February 27, 2013

The Honorable Janéa Holmquist Newbry
Chair, Senate Commerce and Labor Committee
106B Irv Newhouse Building
PO Box 40413
Olympia, WA 98504-0413

Dear Chairwoman Holmquist Newbry:

The American Osteopathic Association (AOA), the Washington Osteopathic Medical Association (WOMA) and the American Osteopathic College of Dermatology (AOCD) are writing to strongly encourage you to support SB 5521. This bill would prohibit tanning facilities from allowing children under the age of 18 to use an ultraviolet tanning device. The bill would also require tanning facilities to verify customers’ ages with a driver’s license or government issued identification card. The AOA, WOMA and AOCD support imposing appropriate safety measures upon tanning facilities.

The AOA proudly represents its professional family of more than 100,000 osteopathic physicians (DOs) and osteopathic medical students; promotes public health; encourages scientific research; serves as the primary certifying body for DOs; is the accrediting agency for osteopathic medical colleges; and has federal authority to accredit hospitals and other health care facilities. WOMA is a professional organization that represents the over 1,200 DOs providing patient care in Washington. AOCD represents over 600 physicians, dermatology residents and student members. It is dedicated to improving the standards of the practice of dermatology, stimulating the study of dermatology and promoting understanding of the nature and scope of services rendered by osteopathic dermatologists.

Tanning equipment works by bombarding the skin with UV radiation. Tanning salons use lamps that emit UV-A and UV-B radiation, both of which damage the skin and can cause skin cancer. In 2009, the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC), a working group of the World Health Organization (WHO), classified UV-emitting tanning devices as a carcinogen, an agent known to cause cancer in humans. Just last year, a study found that indoor tanning can cause the

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most common form of skin cancer, non-melanoma skin cancer, in addition to the deadliest form of skin cancer, malignant melanoma.³

Prohibiting minors from using ultraviolet tanning devices is an effective means to protect them from the long-term health risks associated with indoor tanning. Young people are at a heightened risk of developing skin cancer from indoor tanning, as they subject themselves to additional years of artificial UV exposure.⁴ For this reason, the WHO and the American Academy of Dermatology (AAD) recommend banning the use of tanning devices by minors.⁵ States that have restricted access to indoor tanning for minors have seen stable or decreased rates of skin cancer, while states without these policies have seen an increase in the same.⁶

The use of tanning facilities by children is inappropriate and should be banned due to its long-term health effects. **We urge you to protect Washington’s children from artificial UV exposure by supporting SB 5521 in committee.** Should you need any additional information, please feel free to contact Nicholas Schilligo, MS, AOA Director of State Government Affairs, at nschilligo@osteopathic.org or (800) 621-1773, ext. 8185.

Sincerely,

Ray E. Stowers, DO, FACOFP
President, AOA

Scott Fannin, DO
President-elect, WOMA

David Grice, DO, FAOCD
President, AOCD

CC: Norman E. Vinn, DO, AOA President-elect
Mark A. Baker, DO, Chair, AOA Department of Governmental Affairs
Joseph A. Giaimo, DO, Chair, AOA Bureau of State Government Affairs
Lyndsey Rasmussen, DO, President, WOMA
John B. Crosby, JD, AOA Executive Director
Sydney Olson, AOA Associate Executive Director, Advocacy and Government Relations
Linda Mascheri, Director, AOA Department of State, Affiliate and International Affairs
Nicholas A. Schilligo, MS, Director, AOA Division of State Government Affairs
Amy Bolivar, Manager, Executive Projects and Communications
Kathleen Itter, Executive Director, WOMA
Marsha A. Wise, BS, Executive Director, AOCD

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⁶ Dore, et al., supra.