of son\{Conrad\} who was born 13 April 1766 in Buedingen (Mai\&Marquardt#1201a). Not found in Kulberg, T or in any published FSL.

Loos\{Johannes\}: born 5 Feb 1766, baptized 6 Feb in Buedingen to \{J.Heinrich\}of Calbach and to \{A.Eva\} [her home town and maiden family name not given] (Mai\&Marquardt#1200). No further information.

Loos\{FN\}: filed amongst the Loos.

Lorang\{FN\}: see Laurent.

Lorbach\{G\}: said by the Buedingen ML to be home\{UC\} to a Knoblock woman who in 1766 married a Gottfried man who according to the Goebel FSL arrived in 1767 with a different wife (Mai\&Marquardt#431). Said by the Buedingen ML to be home to a Koch woman who married in 1766 a Windecker man; by 1767 this couple was in Walter (Mai\&Marquardt#458).

Lorbach, Isenburg[-Buedingen County]: is some 2 miles SSW of Buedingen city. Bonner found that his Vonhausen marriage record said Herr Reiss (who went as a Reuss to Balzer) was from\{UC\} here. Bonner also proved the Lohrengel man who also settled in Balzer was baptized here and was also married in Vonhausen, same County, to a woman whose family name is unclear in the record. Said by the Kutter FSL (#67) to be home\{UC\} to a Nazarenus family; and by the Buedingen ML to be home\{UC\} to both Nazarenus and his Koch bride (Mai\&Marquardt#577). Said by the Walter FSL to be home to a Nazarenus family; confirmed in parish records by the Walter Research Project.

Lorber\{Dorothea Catharina\}: Anhalt-Dessau archives indicate that she married Reichenbach\{Christian\} but left from Quellendorf with their daughter (Mai\&Marquardt#1136). No further information.

Lorber\{Johanna Katharina Dorothea\}/Johanne Catharina\}: married Fessel\{Martin\} on 31 March 1766 in Rosslau (Mai\&Marquardt#883); KS127 had him as Sessel and mistakenly said it was 1765. On 4 July 1766 \{Martin \& Catharina\}, and his mom \{Dorothea\}, arrived in Russia, he said to be from\{UC\} Dessau (Kulberg1429). Later in 1766 \{Martin \& Catharina\} left Oranienbaum for the Volga but she died on the way (T#5658&5659). By 4 July 1766 \{Martin \& A.Rosine\} had settled at Boaro FSL #85, he said to be from\{UC\} Quellendorf, Dessau. In 1798 I did not find them in Mai1798.

Lorberger: go to Sorberger.

Lorch\{Kur\}-Mainz: see Lorsch.

Lorf\{FN\}: see Lorhey.

Lorf\{FN\}: see Lohrey.

Loren\{FN\}: see Loren\{G\}.

Lorenz/Loren\{Z\} FN\{G\}Ulrich\}: Lutheran from\{UC\} Wuerttemberg arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in May 1762. With his wife \{Ursula Margaretha\} he last reregistered in Denmark in April 1765 (EEE pp.505-506). By April 1766 they had settled in Galka FSL #43 which said he was from\{UC\} Kochstedt?, Wittenberg[?]. For 1798 see Mai1798:Sb32.

Lorenz\{FN\}: said by the Jost FSL to be from\{UC\} Meisenburg?, Sachsen.

Lorenz\{FN\}: said (no locality mentioned) by the Kutter FSL to be from\{UC\} Isenburg.

Lorenz\{FN\}: said by the Leitsinger FSL to be from\{UC\} Aschaffenburg, Kurmainz.

Lorenz\{JHeinrich\}: the Messer FSL said he was from\{UC\} Kurpfalz (no locality mentioned) and husband to Meisterling\{A.Maria\} (Messer FSL #20).

Lorenz\{FN\}: said (no locality mentioned) by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\{UC\} [Kur-]Sachsen.

Lorenz\{FN\}: said by the Schoenchen FSL to be from\{UC\} Raunergrund?. For 1798 see Mai1798:Nm42, Sn7 and Wm35.

Lorenz\{FN\}: said by the Warenburg FSL to be from\{UC\} Bikschit?, [Pfalz-]Zweibruecken [Duchy]. They must have died prior to the 1798 Volga censuses.

Lorenz\{FN\}: this family name was found recorded in Kirburg marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.
LoreschFN, the earliest transcription of the Stahl-am-Karaman FSL (#34, 39 and 44) said these people were fromUC Genig. The Pleve version said they were fromUC Dienheim. Also see Laroesh.

Loret(t)us/Lovetus/LorethusFN { J.Balthasar}: was a farmhand on the Bruhns Hof in Julianenebene colony. Gottorf Amt, Schleswig-Holstein prior to 1763 when he left to go back into the Odenwald, to Erlau [sic for Erbach County?]. A possible earlier home was in Pfaffen-Beerfurth. By April 1766, he, his wife and five children had left Fraenkisch-Crumbach and were in Buedingen on their way to Russia, where they settled in Neu-Saratowka (Gieg1). Fraenkisch-Crumbach parish records say he left there with wife and 2 children (Mai&Marquardt#1269). On 5 Apr 1766 in Buedingen a son of {J.Balthasar and A.Catharina} was baptized — the godfather at that baptism was Wunderlich (J.Friedr.) a “Russian colonist from Waldstaedten” (Mai&Marquardt#1202). KS144 says Lovetus was from Erlau bei Passau, but born in Schleswig-Holstein, and went to a village near Petersburg.

LoreyFN: said by the Norka FSL to be fromUC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). Spelled Lorei in the 1775 census. Same in 1798 (Mai1798:Nr93).

LoreyFN: also see Lohrey.

LoreyFN: said by the Messer FSL to be from UC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). In 1798 the family name was spelled Lorei (Mai1798:Nr93 and Ms73).

LoreyFN: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from UC Stahlberg, [Isenburg County?]. Pleve thought this might also be spelled Lorei.

LoreyFN: see Lohrey.

Loringen|Christoph+w+3c|: Kulberg33 said they were fromUC Potsdam and settled in Saratov. Not found in T or in any published FSL.

LorndernGL, Hesse-Darmstadt: an unidentified place said by the Walter FSL to be homeUC to a Becker family. This may be Lonsdorf, some 9 miles NE of Giessen, Hessen.

LorraineG5: France absorbed the ancient Lothringen Duchy of the Holy Roman Empire as a province in 1766; this continued until 1870. Off and on during the 16th and 17th century the Duchy had been occupied by French armies. From 1737-66 it was nominally independent with a Polish Duke within the Holy Roman Empire.

LorringeFN: see Lohrengel.

LorringeFN: see Lohrengel.

Lorsbach, [Hessen]-Darmstadt [Landgraviate]: is 13 km NE of Wiesbaden city centre and some 24 miles SE of Limburg-an-der-Lahn, said by the Straub FSL to be homeUC to a Kretlein family. This apparently was also homeUC to Schmidt (Jacob) who settled in Warenburg.

LorsbachGL, Limburg, Hesse: was mistakenly said by the Simon family (Warenburg colony) chart to be homeUC to a Hieronymus family.

LorsbachGL, [Hessen]-Darmstadt: said by the Schmidt family (Warenburg colony) chart to be homeUC to a Schmidt (Jacob) family. This surely was Lorsbach.

LorschGL: [Kur]-Mainz: is 17 km E of Worms city and was said by the Schuck FSL to be homeUC to a Bupp family. In his first translation Pleve spelled this Larsh and Lorch.

LosFN: said by the Zuerich 1798 census to be the maiden name of the wife of Herr Keter? who had originally settled in Kano (Mail1798:Zr09).

LoschCharlotta: said by a Luebeck church record to have married Zahn (Ludwig Wilhelm) in Luebeck 20 Aug 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#290). Listed in Lk19 with her husband. He was in Biberstein in 1798 (Mai1798:Bb27); not found in any FSL, no earlier colony mentioned; they may well have been among the Biberstein first settlers.

LoseGottlieb: Anhalt-Dessau archival materials say he was a discharged soldier from Thurland who left for Russia in 1766 with wife and daughter (Mai&Marquardt#1117 & KS143). No further information.

LosekeFN: see Lusacker.

Losen?, [Kur]-Trier: an unidentified place said by the Cheisol FSL to be homeUC to a Koehler/Kohlner family.

LogusyFN: said by the Boaro FSL to be from UC Erfurt (no locality mentioned). I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Loshkovtsy: see Luschkawitz, Kamenka, Podolia.
LoskautFN: said by the Schoenchen FSL to be a step-son in the Storken household. I could not find him in Mai1798.

LoselFN: said by the Kohler FSL to be from UC Picardie, Frankreich. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

LothFN{Agnes}: this woman was said by a Luebeck ML to have married in 1766 a Klein man; by 1767 this couple was in Kano (Maia&Marquardt#174). No further information.

Lothringen [Duchy]GS: this ancient Duchy of the Holy Roman Empire was periodically occupied by France in the 16th and 17th centuries. From 1737 to 1766 it was nominally independent, ruled by a Polish duke, with strong French influence. From 1766 to 1870 it was entirely within France as the province of Lorraine. It is was said (no locality mentioned) by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be home UC to a Bisbaum family. Said (no locality mentioned) by Kulberg93 to be home UC to Goering (Thomas+w+3c) Catholics.

LotnerFN: listed by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:675, 92) with no origin. Using FHL(1,192,862), the GCRA proved origin in Seewis-im-Pratigau, Graubunden Kanton, Schweiz. See the GCRA book for more details. Ladner is the better spelling.

LotzFN: said by the Boaro FSL to be from UC Stangendorf. Spelled Lotz in 1798 (Mai1798: Mn01, 30).

Lotz/Lutz/Loz{J.G.}: say by a LDS Film #1336791 found that he married Herzog Catharina and that their three known children were baptized in Villingen 1757-1765, the youngest dying there in 1766. This family arrived in Russia 12 May 1766, he said to be from Villing (Kulberg132). Not found in T. By 10 May 1766 this couple and their two children had settled at Kano FSL #76, he said to be from UC Villingen (and KS144). Jim Pickelhaupt says he found this man’s origin. In 1798 the widow, plus a married son and family were still in Kano, which census gave the maiden name of the widow as Herzog, while their daughter and family were living in Zurich (Mai1798: Kn26, Zr42).

Lotz{J.Georg}FN: By 17 Aug 1767 {Georg} and wife {Anna} had settled at Kano FSL 25, he said to be from UC Nannhausen. KS144 said he was from Kreutzweide in Unterfr. Not found in Kulberg or in T.

Lotz{Justus/Augustus}: using LDS Film # 1336897 Corina Hirt’s research shows that Lotz{Justus} born near Alsfeld about 1725 married Bramm (A.Elisabetha) 25 Sep 1749 in Alsfeld, {Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate}. They had 4 known children all born and baptized in Alsfeld: {Justus} 1750, {G.Dieterich} 1753, {J.Heinreich} 1755, and {M.Elisabetha} 1757. This family with 2 younger daughters (Catharina age 5.5 & Margaretha age 2) arrived at Oranienbaum 15 Sept 1766 (Kulberg 7054). Later in 1766 this family of six took transport for the Volga (T1995-2002). By 3 August 1766 [1767?] this couple with their 4 oldest children had settled at Katharinenstadt FSL #91, he said to have come from UC Alsfeld, Darmstadt and the wife’s maiden name was given as Brehm. By 1798 both parents apparently have died and their eldest son and their daughter are still living in Katharinenstadt (Mai1798: Ka150 and 149).

Lotz{A.Maria}: married Ruhl{J.Andreas} in Buedingen 14 May 1766 both from Langenschwartz (Maia&Marquardt#648). Mai&Marquardt seem to suggest that this marriage entry may have been a mistake, corrected by Kulberg3622. I tend to think the man in 648 was not the man in 646 since there are the following two separate entries for arrival in Russia: On 29 Aug 1766 Ruhl{Andreas} with wife {Anna} he arrived in Russia, he said to be from Darmstadt (Kulberg3644) and on 29 Aug 1766 Riel {Ruhl}{Andreas} with wife {Anna} he arrived in Russia, said to be from Darmstadt (Kulberg3622). See Ruhl{Andreas} of Kraft.

LotzFN{Johann}: said (no locality mentioned) by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from UC Hannover. For 1798 see Mai1798: Nm33 which gives his wife’s maiden name as Mueller{Elizabeth}. A Schlitz ML says this man from UC Breitenbach married in 1766 Elizabeth Mueller from UC Sterfritz (Maia&Marquardt#738).
Lotz\{Christopher\}: Kulberg\textsuperscript{7} says this Lutz family arrived in Oranienbaum in September 1766. They are probable Zug first settlers said by Recruiter Beauregard’s 1768 list (Lk\textsuperscript{18}) to have been from\textsuperscript{UC} Riegersdorf? . For 1798 see Mai\textsuperscript{1798}: Zg\textsuperscript{37} and 48.

Lotz\{Johann sr.\}: KS\textsuperscript{144} says he left Breitenbach near Schluechtern. Not identified in any other source.

Lotz\{Johannes\}: KS\textsuperscript{144} says he left Billings near Schluechtern. Not identified in any other source.

Lotz\textsuperscript{FN}: this family name was found recorded in Schotten parish records for many generations prior to 1767; see Flegel trip.

Lotz\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Lutz.

Louis\{Anton\}: he, his Decker wife and children were in Zug in 1798 (Zg\textsuperscript{28}, 24, 38), but they are listed in no FSL nor in T, nor is there any indication they moved to Zug from another colony, so they are possible Zug first settlers.

Louis\{male\}: this military major was a godparent at the 10 Oct 1765 Luebeck baptism of Ganser\{Heinrich\} (Mai\&Marquardt\#1345). Louis may well have been his given name not his family name. Found in no later source.

Louis\textsuperscript{Gr}, now called Saarlouis, is it 101 miles SW of Frankfurt-am-Main in the Saar state. It is said by the Seewald FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} of a Scherer\{Michael\} family.

Louis\textsuperscript{VN} (aka Lui, Otrogovka, or Otrogowka): a Russian German village of the Roman Catholic faith situated on the eastern side of the Volga, founded in 1766. Its FSL is now published in Pleve, Einwanderung …, vol.III, pp. 79-94. According to this, the first settlers were from the following places with the family names shown here in parens. A name within square brackets following a family name is an alternate spelling usually from a later source. Origin information which Prof. Pleve derived from the Kuhlberg lists is italicized. The number with the name is their household number in the FSL:

- from Algesheim, Kurmainz: (Lang\textsuperscript{15});
- from Bamberg: (Stuermer\&Stuertzer\textsuperscript{34} and possibly Neuf\textsuperscript{[Nief]}\textsuperscript{34a});
- from Bernkastel, Kurtrier: (Bauer\textsuperscript{47,47a}, Hoch\textsuperscript{30}, Kumpallo\textsuperscript{2}, Quint\{Quindt\}\textsuperscript{56});
- from Bitsch, Lothringen: (Barbier\{Barbie\}\textsuperscript{26}, frau Debaptiste\textsuperscript{55}, Denig\textsuperscript{Denig}\textsuperscript{25}, Herbion\textsuperscript{10}, Leichleiter\{Leichleidner, Leichladner\}\textsuperscript{24}, Meier\{Maier\}\textsuperscript{12,39,41,51}, Obholz\{Abholz\textsuperscript{[Opholz]}\textsuperscript{27}, Peil\{Beil\}\textsuperscript{45}, Pourquenoit\{[Burgno]\textsuperscript{16}, Rausch\textsuperscript{53}, Springer\textsuperscript{52});
- from Blieskastel: (Kinderknecht\textsuperscript{46,48});
- from Busendorf, Lothringen: (Chandelier\textsuperscript{8}, frau Hein\textsuperscript{3}, Hein\textsuperscript{18}, Hild\{Hilt\}\textsuperscript{47}, Laurent\{Lorang\}\textsuperscript{?});
- from Eckenfein\?, [Kur-]Bayern: (Huber\{Hubert\}\textsuperscript{6});
- from Essegney\?, Frankreich: (Hein\textsuperscript{3});
- from Frauenberg, Lothringen: (Bauer\textsuperscript{31});
- from Gruensfeld, Wuerzburg: (Schmidt\textsuperscript{33});
- from Hamberg, [Kur-]Bayern: (Nuner\textsuperscript{9});
- from Heimerdingen\?, Lothringen: (Delvau\{Delwa\}\textsuperscript{14});
- from Hosenfeld, Fulda: (Wickhardt\{Wickart\}\textsuperscript{20});
- from Karlstadt, Wuerzburg: (Treuling\{Dreiling\}\textsuperscript{42});
- from Keller: (Schaefer\textsuperscript{50});
- from Kirchberg, Baden-Durlach: (unknown\{Brandt?\}\textsuperscript{54}, Marx\textsuperscript{35});
- from Kulmitz: (Hamalka\{Gamolka?\}\textsuperscript{28});
- from Linz: (Debaptiste\{DePaatiste\}\textsuperscript{55});
- from Meisenheim, Zweibrueck: (Eckhard\{Eckhardt\}\textsuperscript{5}, Faupel\{Faubel\}\textsuperscript{38}, frau Kumpallo\textsuperscript{2}, and possibly Schaefer\textsuperscript{2a});
- from Michelausen: (frau Elzer\textsuperscript{36});
- from Mittelsinn-bei-Aura, Wuerzburg: (Salzmann\{Saltzmann\}\textsuperscript{43});
- from Oettingling, Baden-Durlach: (Ziegelmeier\textsuperscript{29});
- from Saarbruecken: (Schoenberger\textsuperscript{32});
- from Saarburg, Kurtrier: (Denig\textsuperscript{17}, Gaenseblum\{Gaensblum\}\textsuperscript{35a}, frau Marx\textsuperscript{35});
- from Saargemuend, Lothringen: (Krause\textsuperscript{50}, Lich\textsuperscript{22}, Lick\textsuperscript{1}, Pink\textsuperscript{4}, Schlosser\textsuperscript{50a}, Schuber\{Schubert\}\textsuperscript{11});
from Schwaben: (Kessler22);
from Schwitzing?, Kurtrier: (Elter[Elser]36);
from Sierck, Lothringen: (Mutin[Mutie,Mutje?,Mutier]21, Springer49);
from Tirol, Oesterreich: (Auer[Aue]40);
from Trier: (Loevenbrueck23, Schaminais[Chamine]12);
from unknown origins: (Neuf,Nief)34a, Schaefer2a, Wais[Waltz]33a);
from Wien, Oesterreich: (Winker[Winkler?]44);
from Wuerzburg: (Kramm[Kram]37);
from Zweibruecken: (Schwebling19).

LoumburgGL, Brandenburg: an unidentified place said by the Dinkel FSL to be homeUC to a Lippmann family.

LouterbachFN: said by the Norka FSL to be fromUC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). Spelled Lauterbach in the 1775 census. Same in 1798 (Mai1798:Nr210).

Lovetus{J.Balth.}: go to Loretus.

Lovis?GL: an unidentified place said by the Galka FSL to be homeUC to a Hoffmann family. This may have been Luvis.

Lowenstein?GL: see Loewenstein.

Lower Franconia: see Unterfranken.

Lower Saxony is a northern state in the modern country of Germany.

Loz: go to Lotz.

Lton?GL: an unidentified place said by the Merkel FSL to be homeUC to a Bresiger family.

Lubich: KS144 says he left Gr.Gerau near Dieburg. No further information found.

Lucas/Luckas{Peter}: married Veltz{Margaretha} in Rosslau 1 June 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#996 & KS144). KS162 has Volz. Not found in Kulberg. Later in 1766 he, now a widower, took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T3510). KS162 has Volz. Additional information not found.

Luck, Volhynia: nka Lutsk, Ukraine 83 miles NE of Lviv, and said by the GCRA to be near Topolno[?] and to have been associated with a Reiser family. Jerry Frank says that Topolno was a few km N of Rosyszcze, a known German settlement region, and that St. Petersburg Consistory records show a Friedrich Reiser born in Topotna [sic] on 17 May 1836.

Lucas: go to Lucas.

Luckenwalde?, [Kur-]Brandenburg: is 25 km SSW of Berlin city centre and was said by the Urbach FSL to be homeUC to a Schaff family and possibly to a Wengert/Wingert family.

Lud{Jakob}FN: listed by the 1858 Neudorf census (#203) without origin. The GCRA found him to be son of Lutz{Erhard} who had come from first settling in Glueckstal (1816 #76), and nephew of Andreas Ludt (Glueckstal 1816 #76). Andreas, at least, was supposed to have been born inUC Ouerwinken, Batschka, Hungary. Also spelled Lutz, Luth, and Ludt. See the GCRA book for more.

LudFN: also see Lutz.

Luder: go to Luedern.

LudewigFN: see Ludwigs.

Ludike/Ludeke/Ludecke{J.Bernhard}: married Schroeder{A.Catharina} 9 June 1766 in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#165). KS145 has Ludeke and {Katharina}. On 12 Sept 1766 Ludecke, wife {Anna} and no child arrived in Russia (Kulberg#800). Later in 1766 this Lutheran Ludecke couple in Oranienbaum took transport for the Volga (T6944-6945). No further information found.

LudowigFN: go to Ludwig.

LudtFN: see Lud and Lutz.

Ludwag, Bamberg [Bishopric]: is 8 miles ENE of Bamberg city, and was said by the Leitsinger FSL to be homeUC to a Rudel/Ruddel family.

LudwigFN: said by the Boaro FSL to be fromUC Gera, Sachsen. For 1798 reference see Mai1798: Ss07.

LudwigFN{Simon}: said by the Boregard FSL to be fromUC Aschaffenburg.

LudwigFN{Paul}: said (no locality mentioned) by the Boregard FSL to be fromUC Bayreuth. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.
Ludwig: said by the Degott FSL to be from Waslam?, Frankreich.
Ludwig/Ludewig [G.Jacob]: Lutheran from either Wuerttemberg or Baden-Durlach Margraviate arrived at Schleswig city, Schleswig Royal Duchy in June 1761. With his wife [A.Eva] and 2 children he last reregistered in Denmark in January 1765 (EEE p.507). By the time of the Enders FSL they had settled there (FSL #31 which said he was from Stuttgart).
Ludwig: she was a servant in a Goetz household according to the Pleve version Jagodnaja Poljana FSL and said to be from Nidda, while Kromm says she was from Unter Schmitten (p.32).
Ludwig: he was an orphan living in a Machleit household but neither version of the Jagodnaja Poljana FSL gives a place of origin for him.
Ludwig {Eliesabetha}: daughter of {J.Henr.} from Unterschmidt (near Nidda per KS12) married Beutel {Conrad/Konrad} in Luebeck 26 June 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#714). KS121 said they were heading for Jagodnaya Polyana. This couple arrived in Russia 13 Sept. 1766 (Kulberg6217). Later that year they took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T6893 & 6894). This couple had by Sept 1767 settled in Jagodnaja Poljana #24, which said he was from Nidda.
Ludwig/Ludowig/Ludewig [G.Christian/J.Christian]: married in Luebeck 9 June1766 Dietrich [A.Eleonor]; another source spells it Ludewig (Mai&Marquardt#206). Not found in T. By 23 July 1767 {J.Christian & A.Eleonora} had settled at Katharinenstadt FSL #17, which said he was from Gera, Thuringen. Not found in T or in Mai1798.
Ludwig {Johann}: said by the Laub FSL to be from Saryhausen?, Wuerttemberg.
Ludwig/Ludewig [J.Andreas]: A Luebeck ML said this Ludewig man married 11 April 1766 Nuernberger [Catharina] (Mai&Marquardt#130). Kulberg13 said they were from Kur-Sachsen. Not found in T. Said by the Ober-Monjou FSL (#6) to be from Auma, Kur-Sachsen.
Ludwig {Philipp+w}: Kulberg102 said they were Catholic from Nuernberg. Not found in T. Said by the Orlovskaya FSL (#71) to be from Spalt, Nuernberg.
Ludwig [Philipp]: said by the Phillipsfeld FSL (#9a) to be an orphan in the Wilhelm household.
Ludwig [Catharina]: with husband Has [Matteus] their daughter was baptized 18 July 1766 in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#1326). No further information.
Ludwigsburg [Gl], Ludwigsburg [Amt], Wuerttemberg: proven by the GCRA to be home to the Meier family which went to Bergdorf; see their book for more details.
Ludwigsburg [Gl], Wuerttemberg [Duchy]: is some 6 miles N of Stuttgart, Baden-Wuerttemberg. Said by the Brahander FSL to be home to a Demm family. Said by the Jost FSL to be home to an Erb family.
Ludwigsburg [Amt] [Gl], Wuerttemberg: is some 6 miles N of Stuttgart city, and was an administrative district center.
Ludwigshafen [Ampt] [Gl], Pfalz: was a District administrative center just NW of Mannheim city.
Luea [Peter]: he and his Fablering wife were in Zug in 1798 (Zg7), but they are listed in no FSL nor in T, nor is there any indication they moved to Zug from another colony, so they are possible Zug first settlers.
Luebeck [Christoph]: married Breyer {A.Sophia} in Rossla 10 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#938). Not found in Kulberg, T, any published FSL or in Mai1798.
Luebben [Gl], Brandenburg: I am guessing this was Leben, Brandenburg; the only Luebben I can find was in Kursachsen.
Luebeck [Gl]: in the 1760s there were two countries named Luebeck: Luebeck Imperial City (which from 1226 to 1810 held lands mostly to the SW and NE of today’s city) and Luebeck Bishopric (which held lands outside of the city including a big isolated chunk to the NW completely surrounded by Holstein Duchy). I have been unable to distinguish between them in the FSL references. The city today is on the Baltic 32.6 miles NE of Hamburg city. No locality was mentioned in any of the following references: Said by the Bauer FSL to be home to Jorgens and Wilhelm families. Said by the Dobrinka FSL to be home to an Erbs family. Said by the Doenhof FSL to be home to a Kron family. Said by the Enders FSL to be home to Petersen, Sond, and von Bracken? families. Said by the Jost FSL to be home to a Baumann
family. Said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home to a Feidel family. Said by the Kratzke FSL to be home to a Nigens?/Niedens family. Said by the Neidermonjon FSL to be home to a Kessel family. Said by the Rosenheim FSL to be home to Brudersohn and Schraeder families. Said by the Schaefer FSL to be home to the Fabian family. Said by the Schulz FSL to be home to the Schulz [J.Jacob] family. Said by the Stahl-am-Karaman FSL to be home of Frank/Frans [Martin Christoph]. Said by the Stahl-am-Tarylk FSL to be home to Matthisen [Johann] and Scheidt families. Said by the Warenburg FSL to be home to a Brott [Zacharius] and a Detter family. Most likely the majority of colonists for Russia in 1764-66 took ship for Russia at the Luebeck port.

Luebert/Loebert: [A. Elisabeth]: married Netze [H. Wilhelm] in Rosslau 9 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#929). Not found in Kulberg. May also have been spelled Loebert, who was a granddaughter of Herr Peisert (Mai&Marquardt#1116). No further information.

Luebert: [Dorothea Louise]: by 3 Aug 1767, a young widow age 46, she had settled alone at Boaro FSL #93, said to be from Oranienbaum, Dessau. No further information.

Luecklein: [Elisabeth]: KS144 says she married in Rosslau in 1765. She did marry Dippolt [Balthasar Jacob] there on 29 June 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#1036). I did not find them in any later source.

Lueckstedt, [Kur-]Brandenburg: Said by the Warenburg FSL to be home to an Arndt family. Said by an earlier translation of the Warenburg FSL to be spelled Lickstadt.

Lueckstedt?G, [Kur-]Sachsen?: said by the Jost FSL to be home to a Doerfler family. The only Lueckstedt that I can find was in Kurbrandenburg some 77 miles NW of Berlin city.

Luedander? FN: said by the Schwed FSL to be from Stockholm, Schweden with s Dotz orphan boy in the household.

Luedern/Luder: [Carl Ernest]: husband of Eichstedt [A. Elis.] and father of [J.Jacob Adam] who was baptized in Luebeck 4 June 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#1313). On 10 Aug 1766 Luder [Carl, wife Catharina] and 6 children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Mecklenburg (Kulberg#4304) (T4034-4041). No later record found.

Luedern: [J.Jacob Adam]: son of [Carl Ernest] and his Eichstedt wife [A. Elis.], who was baptized in Luebeck 4 June 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#1313). On 10 Aug 1766 Luder [Carl, wife Catharina] and 6 children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Mecklenburg (Kulberg#4304) (T4034-4041). No later record of them. No later record found.

Lueders: [Christina]: she married Michaelsen [Juergen Henrich] in Luebeck 22 Aug 1765; they were not found in the T and have not been found resident in Russia (Mai&Marquardt#16). KS145 has Michaelsen and the wrong year: 1766.

Luedershausen-bei-Artenburg, [Luneburg Principality, Kurbraunschweig]: is 11 km NNE of Lueneburg city and was said by the Urbach FSL to be home to the Wagner [Sigmund] family.

Luehr/Lihr: [Conrad]: his daughter with his Mueller wife [A. Dorothea] was baptized 9 June 1766 in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#1355). Not found in Kulberg. Later in 1766 Lihr [Conrad & Dorothea] with one child took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T4518-4520). Not found in any later source.

Luehenberg: FN: see Linenberg.

Lueneburg: G: said by the Dinkel FSL to be home to Hollbeck? and perhaps Elers? families. This was either the next entry or the one after that.

Lueneburg, Lueneburg Principality, Kurbraunschweig: is 26 miles SE of Hamburg city centre and was the principal city of Lueneburg Principality the possessions of which were in 1760 incorporated into Kurbraunschweig.

Lueneburg Principality: G: seated in the city of the same name, the lands of this principality were incorporated into Kurbraunschweig in 1760 and for a time was maintained as a political entity by them. It was large and its lands stretched from just S of Hamburg city almost as far S as Hannover city, and from a bit W of Walsrode on E to well E of Lueneburg city and Gifhorn.

Lueneburg G: Hannover: said by the Lauwe FSL to be home to a Schroeder family.

Lueneburg-Stadt G: said by the Dinkel FSL to be home to a Schubach family. Undoubtedly the same place as Lueneburg listed above.

Luening: FN: this family name was found recorded in Schotten parish records for many generations prior to
Luft\textsuperscript{FN}, Saxony: see Litikh.

Luesemann\textsuperscript{FN} said by the Frank FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Weissenbach, Freie Adelprovinz der alten Ritter(?)русский.

Luetersburg: see Luetersburg.

Luetersburg\textsuperscript{FN}, Holstein [Duchy]: said by the Stahl-am-Tarlyk FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Tralmann family.

Luetersburg\textsuperscript{FN}, Holstein [Duchy]: said by the Stahl-am-Tarlyk FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Arendt and Kloppmann families. This is probably Luetersburg 29 km E of Kiel city.

Luettichau, Lachmann FSL: the birthplace of the family.

Luettichau: is 10 miles SW of Hoechst-im-Odenwald and was the birthplace of the Ort(h) who settled in Frank (Gieg1). EEE p.460 says this was home\textsuperscript{UC} to Jaeckel/Jeckel\{J.Peter\} who settled and died in Denmark, his widow and sons going to Rosenheim.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt, Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate: this actually was the place listed in the previous entry.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, town is 12 km NW of Augsburg city centre.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Hanau: is some 11 miles ENE of Hanau city, and said by the Kolb FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Wilhelm family.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Elsass: now called La Petite-Pierre, Alsace, an administrative center some 7.5 miles NNW of Saverne city.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Bishopric: see Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Hanau.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Bishopric: said by the 1798 Mariental census to be the maiden name of Frau Staub (Mail1798:Mt55).

The Mariental FSL says she was from\textsuperscript{UC} Zweibrucken (no locality indicated).

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Bishopric: listed in the Bergdorf 1816 census (KS:660) without origin. Passport lists (KS:986) give Grosspolen as origin – not verified. Also spelled Liezo.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Bishopric: was a Schwaben Knight’s Holding within the Neckar Kanton.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Bishopric: from\textsuperscript{UC} Langenschwartz married Rueppel\{Georg\} in Buedingen 16 May 1766 (Mai&M.Marquardt#653). Rueppel\{J.Georg\} with wife arrived in Russia 15 Sept 1766, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg6335). Later in 1766 this Rueppel family with an infant took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga on which trip the infant died (T7020-7021). By 29 July 1767 Rueppel\{Georg\} had settled at Kutter FSL #52 with a new wife \{M.Elisabeth\}, he said to be from Isenburg.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Bishopric: from\textsuperscript{UC} Helfenbein\{Johannes\} in Buedingen 12 April 1766 (Mai&M.Marquardt#523). On 13 Sept 1766 Helfenbein\{Johann & Susanna\} arrived in Russia, he said to be from Riedesel (Kulberg5250). Later in 1766 Helfenbein\{Johannes & A.Susanna\} took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T412-413). By 24 Aug 1767 Helfenbein\{Johannes & Susanna\} had settled at Stephan FSL #25, he said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Lanhausen.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Bishopric: also see Luft.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Bishopric: from\textsuperscript{UC} J.Georg married Roht\{A.Christina\} in Luebeck 8 July 1766, both from\textsuperscript{UC} Hessen-Darmstadt\{Landgraviate\} (Mai&M.Marquardt#254). KS144 says \{Johannes\} was from Oberlais near Buedingen. On 29 Aug 1766 they along with his sister \textit{Maria} age 18 arrived in Russia, he said to be from Darmstadt (Kulberg3738). Not found in T. By 1767 Luft\{J.Georg & A.Christina\} had settled at Frank FSL #42, he said to be from Ulfa, Darmstadt. In 1798 they were still in Frank (Mai1798:Fk53).

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Bishopric: from\textsuperscript{UC} J.Georg & A.Christina had settled at Frank FSL #42, he said to be from Ulfa, Darmstadt. In 1798 they were still in Frank (Mai1798:Fk53).

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Bishopric: said by the Kraft FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Ikt(?)\textsuperscript{FN}, Darmstadt.

Luettichau, Lichtenberg Amt\textsuperscript{GL}, Bishopric: Helfenbein\{Johannes\}, and \{Wilhelm\}; these men are likely Schilling first settlers and are found at #32, #84 and #82 respectively in the Schilling 1775 census. On the Schilling website, Gary
Martens says the family origin was in Wallernhausen, Hessen.
Luft: this woman was said by KS:119 to have married Arnold [J.Peter] who was said to have been from Hetzbach near Erbach. They have not been found in any FSL.
Luft: KS144 says this person left Hetzbach near Erbach heading for Jag.Poljana. Not further identified.
Luft: A.Margr.: see Pinzel: married Cleer [J.Hinr.] in Luebeck 7 Aug 1766 both from Hessen-Darmstadt [Landgraviate] (Mai&Marquardt#689). I did not find them in any other source.
Luft: A.Maria: KF144 says at age 18 with her twin [Johannes] she left Nidda near Buedingen going to Jag.Poljana. No further information found.
Luft: G.Heinrich: KS144 says he left from Hetzbach heading for Jag.Poljana with his Mueller wife {Christine E.} who was from Sandwich near Hoechst-im-Odenwald. No further information found.
Luft: Jacob: KS144 says he left Eich near Darmstadt with wife Staufers [Barbara] and 6 children. No further information found.
Luft: M.Catharina: married Weitzel [J.Henrich] 8 July 1766 in Buedingen, he said to be from Oberlais (Mai&Marquardt#254). On 29 Aug 1766 {Henrich & Catharina} arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg#164). Not found in any later source.
Luft/Luft: Stephan: married Tietz [A.Eliesabet] 8 July 1766 in Luebeck, both from Hessen-Darmstadt [Landgraviate] (Mai&Marquardt#254). On 29 Aug 1766 Luft and [Elisabeth], no children, arrived in Russia (Kulberg#3717). Later in 1766 these Lufts in Oranienbaum took transport for the Volga (T6944-6945). Found in no later source.
Lugano, Switzerland: said by the Schwed FSL to be home to the Mueller [J.Heinrich] and {J.Jacob} families.
Lugarno: said by the Preuss FSL to be from Zegendorf, Bamberg.
Lugovoe: a Russian name for Volmer.
Lugowoy: a Russian name for Volmer.
Luhm: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from Berlin, Brandenburg.
Lui: an alternate name for Louis.
Luid: said by the Boregard FSL to be from Alenkrinhausen?. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.
Luis: said by the Boregard FSL to be from Kiel. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.
Luisenfeld Kolonien: said by the Schwed FSL to be from Nassau (no locality mentioned).
Lukas: go to Lucas.
Lulea: said by the Boregard FSL to be from Alenkrinhausen?. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.
Lumm: said by the 1798 Neidermonjou census to be the maiden name of Frau Binatel.
Lund, Schweden: is 39 km E of Kopenhagen city and was said by the Schaefer FSL to be home to the Hermann [Johann] family.
Lundgruen: said by the 1798 Schulz census to be the maiden name of Frau Zitzer.
Lungerin: see Londerin.
Lungrin/Lingren: said by the Kratzke FSL to be from Darmstadt.
Luntz/Lunz: married Mueller [Gerdruth] 26 Apr 1766 in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#145) KS144 has Lunz and [Gertrud]. Not found in any later source.
Luoma, Finland: an unidentified place said by the Stahl-am-Tarlyk FSL to be home to the Steinmann family. There are 8 Luoma in Finland.
Lusacker: said by the Hildman FSL to be from Gelnhauseen [Imperial City]. Spelled Loseker in
1798 (Mai1798: Hd2).

Lushtia\textsuperscript{GL:GS}; former Margraviates (Upper and Lower) which in 1635 were folded into Kursachsen.

Luschkawitz, Kamenka, Podolia: a unidentified place where the GCRA says frau Hagstoz was born in 1787. There is a Loshkovtsy 27 miles NNE of Kamyanetz, Ukraine.

Luska, Posen, Poland; was an unidentified place where the GCRA says Frau Just was born in 1782.

Lussbach\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified locality which according to the Frank FSL was in Freie Adelprovinz der alten Ritter\textsuperscript{?} and was home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Kroening family. This might possibly be Launsbach some 20 miles NNW of Friedberg, Hesse.

Lust\textsuperscript{FN} (J.Philipp); said by the Stupp version of the Jagodnaja Poljana FSL \#66 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Umstadt/Gr.Umstadt, Buedingen, Hessen, but the Pleve version says he was from\textsuperscript{UC} Umstadt, Erbach. The Kromm version says the place was Hochst, Ulmstadt, Breuberg County\textsuperscript{[that is Umstadt]}]. Jim Pickelhaupt says he found this man’s origin. KS142 says he married Weber (Susanne Kath.) widow of Lufft (J.Nik.) who had borne 4 children by Lufft.

Lust\textsuperscript{FN} (J.Philipp): from Hoechst KS142.

Lust\textsuperscript{FN} (Feronica/Veronica): married Morasch (J.Georg) in Luebeck 29 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#162). On 13 Sept 1766 \{Veronica & J.Georg\} arrived in Russia, he said to be from Erbach (Kulberg5234). By 16 Sept 1767 \{J.Georg\}, wife \{Veronika\} and an infant daughter had settled at Jagodnaja Poljana FSL \#67, he said to be from Breuberg, Erbach. KS146 says both that he was from Muemling Grumbach, and from Hoechst near Erbach. Kromm says they were from Hochstadt, Breuberg [Condominium], near Erbach. Gieg\textsuperscript{1} proved that he was from Muemling Grumbach, Breuberg Condominium [half owned by Erbach County, half by Kurpfalz], situated just E of Hochstadt-im-Odenwald the seat of Breuberg Condominium. For 1798 see Mai1798: Jp77.

Lust\textsuperscript{FN} (M.Katharina); listed in 1798 as wife of Diesing (Philipp) in Yagodnaya Polyana (Mai1798: Yp5).

Lustig\textsuperscript{FN} (Elizabeth): this widow is listed in Rosenheim in 1798 (Rm14) but I cannot find her in any FSL.

Lustnau\textsuperscript{GL}, Tuebingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg: is about ½ miles NE of Tuebingen city, and was proven by GCRA to be home to the Kraenzer/Kranzler families that went to Glueckstal. Mistakenly said by the 1816 Kassel census (#75) to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Knapp\{Valentin\} family. See the GCRA book for more.

Lustnau, Tuebingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg:

Lutenburg\textsuperscript{GL}, Holstein [Duchy]: said by the Merkel FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Walter family. This probably is Luetjenburg, some 18 miles E of Kiel.

Luth\textsuperscript{FN}: see Lud and Lutz.

Lutherborn\textsuperscript{GL}, Isenburg: an unidentified place said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Gutjahr’s wife.

Lutz\textsuperscript{FN} said by the Balzer FSL to be from Isenburg. Bonner proved this Lotz man was baptized in and married his Hart wife in Aulendiebach, Isenburg [-Buedingen County]). The maiden name of the wife is given as Herdt in 1798 (Mai1798: Brz26); also see Bz34.

Lutz\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Dietel FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Zenberg\textsuperscript{?}, Darmstadt. In 1798 spelled both Lutz (Mai1798: Gk58) and Lutzi (Dt51).

Lutz/Lutz\textsuperscript{FN} (J.Michael): may be the Lutze man who married Kesisch (Elisabeth) in Rosslau 22 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#988 & KS144). KS138 has her name as Kefuescher and the date incorrectly as 1765. On 14 Sept 1766 Lutz (Michael & Elisabeth) with no children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Nuernburg (Kulberg5639). Not found in T. By 1767 Lutz, with wife \{Susanna\} and an infant, was settled at Frank FSL #76, he said to be from Nuernburg. In 1798 Lutz and his Wagner wife \{Christina\} were living in Frank with 3 children (Mai1798: Fk07).

Lutz\textsuperscript{FN}: listed by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:674, 3361) with no origin. The GCRA found reason to believe the family came from\textsuperscript{UC} Ouwerwinken, Batschka, Hungary; see their book for more detail. Also spelled Lud, Lutd, and Luth.

Lutz\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Grimm FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Mannheim.

Lutz\textsuperscript{FN}: perhaps not found in an FSL but was in the 1775 Grimm census #94. For 1798 see Mai1798: Gm179.

Lutz\textsuperscript{FN}: arrived in South Russia in 1818 and 1819; later settled in Gueldendorf, Odessa; family records
found by Curt Renz in Gondelsheim, Bretten Amt, Baden.

Lutz{Hans Michael}: Lutheran from UC Anspach, arrived at Fridericia, Jueland Royal Province in May 1760. With wife and 7 children he last reregistered in Denmark in Dec 1764. They arrived at Kronstadt in May 1766. While in Oranienbaum in Aug 1766 he submitted a written application to settle in Hirschenhof colony in Latvia (EEE p.508).

Lutz{Adam/J.Adam}: Lutheran from UC Neulossheim, Maulbronn Klosteramt, Speyer Unteramt, arrived in Schleswig in March 1761. With wife and child he last reregistered in Denmark in Dec 1764 (EEE p.508). {J.Adam} son of Lutz{J.Adam} and his Staatswiesel wife {A.M.Elisabeth} was baptized in Luebeck 12 March 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#1282). He, wife {Elisabeth} and 3 children arrived at Kronstadt 20 May 1766 (Kulberg211). While in Oranienbaum in Aug 1766 he submitted a written application to settle in Hirschenhof colony in Latvia (EEE p.508). Kulberg211 and p.24 also said they came from UC [Kur:]Pfalz and went to Livonia.

Lutz, a Lutz woman from UC Langenschwartz may have been the wife of the Ruhl man who went to Kraft (Mai&Marquardt#648).

Lutz: Bonner found that their Buedingen marriage record said that this wife in the Pinecker couple that went to Moor was from UC Aulendiebach.

Lutz{Friedrich/Georg F.}: said by both the 1816 Neudorf census (#19) and KS:361 to have come from UC Reichenbach, Wuerttemberg. Using FHL#1,475,167, the GCRA proved their origin in Deckenfronn, Herrenberg [Amt], Calw [OberAmt], Wuerttemberg. See the GCRA book for more.

Lutz{J.Georg}: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from UC Wittenberg.

Lutz: said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be from UC Wuerzburg no locality indicated. The 1798 Pfeiffer census says his wife's maiden name was Mueller (Mai798:Pt78).

Lutz: this widow was said (no locality mentioned) by the Schaefer FSL to be from UC Danzig [Free City].

Lutz: said by the Warenburg FSL to be from UC Koepfingen?, Wuerttemberg [Duchy] [sic?]. For 1788 and 1798 see Mai1798:My2981 and Dn39.

Lutz{Eliesabetha}: married Ruppert{Johannes} in Buedingen 6 March 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#373 & KS152). Not found in any later source.

Lutz{Johannes}: KS144 says he left Marjos near Schluechtern. No further information.

Lutz: this family name was found recorded in Winterhausen marriage records 1760-1769; see Flegel trip.

Lutz: also see Lud.

Lutze{Vollmerr Benjamin}: married Erbig{Catharina} 22 May 1766 in Rosslau (Mai&Marquardt#987). KS144 and 127 mistakenly have the year as 1765. Found in no later source.

Lutze: also see Lutz.

Lutzoff: see Luzaft.

Lutz: see Lutz.

Luvis, Schweiz?: said by the Galka FSL to be home UC to a Norberg family. This may have been 52 miles SE of Zuerich city.

Lux: said by the 1798 Herzog census to be the maiden name of frau Braun [Andreas/Hans Adam] of the Rohleder FSL #10 (Mai1798:Hr10).

Luxembourg: the main city of Luxembourg state, situated some 25 miles SW of Trier and some 118 miles WSW of Frankfurt-am-Main.

Luxembourg: it often controlled more than present-day Luxembourg plus the large Luxembourg province of Belgium. From 1697-1797 it was a possession of the Spanish king. In none of the following references is any locality mentioned: Said by the Brabander FSL to be home UC to Konrad {Adam} and Marusch families. Said by Kuhlberg to be home UC to the Stieber orphan girl listed by the Brabander FSL as living in the Mader household. Said by the Cheisio FSL to be home UC to a Kieffert/Manrich family. Said by the Franzosen FSL to be home UC to a Malque family. Said by the Graf FSL to be home UC to Buchholz, Kunz, and Zimmermann families. Said by the Kamenka FSL to be home UC to an Astian family. Said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home UC to a Heidecker family. Said by the Mariental FSL
to be home to Bersch, Dreher, and Hermann families. Said by the Roethling FSL to be home to a Flanz family. Said by the Schoenchen FSL to be home to Schoenchen and Waldweiten families. Said by the Warenburg FSL to be home to Nissen stepson of Koch.

Luz (Jacob) FNL: said by KS:362 to have gone from Beinberg, Calw [Amt], Wuerttemberg to Kassel. Luzaf FNL: said by the Enders FSL to be from Schleswig-Holstein (no locality mentioned). The family name in 1798 was spelled Lutzhoff (Mail1798:En26).

Luzern VV (aka Michailowka, Remmler, Roemmler); a Lutheran German colony founded in 1767 on the eastern side of the Volga river not far from Meinhard. To the best of my knowledge no copy of its First Settlers’ List has been found and published. Anyone learning of such a docient, please let us know immediately. However, we have origin information on some of its first or nearly first settlers – this information is available in “Kolonisten des Lokators Beauregard, die vorübergehend in anderen Kolonien angesiedelt würden” in pages 349-380 of Pleve. Einwanderung …, vol.4. The numbers in parens below indicate the position of a family in that list, identified in this Index as Lk. In addition, we have family names of some who probably were first settlers here based on (1) other colonies having said they moved in from Luzern or (2) they were living in Luzern in 1798 – and in both cases I found no record saying they had moved from any other village to Luzern, and they were not found in any printed FSL. Such families listed below with no origin and have no number in parens following their name. Placenames in italics are taken from Kuhlberg lists as printed in the Pleve books.

from Bamberg [Bishopric]: (Burghardt) [Nicolaus]44, [Degner] {A.Maria}50; from Bieber, [Hanau County]: (Voelker) [Jacob]83; from Blankenbach, [Hessen-Kassel Landgraviate]: (Reit)21); from Breitfurt, [Pfalz-Zweibruecken Duchy]: (Flach) [Valentin]129; from Buchfeld?, [Bamberg Bishoric]: (Amon) [Caspar]49; from Fugenhauen??: Mei (Georg)81; from Greissenheim: (Griessling) [Heinrich]71, {J.Georg}72; from Hessbach: (Brant) [Conrad]141; from Kastel: (Fraas) [Wolfgang]39; from Lauenheim?: (Burghardt) [Georg]150; from Lohr, [Kurmainz]?: (Lembach) [Anton]41 and {Paul}40; from Medewitz: (Heglein) {Michael}51; from Mengen?: (Braun) [Johannes]80; from Merzhausen: (Heil) [Johannes]82; from Neustadt: (Margar) [Christoph]63; from Neustadt: (Diehl) [Jacob]79; from Niederusel?: [Frankfurt Imperial City]: (Werner) [Philipp]95; from Niederwald: (Diebach) [Jacob]56; from Notzing?, [Kurabayern]: (Weimann) [Joseph]55; from Obermoerlen, [Kurmainz]: (Richmeier) [Johannes]73; from Orb, [Kurmainz]: (Bassett) [Adam]118, Bauer [Adam]113, [Johann]64, and {J.Jacob}114, Heil [Adam]59, Herr [J.Peter]65, Meier [Heinrich]66, Pfeifer [Jacob]57, Ritter [Jacob]52, [Johannes]52, Schlotter [Philipp]115; from Rehbach: (Timant?) [Johannes]116 and maybe Regner [Andreas & Anton]116a; from Sogerheim?: (R [Philipp]45; from Stromberg?: [Kurpfalz]: (Baecker) [Johann]138; from Suhl, [Kursachsen]: (Kesslering) [J.Stephan]148; from Waldhurn?:, [Kurmainz]: (Schmidt) [Johannes]97; from Wirttheim, [Kurmainz]: Ras? [Jacob]93.

Other possible first settlers: Ackermann [M.Katharina], Bassi [A.Maria], Beck [Katharina], Becker [A.Margaretha nee Kleinshnis], Becker [Elisabeth], Becker [Johannes], Block [Elizabeth], Boes: see Postin, Boet [Mattias], Bruchmann [Elisabeth], Christin? [Susanna], Degner [Konrad], Demond/Dermuth [Georg], Gak [Dorothea], Gak [widow], Hack [Konrad]43a, Hartner [Leonhardt], Hasselbaum [Gertrude], Johann [Martin], Kaiser [Magdalena], Kirchgessner [Valentin], Klaassen [M.Eva],

Lydecken {GL}: see Leidhecken.

Lydershausen {GL}: is 12 miles SSE of Koblenz city, and said by the Boregard FSL to be home to an Oper? family and possibly to a Windemann family.

Lyon, Frankreich: is 70 miles SW of Geneva; also see Lion.

Lysanderhausen {GL}, Saxony: an unidentified place, said by the Merkel FSL to be home to a Neumann family.

Lyubets? {GL}, Kurmainz: an unidentified place said by the Preuss FSL to be home to a Krug family.

Lyuf {FN}: see Lofling.