Weber {M.Barbara}: Gerhard Lang proved her born about 1724 in Heiligkkreuz near Odenwald. She married Erder {Johannes} in 1745 in Leutershausen. They immigrated first to Denmark (Schleswig-Holstein), and then in 1763 to Russia. They settled in Anton FSL (#9). For more information go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/e/erder_anton.cfm.

Weber {A.Maria}: according to Gerhard Lang she was born 13 September 1711 in Unter Schoenbrunn, and married Baer {J.Nicolaus} 23 April 1743 in Schoenbrunn; she went to Denmark along with her husband and children, but died there before the rest of the family left for Russia. For more detail go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/b/baer_anton.cfm.

Weber {Anna}: KS 162 says she was from Isenburgian lands going to Balzer. Not further identified.

Weber {A.Catharina} FN: Bonner proved she was (although not so named) the stepdaughter from Rohrbach of a Grasmueck in the Balzer FSL (#78). In addition Bonner proved that Weber {J.Caspar} of Rohrbach died there having married there a Lepper woman who was the mother of this girl and the wife of Grasmueck.

Weber {A.Margaretha} FN: Bonner proved that this widow of Balzer (FSL #98) was baptized a Volckers/Volkers in Leustadt, and that she married in, and her husband and children were born in Bueches, where two were buried. The Stumpp version of the FSL evidently mistakenly said she was from Rohrbach, Isenburg[-Buedingen County].

Weber {A.Margaretha} FN: she was listed in the Balzer FSL as an unmarried daughter in the household of the widow Weber just mentioned. In the 1798 Balzer census she was listed as the [2nd?] wife of Barthuly (Mai1798:Bz44). Bonner proved she was baptized in Bueches.

Weber {Georg Conrad}: Lutheran, from Wembach, Lichtenberg Amt, Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate arrived at Fridericia, Juetland Royal Province in Sept 1760. Last reregistered in Denmark in January 1765. Before 1775 he had settled in Beideck (1775 census #7) (EEE p. 636).

Weber {J.Peter}: Lutheran, from Steinau, Lichtenberg Amt, Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate arrived at Fridericia, Juetland Royal Province in Sept 1760. Last reregistered in Denmark in April 1763. Before 1775 he had settled in Beideck (1775 census #71) (EEE p.636).

Weber {Nicolaus}: a likely Beideck first settler; he, his wife and a daughter arrived at Oranienbaum on 4 July 1766 (Kulberg#2294). This family was #48 in the 1775 Beideck census. At least two offspring were still in Beideck for the 1798 census. This information was presented by Karen Drier Esayian.

Weber FN: said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be from UC Hanau (no locality mentioned).

Weber FN: said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be from UC Stollberg (no locality mentioned).

Weber FN: said (no locality mentioned) by the Boregard FSL to be from UC Frankfurt-am-Main with a Schuhmann stepson in the household. Spelled Wever in 1798 (Mai1798:Bz31).

Weber {Peter}: said by the Brabander FSL to be from UC Kestenhof?

Weber FN {Peter}: said by the Brabander FSL to be from UC Kunzdorf?, Luxembourg.
Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Dietel FSL to be from\cite{UC} Hasloch, Kurpfalz. For 1798 see Mai1798:Dt10.

Weber\cite{FN}: Nicolaus: Lutheran, arrived at Fridericia, Juetland Royal Province in May 1760. With wife and 2 children last reregistered in Denmark in April 1763 (EEE p.636). By June 1764 they were settled in Dobrinka FSL #8 which said he was from\cite{UC} Erstheim (?), Birkenfeld (?). In 1798 his wife is said to be a Rescher (Mai1798:Gb57).

Weber\cite{FN}: Leonhard: said by the Doenhof FSL to be from\cite{UC} Darmstadt (no locality mentioned). This might be the man who left Fraenkenisch-Crumbach in 1766, mentioned in Gieg1.

Weber\cite{FN}: Maria: listed as Frau Heimbuechner in the Frank FSL (fk101). Starting with research reported in Gieg1 and translated by Dick Kraus, the Doris Evans crew proved that she was a Weber and traced her family back five more generations!

Weber\cite{FN}: Johannes: He was listed by T7460 in 1765-66 next to the Roedigers. Said by the Frank FSL #102 to be from\cite{UC} Oberklingen (?), Kurpfalz, living next door to the Roedigers at #101. Oberklingen probably was a mistransiteration of Ober Klingen.

Weber\cite{FN}: Christian: said by KS:477 to be from\cite{UC} Liebling, Banat, and to have married\cite{UC} a Bauer woman in Glueckstal. See the GRCA book for detail.

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Graf FSL to be from\cite{UC} Homburg, Wuerzburg.

Weber\cite{FN}: Heinrich: not found in an FSL but was in the 1775 Grimm census #88 and 87. For 1798 see Mai1798:Gm3.

Weber\cite{FN}: Johannes: from Nieder Ohmen married Scheffer\cite{A.Catharina} in Buedingen 20 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#563). KS163 says Neider Ohmen was near Alsfeld. Not found in any FSL but was in the 1775 Grimm census # 87. For 1798 see Mai1798:Gm163.

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Hoelzel FSL to be from\cite{UC} Muehldorf, Bamberg [Bishopric].

Weber\cite{FN}: Johannes: said by Kuhlberg3157 and the Huck FSL to be from\cite{UC} Isenburg (no locality or country indicated).

Weber\cite{FN}: Wolf: spelled Febor? in the Pleve version of the Huck FSL which along with Kuhlberg3149 says he is from\cite{UC} Isenburg (no locality or country indicated).

Weber\cite{FN}: Susanne Kath.: from Oberkainsbach near Darmstadt and widow of Luft\cite{J.Nik.} with 4 children by him 2nd married Lust\cite{J. Philipp} (KS144). On 13 Sept 1766 Lust\cite{J. Philipp & Susanna} with 6 children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Erbach (Kulberg5235). Later in 1766 {Philipp & Susanna} with six children took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T7253-7260). By 16 Sept 1767 this family had settled at Jagodnaya Poljana FSL #66, he said to be from Umstadt. KS144 has both Oberkainsbach and Umstadt.

Weber\cite{FN}: Gottfried\cite{GCRA}: listed by both the 1816 Kassel census (#45) and KS:477 without origin. The GCRA found evidence that one daughter was born in Latschanow, Poland in 1807; they think this may have been Latoszkowa near Kepa, now absorbed within Warsaw itself. See their book for more.

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from\cite{UC} Dresden, Sachsen.

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from\cite{UC} Koeln.

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Koehler FSL to be the maiden name of frau Leinecker.

Weber\cite{FN}: according to the Buedingen ML a widow Weber nee Mueller of\cite{UC} Hoffstaedten, married a Schuettler man in 1766; by 1767 the couple was in Kraft (Mai&Marquardt#688).

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Krasnoyars FSL to be from\cite{UC} Buedingen, Isenburg.

Weber\cite{FN}: Jacob: on 8 Aug 1766 he, wife {Katharina} and 3 children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Braunfels (Kulberg3570 & KS162). Later in 1766 {Jacob}, wife {Catarina} and 3 children had settled at Kukkus FSL 35, he said to be from\cite{UC} Ulm (?), Braunfels.

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Laub FSL to be from\cite{UC} Tennig?, Ansbach.

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Mariental FSL to be from\cite{UC} Hessen-Kassel; at the same time it says his wife is from Koeln.

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Messer FSL to be from\cite{UC} Isenburg (no locality mentioned).

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Messer FSL to be from\cite{UC} Kurpfalz (no locality mentioned), and the maiden name of the wife was given as Just.

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Moor FSL to be from\cite{UC} Gelnhausen (no locality mentioned).

Weber\cite{FN}: said by the Moor FSL to be from\cite{UC} Isenburg (no locality mentioned).

Weber\cite{FN}: Johannette Catharina: from from\cite{UC} Wenings married Eberling\cite{Johannes} in Buedingen on 3 June 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#678). KS163 says Wenings was near Buedingen. On 29 August
1766 {Johannes & Catharina} arrived in Russia (Kulberg3716). Later in 1766 they took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T618-619). By 26 Aug 1767 they had settled at Norka FSL #188 which said he was from UC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). For 1798 see Mai1798: Nr103 and perhaps Bd48?

Weber FN: [A.Maria]: from UC Wenings married Mueller [Hans Otto] in Buedingen 12 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#635). Not found in Kulberg or in T. By 15 Aug 1767 {Otto} and wife had settled at Norka FSL #20, he said to be from UC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). In 1798 the widowed wife, maiden name Weber, was living in Norka in the household of a married daughter (Mai1798: Nr69).

Weber [Heinrich]: mistakenly said by both the 1858 Neudorf census (#235) and KS:477 to have come from UC Bruehl, Mannheim [Amt], Baden. Using FHL#488,316, the GCRA proved their origin in Ottersheim, Germersheim [Amt], Rheinpfalz. See the GCRA book for more.

Weber FN: said by the Norka FSL to be from UC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). For 1798 see Mai1798: Nr88, 2 and 18.

Weber FN: the 1798 Norka census gives this as the maiden name of the wife of an Isenburger Bauer (Mai1798: Nr55).

Weber FN: said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be from UC Rabachan? with a Krueck step-daughter and a Stupart {Katharina} orphan living in the household. For 1798 see Mai1798: Bo21, Hr14 and possibly Om43.

Weber FN: said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be a step-daughter living with the Schelhler family which would indicate that frau Schelhler was previously Frau Weber.

Weber FN: said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be from UC Ersingen.

Weber FN: said by the Preuss FSL to be from UC Dalov(?), Champagne, France.

Weber FN: said by the Preuss FSL to be from UC Ris(?), Kur Trier.

Weber FN: said by the Preuss FSL to be from UC Schwellheim, Wuerzburg.

Weber FN: this woman married a Rasch man in Luebeck in 1765 (Mai&Marquardt#17), before they moved to Reinhard.

Weber FN: said by the Reinwald FSL to be from UC Stolberg-Gedern [County]. For 1798 see Mai1798: Rw47.

Weber [Georg]: FN: said by the Rohleder FSL to be from UC Zuckau, Danzig [Free Imperial City].

Weber [Johannes]: FN: said by the Rohleder FSL to be from UC Kur-Trier (no locality mentioned). For 1798 see Mai1798: M44.

Weber [Tomas]: FN: said by the Rohleder FSL to be from UC Zuckau, Danzig [Free Imperial City]. For 1798 see Mai1798: R147.

Weber [M.Eva]: FN: in 1765 this woman married an Appel man in Rosslau (Mai&Marquardt#857); by 1767 they were in Schaefer, the FSL of which said she was from UC Oberrod, Kur-Mainz[sic?].

Weber [A.Maria]: FN: this widow was said by the Schulz FSL to be from UC Stolberg. For 1798 see Mai1798: Sz10 and Pl22.

Weber [J.Jacob]: FN: said by the Schulz FSL to be from UC Stettin, Preussen [Kingdom]. I could not find him in Mai1798.

Weber [A.Justina]: the wife of Uhrich {Johannes} of Schwab and mother of Uhrich {J.Friedrich} of Gross Umstadt.

Weber [Heinrich]: FN: said by the Seelmann FSL to be from UC Koerich?, Luxemburg [Duchy]. For 1798 see Mai1798: Sm10.

Weber [Johannes]: FN: said by the Seelmann FSL to be from UC Koerich?, Luxemburg [Duchy]. For 1798 see Mai1798: Sm9.

Weber FN: [J.Hinr.]: said by the Stahl-am-Karaman FSL #22 to be from UC Darmstadt. This Weber man from UC the Darmstadt area married 21 May 1766 Schleegel {A.Cathar.} from UC Isenburg County (Mai&Marquardt#226).

Weber [Ernst]: FN: he was said by the Urbach FSL to have died on the way to Russia.

Weber [Ernest]: FN: his widow, later frau Spindler, was said by the Urbach FSL to be from UC Erbstadt, Hanau County. Hessen[-Kassel Landgraviate].

Weber [A.Maria]: daughter of {J.Balthasar} a hunter in the service of General von Betlack (sic) from Erlau in Fraenkisch-Crumbach Walter {J.Phillip} son of Walther {J.Peter} from Kirchberfort
Weber\[Christina\]: sister of {A.Maria}.  
Weber\[Eva\]: sister of {A.Maria}.  For 1798 see Mai1798:Wt96.  

Weber\[FN\]: father-in-law and sister-in-law (of a Lichtenberger man) said by the Walter FSL to be from\[^UC\] Krumbach. Hessen-Darmstadt County. They were said by Fraenkisch Crumbach parish records to be from Erlach (Mai&Marquardt\#750).  
Weber\[FN\] (J.Leonard): with sister {A.Maria} left Fraenkisch-Crumbach in 1766, settled in Walter (Gieg1, Mai1798:Wt04).  
Weber\[FN\] (J.Nicolaus)23 April 1743 in Ehrbach (Mai&Marquardt\#23). On 22 July 1766 in Luebeck Weber’s daughter was baptized in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt\#1291). On 22 July 1766 \{Johann\}, \{Margaretha\} and one child arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg2317. Not found in any later source.  

Weber\{A.Maria\}: according to Gerhard Lang she was born 13 September 1711 in Unter Schoenbrunn, and married Baer\{J.Nicolaus\}23 April 1743 in Schoenbrunn; she went to Denmark along with her husband and children, but died there before the rest of the family left for Russia. For more detail go to http://cvgs.cu-portland.edu/origins/b/baer_anton.cfm.  

Weber\[FN\] (Johann): married Rode\{Dorothea\} in Luebeck 11 Nov 1764; so far they have not been found settled in Russia (Mai&Marquardt\#4).  

Waeber/Weber\{J.Ernst\}: married Scheidellmann\{Margaretha E.\} in Buedingen 23 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt\#575 & 1139 & KS154). KS162 has {Johann}. On 22 May 1766 in Luebeck Weber’s daughter was baptized in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt\#1291). On 22 July 1766 \{Ernst\}, \{Margaretha\} and one child arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg2317. Not found in any later source.  

Weber\{J.Heinrich\}: KS162 sys he was from Buches near Buedingen. He may have taken transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga in 1766 (T3949)? No further information.  

Weber\{J.Philipp\}: KS162 says he was from Neu-Issenburg near Offenbach heading for Gnadenfird. No further information.  

Weber\{Johannes\}: KS162 says he was from Atzbach near Wetzlar, had wife \{A.Gertrud\} and daughter \{Katharina\}. No further information.  

Weber\{Johannes\}: KS162 says he was from Buedingen city and married \{Maria\} in 1765 in Rossau. No further information.  

Weber\{M.Helena\}: married Meyer\{Christoph\} in Rossau 13 June 1766 (Mai&Marquardt\#1013). KS145 has the year mistakenly as 1765. Not found in any later source.  

Weber\{Maria\}: was a godmother at the 25 May 1766 Luebeck baptism of Schroedter\{M.Catharina\} daughter of the widow Schroedter (Mai&Marquardt\#1292). No further information.  

Weber\{Martin\}: from\[^UC\] Wembach, Hessen-Damstradt Landgraviate married Hess\{M.Christina\} in Friedberg 5 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt\#302). On 4 July 1766 he, wife and 1 child arrived in Russia, he said to be from\[^UC\] Darmstadt (Kulberg1987). Not found in any later source.  

Weber\[FN\]: this family name was found recorded in Haiger parish records during the years prior to 1767, and both in Kropbach and in Schlitz as well as in Herborn marriage records 1762-67; see Flegel trip.  

Weber\[FN\]: also see Stahl and Weber.  

Weber\[^GL\]: an unidentified place said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be home\[^UC\] to a Guenther/Guenter family. There is a Webern some 9 miles SE of Darmstadt city center.  

Weberling\[FN\]: said by the Warenburg FSL to be from\[^UC\] Furmal?, Hannover [i.e. Kurbraunschweig]. Also spelled Beberling in 1798 (Mai1798:Wt71).  

Weber\[FN\]: said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be from\[^UC\] Pfalz (no locality mentioned).  

Webler\[FN\]: said by the Norka FSL to be from\[^UC\] Isenburg (no locality mentioned). Later spelled Weller (Mai1798:Nr206).
Wech?, [Hessen-]Darmstadt [Landgraviate]: an unidentified place said by the Warenburg FSL to be homeUC to Weber{Martin}.

WechelFN: see Weichelt.

WechesserFN: see Wasserer.

WechleinFN: said by the Lauwe FSL to be fromUC Willmandingen, Wuerttemberg. I could not find this family in the 1798 censuses.

WechterFN: said by the Jost FSL to be fromUC Niesau, Dessau. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

WeckesseFN: see Wasserer.

WeckeserFN: see Wasserer.

Weckesheim, [Hapsburgian lands]: this probably is Weikerseim 7 km NE of Friedberg. Said by a Friedberg ML to be homeUC to Brede{Dorothea} who married Vogelbach{Jacob} in Friedberg 16 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#316).

WedeFN{Christoph}:' said by the Paulskaya FSL #31 to be from Frassdorf, Dessau. According to Anhalt-Dessau archives as abstracted by Dr. Waeschke and annotated by Dr. Lippert, the Wede family left Fraszdorf, Dessau, for Russia (Mai&Marquardt#1170). KS163 says they were the husband the wife and 3 children.

Wedele/Wedle/Wehrle{David}: Lutheran, fromUC Wuerttemberg, arrived at Schleswig city, Schleswig Royal Duchy in May 1762. With wife {Margaretha} and son, he was free in June 1763 to leave Denmark at will. They went to Russia settling in Riebensdorf colony, Woronesh (EEE pp. 637-638).

WederspahnFN: see Widerspahn. Harvey Wederspahn provided origins information from his family chart.

Wedia/Wedin{Catharina}: married Wodie{Nicolaus} in Rosslau 9 January 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#1006). KS163 has Wedin. Not found in any later source.

Weding{Friedrich}: KS:82 and 163 say this man fromUC Schweden Pomeranien in 1764 was sent on to the Saratov area as part of the group of colonists transported under the command of Captain Paykul and Cornet Rehbinder. I have not found him in any published FSL.

WegFN: see Wiegener.

WeegerFN: also see Wagner and Wiegener.

Wegeleben, [Kur-]Brandenburg: is 8 km E of Halberstadt city and was said by the Urbach FSL to be homeUC to a Makroth family.

WegelinFN: said by the Merkel FSL to be fromUC Berlin, Prussia.

Wegeleben, [Kur-]Brandenburg: is 8 km E of Halberstadt city and was said by the Urbach FSL to be homeUC to a Makroth family.

WegelinFN: said by the Merkel FSL to be fromUC Berlin, Prussia.

WegenerFN{Andreas}: according to the Boaro FSL this orphan was living in a Jaeger household which was fromUC Brundorf. I could not find him in the 1798 Volga censuses.

WegenerFN: also see Wagner and Wiegener.

WegenerFN: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be fromUC Koethen. Later spelled Weigandt (Mai1798:Mv1194).

WegenerFN{Hans Martin}: Luther, fromUC either Heilbronn Imperial City territory or Darmstadt, arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in May 1762. With wife {A.Barbara} and daughter, in January 1765 he applied for permission to leave Denmark. They left for Russia
The text is a page from a document discussing various places and families. It includes references to places and names such as Galka, Hessen, and Neidermonjou, along with historical events and genealogical research. The text mentions various family names and their connections, including Wehr, Weichard, and Wehrshausen, and discusses their origins and movements. It also refers to places like Fridericia, Juetland, and the Royal Province of Hanau, providing historical context and genealogical details. The text seems to be focused on tracing the ancestry and migration patterns of certain families from different regions.
in Audra, Eichsfeld.

WeidemannFN: said by the Kano FSL to be fromUC Hetzbach?. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Weidenbach: said by the Kano FSL to be homeUC to a Windemuth family and possibly to their Schaefer[J.Valentin] step-children. Kuhlberg said this place was in Hessen. This probably was in Hessen-Kassel Landgraviate some 22 miles ESE of Kassel city.

WeidenbachFN: this family name was found recorded in Herborn marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Weidenbach: also see Wattenbach.

Weidenhahn: go to Weydenhahn.

WeidenkellerFN: see Wietenkeller.

Weidenthal, [Kurpfalz]: is 16 km ESE of Kaiserslautern city centre, and on 27 Jan 1737 Loos{Franciscus} was baptized in the Catholic church here.

Weiderhold/Wiederholt{J.Heinrich}: from Niedergrundau married Heil{Elisabetha} 22 June 1766 in Buedingen (Mai&Marquardt#707 & KS133). On 14 Sept 1766 Wiederholt{Johann & Elisabeth} without children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Hessen (Kulberg6540). Not found in T. By 14 Sept 1767 this couple had settled at Messer FSL #90, he said to be from Isenburg.

WeiderspahnFN: see Wiederspahn.

WeidhardtFN: see Weidhardt.

WeidenerFN: the GCRA using FHL1,346,109 proved their origin in Scheppach, Walbach parish, Weinsberg [Amt], Wuerttemberg, and found records of them leaving for South Russia, but could not find record of them in a Glueckstal colony; see their book for detail.

WeidnerFN: KS:478 said he came toUC Neudorf fromUC Ohringen [Amt], Wuerttemberg; no locality mentioned. No other information available at this time.

Weidnitz, Schlesien: said by the Schaefer FSL to be homeUC to the Kammer family. This place was important but I have been unable to find its new Polish name; it was in the district covered by Frankenstein.

Weid-Runkel CountyGS: see Runkel.

Weier:an unidentified place said by the Boaro FSL to be homeUC to a Lohr family, and possibly to a Heilmann family.

Weier: also see Weier.

Weig{Adam}: said by the Recruiter Beauregard list to have been fromUC Westerburg2 (Lk103); he is a possible but unlikely Grimm first settler. In 1798 a possible daughter {A.Katharina} was in Mueller which census said she had come there from Grimm (Mai1798:M9).

Weigan, Weigand, and Weigandt, also these names spelled with a y instead of an I, interfiled here:

Weigand/Weygand/WeygendFN{J.Christian}: married Huhn{Susanna M.}: in Rossau 10 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#946). KS136 & 164 have the wrong year: 1765. KS164 had Weygend. On 4 July 1766 {Christian & Dorothy} with 2 children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Kothen (Kulberg1417). Later in 1766 he with no wife and 1 child took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T843-844). By 3 Aug 1767 he and wife {Susanna} had settled at Boaro FSL #18, he said to be fromUC Schleusingen, Gekenburg(?) . I did not identify this family in Mai1798.

WeigandFN{A.Maria}: the maiden name of the wife of Boehmer{Sebastian} from Mettenheim, Wartenberg, who settled in Dietel (Mai&Marquardt#1236 & Dietel FSL #32). When they first set out for Russia they were accompanied by Weigand{Catharina}, {Sebastian}'s illegitimate sister-in-law (Mai&Marquardt#1252). KS122 and the Dietel FSL #32 to be fromUC Mettenheim, Wuertemberg[sic]. A contemporary pastor of the Lutheran Church in Mettenheim, Wartenberg [County], said that this Boehmer family was from his parish and that the wife's maiden name was Weigand{A.Maria} (Mai&Marquardt#1236). Dona Reeves-Marquardt has seen the church records. Spelled Boehm in 1798 (Mai1798:Dt18).

Weigand{Cath.}: sister-in-law of Boehmer, she died in Dietel in 1784 (Mai&Marquardt#1252). KS163 says she was from Mettenheim near Worms.

WeigandFN: the 1798 Galka census said this was the maiden name of frau Wunsch (Mai1798:Gk34).

WeigandFN{Heinrich}: said by the Huck FSL #5 to be fromUC Isenburg (no locality mentioned).
Weigand/Weingard/Weigandt/Weigandt\textsuperscript{FN}{Johannes/Johann}: Weigandt married 11 March 1766 in Buedingen Steiner [Apollonia] (Mai\&Marquardt\#412). On 31 May 1766 with wife {Apollonia} and son {Peter} he arrived in Russia said to be from Fulda (Kulberg547). Said by the Husaren FSL #31 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Hammelburg. Spelled Weigand in 1798 (Mai1798:Rt34) as well as Weingard (Km67), and Weingandt (Mv1038 in 1792).

Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{Christian}: said by the Kano FSL #21 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} [Anhalt-]Dessau [Principality].

Weigandt/Weigandt\textsuperscript{FN}{Gottlieb}: on 13 Sept 1766 he with wife {A.Maria} and 3 children arrived in Russia he said to be from Fulda (Kulberg5741). By 10 Aug 1767 he with wife and the 3 children had settled at Koehler FSL #2 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Fulda (no locality given). Jim Pickelhaupt says he found this man’s origin. The FSL said his Frau’s maiden name was Straubach {A.Maria} (no origin was given specifically for her).

Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{Johann}: 12 May 1766 in Friedburg {J.Nicolaus} married Mohr {Clara Christina} (Mai\&Marquardt\#341). By 26 June 1767 these two had settled at Kukkus FSL #43 said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Niederweiler, Baden-Durlach. In 1798 a son of {Johannes} with his Scheibel wife, his 3 young children, a brother and their widowed mother {A.Christina} (Mai1798:Kk33).

Weigandt/Weigandt\textsuperscript{FN}{Caspar}: said by the Kutter FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg (no locality or country indicated). Later spelled Weigandt. There is a high probability that the records for this family are in Wolferborn parish books – Dick Kraus. Is this really {Conrad}??

Weigandt/Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{Conrad/Konrad}: On 14 Sept 1766 {Conrad}, wife {Elisabeth} and 3 children he arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg6459). By 29 July 1766 with wife {A.Elisabeth} and the 3 children he had settled at Kutter FSL #51, he said to be from Isenburg.

Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{Johannes}: by 8 July 1767 this single male had settled at Kutter FSL #44, he said to be from Isenburg.

Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{Philipp}: this orphaned son of {Heinrich} deceased, was living in the household of Gutmann {Christoph} in the household of Kutter FSL #82a.

Weigandt\textsuperscript{FN}{Jacob}: is a single man living in the household of a family from Nordeck at Mueller FSL #25a but no origin is given for him.

Weigandt/Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{Peter}: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Friedberg. Spelled Weigand in 1798 (Mai1798:Nm54).

Weigandt/Weigandt/Weigand/Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{Daniel}: Dr. Ruth Schultz proved he was baptized as a Wigand in Boenstadt, Isenburg-Waechtersbach County. He married Hildebrand {A.Maria} [a widow?] in Buedingen 23 April 1766 (Mai\&Marquardt\#576). KS135 has Weigandt. KS164 has Weigand. On 9 Aug 1766 {A.Margaretha}, Weigandt, and a daughter {Julianna} arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenberg (Kulberg4091). Not found in T. By 15 Aug 1767 {Daniel}, wife {A.Maria} and step-daughter Kaiser {Julianna} age 7 daughter of the deceased {Johannes}, had settled at Norka FSL #78 & 78a. {Daniel} said to be from Isenberg. In 1798 Lefe_d/Lefeldt?? {A.Maria} is still in Norka living in the household of a married Weigand son (Mai1798:Nr92).

Weigandt/Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{Konrad}: said by Kuhlberg6459 and the Norka FSL #6 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg (no locality or country identified). Spelled Weigand in 1798 (Mai1798:Nr24,39,93).

Weigandt/Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{Kaspar}: said by the Norka FSL #72 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg (no locality mentioned). Spelled Weigandt in 1775. His widow is recorded at Mai1798:Pb18 under an earlier married name Haas.

Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{Katharina}: in the 1798 Norka census the maiden name of frau Pan was given as Waidain which may have been a mistransliteration of Weigand (Mai1798:Nr120).

Weigandt/Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{Christoph}: said by the Pfeiffer FSL #68 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Gross Steinum?. Later spelled Weigandt (Mai1798:Pf14).

Weigandt\textsuperscript{FN}{Peter}: was too young to be listed in the 1772 Pobochnaya first settlers’ list but moved from there to Yagodnaya Polynaya in 1792 (Mai1798:Mv2327(92),Jp27).

Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{A.Maria}: a widow said by the Rothammel FSL #10 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Dirmstein, Worms.

Weigandt/Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}: stepchildren in the Fei {Jacob} household, all possible early settlers in Zuerich. Spelled Weigand in 1797 and 1798 (Mai1798:Mv3085 Zr21 and 22, and Bb38).

Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}{no name}: KS163 says he came from Streitberg near Gelnhausen.
Weygand [Friedrich]: KS164 says he was from Buedingen city.
Wiegand [Johannes]: KS164 says he came from Eisenach, Thuers. No further information.
Wiegand FN: this family name was found recorded in Schotten parish records for many generations prior to 1767; see Flegel trip.
Wiegand FN: also see Waidain, Weigain, and Weisheim.
Wiegand VV: an alternate name for Norka VV.
Wiegandt FN: also see Weginer and Weigand.
Wiegand FN: see Weigand.
Wiegel/Weigele/Weigle [Thomas]: married Bergel [Barbara] in Luebeck 12 Oct. 1765
(Mai & Marquardt #29). KS163 said he was a Dr. and was from Rockhausen, Becherbach from Passau, Ansbach. Not found in Kulberg or T. By July 1766 they had settled in Herzog FSL #27 which said he was from Passau, Ansbach.
Wiegel FN: this wife is said by the Herzog FSL to be from Erlangen, Bayreuth. A Luebeck ML says her maiden name was Bergel [Barbara] marrying Weigel in 1765 (Mai & Marquardt #29).
Wiegel FN: said by the Jost FSL to be from Dinkelsbuehl?, Schwaben (no locality mentioned). I could not find this family in the 1798 Vogel censuses.
Wiegel FN: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from Leipzig with a Pastern wife from Gruenberg.
Wiegel FN: said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be from Aschaffenburg. Malyavski FN: see Maljawski.
Wiegel/Weigl [Marg.]: daughter of {Mich.} of Lohnerstadt married Majer [Christoph.] in Woerhd 5 May 1766 (Mai & Marquardt #793). KS144 has Weigl, Lonnertadt bei Neustadt on Aisch. They may have been the Meier [Christoph & Margaretha] who arrived in Russia 14 Sept 1766. Not identified in any later record.
Wiegel [Caspar]: KS164 says he came from Lauterbach with his step-father Jaeger [Andr.]. No further information.
Wiegel FN: see Feidel and Gitte.
Weigele FN: see Weigel.
Weigle FN: see Weigel.
Weihenzeil?, [Ansbach Margraviate]: is 7 km NE of Ansbach city, and said said by the Schwab FSL to be home to the Feil family.
Weihner/Weier GL: an unidentified place said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be home to a Grapowsky family. There are many places with these names in Germany.
Weiler GL: also see Weier or Weyher.
Weikauf FN: said by the Vollen FSL to be from Starenburg(?), Heppenheim.
Weikersheim, [Hapsburgian lands]: see Weckesheim.
Weikersheim GL, Nassau(?): Said by the Boaro FSL to be home to a Strifler? family. There was a Weikersheim some 21 miles S of Wuerzburg, Baden-Wuerttemberg.
Weikert [J.Adam]: T21-27 records him, his wife and 5 children transported from Oranienbaum to Saratov on which trip 2 of his children died. I did not find them in any recorded FSL.
Weikert FN: this family name was found recorded in Winterhausen marriage records 1760-1769; see Flegel trip.
Weif FN: said by the Paulskaya FSL to be from Usingen. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.
Weif FN: said by the Warenburg FSL to be from Springen?, [Katzenehnbogen County], Hessen-Kassel [Landgraviate]. He died prior to the 1798 Volga censuses.
Weil GL: an unidentified place said by the Boregard FSL to be home to a Steigel family. There were at least at least six Weils in Germany, one of which, Weil-der-Stadt, 14 miles WSW of Stuttgart city, was an Imperial City with a relatively small territory.
Weif FN: listed by both the 1816 Kassel census (#44) and KS:479 without origin. The GCRA found reason to believe the family came from somewhere in Prussia. See their book for more.
Weiland FN: see Weiland.
Weilander FN: said by the Warenburg FSL to be from Serschdorf?, Nassau. Spelled Weiland in 1791 and 1798 (Mai1798:Mv2989,Wr121 and Dn45).
Weilbach GL, Hessen: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home to a Schander family. This
probably was in Mainz, not Hessen, and was the same as the next entry.

**Weilbach**GL, Mainz: is some 7 miles ENE of Mainz city and said by the Goebel FSL to be homeUC to a Breining family.

**Weilburg**GS: usually refers to the County of Nassau-Weilburg which was seated in the town of the same name some 11 miles WSW of Giessen city. Said by the Herzog FSL to be homeUC to the wife of Schell. Said by Kulberg 17 to be homeUC to Schmidt [Caspar+w+3c].

**Weilburg, Nassau**: said by the Mariental FSL to be homeUC to a Mueller family. See the previous entry.

**Weil-der-Stadt Imperial City**GL: was 14 miles WSW of Stuttgart city and held only a relatively small territory.

**Weiler**FN: two families said by the Blumenort FSL to be fromUC HalbstadtGL, Marien burg.

**Weiler**FN: said by the Mariental FSL to be fromUC Freiburg.

**Weiler** [A.Sophia]: this widow married Koensscher [Johann] 2 Sept 1766 in Lubeck

(Mai&Marquardt#219 & KS140). Not found in any later source.

**Weiler** [Johanna Sophia]: married Wagner [Christian Andreas] on Ross lau 18 Aug 1766

(Mai&Marquardt#1045). KS162 & 163 have the wrong year: 1765. KS163 has [Sophia]. Not found in Kulberg. Later in 1766 [Christian & Johanna] and 1 child took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T5682-5684). Not found in any later source.

**Weiler**FN: also see Weier.

**Weiler**GL, Isenburg: said by the Kraft FSL to be homeUC to a Wolf family. This seems to be Weiler, Rhineland-Palatinate, some 18 miles WSW of Mainz city, in which case Isenburg probably is a mistake and it should have been Pfalz.

**Weiler**GL, Nuernberg: is some 9 miles SW of Nuernberg city and said by the Jost FSL to be homeUC to a Lemmermann family.

**Weiler**GL, Pfalz: said by the Kraft FSL to be homeUC to a Balzer family. There were at least Weiler in the Pfalz, but it seems likely that this is same one as the homeUC of the Wolf family.

**Weiler-an-der-Noh**GL: an unidentified place that the Kromm version of the Jagodnaja Poljana FSL says may have been home to the Fuchs family (p.34).

**Weiler-an-der-Zaber**GL, Brackenheim, Neckar, Wuerttemberg: is some 14 miles SW of Heilbronn, Baden Wuerttemberg, and proven by Jerry Amen as the home of the Doehnuf Legler families in the 1600s and 1700s. Proven by Curt Wenz to be home to the Stegemeier family that settled in Gueldendorf.

**Weiler-zum-Stein**GL, Marbach Oberamt, Wuer temberg: is some 5 miles SE of Marbach-am-Neckar, Baden-Wuerttemberg, and was home to a Koch family that settled in Gueldendorf, Odessa.

**Weilinger**FN: said by the Koehler FSL to be the maiden name of Frau Leonhard.

**Weilitiz** [Elekzius/Elektius]: married Biller [Kunigunde] in Ross lau on 22 May 1766

(Mai&Marquardt#984). KS122 & 165 mistakenly gave the year as 1765. Not found in Kulberg, T or in any published FSL.

**Weilemeister**FN: see Weilmeister.

**Weilmuenster**FN [Jakob]: said by the Grimm FSL to be fromUC Isenburg (no locality or country indicated). Later spelled Weilmeister.

**Weilmuenster**GL, Hesse [sic?] an unidentified place said by the Preuss FSL to be home to a Schmidt family. This may be a mistake for the next entry.

**Weilmuenster**GL, Nassau-Weilburg [Principality]: is some 6 miles SE of Weilburg town, and said by the Bangert FSL to homeUC to a Erber family. Said by the Kolb FSL to be homeUC to a Paul family. Said by the Warenburg FSL to be homeUC to a Seil family and perhaps to their Schuetz [Heinrich] nephew.

**Weilrod**GL, Braunfels: an unidentified place said by the Kukkus FSL to be homeUC to a Feil family.

**Weimann**FN: said by the Koehler FSL to be fromUC Posen, Polen.

**Weimann** [Joseph]: said by the Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been fromUC Notzing?, [Kurbayern] (Lk55). and to have gone to Luzern in 1768 (Lk63); they are probable Luzern first settlers. In 1798 the wife’s maiden name was given as Bizar (Mail1708:Lz19). 55

**Weimann**FN: see also Weimann.

**Weimar**FN: said by the Dobrinka FSL to be fromUC Riede, Hessen. Later spelled Weimer (Mail1798:Db29) and Weiner (Db62).
Weimar\footnote{FN: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from\footnote{UC} Katzenelnbogen, Hessen.}: KurSachsen. 11 miles NW of Jena, is said by the Stahl-am-Kar\textit{am} FSL \footnote{(#23)} to be home\footnote{UC} of Migne/Mit\textit{ne} (?). [J.Adam].

\textit{Weimar}\footnote{GR: the seat of the duchy of Sachsen-\textit{Weimar}.}: of Said by the Goebel FSL to be home\footnote{UC} to a Schaefer family. There is such a place some 3 miles S of Weilburg town, but it would have been in Nassau-Weilburg, not Darmstadt.

\textit{Weimar, Isenburg} [sic?]: said by the Warenburg FSL to be home\footnote{UC} to a Burgardt widow. The only Weinbach which I can find is 9.5 km NE of Runkel town and was then not in any Isenburg country but was in Nassau-Weilburg Principality.

\textit{Weinbaer}: said by the Koehler FSL to be the maiden name of Frau Weinzel	extit{t}. 

\textit{Weinbender}: the Mueller FSL says was from Karb. This information from Paul Simon who believes Karb may be Korb.

\textit{Weinbender}\footnote{FN: said by the Mueller FSL to be from\footnote{UC} Karbach?}. Might this be Calbach? Paul Simon says the source gives Karb as the place of origin and that he believes Karb may be Korb. In 1798 the wife's maiden name (no origin given for her) is given as Schmidt. [Mail1798: M129].

\textit{Weinberg}\footnote{FN: a Lue\textit{becke} ML says she married in 1766 a Fried\textit{rich}sen man; later that year they were in Dingel (Mail\&Marquardt\#71).}: of所述晋系家族从\footnote{UC} Oberwittighausen.

\textit{Weinberger/Weisgerber}\footnote{FN: \{J.Heinrich\}: said by the Norka FSL \#171a to be the orphaned son of \{Christopher\} now a step-son in the Mueller \{Johannes\} household. Later spelled Weisgerber? (Mail1798: Nr42?!).}: of the Buedingen ML says this woman from\footnote{UC} Kirchbracht married Kayser \{Peter\} in 1766 (Mail\&Marquardt\#604). On 29 Aug 1766 Kaiser and wife arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg3712). By 26 Aug 1767 {Peter} and new wife \{A.Maria\} with stepson Schaefer \{J.Heinrich\} son of \{Heinrich\}, all said to be from Isenburg, this wife’s maiden name given as Kuhl \{A.Maria\}. [Mail1798:198].

\textit{Weinberger}\footnote{FN: \{Johannes\}: on 4 July 1766 \{Johann\}, wife \{Anna\} and 3 children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Stolberg (Kulberg1658). By 24 June 1767 this couple with 3 children had settled at Reinwald FSL \#52, which said they moved to Schulz, \{Johannes\} said to be from\footnote{UC} Stolberg-Gedern \{County\}. For 1798 see Mail1798: Sz20.}: said by the Kra\textit{ft} FSL to be from\footnote{UC} Breitenbrunn, Friedberg.

\textit{Weinborn, Basingheim Barony}: near Schmitten, Hesse.

\textit{Weinbrenner}: this family name was found recorded in Kirburg marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

\textit{Weinels} [Peter]: of Orelshausen and wife \{Johanne Magdalena\} had a daughter baptized 12 March 1766.
Weinheim (Mai&Marquardt#1200a). No further information.

Weinem (G) Kurpfalz: see Weinheim.

Weiner (FN): said by the Paulskaya FSL to be an orphan boy in the Bischoff household.

Weinroth (FN): also see Weinim.

Weinering (M. Magdalena): from UC Gotha [Duchy] married Gesell {Anthon} in Luebeck 2 September 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#217). KS130 had name as {Anton} and his origin as Steinmetz, Elsas. I did not find them in any published FSL or in Mai1798.

Weinert (FN): said by the Fischer FSL to be from UC Koterschbleim?, Kurpfalz.

Weinert (FN): said (no locality mentioned) by the Urbach FSL to be from UC [Anhalt]-Zerbst [Principality] with a Pflaum stepson and a Markert orphan girl in the household. For 1798 see Mai1798:U27.

Weinert (FN): his wife, who had been the widow Pflaum, was said by the Urbach FSL to be from UC Baerstadt.

Weingaertner {A.Maria} (FN): listed in the 1772 Pobochnaya first settlers’ list as the wife of Winsel {Peter} (pb19).

Weingaertner {H.Wilhelm}: said by the Recruiter Beauregard list to have come from UC Baumen? going to Kind in 1768 (Lk134); which would likely make them among the Kind first settlers. Spelled Weingarten in 1767 (T1644-1645). I could not find them or any likely descendants in Mai1798.

Weingard (FN): see Wangar.

Weingarten/Gaertner (FN) J. Philip: Lutheran, from Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate, arrived at Fridericia, Juetland Royal Province in Nov 1760. With wife and son, in April 1763 he requested permission to leave Denmark. Before 1775 they had settled in Schilling per the 1775 census #55 (EE p.639).

Weingarten (FN): also see Weingaertner {H. Wilhelm} of Kind.

Weingarten (GL), Landau [Amt], Palatinate: is 1.5 miles N of Niederhochstadt town and using FHL#247,646, was proven by the GCRA to be the birthplace of two of the Bressler sons who went to Kassel. See their book for more.

Weingarten Imperial Abbey: this country held substantial scattered lands to the N of Ravensburg city, some in the immediate vicinity of Weingarten town itself which is 2.5 km NE of Ravensburg city.

Weingartner {A.Margaretha}: married Schott {Caspar} 17 May 1766 in Luebeck (Mai&Marquardt#222). On 4 July 1766 they arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg 1814). Not found in any later source.

Weinheim: said by the Warenburg FSL to be home UC to Schmidt {Niholaus} and said by Kuhlberg to be in Franken. Said by the Friedberg ML to be home to Himml {A.Margaretha} who married Wachs {Matheus} in Friedberg 12 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#340). This most likely was 17 km NE of Mainheim city centre, in Kurpfalz. But see also Windheim.

Weinheim [Amt], [Heppenheim Kreis], Hesse: the same place as Weinheim (GL), Mannheim [Amt], Baden.

Weinheim (GL), Kurpfalz: is 4 km W of Alzey and was said by the Preuss FSL to be home to Bender and Wimmer families. Said by the Schaefer FSL to be home UC to the Kunzmann and Lappert/Lannert families. See the previous entry.

Weinheim (GL), Mannheim [Amt], Baden: is some 10 miles NE of Mannheim city, and proven by GCRA to be home to the Heilmann family that went to Glueckstal. See the GCRA book for more details. This is the same place, 50 years later, as the previous three entries.

Weinheim (GL), Rhineland-Palatinate: also see Weinem.

Weinheimer {E. Margaretha}: married Wasseneimer {J. Peter} in Buedingen 19 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#556). By 7 Aug 1767 {J. Peter} & {E. Margaretha} had settled at Scherbakovka FSL #56. Said by the 1798 Scherbakovka census to be the maiden name of frau Wassenmueller {Mai1798:Sv56}.

Weinichweler (GL): an unidentified place said by the Kano FSL to be home UC to a Michael family. This might have been Wirrscheiwiler in Pfalz-Zweibruecken some 23 miles E of Trier city.

Weinman (FN): also see Weinmann.

Weinmann (FN): the GCRA using FHL1,884,557 proved their origin in Duerrweiller, Freundestadt [Amt],
Weirich

Weinmann

Weinmeier

Weinmeister

Weinrich/Wenrich

Weinsberg

Weinrich/Weyrich

Weinerich

Weinsheims

Weinsheim

Weinzettel

Weirich/Wietrich

Weirich

Weiße

Weissbach

Weißberg/Weissberg

Weissbaden

Weisbach

Weissberg

Weisbach

Weis

Weismann

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden

Weisbaden
Weisbeck FN: also see Weisbeck.
Weisbrod: go to Weisbrod.
Weise/Weiss FN: see Weiss/Weiss.
Weisebach FN: also see Weitebach.
Weiseck/Stadtteil: today Weiseck is that portion of Giessen N of the Weiseck river. In 1765-67 it may have been a jurisdiction separate from Giessen city?
Weise FN?: said by the Paulskaya FSL to be from UC Geldersheim?. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.
Weisel: Pfalz: is some 21 miles NW of Mainz city, and said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home UC to a Nulhas family.
Weisel FSL, Sachsen: an unidentified place said by the Dinkel FSL to be home UC to a Walter family.
Weisenau FSL: was a village about 1 mile SE of Mainz city (now part of the city), and said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home UC to a Gilge family.
Weisenau FSL, Kurmainz: said by the Goebel FSL to be home UC to a Beratz and perhaps a Wender family. Same place as the previous entry.
Weisenhau FN: this family name was found recorded in Schotten parish records for many generations prior to 1767; see Flegel trip.
Weisendorf FSL: is some 9 miles ENE of Neustadt-an-der-Aisch and said by the Boregard FSL (as Weiszendorf) and by a Woehr ML (as Weiszendorf) to be home UC to a Fras/Frasz family.
Weisenfeldt/Weisenfeld A. Elizabeth: married Schaefer J. Leonhardt in Rosslau 20 July 1766 (Mai1798 #1042). KS163 has Weisenfeld.
Weisenheimer FN: listed both by the 1816 Kassel census (#63, 103) and KS:258 without origin. Also spelled Weissenheimer. See the GCRA book for more.
Weisensee: go to Wetschebestein.
Weisensulz FSL, see Weissenweiz (?).
Weiser FN: said by the Kano FSL to be themaiden name of the wife and the family name of a step-daughter in the Fischer [Heinrich] household. I could not find the step-daughter in the 1798 Volga censuses.
Weiser FN: said by the Krasnoyar FSL to be from UC Friedberg, Darmstadt. According to the Buedingen ML this Wieser man married a Diehl woman in 1766 (Mai1798 #457).
Weiser FN: said by the Bergdorff 1816 census (KS:659) to have been from Kaelberbronn, Freudenstadt [Amt], Wuerttemberg. This origin was verified by the GCRA using FHL (1,884,557), the family came to Russia via Suedpreussen in at least 3 villages: Groebach, Bergfelde (Hochberg), and Thiergarten (Tielmannshoff). See the GCRA book for more detail. Also spelled Weissert (KS:481, 661) and Weisser.
Weisgerber FN: said by Kuhlberg 3145 and the Huck FSL to be from UC Isenburg (no locality mentioned). His wife was a Hemple (Kuhlberg 3134).
Weisgerber FN: also see Weingerer.
Weishard/Weisshard J.Friedrich/Franz: from Wuerttemberg Duchy married Hildenbrandt Eleonore in Luebeck 3 June 1766 (Mai1798 #236). On 18 Sept 1766 Weisshard Franz, wife Maria and 1 child arrived in Russia, he said to be from UC Strassburg (Kuhlberg 5513). Not found in any later source.
Weisheim: filed among the Weissheim folk.

Weisser\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Belowscher Kolonien FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Dingen, who married a Horn from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Freiberg.

Weisser\(^{\text{FN}}\): also see Wiesner.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Belowscher Kolonien FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Mainz (no locality mentioned).

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): listed in the Bergdorf 1858 census (KS:667) without origin, however, KS:480 says they were from Entringen, Tuebingen [Amt], Werttemberg. This origin was verified by the GCRA using FHL(1,475,170-1). See their book for more detail. See the GCRA book for more details.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Brabander FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Fuchsstadt, Wuerzburg.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Frank FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Ditmolt(?)\(^{\text{h}}\), Hannover.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\) {Friedrich}: listed by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:671) with no origin.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\) {Stephan}: said incorrectly by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:673, 481) to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Schwieberdingen, Ludwigsburg [Amt], Wuerttemberg. Using FHL(1,355,991) the GCRA proved origin in Wangen, Stuttgart [Amt], Wuerttemberg, and that Frau Weiss had been a Baumann. See their book for more detail.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): according to the Goebel FSL this was the maiden name of Neumann (from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Friedenberg, Schlesien)’s wife.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Graf FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Siersk, Frankreich.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Hildman FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Finstreng?, Frankreich, with a Wolf wife in the household. For 1798 see Mai1798:1d11, Km74, and for 1796 see Mai1798:Mv655.

Weiss/Weise {Benedict/Benedictus/Benedictus}: using LDS Film #585965 Corina Hirt found that he was a son baptized 24 Jun 1742 to {J.Wilbrordus} and wife Wiolet (Lucia) in the Catholic church of Bernkastel; he later married Fuchs {Angelina} born about 1743. He married Vizum/Vixum\(^{\text{FN}}\) {Engul/Angelina/Angela/Angelika} in Rossau 1 June 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#998). On 15 Sept 1766 {Benedict & Angelina} with no child arrived in Russia, said to be from Trier (Kulberg#6779). KS:161 & 163 both mistakenly give the year as 1765; both have Vizum. T3540-3541 has {Benedictus & Angel} leaving Oranienbaum later in 1766 heading for the Volga. By 11 Sept 1767 this couple had settled at Hoelzel FSL #7, he said to be from Bernkastel, Trier. In 1798 although he was then schoolmaster in Seelmann they were still recorded in Hoelzel along with a married son and his family; {Benedict}’s wife’s maiden name was then given as Fuchs {Angelika} (Mai1798:Hz7). In 1790 a daughter had moved to Seelmann where she still resided in 1798 (Mai1798:Mv0941, Sm11).

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Koehler FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Fulda (no locality given).

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Lauwe FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Langenstadt?, Nuernberg.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Mariental FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Manderscheid, Kurtzweier.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Moor 1798 census to be the maiden name of Frau Galula (Mai1798:Mo53). The Buedingen ML gives her maiden name as Wester both from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Neu-Ysenburg; Stumpp spells it Neu-Ysenburg (Mai&Marquardt#489).

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\) {Johann}: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Altenfeld; Pleve noted that this might be Weiss from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Vellinghausen.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\) {Kaspar} \(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Hessen-Darmstadt.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the 1798 Orlovskaya census to be the maiden name of Frau Goetz (Mai1798:Or62).

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Immenrode.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\) {Peter} \(^{\text{FN}}\): not listed in the 1772 Pobochnaya first settlers’ list but left there to go to Saratov in 1790 (Mai1798:Mv2326(90)).

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): listed in the 1798 census (Ps53) as having come from Seelmann he was too young to have been listed in a FSL with his parental family who could have first settlers in such colonies as: Brabander, Goebel, Graf, Hildman, Hoelzel, Koehler, or Mariental.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\): said by the Seewald FSL to be from\(^{\text{UC}}\) Roth, Speyer.

Weiss\(^{\text{FN}}\) {J.Jacob}: from\(^{\text{UC}}\) the Hohenlohe principality, arrived at Flensburg, Schleswigg Royal Duchy in June 1762. With wife and her mother Stein {A.Barbara}, he requested permission to leave Denmark in June 1763 (EEE p.1640). By June 1765 they had settled in Scherbakovka FSL.
Weissbaecker
Weissenbach
Weissbeck
Weissenau
Weissberg
Weissenbach
Weissenfeld
Weissbender
Weisbrod
Weissbrot
Weisbrod
Weissebach
Weiss
Weissbeck
Weissenburg
Weissach
#22 which said he was from Glashofen. Shannon Weiss verified this origin in Church records finding him baptized in Glashofen on 13 January 1773 born to J.Adam and Eva Weiss. For 1798 see Mail1798:Sv26.

Weiss:FN; this family name was found recorded in Kroppach marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Weiss:FN; also see Baumann and Weise.

Weissach:GL; an unidentified place said by the Scherbakovka FSL to be homeUC to the Meier{Adam} family. There are at least five Weissachs in the Germanies.

Weissach:GL, Vaihingen parish, Wuerttemberg: is some 6 miles SSW of Vaihingen-an-der-Enz, Baden Wuerttemberg, and was home to a Trostel family that settled in Gueldendorf, Odessa

Weissbach:GL: an unidentified place said by the Boregard FSL to be homeUC to a Menneike family. There were at least 10 Weissbachs in the Germanies.

Weissbaecker{J.Jacob}: said by Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been fromUC Orb (LK53). Not found in any FSL and I could not find them or any likely descendant associated with any Volga colony.

Weissbeck:FN: said by the Dietel FSL to be fromUC Mater(?) Kurpfalz. I was unable to locate this family in Mail1798.

Weissbeck:FN: said by the Hildman FSL to be fromUC Fulda [Bishopric]. The maiden name of Frau Weissbeck was given as Stock (Mail1798:Hd33, 37)

Weissbender:FN: see Weissbinder.

Weissberg:FN: said by the Katharinestadt FSL to be fromUC Jum-Vorwerken.

Weissberg:FN: said by the Lauer FSL to be fromUC Burmintz?, Daenmark. I could not find this family in the 1798 censuses.

Weissbinder/Weissbender/Weissbrot:FN{Konrad}: fromUC Dreieicherhayn married in Buedingen 20 May 1766 Herman {Eva M.} (Mail1798#657). On 29 Aug 1766 with his mother {Ursula} and wife {Maria}, he arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg5028). By May 1767 Weissbinder{Konrad} with his mother and his wife had settled at Grimm FSL # 59, he said to be from Isenburg. In 1788 this Weissbender family moved to Mueller (Mail1798:Mu761). In 1798 they were still in Mueller, J.Konrad] with a new younger wife Schmidt[A.Barbara] the widow of Schneider[J.Georg] (Mail1798:MI34).

Weissbrod/Weissbrot: all filed here:

Weissbrod:FN; said by the Dinkel FSL to be fromUC Kiel, Holstein. In 1798 spelled Weissbrod (Mail1798: Dn18 and Sr17).

Weissbrod:FN; eldest son of the Weissbrod family of Dinkel (FSL dn23) listed in the 1798 Straub census (Mail1798: Sr17).

Weissbrod{Johannes}: is married to Buss{Elisabeth} the widow of Zahn{Heinrich} (Mail1798: Sr17).

Weissbrod:FN; also see Weissbrot.

Weissebach:FN; see Weitzbach.

Weissenaue near Mainz: is an unidentified place which KS124 says this was homeUC to Menger{A.Maria} who with her husband, Conradi{Valentin }, left Randesacker heading for Boaro.

Weissenbach:GL, a village in the Barony of Thuengen, northern Bavaria, 2.5 miles E of Zeitlos, and where at least one Stahl-am-Karaman couple (Schneider and Kraus) was married in 1766.

Weissenbach:GL, is an unidentified locality which, according to the Frank FSL, was in the Freie Adelprovinz der alten Ritter(?) and was homeUC to a Luesemann family. There are several Weissenbach in Germany and many in Austria.

Weissenbach:GL, Hessen-Kassel: is 16 miles ESE of Kassel city, and said by the Kolb FSL to be homeUC to a Rupp family.

Weissenburg:GL, Elsass: is now called Wissembourg, France and is some 20 miles W of Karlsruhe, Baden-Wuerttemberg.

Weissenburg[AMT]GL, Elsass: now called Wissembourg. It was a District administrative center.

Weissenburg:GL, Frankreich: said by the Mariental FSL to be homeUC to Enslinger and Gassmann families. This surely is the place in Elsass.

Weissenfeld: an unidentified place said by the Katharinestadt FSL to be homeUC to a Gretch family. This might be 8 miles E of Munich center, but there are many similar placenames in Germany.

WeissenfelS:GL, Kur-Sachsen: is some 19 miles S of Halle, Sachsen-Anhalt, and said by the Krasnoyar
FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Kopp/Kopf family.

\textbf{Weissenhasel, [Hessen-Kassel Landgraviate]:} is 14 miles NE of Bad Hersfeld, and was said by the Phillipfeld FSL to home\textsuperscript{UC} to Hopp/Kopp and Windemuth families. Kuhlberg said this was in Hessen. Said to have been home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Fei{PhilippPeter} family and possibly to a Schlarf orphan family (Lk12 and 12a), possible early settlers in Zuerich.

\textbf{Weissenheimer\textsuperscript{FN}:} see Weissenheimer.

\textbf{Weissenstein:} go to Weyssenstein.

\textbf{Weissenstein\textsuperscript{GI, Baden}:} an unidentified place.

\textbf{Weissensulz\textsuperscript{(?)/Weissensulz\textsuperscript{FN}:}} an unidentified place said by the Kamenka FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Vogel family. It probably is now Bela-nad-Radbuзову, Czech Republic, some 47 miles NE of Regensburg.

\textbf{Weissenzehn\textsuperscript{FN}:} said by KS:163 to be the maiden name of frau Wunsch [later of Galka].

\textbf{Weissenzehn\{Margaretha\}:} married Born\{Gottfried\} in Rosslau on 2 June 1766 (Mai&Mai\#1001, KS\#122, 163). Not found in T, in any published FSL or in Mai1798.

\textbf{Weisser\{Benedikt, Christian, Johannes, Jacob\} \textsuperscript{FN}:} listed by both the 1816 Neudorf census (\#39) and KS:481 with no origin, although KS:481 also mentions a Herzogsweiller, Freudenstadt [Amt], Wuerttemberg origin. Using FHL\#1,994,557, the GCRA proved this origin, although one or more of the children apparently were born next door in Kaelberbronn, and some in South Prussia. See the GCRA book for more. Also spelled Weisert.

\textbf{Weisser\textsuperscript{FN}:} also see Weisert.

\textbf{Weisert\textsuperscript{FN}:} see Weisert and Weisser.

\textbf{Weisshaar\textsuperscript{FN}:} Curt Renz has found the church records for this Hoffnungstal, Bessarabia, family in Hohenacker, Waiblingen Oberamt, Wuerttenberg. Stumpf, p.524, says they arrived in Russia in 1800 and that the home village was Korb [some 2 miles NE of Waiblingen].

\textbf{Weishard:} go to Weishard.

\textbf{Weißhardt\textsuperscript{FN}:} said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Strassburg, Elsass.

\textbf{Weisheim/Weisheim/Weigand\textsuperscript{FN}:} {Christian/Konrad} (bz57), {Heinrich}, {J.Heinrich} (bz87), {Johannes} (bz58), {M.Sophia} (bz88) said by one or both versions of the Balzer FSL to be from Duedelsheim, Isenburg-Buedingen County. This origin was proven by Bonner who also proved {Conrad} married a Schwartz woman also from Duedelsheim. He also proved the maiden name of the widowed mother {M.Sophia} to be Preuser. Wagner\textsuperscript{1} found Duedelsheim records for: {J.Conrad}’s 1738 baptism, his parents, and his 1764 Schwarz marriage; and {Johannes}’ 1744 baptism and his parents, but not his marriage; and {J.Heinrich}’s 1741 baptism and his parents, but not his marriage; and {M.Sophia/Sophie M}’s parents and her 1736 marriage to Adam Weisheim who died in 1762. {J.Heinrich} in the company of his widowed mother {Maria} and his 2 brothers {Johann & Adam} arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 (Kulberg1225). {Conrad}, {Heinrich}, and infant son {Johann} arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 (Kulberg1224). The line of {Conrad} used a Weigand spelling in 1798 (Mail1798:Ms36); otherwise for 1798, for {Conrad} when the maiden name of his wife {Margaretha} was given as Schwartz see (Bz93); for {Maria Sophia} see (Bz51); for {Johannes} see (Bz22) where the maiden name of his wife {A.Maria} is given as Mueller.

\textbf{Weisheim/Weisheim/Weissenzehn\{A.Barbara\} \textsuperscript{FN}:} the Buedingen ML said this woman married in 1766 a Wunsch man; by 1768 they were in Galka (Mai&Mai\#402). The 1798 Galka census gave her maiden name as Weigand (Mail1798:Gk34). KS:163 said her maiden name was Weissenzehn.

\textbf{Weisheim/Weisheim\{Christian/J.Christian\} \textsuperscript{FN}:} Weisheim was said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Lindheim and married in Luebeck 27 July 1766 Reich\{Catharina Dorothea\} from\textsuperscript{UC} Tannerheim (Mai&Mai\#138). He with wife \{A.Margaretha\} arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 said to be from Linden (Kulberg2263). Said by the Galka FSL\#53 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Linden, Isenburg [?]. For 1798 see Mail1798:Gk22 and Sb40. Bonner proved that this man was baptized in Lindheim, [Staden Ganerbschaft].

\textbf{Weisheim/Westingsheim\{Peter\} \textsuperscript{FN}:} said by the Galka FSL\#54 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Linden, Isenburg [?]. For 1798 see Mail1798:Gk29. A Luebeck ML said this Westingsheim man married in 1766 a Koehler woman; other sources say he was a Westingshausen (Mai&Mai\#211). In 1798
the maiden name of frau Weisheim [Peter] was given as Hartwig (Mai1798:Gk29). Bonner proved that this man was baptized in Lindheim, [Staden Ganerbschaft].

Weissheim {Johannes} widow of Adam: KS163 says she was from Duedelsheim near Buedingen. No further information.

Weisheim {Hieronymus} from UC Rimbach, [Kur]-Coeln married in Buedingen 26 May 1766 Goetz [A.Margaretha] (Mai&PMarquardt#667). KS163 has him from UC Himbach bei Buedingen. I did not find them in any published FSL.

Weissheim {Eremeas} FN: by 21 Aug 1766 he and wife {A.Margaretha} had settled in Koehler FSL #90 he said to be from UC Bonn.

Weisheim {J.Paul}: a widower with son {J.Peter} arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 he said to be from Lindheim.

Weissheim FN: also see Weisheim.

Weissing {J.Heinrich}: was godfather at the 25 May 1766 Luebeck baptism of Schroedter {A.Veronica} daughter of the widow Schroedter (Mai&PMarquardt#1292).

Weissing FN: said by the 1798 Schwed census (Sw4) to have been from Reinhard, but I could not find her in any FSL.

Weisheim FN: see Weisheim.

Weisewil, Emmendingen [Amt], Baden: is 9 miles NW of Emmendingen city, and GCRA thinks it may have been home to the Klipfel who went to Berdorf. See their book for more detail.

Weiszendorf FN: see Weisendorf.

Weitebach FN: see Wendebach.

Weitenkeller FN: said by the Jost FSL to be from UC Magulze?, Schwaben. Spelled Weidenkeller in 1798 (Mai1798:Nr175).

Weitersburg, Kurpfalz: an unidentified place said by the Dehler FSL to be home to a Hermann, and possibly to a Schaefter family. Then only Weitersburg I can find was in Kurtrier, not in Kurpfalz, just N of Coblenz.

Weiterstadt FN, Darmstadt: is some 2 miles NW of Darmstadt city, and said by the Bauer FSL to be home to a Klingerstein family.

Weiterswiler FN, Luetzelstein [Amt], Elsass: now Weiterswiler, Alsace, some 4 miles E of Luetzelstein town, and said by KS:410 to have been home to a Rostischer family.

Weithardt/Weidhardt FN: J.Georg: from UC Obern-Ohm married in Buedingen on 28 April 1766 Schwing [A.Elisabetha] (Mai&PMarquardt#597). KS157 says Obern-Ohm was near Alsfeld. KS163 has Weidhardt and Schwinning, and says he was from Oberrohmen. I did not find them in Kulberg or T. By July 1767 they had settled in Krasnoyar FSL #76 which said he was from UC Lauterbach. Jim Pickelhaupt says he has found this man’s origin.

Weitlingen, Wilburgstetten [Oberamt, Wuerttemberg Duchy]: is 6 miles SE of Dinkelsbuehl city centre, and was said by the Reinwald FSL to be home to a Neuwirth [Johannes]. These places seem to have been in a small island of the Wuerttemberg Duchy (its easternmost holding?) just SE of the lands of Dinkelsbuehl Imperial City.

Weitmach? FN: Nicolaus: said by Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been a step-son in the Jung {Philipp} household (Lk78a). Not found in any FSL and I could not find them or any likely descendant associated with any Volga colony.

Weitz FN: Johannes/Johann}: This couple may have arrived in Russia 8 Sept 1766 as {Johann & Eva Catharina} with 2 sons: {J.Heinrich 3 & Johann 1) (Kulberg6390). Said by the Pleve and Kromm versions of the Jagodnaja Poljana FSL #19 to be from UC Nidda, but the Kromm version also gives Eicheldorf and Schotten as optional origins (pp.28, 34). KS163 says he came from Eicheldorf near Nidda. No further information.

Weitz FN: said by the Preuss FSL to be from UC Messelgruebe, Kurmainz.

Weitz FN: said by a Luebeck 1766 baptism record to be the maiden name of Mueller {A.Margaretha} [a first settler of Schwed] (Mai&PMarquardt#1316).

Weitz {Hermann+w}: Kulberg85 said they were from UC Oldenberg. Not in T or in any published FSL. Weitz {Joh.}: KS163 says he came from Hattenhof near Fulda. No further information.

Weitz FN: this family name was found recorded in Herborn marriage records 1762-1767, and in Schotten parish records for many generations prior to 1767; see Flegel trip.
Weitzel\footnote{ FN: said by the} (Mai\&Marquardt#355).  By 1767 this couple was in Kamenka.

Weitzel\footnote{ FN:} (Mai\&Marquardt#430).  On 4 July 1766 Opfer\{Wilhelm & wife Rosina\} along with his mother \{Anna\} arrived in Russia, he said to be from Darmstadt (Kulberg1844).  Not found in T.  By 20 June 1766, he, wife \{A.Rosine\} their daughter \{Catharina\} and his mother \{A.Maria\} had settled at Dobrinka FSL #71, he said to be from\footnote{ GL: said by the} Belterstein(?), Darmstadt.  In 1798 he and wife \{Eleonora\} were living in Dobrinka (Mail798:Db04).

Weitzel\footnote{ FN:} (J.Georg): married Muehl\{A.Eliesabeth\} in Buedingen 14 March 1766 (Mai\&Marquardt#429).  Not found in Kulberg or in T.  By 1767 with wife \{Elisabeth\} he had settled at Frank #11, he said to be from Stengerat(?), Hessen-Darmstadt.  In 1798 he, his Will wife \{Elisabeth\}, and offspring were still in Frank (Mail798:Fk34).

Weitzel\footnote{ FN: Christian:} (Mai\&Marquardt#172) to be from Isenburg (no locality mentioned).  For 1798 see Mail798:Nr41 and 188.

Weitzel/Wenzel\footnote{ FN:} (Christoph): from Bochenstadt married Kessel\{Gerdrauth\} 24 May 1766 in Buedingen (Mai \& Marquardt #662 & KS138).  On 28 Aug 1766 Wenzel\{Christoph & Gertruda\} with no children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg5169).  Later in 1766 \{Christoph & Gerdrauta\} took transport from Oranienbaum to Saratov, during which trip he died (T17-18).  Ruth Schultz found this widow listed in the Norka FSL #178 as the then wife of Kuch\{Lorenz\}, in the 1775 Norka census #194 as wife of Kunz\{Lorenz\}, and in the 1798 census #204 as the wife of Kuhn\{Lorenz\} (Mail798:Nr204).

Weitzel\footnote{ FN: Jacob:} T15-16 records his transport with wife from Oranienbaum to Saratov.  Said by the Norka FSL (#162) to be from Isenburg (no locality mentioned).  For 1798 see Mail798:Nr38 and 201.  Dr. Ruth Schultz using Boenstadt church records proved he was born and baptized in Boenstadt, [Isenburg-Waechtersbach County], returning to Calbach after marriage and before going to Russia.

Weitzel\footnote{ FN: J.Georg:} (Mai\&Marquardt#429).  No further information.

Weitzel\footnote{ FN: J.Henrich:} (Mai\&Marquardt#254).  On 29 Aug 1766 \{Henrich & Catharina\} arrived in Russia, he said to be from Isenburg (Kulberg5164).  Not found in any later source.

Weitzel\footnote{ FN:} also see Wenzel.

Weiwer/Wekwer/Weiler\footnote{ FN: said by the} (Isenburg) FSL to be from Runau(?)?

Wei\footnote{ FN:} (Mai\&Marquardt#1).  According to the Goebel FSL this orphan lived with a Reiss family from Seligenstadt, Kurmainz.

Wei\footnote{ FN:} said by the Leitsinger FSL to be from Stickersrusen?, Kurtrier.

Wei\footnote{ FN:} see Wenzel.

Weizern, Freiberg Barony: see Freiberg Barony and Weizersen.

Weizersen?, Grindlans?: an unidentified place said by the Stahl-am-Tarlyk FSL to be home to the Sereisbar? family.  A long shot … was this Weizern, Freiberg Barony??

Weizwanal\footnote{ GL:} Isenburg: an unidentified place said by the Dreispitz FSL to be home to a Diel family.

Weke\footnote{ FN:} see Wasserer.

Wekesser\footnote{ FN:} see Wasserer.

Wekwer\footnote{ FN:} said Weiber.

Welde\footnote{ FN:} see Welde.

Weldenbach\footnote{ FN:} (Gottlieb): may have been the offspring of an early Zurich settler family.  In 1798 he was said to be from Zurich (Mail798:Kd15) –but the family name does not appear in the Kind FSL and he himself is too young to be in a FSL.

Weldi\footnote{ FN: Christian:} (Mai\&Marquardt#1) to be from Holzhausen, Darmstadt.  In 1797 and 1798 spelled Welde (Mail798:Mv429, Dt39, 25, 82).  In 1798 the wife’s maiden name was given as Fuchs (Dt39).

Weldi\footnote{ Valentin:} Kulberg5 said he was single from Nassau-Saarbruecken and went to Lavonia.

Welferode\footnote{ GL:} said by the Mueller FSL to be home to a Kizerling? family.  There is a Welferode some
19 miles S of Kassel city.

Welge\(^{FN}\{\text{Katharina}\}: the 1798 Norka census gives this as the maiden name of the wife of Isenburgischen Breitzenstein\(^{J}.\text{Heinrich}\) (\text{Mai1798:Nr175}).

Welgesheim\(^{GL}\): an unidentified place said by the Kano FSL to be home to a Gerling family. This place probably was in Kurpfalz some 15 miles SW of Mainz city.

Welkenbach\(^{GL}\), Kurpfalz: said by the Bauer FSL to be home to a Burg family. This may be the Welkenbach, Rheinland-Palatinate, that is some 19 miles NNE of Koblenz city.

Welker\(^{FN}\): said by the Norka FSL to be from Hessen (no locality mentioned).

Welker\(^{FN}\): also see Wilke.

Welkers\(^{GL}\), Hessen: see Verg.

Welksch\(^{J}.\text{Peter}\): listed in the 1798 Seelmann census (Sm19) but I could not find him in any FSL.

Welle\(^{FN}\{\text{Johanna}\} F^3: listed in the 1772 Pobochnaya first settlers’ list as the wife of Rutt\(^{\text{J}.\text{Samuel}}\) (pb11).

Weller\(^{FN}\): said by the Dinkel FSL to be from Schoenberg\(^{?}\), Mecklenburg.

Weller\(^{FN}\): said by the 1798 Laub census to be the maiden name of Frau Schumann (\text{Mai1798:Lb13}).

Weller\(^{FN}\): said by the Straub FSL to be an orphan in the Straub\(^{J}.\text{Heinrich}\) household.

Weller\(^{FN}\): this family name was found recorded in Herborn marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Weller\(^{FN}\): also see Voeller and Webler.

Wellerode\(^{GL}\): see Wellerode.

Wellinger\(^{J}.\text{Adam}\): the Recruiter Beauregard list (Lk69) said he was from Bassenheim and went to Wittmann in 1768. They may have been Wittmann first settlers, but I did not find them in Mai1798.

Wellstein\(^{?}\) \(^{GL}\): an unidentified place said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home to a Schultheis family. Kuhlberg said this was in Hessen.

Wels\(^{FN}\): said by the Kano FSL to be from Thalhausen.

Wels\(^{FN}\): also see Welz.

Welch\(^{FN}\): said by KS:482 to have gone to Glueckstal; but the GCRA could not find him there.

Welsch\(^{J}.\text{Johannes}\): Corina Hirt proved he was born in 1722 in Maulbronn, the son of \{J.\text{Jacob}\}, and on 3 Feb 1750 married \{M.\text{Margaretha}\} the daughter of Kluge\(^{G}.\text{Balthasar}\) in Oelbronn where their 4 sons were born and baptised (CVGS, Schaefer, Welsch). Lutheran, from Wuerttemberg, he arrived at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in July 1761; later with wife \{Margaretha\} and 4 sons he left for Russia (EEE p.642). By 6 August 1766 he, wife \{M.\text{Katharina sic}\} and 3 children had settled at Schaefer FSL #21 which said he was from Maulbronn, Wuerttemberg [Duchy]. For 1798 see Mai1798:Si23 (his son \{Johannes\}, 25 and 22.

Welsch\(^{FN}\{\text{A.Sophia}\}: see Hauck\(^{J}.\text{A.Sophia}\).

Welsch\(^{J}.\text{Magdalena}\): F^3: a possible early settler of Zuerich this widow left in 1786 (Mai1798:Mv3086). In 1798 she is listed in Mai1798:Or64.

Welschdorf\(^{GL}\): is some 1 mile SE of Schiltach, Baden Wuerttemberg, and said by the Buedingen ML to be home to a Scharmann woman who married a Scharmann in 1766; they later went to Huck (Mai & Marquart #522).

Welsch- or Welscherketz\(^{FN}\): said by the Herzog FSL to be from Kronach, Bamberg. Darrell Brungardt says this name was somehow confused or mistranslated. He believes it should be Goetz and thinks the wife’s maiden name was Frank.

Welschneudorf\(^{GL}\): see Welzigdor.

Welshofen?, Kurpfalz: said by the Keller FSL to be home to a Scherer\{Antonette\} and a Schwarz family. This surely is a misrendering of Westhofen, Kurpfalz.

Welt\(^{FN}\): listed by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:670, 482) with no origin. Using FHL(1,457,485-6), the GCRA proved origin in Pfafflingen, Herrenberg [Amt], Wuerttemberg. See the GCRA book for more detail. Also spelled Velde.

Welt\(^{FN}\): said by the Leitsinger FSL to be from Demmelsdorf, Bamberg [Bishopric]. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Welt\(^{GL}\), [Schleswig-Holstein: Royal Duchy]: is 26 km SW of Husum city, and was said by the Stahlam-Tarlyk FSL to be home to the Jensen [Matthias] family.

Welter/Walter\(^{FN}\{\text{Maria}\}: a widow said by the Cheisol FSL #12 to be from Trier, no locality given. Spelled Walter in 1798 (Mai1798:Gf21).
Welter, Peter Anton: KS163 says with 6 children he left Kraftsolms near Wetzlar. KS163 No further information.

Weltersburg, Isenburg: said by the Kraft FSL to be home to a Hahn family. This probably is Weltersburg, Rhineland-Palatinate, some 19 miles NE of Koblenz, in which case Isenburg surely is wrong.

Weltz: they were recorded as having come from Schaefer in 1793 (Mai1798: Mv2525, Ur14), but I could not find them in any published FSL.

Welz, Konrad: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL #65 to be from Leeswig, Anhalt-Zerbst with a Korn wife (Sophia). No later record found.

Welz, Jacob: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL #22 to be from Trugermuende (?), Brandenburg. A Rossau ML says this Wels man married Leo (Johanna Sophia) in 1765 (Mai&Marquardt#878).

Welz: go to Wels.

Welzechim [Amt]: Schwabisch Gmuend: ws 8.5 miles NW of Schwabisch Gmuend city.

Welzigdorf: an unidentified place said by the Boregard FSL to be home to a Korn family. Kuhlberg said this was in Hessen. There was a Welschneudorf some 4.5 miles S of Montabaur town.

Wembach, Lichtenberg Amt, Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate: is 12 km SE of Damstadt city centre. Danish records say this was home to Daniel Wendel/Wetzsel who settled first in Denmark and then in Schilling, as well as home to Drehers whose son was listed in Beideck in 1775. Also listed as home to Schander {Martin} and Hess {M.Christina} when they married in Friedberg 5 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#302).

Wemelik: an unidentified place said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home to a Hogen? family. Kuhlberg said this was in Perburg?.

Wendebach: a stepsdaughter listed by the Boregard FSL in the Rausch household.

Wendebach, Hessen: is some 19 miles ENE of Alsfeld city, and said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home to a Schander family.

Wendeburg: an unidentified place said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home to a Schlamberg family. There were several places with this or a similar name in the Germanies.

Wendehahn: said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be from Erfurt (no locality mentioned). I could not find this family in the 1798 censuses.

Wende: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from Karlsburg.

Wende, Johann: said by the Seewald FSL to be a 17-year-old orphan living in the household of his stepfather Reser (Conrad) who was said to have been from Lorch, Kur-Mainz.

Wende, Johann: said by the Seewald FSL to be a 7-year-old brother-in-law living in the Hiltenberger {Philip} household a man who was said to be from Kuzel, Zweibruecken.

Wendel: Benedicta Catharina married Colberg/Colbert {Daniel} in Luebeck 30 April 1765; they were in the Die Luebecker Traulisten but have not been found resident in Russia (Mai&Marquardt#10). KS124 & 137 spell the names Colbert and {Benedicta Kathar.}. KS137 mistakenly lists her married to Juergens {J.Jacob}. I have been unable to find them in any published FSL or in Mai1798.

Wendelberger: see Berger.

Wendeler, see Wendler.

Wendelfeld: an unidentified place said by the Kano FSL to be home to a Diel family. Kuhlberg said this place was in Nassau.

Wendelsheim: said by a Friedberg ML to be home to Becker {Philipp} who married Beuhler {Johannetta E.} on 19 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#319).

Wendelsheim, Greweiler County: said by a Friedberg ML to be home to Becker {M.Barbara} who married Blum {J.Philipp} in Friedberg on 11 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#339). This may have been 5 miles WNW of Rotenburg, but at this point Greweiler is completely unknown.

Wendelsheim, Kurpfalz: is some 20 miles SW of Mainz and is said by the Kautz FSL to be the home of a Miltenberger family.

Wendemann: said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be from Bermel, Kurmainz with Dreher stepchildren in the household. Spelled Wiedemann in 1798 and the maiden name of frau
Wiedemann, now frau Junck, was given as Grau (Mai1798:Wm9).

Wendemuth(?): KS163 says he came from Hornel near Rotenburg. No further information.

Wenden: an unidentified place said by the Preuss FSL to be home to a Fischer family. There are several Wenden in Germany.

Wendenburg(?) , Nassau: an unidentified place said by the Boaro FSL to be home to a Schmidt family.

Wendenhammer: said by the Paulskaya FSL to be from Leipzig with a Werner mother-in-law in the household. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Wender: according to the Goebel FSL this was the maiden name of Beratz (from Weisenau(?), Kurmainz)’s wife.

Wenderberg: this family name was found recorded in Schotten parish records for many generations prior to 1767; see Flegel trip.

Wendelr: said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be step-children in the Thuringer household. Spelled Wendeler in 1780 and 1798 (Mai1798: My2053, Om5, 6, D13).

Wendelr{Christina}: daughter of {Gg.} of Erlang married in Woerd 16 May 1766 Schmid{Johann} (Mai&Marquardt#810). KS155 has Neuhaus-Aischgrund and {Georg} & Erlangen.

Wendantorl(?): Holstein: is some 9 miles NE of Kiel, and said by the Holstein FSL to be home to a Stamor? family.

Wenenburg: an unidentified country; might this have been a mistake for Wuerttemburg? See Eding.

Wengenroth{Albertina}: Corina Hirt using LDS Film #1340476 found she had been baptized 4 Oct 1711 a daughter of {J.Georg} in Westerburg where she married Keskel{J.Mathias} and bore at least 9 children before she died there in 1766.

Wenger: she married a Schmidt man in Luebeck in 1765; they were in the Transport List but have not been found resident in Russia (Mai&Marquardt#14).

Wenig: said by the Jost FSL to be from Graefenhain, Sachsen.

Wenings: Isenburg-Birstein County]: said by the Buedingen ML to be home to one Weber woman who married a Mueller man and another who married an Eberling man, both in 1766; by 1767 these couples were in Norka; Stumpf says it was one of these Mueller men who was from Wenings (Mai&Marquardt#635 and 678). Said by the Stephan FSL to be home to a Just family.

Wenings, Isenburg-Birstein County: is some 6.6 miles NE of Buedingen, and said by the Kukkusk FSL to be home to a Krumm family, and by the Walter FSL to be home to the Roth family. Eleanor Sissell (2005) has verified this report by finding the family in early microfilmed Wenings church records and by visiting this village. See Vening. Bonner proved this home to the Diehl wife in the Gerlach couple who married in Aulendiebach and later went to Moor. Jean Roth used parish records to confirm this origin for the Roth family of Walter. Betty Schmoll may have proved this home to the Koehler family of Norka as well.

Wengerott(?): Darmstadt: an unidentified place said by the Preuss FSL to be home to a Hartmann family.

Wenger, Prussia: an unidentified place said by the Merkel FSL to be home to a Wegelin family. There used to be the towns of Wengern, Wengert, and Wanger in which are now in Poland and have very different Polish names.

Wengert: his widow, who later was Frau Schaff, was said by the Urbach FSL to may have been from Alzey, Kurpfalz. So he and surely his Wengert/Wingert daughter must have been too.

Wenimerr: said by the Ober-Monjou FSL to be from Beckum? I could not find this man in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Wenkeim, [Wuehrzburg Bishopric (now Baden-Wuerttemberg)]: is 15 km N of Lauda and 8.5 km NNE of Tauberbischofsheim.

Wenner{A.Elis.}: from Zeiland, Darmstadt married in Friedberg 22 April 1766 Creutzer{Henrich} (Mai&Marquardt#329). Nor later source found for them.

Wenrich: said by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be from Erbach (no locality mentioned), and a daughter married Kreuter.
Wenrich\textsuperscript{FN}: see also Weinrich.

Wens\textsuperscript{FN}: said by Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been from\textsuperscript{UC} Oberelbert, Darmstadt? (Lk109). Not found in any FSL and I could not find them or any likely descendant associated with any Volga colony.

Wensen\textsuperscript{FN}: the Katharinestadt FSL says this stepson was living in a Meier family from\textsuperscript{UC} Manzenburg(?).

Wentserich\textsuperscript{FN}: see Wenzserich.

Wentz\textsuperscript{FN}: A.Maria; this widow was listed in 1788 in Seelmann but I could not find her in any FSL.

Wentz/Wendtz/Wenz\textsuperscript{J.Peter}: Corina Hirt proved that in 1716 he was born to \{Christoph\} and his wife A.Katharina in Graben and married there in 1729 to Kaerger/Karcher Margaretha, and that their first five children were born there (CGVS, Dobrinka, Wenz/Wentz). Catholic, from\textsuperscript{UC} Graben, Baden-Durlach Margraviate, arrived in Schleswig city, Schleswig Royal Duchy in July 1761. His first wife (Margaretha) nee Kaercher died in 1762. His 2\textsuperscript{nd} wife was (Christina). With 3 children, this couple in June 1763 requested permission to leave Denmark and in 1764 left (EEE pp.342-343). In a party of 6 families from\textsuperscript{UC} Baden-Durlach in 1764 they were sent on to the Saratov area as part of the group of colonists transported under the command of Captain Paykul and Cornet Rehbinder (KS:82 & 136). By April 1765 they had settled in Dobrinka FSL #5, which said he was from\textsuperscript{UC} Grab, Dnelaschni(?). Their son (Georg) and wife were then living at FSL #35 which said he was from\textsuperscript{UC} Graben, Durlach. EEE p. 653 said (Peter) was the brother of (M.Elisabeth) who had arrived in Denmark as the wife of Ziegler (J.Georg) and later, as a widow, married Keller (Georg Michel) in Denmark in Dec 1762. For 1798 see his son (G.Heinrich) at Mai1798:Db32).

Wenz\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Wenz.

Wentzer\textsuperscript{FN}: see Wetzel.

Wentserich\textsuperscript{FN}: see Wenzserich.

Wentzel: filed with the Wenzel folk.

Wentzelmann\textsuperscript{FN}: this family name was found recorded in Kirburg marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Wentzerich\textsuperscript{FN}: see Wenzserich.

Wentzert\textsuperscript{FN}: see Wenzserich.

Wenz\textsuperscript{FN}: settled in 1817 in Gueldendorf, Odessa; family records found by Curt Renz in Muhlhausen, Vaihingen parish, Wuerttemberg.

Wenz\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Kolb FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Kronberg, Zweibruecken.

Wenz\textsuperscript{FN}: see also Wentz.

Wenzel\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Belowscher Kolonien FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Darmstadt (no locality mentioned).

Wenzel/Weizel\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Belowscher Kolonien FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg (no locality mentioned).

Wenzel\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Belowscher Kolonien FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Mainz (no locality mentioned).

Wenzel\textsuperscript{FN}: Christian: said by the Recruiter Beauregard list to have come from\textsuperscript{UC} Rheinweiler and to have gone to Bettinger in 1768 (Lk162); so he may have been among the Bettinger first settlers. I could not identify him or any descendant in Mai1798.

Wenzel\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Boaro FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Nordhausen. I did not identify his 1798 whereabouts.

Wenzel\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Caesarsfeld FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Breckenheim.

Wenzel/Weitzel\textsuperscript{FN}: Johann: On 4 July 1766 (he & Catharina) with 1 young and 1 infant daughter arrived in Russia, arrived in Russia (Kulberg1835). By 20 June 1767 he & Catharina with one young daughter, he settled at Dobrinka FSL #77, said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Stanewo(?), Vierstammstadt(?). This family name may later have been spelled Weitzel (Mai1798:Db73)? If (Johann) was a Weitzel then he and his Michaels wife A.Catharina had a daughter baptized in Luebeck in 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#1297).

Wenzel\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Galka FSL to be an orphaned brother of Frau Ladner\textsuperscript{Konrad} whose maiden name is also given as Wenzel. Spelled Wentzel in 1766 (Marquardt#407).

Wenzel\textsuperscript{FN}: Michael: this single brother-in-law of Ladner\textsuperscript{Konrad} arrived with him in Russia 4 July 1766 (Kulberg2290). Not found in T. He was still single in (Konrad)'s household 27 July 1767 (Galka FSL #44a).

Wenzel\textsuperscript{FN}: Elisabeth: mother-in-law of Ladner\textsuperscript{Konrad}, she arrived with him in Russia 4 July 1766.
(Kulberg2290). She apparently died or remarried prior to 27 July 1767.

Wenzel (E./Magdalena): arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 as the wife of Ladner {Conrad} along with her mother {Elisabeth} (Kulberg2290).

Wenzel FNL. Curt Renz has found the church records for this Hoffnungstal, Bessarabia, family in Neulautern, Weinsberg Oberamt, Wuerttemberg. KS524, they say arrived in Russia in 1807.

Wenzel FNL {Christian}: said by the Keller FSL to be from UC Scheer?, Oesterreich. For 1798 see (Mail798:Km49).

Wenzel FNL {Kaspar}: was listed by the Keller FSL without origin.

Wenzel FNL {Georg}: said (no locality mentioned) by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from UC Coburg?.

Wenzel FNL {Peter}: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from UC Berstadt. For 1798 see Mail798: Nb17 which gives the wife’s maiden name as Renz.

Wenzel {Konrad}: listed in the 1798 Seelmann census (Sm26, 24 and 15) but I could not find him in any FSL.

Wenzel {J.Gottfried}: the Pleve transcription of the Stahl-am-Karaman FSK (#18) says he was from UC Langensalza, [Kur-] Sachsen. The first transcription of that FSL said he was Vitsel from UC Sachsen.

Wenzel/Wenzel FNL {Burkhard}: said by the Volmer FSL #26 to be from UC Alze, Kurpfalz. Also spelled Wenzel.

Webtzel {Adam}: born in Darmstadt Landgraviate married Koehler {A.Catharina} in Luebeck 17 July 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#261). No further information.

Wentzel {Catharina}: daughter of {Adam} from UC Ober Breitenbach married Neeb {Wilhelm} in Buedingen 13 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#642). On 29 Aug 1766 this Neff couple arrived in Russia (Kulberg3618). Not found in any later source.

Wentzel {Charlotte}: married Elsasser {Jakob} 15 March 1766 in Buedingen (Mai&Marquardt#435 & KS163). I did not find them in any published FSL or in Mail798.

Wessel/Wethzel {Johannes}: was a godparent at the Luebeck baptism of a son of Klein {Jacob} 15 May 1765 (Mai&Marquardt#1340). Not identified in any later source.

Wenzl {Nicolaus}: from UC Heinstadt, Maynz married Traumann {A.Margaretha} in Buedingen 7 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#621 & KS161). KS163 has Wentzel and Hainstadt near Erbach. On 15 Sept 1766 this couple without children arrived in Russia, he said to be from UC Mainz (Kulberg3618). Not found in any later source.

Wenzel FNL: this family name was found recorded in Schlitz marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Wentzel FNL: this family name was found recorded in Schotten parish records for many generations prior to 1767; see Flegel trip.

Wenzele FNL: said by the Mariental FSL to be from UC Poduch?, Kurmainz.

Wenzienbach GL: an unidentified place said by the Hildmann FSL to be home UC to a Burgund family. The only place I can find with this exact name is 6 miles NE of Regensburg city and probably was part of the lands of Regensburg Imperial Abbey, although it could have been in Kurbayern.

Wenzinburg GL: an unidentified place said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home UC to a Fei family.

Wenzichr(t)/ Wenzicr /Wentzcr/Wenzert/Weinzert FNL {J.Adam}: Reformed, from UC Schriesheim, Heidelberg Oberamt, Kurpfalz, arrived at Fridericia, Juetland Royal Province in May 1760. With wife and son, he was last recorded in Denmark in April 1763 (EEE p.6d43-644). By Sept 1764 they were settled in Anton FSL #17 which said he was from UC Heidelberg Oberamt, Kurpfalz. Spelled Wentzerich in 1798 (Mail798: An16 and 17).

Wenzlow GL: said by the Boaro FSL to be home UC to a Schmidt family, and possibly a Schleuning family. There are two Wenzlow in Brandenburg: one some 44 miles WSW and the other some 21 miles SE, of Berlin centre.

Wepblank GL: an unidentified place said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home UC to a Stitz? family.

Werbach FNL: said by the Hildman FSL to be from UC Gmued (Wuerttemberg) [Imperial City]. For 1798 see {Michael} (Mail798: H418, KI58) and {Christian} (Hd7).

Werbach {Michel}: KS163 says he came from Wernaz near Brueckenaue. He, wife {Margaretha} and son {Johann} arrived in Russia, he said to have come from Fulda (Kulberg548). No further information.
Werbach\textsuperscript{GL}, [Wuerzburg Bishopric?] is some 16 miles SE of Wuerzburg city, and said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Roerich family.

Werbellin\textsuperscript{GL}, is some 22 miles NNE of Berlin, said by the Frank FSL to be in the state of Brandenburg and to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Blesau family.

Werbitske\{Michael\}: listed as an illegitimate 19-year old in the 1798 Seelmann census (Sm51). Neither parent was indicated and I could not find the family name in any FSL.

Werchau\textsuperscript{GL}, Kur Trier: this surely was a misrendering of Werschau.

Werthe\{?\textsuperscript{UC}\}, Darmstadt: this might have been a mistake for Werschau.

Werchnaja Dobrinka\textsuperscript{VV}: a Russian name for Dreispitz\textsuperscript{VV}.

Werchnaja Graesnucha\textsuperscript{VV}: a variation of the Russian name for Kraft\textsuperscript{VV}.

Werchnaja Kularkina\textsuperscript{VV}: a version of the Russian name for Holstein\textsuperscript{VV}.

Werda\textsuperscript{GL}: this probably was a Wehrda 26 km E of Alsfeld. It was said by the Buedingen ML to have been home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Ruhl man who may have gone to Kraft (Mai\&Marquardt\#646).

Werda\textsuperscript{GL}, Truembach: said by the Buedingen ML to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Albrecht man and Wagner woman who married in 1766; by 1767 this couple was in Dobrinka (Mai\&Marquardt\#626).

Werden\textsuperscript{GL}: see also Wehrda.

Werden\textsuperscript{GL}, Frankreich: an unidentified place said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Prepot family. Might this be Verdun some 69 miles SW of Trier?

Werdenberg\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Deible family. Kuhlburg says the state was Wuerzburg.

Werder\textsuperscript{VV}: see Belowescher Kolonien.

Werdorf\textsuperscript{GL}, [Solms-]Braunfels [Principality]: is some 5 miles N of Braunfels city, and said by the Kukkus FSL to be home to a Heinrich family. Confirmed, with information provided by Eric Hahn who was hired by Joan Knizek, taken from Werdorf Reformed Lutheran Church records and from Solms-Braunfels Castle civil records in Braunfels, as home to both this Heinrich and his Rupp wife, in Werdorf Reformed Lutheran Church records and in Solms-Braunfels Castle civil records in Braunfels. This information Joan shared with Robert J. Heinrich who first provided it to this Project.

Werensreich\textsuperscript{FN}: see Rech.

Wergheim/Werkheim\{?\textsuperscript{GL}\}, Kur Trier: an unidentified place said by the Preuss FSL to be home to a Gaal family. Also spelled Gall.

Werkel\textsuperscript{GL}: said by the Kano FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Wagner\{Adam\} family. Said by Kuhlberg to be in Hessen. This place probably was in Hessen-Kassel Landgraviate some 13 miles SW of Kassel city.

Werkheim\textsuperscript{GL}: see Wergheim

Werm\textsuperscript{FN}: see Worms.

Weremen\textsuperscript{GL}, Lothringen: an unidentified place said by the Brabander FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Heckenbinder family.

Wern\{?\textsuperscript{GR}\}, Isenburg: an unidentified place said by the Kraft FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Reichart/Reichert family.

Werna\textsuperscript{GL}: see Werne.

Wernard\textsuperscript{FN}: the Rohleader FSL said she was a widowed mother in the Schaefer household.

Wernborn\textsuperscript{GL}: is 2 miles NE of Usingen town and was said by the Recruiter Beauregard list to have been home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Bender\{Philipp\} family (Lk36), who may have been first settlers in Obermonjou.
Said by the Recruiter Beauregard list to have been home to the Dinges (Anton) family (Lk108); who may have been Wittmann first settlers; Kuhlberg said this was in Bassenheim (Lk108).

Wernborn, Kurmainz: said by the Dehler FSL to be home to Becker (Philipp), Dehler, and Wirt families. Same place as the previous entry. At the time Kurmainz evidently held title to some or all of the Walbott von Bassenheim holdings.

Wernborn-bei-Uisingen: is 2 miles NE of Uisingen town and said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be home to the Ikes family. Same place as the previous two entries.

Wernborn, [Waldbott Barony]:

Wernborner: {Ludwig Balbhasar}: KS163 says this pastor was from Niederrosbach near Friedberg and was heading for Katharinenstadt. Not listed in T or in any published FSL, but he did arrive and live for a time on the Volga and in 1774-1775 he did rally the colonists and led groups of them to try to free the many German colonists who had been taken by the Kirghiz. In this effort he was captured, tortured, and killed. In 1776.

Wernborn: (er Kreis, Kursachsen): said by the Enders FSL to be home to Frau Brant.

Wernburg, [Neustaedter Kreis, Kursachsen]: is 14 km ENE of Saalfeld city and was said by the Urbach FSL to be home to Frau Richter.

Werne: an unidentified place said by the Kano FSL to be home to a Lappegan/Lategan family. This might have been Werne-an-der-Lippe in Muenster Bishopric some 12 miles NE of Dortmund city, or it could have been Werna in Hohnstein County some 6 miles NE of Nordhausen city.

Werne: said by the Urbach FSL to be home to Frau Goldmann. I could not find a Werne which had been in any Holstein country.

Werness [Christian]: said by the Boaro FSL #83 to be from Zerbst (no locality mentioned). Spelled Werner in 1786 and 1798 (Mai1798: Mv311, Kn29).

Werness [Andreas]: said by the Brabander FSL #34 to be from Biedesheim, Kurmainz. For 1798 see Mai1798:Bn37.

Werness [Johann]: said by the Cheisol FSL #40 to be from Saarburg, [Kur-]Trier.

Werness: said by the Cheisol FSL #34a to be stepsons of Stoller and to be Wuerzburg, [probably the Bishopric not city].

Werness: said by the 1816 Glueckstal census (KS:671, 483) to be from Wuerlingen, Reutlingen [Amt], Wurttemberg. However, using FHL (1,457,469), the GCRA proved origin in Moessingen, Tuebingen [Amt], Wurttemberg. See the GCRA book for more detail.

Werness: not found in an FSL but was in the 1775 Grimm census #66. For 1798 see Mai1798:Gm26.

Werness/Woerner: arrived in South Russia in 1819; later settled in Gueldendorf, Odessa; family records found by Curt Renz in Bleichtetter and in Sirchingen, both in Urach Oberamt, Wurttemberg.

Werness [J. Georg]: said by the Katharinenstadt FSL #40 to be from Goenningen(?).

Werness [Christoph]: the Katharinenstadt FSL #76a says he was a stepson living in a Pracht household from Gruenberg, Darmstadt.

Werness [Wilhelm]: single, said by the Katharinenstadt FSL #177 to be from Kunbach(?), Pfalz.

Werness [A. Margaretha]: a widow said by the Kautz FSL #28 to be from Bliesdalheim, Kurpfalz.

Werness [Albertus]: said by the Keller FSL #8 to be from Hesseneck?, Kurmainz.

Werness [J. Georg]: said by the Krasnoyarsk FSL #51 to be from Darmstadt (no locality mentioned).

Werness [Nicolaus w+4c]: Kulberg says they were from Gruenberg. Not found in T. By May 1767 he had died and his widow had remarried to Pracht [Johann] (ka76 & 76a).

Werness: listed in 1798 as the wife of Grast/Grost [Georg] (Mai1798:Lz38). In 1768 she probably was in Lk95.

Werness [Philipp]: by the Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been from Niederusel?, [Frankfurt Imperial City] (Lk95). For 1767 see T1840-1841. The name was spelled Werner in 1775 (Mai1798:Mv1601), and both Werner (Lz2 where the wife’s maiden name is given as Reichmesser) and Werner in 1798 (Lz38, 43 and Om43). They are found in no FSL and no earlier colony is indicated; so were likely one of Luzern’s first settler families.

Werness [Jacob]: said by the Neidermonjou FSL #37 to be from Koffeld.
Werner\textsuperscript{FN} (Maria): said by the Paulskaya FSL #33a to be a mother-in-law in the Wendenhammer household.

Werner\textsuperscript{FN} (Konrad): said by the Preuss FSL #81 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Regensburg.

Werner\textsuperscript{FN} (Johann): said by the Warenburg FSL #7 to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Florstadt. For 1796 and 1798 see Mai1798: Mv2997, Wr21, Lw11. According to the 1798 Warenburg census the wife’s maiden name was Zeigman (Wr21).

Werner: Anhalt-Dessau archive records report that he had been born in Dessau city and in 1766 left there with wife and 3 children (Mai&Marquardt#1172). No further information.

Werner (Eleonora): from\textsuperscript{UC} Lautern, Erbach County married Grentz (J.Adam) 22 April 1766 in Friedberg (Mai&Marquardt#331). Not found in any later source.

Werner (Gottfried/Gottfried): married Heidenrich (Rosina Catharina) in Rosslau 7 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#906). KS133 has {Katharina}. KS164 has {Catharina} and the wrong year: 1765. On 4 July 1766 (Gottfried & Rosina) with no children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Magdeburg (Kulberg1301). Later in 1766 they took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga, on which trip he died (T5465-5466).

Werner (J.Christian): married Fressdorf (Sofie E.) 6 April 1766 in Rosslau (Mai&Marquardt#901 and KS128 and 163). KS128 and 163 both mistakenly give the year as 1965. I did not find this couple in any published FSL.

Werner\textsuperscript{FN}: this family name was found recorded in Tann marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Wernerhold\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Obernubel\textsuperscript{FN}. For 1798 see Mai1798: Nm34

Wernheim\textsuperscript{FN}, [Kur-]Trier: an unidentified place said by the Dehler FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Roethler family.

Wernich: go to Werness.

Wernigerode-im-Harz: is 26 km ESE of Goslar city and was the seat of the county of the same name.

Wernigerode County\textsuperscript{GS}: this small country lay a bit to the E of the Imperial City of Goslar. In 1714 its Count surrendered control of his finances and military to Prussia, which similarly controlled the Magdeburg Duchy which lay further east.

Werre\textsuperscript{FN}: said by KS:483 to be from Entringen, Tuebingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg and went to Bergdorf. The GCRA verified this origin using FHL 1,475,170-1; see their book for detail.

Wersau\textsuperscript{GL}, Hessen-Darmstadt Landgraviate: is some 11 miles SE of Darmstadt city and 3 miles N of Fraenkisch-Crumbach and home to two Beckers (J.Jakob, Johannes); both left Fraenkisch-Crumbach for Russia in 1766 (Gieg); Johannes and his Eidemueller wife settled in Bauer (FSL #34); also see Werthe.

Werschau\textsuperscript{GL}, said by the Scherbakovka FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Hanschuh (J.Peter) and Johannes families. This is the same place as the next entry.

Werschau-bei-Limburg, [Kurturrier]: now in Hessen: is some 7.5 km SE of Limburg city and 50 miles NW of Wersau, Darmstadt, also now Hessen. This is the same place as the previous entry. Said by the Preuss FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Patt/Batti/Bott\textsuperscript{FN} family.

Werschinka\textsuperscript{VV}: see Verschinka\textsuperscript{VV} or Kautz\textsuperscript{VV}.

Wersel, [Muenster Bishopric]: said by the Galka FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Beichel family. The Wersel River flowed S to N through the Muenster Bishopric spawning a village of that name near its headwaters near Beckum town, and a suburb of the same name on the W side of Muenster city.

Werss/Wernich (A.Catharina): married Schuller (Christoph Wilhelm) in Rosslau 28 May 1765 (Mai&Marquardt#847). KS 157 has Wernich. Not found in Kulberg or in T. By 2 Aug 1766 {Christoph & A.Catharina} had settled at Cheisol/Chasselois FSL #15, he said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Trier (no locality given). By 1798 they had died and the family name was spelled Schiller (Mai1798:Mt01).

Werf\textsuperscript{FN}: listed by both the 1816 Neudorf census (#98) and KS:395 with no origin. Using FHL#245,507, the GCRA proved their origin in Wirsitz, Posen Department, Prussia. Also spelled Wirt. See the GCRA book for more.

Werf\textsuperscript{FN}: see Wuertz, Werth, or Wirth.

Wert\textsuperscript{GL}, Nuernberg: an unidentified place said by the Jost FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Meier family.

Werth\textsuperscript{FN} (Jacob): said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Spielberg, [Isenburg County]?
Werth\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Neidermonjou 1798 census to be the maiden name of frau Eckhardt.
Wertheim\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg [County]. I could not find her in the 1798 censuses.
Wertheim\textsuperscript{FN}: married Werth\{J.Hinrich\} 22 May 1666 in Luebeck (\textsuperscript{Mai&Marquardt}#1185). Eckhardt\{Johann & Catharina\} arrived in Russia 4 July 1766 he said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg (Kulberg!504). Not found in T. By 7 June 1767 \{J.Hinrich & Katharina\} had settled at Neidermonjou FSL #18, he said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg [County]. In 1798 Eckhardt\{Georg Heinrich\} and Werth wife\{Katharina\} are still in Neidermonjou (\textsuperscript{Mail1798}:Nm04).
Werth\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Norka FSL to be a brother-in-law living in the Preisdendorf household. For 1798 see Mai1798(Mai1798:Nr87).
Werth\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the 1798 Norka census to be the maiden name of frau Preisdendorf (\textsuperscript{Mail1798}:Nr177).
Werth\textsuperscript{FN}: mentioned without an indicated origin by the Rosenheim FSL in which his widow was wife of Scheidt\{Johannes\} and his daughter was a step-daughter in that household.
Werth\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Recruiter Beauregard list to have come from\textsuperscript{UC} Mering? and to have gone to Schoenchen in 1768 (Lk90), which makes them likely Schoenchen first settlers. A likely son remained in Schoenchen in 1798 (\textsuperscript{Mail1798}:Sn42).
Werth\textsuperscript{FN}: Kulberg160 said this widow was from\textsuperscript{UC} Gruenberg. Not found in T. Not identified in any published FSL … if still alive she probably had remarried and was listed under her new married name.
Werth\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Wert, Werz, Wirth, and Wurtz.
Wertheim\textsuperscript{GL}: said by the Bauer FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Becker family. This proven by a contemporary Franckisch-Crumbach minister to be Wersau, Hessen (\textsuperscript{Mai&Marquardt}#1278).
Wertheim\textsuperscript{GS}: in the 1760s was a small state seated in the city of the same name which was some 19 miles W of Wuerzburg city in the old Franconian area. It was owned by the Counts of Loewenstein-Wertheim-Virneberg. None of the following entries mention any locality: Said by the Koehler FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Glueck, Hartwig, and possibly to Heger and Heindorf families. Said by the Krasnoyar FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Puhl? family. Said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Deible family; Kuhlburg said it was in Franken. Said by Recruiter Beauregard’s list to have been home\textsuperscript{UC} to Leinert\{Conrad\} and his siblings (Lk61); not found in any FSL and I could not find them or any likely descendant associated with any Volga colony. The Buedingen ML said this was home to a Poehlen man and an Albert woman. See Loewenstein-Wertheim-Virneburg County.
Wertizhausen\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Paulskaya FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Petri family.
Wertz\textsuperscript{FN}: see Wirtz and Wuertz.
Werve\textsuperscript{GL}: is 11 miles NE of Dortmund city, and was said by the Boregad FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Hirsch family.
Werwang\textsuperscript{FN}: listed by the 1816 Glueckstal census (K\#:677, 483) with no origin. Using FHL(1,596,075), the GCRA proved origin in Reutlingen, Reutlingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg. See the GCRA book for more detail. Also spelled Werenwag.
Werwein\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Krailshausen?. For 1798 see Mai1798:Nm26.
Werz\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Koehler FSL to be the maiden name of frau Leister. Her family namewas rendered as Merz in 1798 (Mai1798:Kl40).
Werz\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Wert, Werth, Wirth, and Wurtz.
Werzenburg\textsuperscript{GL}, France: an unidentified place said by the Pfeiffer FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Kipes family. This may be Wissembourg, Alocase, some 20 miles W of Karlsruhe.
Wertz\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Neidermonjou FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Schneider\{Leonhard\} family. There was at least two Werznitzs, both in Brandenburg Duchy, one 19 miles W of Berlin city centre, and one 89 miles W.
Wesch\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Stephan FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Quedlinburg [Abbey]. For 1798 see Mai1798:Sv40.
Weschnitz\textsuperscript{GL}, Hessen, is 6 miles W of Erbach in the Odenwald Forest, and is said by the Roethling FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Rubrecht family.
Wesel\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Franzosen FSL to be the maiden name of frau Lebloine\{Joseph\}. 
Wesel\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Wetzel.
Wesel\textsuperscript{FD}: an unidentified place said by the Kano FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Mueller\{J.Christian\} family with an orphan von Rau boy in the household. There were at least four Wesels in the Germanies.
Weseritz\textsuperscript{GL}: see Wirseritz.
Wesin\textsuperscript{GL}, Baden-Durlach: an unidentified place said by the Dinkel FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Ries families.
Weske\textsuperscript{GL}, Wuerttemberg: an unidentified place said by the Dinkel FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Zern\textsuperscript{FD} family.
Weslauer\textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Hildmann FSL to be the maiden name of Frau Gottfried, although the 1798 census renders that name as NESLAUER\textsuperscript{(Mai1798:Hd8)}.
Wesmann\textsuperscript{FN} said by the Frank FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Stockholm, Schweden.
Wesni\textsuperscript{GL}, Wuerzburg, Bavaria: an unidentified place said by the Roethling FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Roetherlein family.
Wessel\textsuperscript{FD}: do to Wetzel.
Wesselburen, Holstein[-Gottorp Duchy]: is 48 km WSW of Rendsburg city and was said by the Schafer FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Hennings family.
Westenburgen?, Leiningen: see Leiningen-Westerburg.
Westenweer\{Johannes\}: KS163 says he came from Densburg near Fritzlar. No further information.
Westen\{J.Elisabeth\}\textsuperscript{FN}: Bonner proved that she was baptized in Neu-Isenburg, [Isenburg-Birstein Principality] on 25 April 1745 as Vester\{J.Elisabeth\} the daughter of Jean Jacob Vester & Ursule Tiber. She married in Buedingen on 7 April 1766 Galloy\{Pierre\}, (Mai&Marquardt#489). KS129 spells it Neu-Isenburg saying it was near Offenbach (now in Hesse). The Moor FSL (#30) says he wasa Gallowa from\textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg (no locality mentioned). In 1798 the family name was given as Galup and the wife’s maiden name was given as Weiss (Mai1798:Mo53).
Westbergl: see Westerburg.
Westerburg\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Boaro FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to Keskel? and Russ/Rose? families. Said by the Boregard FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Fricke family. Said by the Kano FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to two Keskel and a Schuster family. There are at least three Westerburgs and four Westerbergs in Germany; however, this may have been Wettamburg.
Westerburg?: an unidentified place said by the Recruiter Beauregard list to have been home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Weig\{Adam\} family (Lk103); they might have been Grimm first settlers? See previous entry.
Westerburg\textsuperscript{GL}, Neu-Leiningen-Westerburg County: is 22 km NW of Runkel town and may have been the seat of Neu-Leiningen-Westerburg County.
Westenhilden\textsuperscript{GL}: an unidentified place said by the Galka FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Fried family.
Westernkotten\textsuperscript{GL}, Lippstadt: is some 2 miles S of Lippstadt city in North Rhine-Westphalia, and said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to a Kaltner family.
Westerwald\textsuperscript{FD}: is a huge old forest to the E and NE of Koblenz city on the E side of the Rhine River.
Westerwald-Neuwied: this was the Neuwied-Runkel County in the Westerwald (forest).
Westerwaal\{J. Peter\}\textsuperscript{FN} [Margaretha/A.Margaretha] married Lorringle\{J. Peter\} in Buedingen 12 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#526 & KS143). KS164 has Westerwaal. On 4 July 1766 Lorengel\{Peter\}, wife A.Margaretha\{Sophia\} 6, arrived in Russia he said to be from Stolberg (Kulberg1862). Stumpp gives her name both as Westerwaal\{KS143\} and Westerwaal\{KS163\} (Mai&Marquardt#526). She must have died between July 1766 and June 1767. By 18 June 1767 with husband \{Peter\} and the daughter, \{A.Eleonora\} had settled at Doenhof FSL #68, he said to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Stolberg (no locality mentioned). In 1798 \{Lohrenge\} and wife \{Lining\}\{\?\}\{Eleonora\} were still living in Doenhof (Mai1798:Dh20).
Westerwaal: she married Schmidt\{PhilippWilh.m.\} in Luebeck in 1765; they have not been found resident in Russia (Mai&Marquardt#26).
Westerwaal\textsuperscript{FN}: also see Westerwaal.
Westfal\textsuperscript{FN} said by the Kratzke FSL to be from\textsuperscript{UC} Rupen/Rieben\textsuperscript{GL}, Brandenburg.
Westfalen\{Duchy\}\textsuperscript{FD} in English is Westphalia, a duchy possessing a broad area of north Germany around
Ansgeld and Meschede. Said (no locality mentioned) by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home \( \text{UC} \) to Lange’s wife. Said by Kulberg \( \text{89} \) to be home \( \text{UC} \) to Tegemann \{Wilhelm+w+4c\} Reformed. This duchy seems to have been a wholly owned subsidiary of Kurkoeln during the 1760s.

**Westfalen Province**: aka Westphalia, was occupied by Prussia and its allies in 1813 and was a Prussian Province 1816-1946.

**Westge**\( \text{GL} \): is an unidentified locality which, according to the Frank FSL, was in area of Klosterbesitz\( \text{(?)} \), in the state of Isenburg\( \text{(?)} \); and was home \( \text{UC} \) to a Steinmetz family.

**Westhausen**\( \text{FN} \): said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from \( \text{UC} \) Mecklenburg (no locality mentioned).

**Westhausen** \( \text{GL} \): an unidentified place said by the Boregard FSL to be home \( \text{UC} \) to a Rausch family and possibly to a Wendebach family. There were at least six Westhausens in Germany but the most likely might be 4.5 miles NW of Aalen city.

**Westheim** near Truemberg: both are 21 km NW of Schweinfurt city. Truemberg, now Trimberg, is just 2.5 km NE of Westheim. Both in 1766 were within Kurbayern (i.e. the Grand Duchy of Bavaria). Westheim was said to be home \( \text{UC} \) to Stet \{Margaretha\} who married Heilmann \{Hans Adam\} 14 May 1766 in \( \text{Buedingen} \) (Mai\&Marquardt\#631).

**Westhofen** \( \text{GL} \): an unidentified place said by the Ernestinendorf FSL to be home \( \text{UC} \) to a Hufnagel family. Kuhlberg said this was in Hessen, but I could find no such place in lands that had been either Landgraviate, Hessen-Darmstadt or Hessen-Kassel.

**Westhofen, Kurpfalz**: is some 6.5 miles NW of Worms city, and said by the Dehler FSL to be home \( \text{UC} \) to a Stosseel/Stetzel family. Said by the Keller FSL to be home \( \text{UC} \) to Scherer \{Johannes\}.

**Westhoffen** \( \text{GL} \), Elsass: is some 14 miles WNW of Strasbourg, and said by the Dietel FSL to be home \( \text{UC} \) to a Stenzel and possibly a Stirz family.

**West Holland** \( \text{GS} \): this may have referred generally to the part of Holland now covered by the provinces of North Holland and South Holland – generally N and S and W of Amsterdam and Rotterdam.

**Westhuber**\( \text{(?)} \): an unidentified place said by Kulberg \( \text{58} \) to be home \( \text{UC} \) to Schmidt \{Jacob+w\} Reformed.

**Westingshausen** \( \text{FN} \): see Weisheim.

**Westingsheim** \( \text{FN} \): see Weisheim.

**Westlanger, Baden-Durlach**: an unidentified place said by the Galka FSL to be home to a Klaus/Kloss family.

**Westmann** \( \text{FN} \): said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be from \( \text{UC} \) Libau, Kurland.

**Westphale** \( \text{FN} \): said by the Dehler FSL to be from \( \text{UC} \) Metz, Lothringen. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

**Westphalia** \( \text{GS} \), in German is Westfalen.

**Westpruessen**: was occupied by Sweden 1703-1709, and mostly controlled by Sweden 1709-72, when it was annexed by the Prussian Kingdom. In 1829 it was united with Ostpreussen and the new entity became the Prussian province of Preussen.

**West Prussia** \( \text{GL} \): see Westpruessen.

**Westrupp** \{Maria\}: married Schneider \{J.Heinrich\} 18 March 1766 in \( \text{Buedingen} \) (Mai\&Marquardt\#444). Not found in any later source.

**Wetau**: an unidentified place said by Kulberg \( \text{124} \) to be home \( \text{UC} \) to Sollbach \{J.Christian+w+1c\} Catholic. Wetel \( \text{FN} \): see Wetzel.

**Wetgra**\( \text{(?)} \), Isenburg: an unidentified place said by the Krasnoyar FSL to be home \( \text{UC} \) to a Bauer family.

**Wetlauffer** \( \text{FN} \): said by the Norka FSL to be from \( \text{UC} \) Hessen (no locality mentioned). Spelled Wetleifer in 1798 (Mai\#798: Nr15 and Kk20).

**Wetleifer** \( \text{FN} \): see Wetlauffer.

**Wett** \( \text{FN} \): see Wer.

**Wettamburg** \( \text{FN} \): is some 3 miles SSE of Naumburg city. The old maps make it unclear whether this was in the territory of Kursachsen or of Altenburg Duchy.

**Wettenbeck** \( \text{FN} \): see Wittenbeck.

**Wetter** \( \text{FN} \) \{J.Heinrich\}: from \( \text{UC} \) Perlenburg married in Friedberg 17 May 1766 Nicodemus \{Christina\} (Mai\&Marquardt\#343). Not found in Kulberg or in T. By 26 June 1767 he and \{A.Christina\} had settled at Kukkus FSL \#47, he said to be from \( \text{UC} \) Marbach\( \text{(?)} \), Isenburg. In 1775 they were settled in Kukkus \#44 (Mai\&Marquardt\#343). Not found in Mai\#798.
Wetzlar, Kassel Landgraviate: is 70 km SW of Kassel city and was said by the Susannental FSL to be home \textsuperscript{UC} to a Mueller (J. Georg) family.

Wetterau \textsuperscript{GL}, Hesse: the area around Friedberg, Hesse. Said (no locality mentioned) by the Belowescher Kolonien FSL to be home \textsuperscript{UC} to a Hahn/Honn family.

Wetterburg \textsuperscript{GL}: said by the Orlovskaya FSL to be home \textsuperscript{UC} to a Keskol family. Please thought this might be Wettamburg: I think he is right.

Wettermann \textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Kano FSL to be home \textsuperscript{UC} to a Copenhagen, Daenemark. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Wettermann \textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Neidermonjon FSL to be from \textsuperscript{UC} to a Copenhagen. I could not find this family in the 1798 censuses.

Wettersbach \textsuperscript{(?)} \textsuperscript{GL}, Baden-Durlach [Margraviate]: a place incorporated into Karlsruhe city in 1975 and as Uwettersbach said by the Dobrinka FSL to be home \textsuperscript{UC} to an Utz family.

Wettersborn \textsuperscript{(?)} \textsuperscript{GL}, Baden-Baden: an unidentified place said by the Dietel FSL to be home \textsuperscript{UC} to a Spreuer family.

Wetze \textsuperscript{FN}: see Wetzel.

Wetzel \textsuperscript{FN} said by the Frank FSL to be from \textsuperscript{UC} to a Stengerat (?), Hessen-Darmstadt. If this family shares roots with the Wetzel family from Kamenka, then this is Seligenstadt, now in the state of Hesse, some 18 miles NE of Darmstadt.

Wetzel/Wessel/Wessel/Wetzel \textsuperscript{FN} (Johannes): Lutheran, from \textsuperscript{UC} Wuerttemberg thence via \textsuperscript{UC} the Durlach area, arriving at Flensburg, Schleswig Royal Duchy in July 1761. With wife {Regina} and 4 children, he sought permission to leave Denmark in April 1765. (EEE p.644). Before the 1775 census they had settled in Grimm (1775 census #53)

Wetzel \textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Jost FSL to be from \textsuperscript{UC} Litschen, Sachsen. I could not find this family in the 1798 Volga censuses.

Wetzel \textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Kamenka FSL to be from \textsuperscript{UC} Seligenstadt. If this family shares roots with the Wetzel family from Frank, then this is Seligenstadt, now in the state of Hesse, some 18 miles NE of Darmstadt.

Wetzel \textsuperscript{FN}: said by the Husaren FSL to be from \textsuperscript{UC} Aschenburg. In 1798 Wetzel was used in Mai 1798: Hn30, but it was Wetze in Hn22, and Wentzer in Km27.

Wetzel \textsuperscript{FN}: said (no locality mentioned) by the Kutter FSL to be from \textsuperscript{UC} Isenburg.

Wessel (Juergen): was a godparent at the Luebeck baptism of a son of Klein (Jacob) and his Burel wife {A. Dorothea} 15 May 1765 (Mai&Marquardt#1340). No further information found.

Wetzel: a small independent city-state. The city is some 7 miles W of Giessen, Hessen. Said by the Katharinenstadt FSL to be home \textsuperscript{UC} to a Bueser family. Said by the Laub FSL to be home \textsuperscript{UC} to Hinkelmann and Roth families. For more see Wezlar.

Witzler \textsuperscript{FN} (Melchior, Johannes): listed by the 1816 Neudorf census (#54(M), 55(J’s daughters) with no origin, and KS:484 suggested that M might have come from Elsass, and J from Wuerttemberg via Kuhlhausen. However, using FHL#1,475,194, items 3-6, the GCRA proved their origin in Gaertringen, Boeblingen [Amt], Wuerttemberg, having come to Russia via Kuhlhausen, South Russia. See the GCRA book for more. Sometimes incorrectly spelled Metzler.

Wetzstein (Johanne Louise): married Bercke/Berke (Friedrich Michaelis aka Friedrich Michael) in Rosslau on 6 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#960, KS121,164). In 1766 with her Bercke husband and 1 son {Heinrich}, she took transport from Oranienbaum to the Volga but her husband died enroute (T3302-3304). I could not identify her or her son in Kulberg or in any published FSL.

Weyer \textsuperscript{FN}: see Weber.

Weyand \textsuperscript{FN}: this family name was found recorded in Kirburg marriage records 1762-1767; see Flegel trip.

Weyhardt/Wigand (J. Christian); and wife Helleck (Susanna M.), their son was baptized in Luebeck 30 May 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#1312). Not found in Kulberg. Later in 1766 Wigand {Christoph}, {Maria} and infant son took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga on which trip the son died (T#4026-4028). Not found in any later source.

Weydemann/Weidenhahn/Weygemann (J. Andreas); married Mueller (M. Sophia) in Rosslau 10 April 1766 (Mai&Marquardt#941 & KS164). KS164 also has Weygemann and the wrong year: 1765. On 4 July 1766 Weidenhahn & Andreas & Sophia with no children arrived in Russia, he said to be from Erfurt (Kulberg 1417). Later in 1766 this couple took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T5535-5535). Not found in any published FSL.
Weydemann\textsuperscript{FN}: see Weidemann.
Weydermann: go to Weydenhahn.
Weyel\textsuperscript{FN}: see Weigand.
Weyer\{A.Elisabeth\}: from\textsuperscript{UC} Nassau-Dillenburg Principality married Weyer\{A.Elisabeth\} in Luebeck 17 July 1766 (\textit{Mai\&Marquardt}\#260). On 8 Aug 1766 he, wife and one servant arrived in Russia, he said to be from Nassau (Kulberg\#3419). Later in Wietrich\{Nicolaus\} alone took transport in Oranienbaum for the Volga (T2967). Not found in any published FSL.
Weyer\textsuperscript{GL}, Elsass: is some 4 miles S of Machwiller city, and said by the 1816 Glueckstal census to be home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Brechenmacher family, but the GCRA could not find them in church records here.
Weyer\textsuperscript{GL}, Hungary: an unidentified place for which the GCRA found some evidence of Brechenmacher residence.
Weyerich\{Joh.\}: KS164 says he was from Wallbach nearrbach with wife and 6 children. No further information.
Weymar\{Konrad\}: KS:82 and 164 say this party of 3 from\textsuperscript{UC} Hesse(?) in 1764 was sent on to the Saratov area as part of the group of colonists transported under the command of Captain Paykul and Cornet Rehbinder. I have not found them in any published FSL.
Weymer\{Cath. E.\}: this daughter of {J.Heinrich} and wife Krus\{E.Dorothea\} was baptized in Luebeck 13 Oct 1766 (\textit{Mai\&Marquardt}\#1345). Not found in any later source.
Weyrauch/Weyrach\{Rosina\}: married Ebenholtz\{Friedrich\} 9 June 1766 in Rosslau (\textit{Mai\&Marquardt}\#1004). KS125 has his name as Ebenholz and mistakenly gives the year as 1765. KS165 also has 1765. I did not find them in any published FSL or Mai1798.
Weyrich: see Weirich.
Weyssenstein/Weissenstein/Weisensee\{J.Kaspar\}: married Kochler\{A.Catharina\} in Luebeck 29 May 1766 (\textit{Mai\&Marquardt}\#204). KS163 has Weissenstein and {Katharina}. On 10 Aug 1766 {Johann}, his mother {A.Maria} and his wife {Catharina} arrived in Russia, he said to be from Darmstadt (Kulberg\#4395). Later in 1766 this Weisensee family group of 3 took transport in Oranienbaum for Russia, on which trip a daughter was born and died as did the wife (T4094-4097). Not found in any published FSL.
Wezlar: nka Wetzlar, said by the Recruiter Beauregard list to have been home\textsuperscript{UC} to the Kinkler\{Just Ludwig\} family (Lk88), who may have been Schaffhausen first settlers.