September 7, 2022

The Honourable Sylvia Jones
Deputy Premier and Minister of Health
Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care
777 Bay Street, 5th Floor
Toronto, ON M7A 2J3

The Honourable Monte McNaughton
Minister of Labour, Immigration, Training and Skills Development
777 Bay Street, 5th Floor
Toronto, ON M7A 2J3

Dear Ministers Jones and McNaughton:

Re: Support for a Local Board of Health

On August 26, 2022 at a regular meeting of the Board for the Grey Bruce Health Unit, the Board considered the attached letter from the Board of Health for Niagara Region on the matter of employer-paid sick days in Ontario. The following motion was passed:

Motion No: 2022-65

Moved by: Alan Barfoot Seconded by: Brian O’Leary

“THAT, the Board of Health endorse the correspondence from the Board of Health for Niagara Region on the Matter of Employer-Paid Sick Days in Ontario.” Carried.

Sincerely,

Sue Paterson
Chair, Board of Health
Grey Bruce Health Unit

cc: Dr. Kieran Moore, Ontario Chief Medical Officer of Health
Honourable Rick Byers, MPP for Bruce-Grey-Owen Sound
Honourable Brian Saunderson, MPP for Simcoe-Grey
Honourable Lisa Thompson, MPP for Huron-Bruce
Warden for Bruce, Warden Janice Jackson
Warden for Grey, Warden Selwyn Hicks
Loretta Ryan, Association of Local Public Health Agencies
Ontario Boards of Health

Encl. /mh
July 19, 2022

The Honourable Sylvia Jones  
Deputy Premier and Minister of Health  
Ministry of Health and Long-Term Care  
777 Bay Street, 5th Floor  
Toronto, Ontario  
M7A 2J3

The Honourable Monte McNaughton  
Minister of Labour, Immigration, Training and Skills Development  
777 Bay Street, 5th Floor  
Toronto, ON  
M7A 2J3

Dear Ministers Jones and McNaughton,

First, let me congratulate you on behalf of Niagara Region Council and all Niagara residents for your reappointments to Cabinet. We look forward to working with you over the next four years and seeing our province benefit from your sage leadership.

On behalf of Niagara Region’s Board of Health, I write today to you on the matter of employer-paid sick days in Ontario. Specifically, on June 23, 2022, our Board of Health passed a motion requesting that:

2. The Government of Ontario engage in consultation with local municipalities, employers, and broader communities regarding making permanent the three paid sick days, and increasing the number of paid sick days to be in line with the recommendations for adequate sick leave policies; this consultation should seek to understand the challenges to legislating these sick day policies, and identify the supports necessary to enable increasing the number of sick days and making them permanent.
3. The Government of Ontario review the impacts of the amendments to the Canada Labour Code that provided 10 paid sick days for all federal employees across the country.

A copy of our Public Health Department’s report (PHD 11-2022) is enclosed for reference.

Staying home when sick is one of the most effective containment strategies for infectious disease, yet it is a benefit currently more accessible to some workers than others.

Workers without paid sick days are more likely to go to work sick, putting others at risk. Throughout the pandemic workplaces with precarious jobs and lack of paid sick leave have become hotspots for COVID-19 infection transmission, and suffered temporary closures.
during outbreaks. Low-wage racialized workers, who are more likely to be denied paid sick days, have faced higher rates of COVID-19 illness\(^1\) as well as business owners in these areas that, therefore, suffered greater disruption and loss when unable to operate due to staff illness.

Paid sick days should form part of a suite of long-term, sustainable changes to our society to create a post-pandemic “new normal” where COVID-19 is controlled, ensuring the safety of residents and protecting the economy from further disruption. As well, paid sick days would reduce lost productivity and absenteeism due to transmission of other infections, which was estimated to be $16.6 billion dollars nationally by the Conference Board of Canada in 2012; no doubt it has grown since then.\(^2\)

Paid sick days is a good policy for us to control this pandemic sustainably, make us more resilient to future pandemics, increase productivity, and enhance health equity. We urge your government to extend the current paid sick days policy, and study enhancing it and making it permanent.

Sincerely,

Jim Bradley,
Chair, Board of Health, Niagara Region
Regional Chair, Niagara Region

Enclosure: PHD 11-2022

cc: Premier Doug Ford
    Jeff Burch, MPP, Niagara Centre
    Wayne Gates, MPP, Niagara Falls
    Sam Oosterhoff, MPP, Niagara West
    Jennifer (Jennie) Stevens, MPP, St. Catharines
    Dean Allison, MP, Niagara West
    Vance Badawey, MP, Niagara Centre
    Tony Baldinelli, MP, Niagara Falls
    Chris Bittle, MP, St. Catharines
    All Boards of Health

\(^1\) Decent Work & Health Network. Before it’s Too Late: How to close the Paid Sick Day Gap During COVID-19 and Beyond. Published August 2020. (Available from: https://www.decentworkandhealth.org/beforetoolate)
Subject: A Renewed Call for Paid Sick Leave in Ontario
Report to: Public Health and Social Services Committee
Report date: Tuesday, June 14, 2022

Recommendations

1. That Regional Council RECOMMEND that the Government of Ontario extend the currently temporary three paid sick days in the Employment Standards Act, 2000 (ESA) set to expire July 31, 2022;
2. That Regional Council RECOMMEND that the Government of Ontario engage in consultation with local municipalities, employers, and broader communities regarding making permanent the three paid sick days, and increasing the number of paid sick days to be in line with recommendations for adequate sick leave policies; this consultation should seek to understand the challenges to legislating these sick day polices, and identify the supports necessary to enable increasing the number of sick days and making them permanent;
3. That Regional Council RECOMMEND that the Government of Ontario review the impacts of the amendments to the Canada Labour Code that provided 10 paid sick days for all federal employees across the country; and
4. That Regional Council DIRECT the Regional Chair to communicate the above recommendations to the Premier, relevant Members of provincial Cabinet, Niagara’s Members of Provincial Parliament, Niagara’s Members of Parliament, and all Ontario Boards of Health.

Key Facts

- The purpose of this report is to seek Council’s support for extending beyond July 31, 2022, the currently temporary paid sick days through the Employment Standards Act
- Staying home when sick is one of the most effective containment strategies for infectious disease, yet a benefit currently more accessible to some workers than others.¹

¹ Decent Work & Health Network. Before it’s Too Late: How to close the Paid Sick Day Gap During COVID-19 and Beyond. Published August 2020. (Available from: https://www.decentworkandhealth.org/beforetoolate)
• The gap in access to paid sick days is associated with transmission of infectious illnesses at workplaces\(^2\) including COVID-19, as many lower paid employees are compelled to work while sick and infectious so as to be able to earn the income they need to live.

• In December 2021, Regional Council endorsed the recommendations in Report PHD 14-2021, expressing support for legislated paid sick days through the Employment Standards Act. Similar motions were also passed by Municipalities and Boards of Health across Ontario.

• In December, the Ontario Government extended the temporary three days employer paid sick time to expire on July 31, 2022.

Financial Considerations

As a corporation, Niagara Region has experienced a total cost of $943,700 (not including Payroll Related costs) for time encoded as Paid Infectious Disease Emergency Leave for the period of April 19, 2021 to April 18, 2022.

Analysis

As stated in Reports PHD 14-2021 and PHD 1-2021, access to employer paid sick leave is an important policy measure for the following reasons:\(^1\):

• It is one of the most effective containment strategies for infectious disease;
• Workers without paid sick days are more likely to go to work sick, putting others at risk;
• Parents with paid sick days have been found to be less likely to send sick children to school, preventing outbreaks in schools;
• Workplaces with precarious jobs and lack of paid sick leave have become hotspots for COVID-19 infection transmission, and suffered temporary closures during outbreaks;
• Low-wage and racialized workers, who are more likely to be denied paid sick days, have faced higher rates of COVID-19 illness.

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The Ontario government’s temporary pandemic-specific paid sick days is set to expire July 31, 2022. Since the start of the pandemic there have been many calls on the Ontario government to legislate adequate paid sick days. Calls on the government include, but are not exclusive to

- Bill-7 and Bill-8 introduced to the Ontario legislature in 2021;
- Ontario’s Big City Mayors made up of Mayors from 29 cities across Ontario with a population of 100,000 or more;
- The City of St. Catharines as well as other municipalities across Ontario, including both Hamilton and Toronto;
- The Association of Local Public Health Agencies (aPHa);
- The Decent Work and Health Network.

Canada lags behind other nations globally in guaranteeing workers access to adequate paid sick days for short-term illness. On December 17, 2021, the federal government amended the Canada Labour Code to provide up to 10 days of paid sick leave to all federal employees. It was also announced that the federal government will convene the provinces and territories in early 2022, to develop a national action plan to legislate paid sick leave for all workers across the country. Starting January 1, 2022, British Columbia became the first province to expand permanent, employer-paid sick days, with five paid sick days for all full-time and part-time workers.

Paid sick days would form part of a suite of long-term, sustainable changes to our society to create a post-pandemic “new normal” where COVID-19 is controlled, ensuring the safety of residents and protecting the economy from further disruption from the pandemic, as well as lost productivity and absenteeism due to transmission of other infections. Moreover, paid sick days would improve health equity, supporting a Healthy and Vibrant Community.

Alternatives Reviewed

If the temporary paid sick days benefit expires on July 31, 2022, the burden of responsibility will fall to an individual to decide between staying home if they are sick, or going to work in order to get paid. Evidence indicates this results in spread of infectious disease, most pressingly COVID-19, to both customers and co-workers. However, as the pandemic continues, there will be substantial economic losses and inequitable human impacts due to infectious disease such as influenza, and COVID-19 will continue to afflict workplaces further increasing these losses and impacts.
Relationship to Council Strategic Priorities

Paid sick days will help to reduce transmission of COVID-19 and other infectious illnesses. Additionally, paid sick days will help to lessen the disproportionate impact COVID-19 is having on workers that do not have access to paid sick leave. This healthy public policy is linked to Council's Healthy and Vibrant Community strategic priority, in particular, the desire to improve health equity.

Other Pertinent Reports

**PHD 14-2021** Collaborative Action to Support the Need for Permanent Paid Sick Days

**PHD 01-2021** Collaborative Action to Prevent COVID-19 Transmission and Improve Health Equity by Increasing Access to Paid Sick Days

Prepared by:
Lindsay Garofalo
Manager
Chronic Disease and Injury Prevention

Recommended by:
M. Mustafa Hirji, MD, MPH, PCPC
Medical Officer of Health & Commissioner (Acting)
Public Health and Emergency Services

Submitted by:
Ron Tripp, P.Eng.
Chief Administrative Officer

This report was prepared in consultation with Dan Schonewille, Health Promoter, Chronic Disease and Injury Prevention and Leanne Mannell, Senior HR Business Analyst, Corporate Administration and reviewed by David Lorenzo, Associate Director, Chronic Disease and Injury Prevention.