The 2020 legislative year will long be known as the COVID-19 Session. On two occasions, the Legislature was forced to suspend operations in the Capitol due to the pandemic. Faced with limited time for committees to process bills, legislators pared down their bill loads to focus on the highest priority measures. Further, the State Budget process had to be retooled to deal with the massive shortfall in revenues.

As in prior years the Joint Legislative Task Force, consisting of leaders of both the CFCA and FDAC, analyzed and monitored hundreds of bills of significance to the fire service. Although it became difficult to make personal appearances in the Capitol, the Task Force members participated in committee hearings online and by phone. Their effort, and support from both Boards have led to another successful year in Sacramento.

CFCA-FDAC Joint Legislative Task Force Committee Members and Advocacy Team

California Fire Chiefs Association
Mike McLaughlin, Chair
Cosumnes FD
Melinda Hunley, Member
Kern County/Bakersfield Fire EEC
Paul Matheis, Member (Retired)
Rocque Yballa, Member
Central County FD
Christopher Herren, Alternate
North County Dispatch JPA
Randy Metz, Alternate
Carlsbad FD
Ted Petersen, Alternate
Southern Marin FPD
Tracey Hansen
CFCA Executive Director

Fire Districts Association of California
Jeff Willis, Vice Chair
Big Bear Fire Department
Mark Baker, Member
Lakeside FPD
Steve Hall, Member
Central Fire FPD of Santa Cruz County
Steve Kovacs, Member
Scotts Valley FPD
Richard Pearce, Member
Tiburon FPD
Cinthia Saylors, Alternate
Sacramento Metro Fire District
Scott Sedgwick, Alternate
North Tahoe FPD
Catherine Smith
FDAC Executive Director
Below please find a concise list of priority bills, by subject matter, tracked by the FIRE Task Force in 2020:

### Building Permits/Standards

**Assembly Bill 1923 (Salas)** would have required the Department of Housing and Community Development to consider proposing for adoption by the California Building Standards Commission a requirement that seismic gas shutoff devices be installed in newly constructed buildings. *Status: 08/20/2020 Held in Senate Appropriations Committee.*

**Assembly 2553 (Ting and Berman)** will extend the current emergency shelter pilot program to all cities and counties and sunset the program on January 1, 2026. *Status: 09/25/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 147, Statutes of 2020.*

**Assembly Bill 2960 (Gipson)** will codify Directive 45 for emergency shelter operation in Los Angeles. *Status: 09/25/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 148, Statutes of 2020.*

**Senate Bill 902 (Wiener)** would have had a city or county to pass an ordinance to zone any parcel for up to 10 units of residential density per parcel in transit-right or jobs-rich areas and would exempt the ordinances from CEQA. *Status: 08/20/2020 Health in Assembly Appropriations Committee.*

**Senate Bill 1120 (Atkins)** would have required cities and counties to permit ministerial review of a duplex or subdivision of a parcel into two equal parcels. *Status: 08/31/2020 Failed deadline (Senate Concurrence).*

### Communications

**Assembly Bill 1945 (Salas)** will define first responders to include public safety dispatchers, telecommunicators and emergency response communication employees. *Status: 09/11/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 68, Statutes of 2020.*

**Assembly Bill 2421 (Quirk)** will allow a local agency to administratively review an application to install an emergency standby generator at an existing macro cell tower site. *Status: 09/29/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 255, Statutes of 2020.*
Senate Bill 431 (McGuire and Glazer) would have required the PUC to develop and implement backup power rules for telecommunication services that are provided in Tier 2 or Tier 3 High Fire Threat Districts. Status: 08/20/2020 Held in Senate Appropriations Committee.

Senate Bill 773 (Skinner) would have modified the makeup of the State 9-1-1 Advisory Board. Status: 08/14/2020 Failed deadline (Assembly Governmental Organization).

Senate Bill 1069 (Jackson) would have expanded reporting requirements on outages from telecommunication companies. Status: 06/19/2020 Failed deadline (Senate Appropriations).

### Emergency Medical Services

Assembly Bill 1544 (Gipson) will create a Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act. Status: 09/25/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 138, Statutes of 2020.

Assembly Bill 2450 (Grayson) will extend the assessment of penalties and use for funding for air transport under the Emergency Medical Air Transport Act. Status: 09/09/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 52, Statutes of 2020.

### Emergency Planning

Assembly Bill 291 (Chu) would have established a new fund to support planning of mitigation projects to assist local governments to become better prepared to meet emergency management preparedness, readiness and resilience goals. Status: 08/18/2020 Failed deadline (Senate Governmental Organization Committee).

Assembly Bill 2076 (Bigelow) would have required the Director of Parks and Recreation to develop a wildfire management plan for all their property located within a high or very high fire hazard severity zone. Status: Failed deadline (Senate Natural Resources & Water Committee).

Assembly Bill 2167 (Daly and Cooley) would have authorized the Insurance Commissioner to establish an insurance market action plan to expand insurance policies in the WUI contingent upon inclusion of a catastrophic risk model. Status: 08/24/2020 Failed; Senate Third Reading File.

Assembly 2213 (Limón) will require Cal OES to develop model guidelines to identify community resources that could assist in responding to natural disasters. Status: 09/18/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 98, Statutes of 2020.

Assembly Bill 2386 (Bigelow and Aguiar-Curry) will require Cal OES to annually review 10 local emergency plans to determine if they conform to best practices as determined by FEMA. Status: 09/29/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 254, Statutes of 2020.
Assembly 2968 (Rodriguez) will require Cal OES to establish best practices for counties developing and updating their emergency plan. *Status: 09/29/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 257, Statutes of 2020.*

Senate Bill 182 (Jackson) will create additional fire hazard planning responsibilities on cities and counties to make findings before taking development actions in very high fire risk areas, including related fire planning and review by multiple agencies and, at the request of the fire service, would create a grant program for small jurisdictions to implement the requirements set forth in the bill. The bill also was amended to provide time to phase in the various review programs established by the bill. *Status: 09/30/2020 Vetoed by Governor.*

Senate Bill 292 (S. Rubio) would have required the Insurance Commissioner to complete a study on wildfire risk and insurance, including market-based approaches by July 1, 2022. *Status: 08/31/2020 Failed (Assembly Inactive File).*

Senate Bill 474 (Stern) would have prohibited the approval of new development in very high fire severity zone or in the SRA. *Status: 08/14/2020 Failed (Assembly Local Government Committee).*

Senate Bill 801 (Glazer) would have required utility companies to provide backup electrical resources to protect vulnerable populations. *Status: Failed (Assembly Utilities & Energy Committee).*

Senate Bill 862 (Dodd) would have defined a public safety power shutoff as a state of emergency and added specified protocols on all electrical corporations regarding such events. *Status: 08/14/2020 Failed (Assembly Utilities & Energy Committee).*

Senate Bill 909 (Dodd) will authorize an emergency vehicle to be equipped with a "hi-lo" audible warning system to be used exclusively to warn the public of an immediate need to evacuate. The bill has been amended to add an urgency clause to allow it to become effective immediately upon enactment. *Status: 09/29/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 262, Statutes of 2020.*

Senate Bill 952 (Nielsen) would have exempted from state and local sales and use tax backup generators used by local governments during de-energization events. *Status: 06/29/2020 Failed (Assembly Revenue & Taxation Committee).*

Senate Bill 1312 (McGuire and Stern) would have required the PUC to provide for expedited undergrounding of electrical lines by utilities in designated areas to promote fire prevention and reduce public safety power shutoffs. *Status: 08/14/2020 Failed (Assembly Utilities & Energy Committee).*

**Emergency Response**

Assembly Bill 2054 (Kamlager) will establish a three-year Cal OES pilot program to distribute grants to organizations providing community-based assistance in response to local emergencies. *Status: 09/30/2020: Vetoed by Governor.*
**Senate Bill 1044 (Allen)** will phase out the manufacture and sale of class B firefighting foam containing PFAS chemicals by January 1, 2022, with longer phase out dates for refinery operations and airports.  
*Status: 09/29/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 308, Statutes of 2020.*

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**Employment**

**Assembly Bill 196 (Gonzalez)** would have expanded and extended the Governor’s [Executive Order N-62-20](https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/2020_bills/asp/ab196_bill.html) pertaining to workers contracting COVID-19 illness while being required to work outside the home. The author has committed to amend the conclusive presumption out of the bill and make the presumption a rebuttable one, like the other three bills on this subject.  
*Status: 08/31/2020 Failed; Senate Third Reading File. See Below: Senate Bill 1159 (Hill)*

**Assembly Bill 664 (Cooper, Bonta, Gonzalez)** would have established a rebuttable presumption for COVID-19 illness as being covered by workers’ compensation for certain employees, including firefighters, peace officers and health care workers.  
*Status: 08/31/2020 Failed; Senate Third Reading File. See Below: Senate Bill 1159 (Hill)*

**Assembly Bill 685 (Reyes)** would allow Cal-OSHA to suspend operations of a business where there is an imminent hazard to employees based on a COVID-19 exposure at the workplace and would provide for notice of the exposure at a conspicuous place at the worksite.  
*Status: 09/17/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 84, Statutes of 2020.*

**Assembly 2147 (Reyes)** would allow a defendant who successfully participated in a county incarcerated hand crew to petition the court for dismissal of their conviction upon release.  
*09/11/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 60, Statutes of 2020.*

**Senate Bill 1159 (Hill)** will codify [Executive Order N-62-20](https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/2020_bills/asp/ab1159_bill.html) and extend it until July 1, 2024, for firefighters, peace officers and health care workers. Part of a three-bill package with [AB 196](https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/2020_bills/asp/ab196_bill.html) and [AB 664](https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/2020_bills/asp/ab664_bill.html) that are being negotiated with the Newsom Administration.  
*Status: 09/17/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 85, Statutes of 2020.*

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**Fire Prevention**

**Assembly Bill 1659 (Bloom)** was a measure that Senate Democrats put together at the last minute as a wildfire prevention and preparedness funding proposal that would generate $500 million annually. Funds would be generated by a fee on electric ratepayer bills in IOUs territories (PG&E, SCE and SDG&E) and go to various prevention and preparedness activities.  
*Status: 08/30/2020 Failed; Senate Third Reading File.*

**Assembly Bill 1873 (Committee on Budget)** was a Budget Trailer Bill. In the waning moments of the Session, certain legislative leaders sought to convert the measure into a wildfire relief bill. As proposed to be amended, AB 1873 would have provided $500 million to augment various local government vegetation management and fire prevention programs and provide increased grant opportunities for
local government. In a legislative version of a fire drill, the Administration worked to craft compromise language, but the whole effort ran out of time and the bill was left unamended in the Assembly as the Session concluded. 08/31/2020 Failed (Senate Budget & Fiscal Review Committee).

**Assembly Bill 3074 (Friedman)** will establish an ember resistant zone within five feet of a structure as part of a revised defensible space in very high fire hazard severity zones and in the SRA. The bill has been amended to take effect contingent upon funding in next year’s state budget. 09/29/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 259, Statutes of 2020.

**Assembly Bill 3164 (Friedman)** will establish a community wildfire risk model for application in the WUI. An advisory working group would be established, and like **AB 3074**, the bill would take effect upon being funded in next year’s state budget. **Status: 09/29/2020 Vetoed by Governor.**

**Assembly Bill 3256 (E. Garcia)** would have placed on the November 2020 Ballot an Economic Recovery, Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, drought Preparation and Flood Protection Bond Act. **Status: 06/08/2020 Failed; Held in Assembly Rules Committee.**

**Assembly Bill 3267 (Smith)** will require Cal OES to coordinate with representatives of the access and special needs community to update the State Emergency Plan. **09/29/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 260, Statutes of 2020.**

**Senate Bill 45 (Allen)** would have placed on the November 2020 Ballot an Economic Recovery, Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, drought Preparation and Flood Protection Bond Act. **Status: 01/30/2020 Failed; Held as Assembly Desk.**

**Senate Bill 1156 (Archuleta)** would have required CAL FIRE to develop a model protocol identifying best practices for preventing fires caused by lithium-ion batteries. **Status: 09/01/2020 Failed; Senate Inactive File.**

**Senate Bill 1199 (McGuire)** would have established a Commission on Home Hardening with the responsibility of developing a three-tier certification system of fire prevention levels for structures in the WUI. **Status: 08/14/2020 Failed; (Assembly Governmental Organization Committee).**

**Senate Bill 1348 (Stern)** would have promoted home and community wildfire resilience through a series of fire prevention and vegetation management efforts at both the state and local level. **Status: 08/26/2020 Failed; Assembly Third Reading File.**

### Local Government

**Assembly Bill 398 (Chu)** would have imposed a $275 per employee tax on all businesses with more than 500 employees. **Status: 07/01/2020 Failed; (Senate Governance & Finance Committee).**
**Assembly Bill 2107 (Rodriguez)** will provide for low cost securitized loan obligation notes for special districts. The bill also passed the Senate Governance & Finance Committee. *09/29/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 213, Statutes of 2020.*

**Senate Bill 38 (Hill)** will extend until January 1, 2026, the provisions of the Sales and Use Tax law to ensure that the gross amount of fundraisers stay with all volunteer fire departments. The bill passed the Assembly Revenue & Taxation Committee this week. *Status: 09/11/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 78, Statutes of 2020.*

**Senate Bill 1386 (Moorlach)** will expressly provide that fire hydrants are a part of water service for the purposes of Proposition 218 to prevent a shift of this financial responsibility to local fire departments. *09/29/2020 Signed by Governor; Chapter 240, Statutes of 2020.*

**Taxation**

**Proposition 15** – The "Split-Roll" tax constitutional amendment would tax commercial businesses with more than $3 million in holdings based on the current value rather than the price at which it was purchased. Breaking these properties out of the Proposition 13 limits is estimated to generate between $6.5 billion and $11.5 billion for local government and schools. The Initiative is sponsored by the California Teachers Association, SEIU and Chan Zuckerman Institute. It is opposed by taxpayer groups and the business community. Expect a vigorous public campaign on Proposition 15.

**Federal Legislation**

The Joint Legislative Task Force Force has been a strong supporter of federal legislation to provide additional funds for COVID-19 relief including provisions directing a portion of these funds to special districts. **HR 7073** by John Garamendi and **S. 4308** by Kyrsten Sinema and John Cornyn would require 5% of future Coronavirus Relief Fund allocations to special districts. It has been estimated that over $800 million would be available for California special districts if a Federal COVID-19 relief package passes Congress, which includes the special district language.

**November 2020 General Election**

Finally, there are two property tax propositions that have qualified for the November 2020 Ballot that have local government financial impacts. **Proposition 15** is the “Split Roll” tax constitutional amendment to remove commercial property taxation from Prop. 13 and place it under current market value. Breaking these properties out of Prop. 13 limits will generate between $6.5 billion to $11.5 billion for local government and schools.

**Proposition 19** would allow homeowners who are over 55, disabled, or victims of a wildfire or natural disaster to take a portion of their lower tax base with them when they sell their home and buy a new one. **Proposition 19** would also limit the ability for new owners who inherit property to keep their
family’s lower tax base. The new funds generated would be allocated to backfill counties experiencing a net loss and a Fire Response Fund would be established to support local fire departments.
FIRE Legislative Status Report
Report Date: 10/5/2020

2020-21 BTB-2019 Deficiency

**AB 75**

(Committee on Budget) Budget Act of 2019: augmentation.


*Introduced:* 12/3/2018

*Last Amend:* 6/22/2020

*Status:* 6/29/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 9, Statutes of 2020.

*Location:* 6/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

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**Summary:** Would amend the Budget Act of 2019 by appropriating an additional $119,727,000 from the General Fund for augmentation for contingencies and emergencies and by requiring the Controller to allocate these additional funds as specified.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)

**Position**  

**Priority**  

**Subject**  
2020-21 BTB-2019 Deficiency

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**SB 88**

(Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review) Budget Act of 2019: augmentation.

*Current Text:* Amended: 6/22/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 1/10/2019

*Last Amend:* 6/22/2020

*Status:* 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. BUDGET on 5/2/2019)

*Location:* 8/31/2020-A. DEAD

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**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)

**Position**  

**Priority**  

**Subject**  
2020-21 BTB-2019 Deficiency

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2020-21 BTB-CalSTRS/CalPERS

**AB 84**

(Committee on Budget) Public employment and retirement.


*Introduced:* 12/3/2018

*Last Amend:* 6/22/2020


*Location:* 6/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

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**Summary:** Current law appropriates $2,246,000,000 from the General Fund for the 2018–19 fiscal year to the Teachers’ Retirement Fund for the Defined Benefit Program, to be apportioned in specified amounts to the credit of required employer contributions for the 2019–20 and 2020–21 fiscal years, pursuant to the direction of the Department of Finance. For the 2020–21 fiscal year, the apportioned payment to the Teachers’ Retirement Fund is an amount to pay in advance a part of the contributions required of the employers for the 2020–21 fiscal year that results in a reduction of employer contributions of 0.70 percentage point for that fiscal year from the percentage set by another specified provision. Current law requires the uncommitted remainder of the payment to be allocated to reducing the employers’ unfunded actuarial obligations, as specified. This bill would revise the application of the 2018–19 fiscal year General Fund appropriation described above.

**Organization**  

**Position**  

**Priority**  

**Subject**  
2020-21 BTB-CalSTRS/CalPERS
## 2020-21 BTB-General Government

**AB 107**  
(Committee on Budget) State government.  
**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/29/2020  
**Introduced:** 12/3/2018  
**Last Amend:** 8/28/2020  
**Status:** 9/29/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 264, Statutes of 2020.  
**Location:** 9/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED  

### Summary:  
Current law establishes within state government the Commission on Asian and Pacific Islander American Affairs, comprised of 13 members, as specified. Current law requires the commission to, among other duties, advise the Governor, the Legislature, and state entities on issues relating to the social and economic development and the rights and interests of Asian Pacific Islander American communities. This bill would authorize the commission to appoint an executive director who would be exempt from civil service.

### Notes:  
General Government Budget Trailer bill includes Tax Voucher Act proposal  

## 2020-21 BUDGET

**SB 815**  
(Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review) State government.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 8/27/2020  
**Introduced:** 1/10/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/27/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. THIRD READING on 8/31/2020)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-A. DEAD  

### Summary:  
Current law establishes within state government the Commission on Asian and Pacific Islander American Affairs, comprised of 13 members, as specified. Existing law requires the commission to, among other duties, advise the Governor, the Legislature, and state entities on issues relating to the social and economic development and the rights and interests of Asian Pacific Islander American communities. This bill would authorize the commission to appoint an executive director who would be exempt from civil service.

### Notes:  

## SB 74  
**Current Text:** Chaptered: 6/29/2020  
**Introduced:** 1/10/2019  
**Last Amend:** 6/11/2020  
**Status:** 6/29/2020-Approved by the Governor with item veto. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 6, Statutes of 2020. In Senate. Consideration of Governor's item veto pending.  
**Location:** 6/29/2020-S. CHAPTERED  

### Summary:  
This bill would make appropriations for the support of state government for the 2020–21 fiscal year.
SB 808


Introduced: 1/10/2020

Last Amend: 6/10/2020

Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. BUDGET & F.R. on 1/10/2020)

Location: 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

Summary: This bill would make appropriations for the support of state government for the 2020–21 fiscal year.

Organization Position Priority Subject
FIRE (COVID) Watch Priority 1 2020-21 BUDGET

2020–21 BUDGET BILL JR.

AB 89

(Ting D) Budget Act of 2020.


Introduced: 12/3/2018

Last Amend: 6/22/2020


Location: 6/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: The Budget Act of 2020 made appropriations for the support of state government for the 2020–21 fiscal year. This bill would amend the Budget Act of 2020 by amending items of appropriation and making other changes.

Organization Position Priority Subject
FIRE (COVID) Watch Priority 1 2020-21 BUDGET BILL JR.

Building Permits/Standards

AB 69

(Ting D) Help Homeowners Add New Housing Program: accessory dwelling unit financing.


Introduced: 12/3/2018

Last Amend: 8/25/2020

Status: 9/28/2020-Vetoed by Governor.

Location: 9/28/2020-A. VETOED

Summary: Current law provides for the creation by local ordinance, or by ministerial approval if a local agency has not adopted an ordinance, of accessory dwelling units to allow single-family or multifamily dwelling residential use in accordance with specified standards and conditions. This bill would require the Treasurer, within 6 months of the effective date of these provisions, to develop the Help Homeowners Add New Housing Program with the purpose of assisting homeowners, as defined, in qualifying for loans to construct additional housing units on their property, including accessory dwelling units and junior accessory dwelling units. The bill would, with regard to the development of the program, require the Treasurer to consult with the California Housing Financing Agency and the Department of Housing and Community Development and would authorize the Treasurer to consult with private lenders.

Organization Position Priority Subject
FIRE (COVID) Watch Priority 1 Building
**AB 429**  
**Nazarian** D  Seismically vulnerable buildings: inventory.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 8/30/2019 [html](#), [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 2/7/2019  
**Last Amend:** 8/30/2019  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. 2 YEAR on 9/15/2019)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-S. DEAD  

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**Summary:** Current law establishes a program within all cities and all counties and portions thereof located within seismic zone 4, as defined, to identify all potentially hazardous buildings and to establish a mitigation program for these buildings. The mitigation program may include, among other things, the adoption by ordinance of a hazardous buildings program, measures to strengthen buildings, and the application of structural standards necessary to provide for life safety above current code requirements. Current law requires the Alfred E. Alquist Seismic Safety Commission to report annually to the Legislature on the filing of mitigation programs relating to building construction standards from local jurisdictions. This bill would require the commission, by specified deadlines, to identify funding and develop a bidding process for hiring a third-party contractor to create an inventory of potentially vulnerable buildings, as defined.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  

**Position**  
Support  
Priority 1  

**Priority**  
(COVID)  

**Subject**  
Building  
Permits/Standards  

**Attachments:**  
AB 429 (Nazarian) Fact Sheet  

**Notes:**  
4/12/2019-Goal is to complete an assessment. Move to support  
3/21/2019-FPOs: AB429 Nazarian - Oppose (Watch?); 3rd party identify bad seismic; No obligation to fix anything; Maybe better for CALBO to weigh in.

**AB 953**  
**Ting** D  Land use: accessory dwelling units.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 1/6/2020 [html](#), [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2019  
**Last Amend:** 1/6/2020  
**Status:** 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. GOV. & F. on 6/23/2020)  
**Location:** 8/18/2020-S. DEAD  

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**Summary:** Current law requires a local agency to ministerially approve or deny a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit within 60 days from the date the local agency receives a completed application if there is an existing single-family or multifamily dwelling on the lot. This bill would deem a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit approved if the local agency has not acted upon the completed application within 60 days.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  

**Position**  
Priority 1  

**Priority**  
(COVID)  

**Subject**  
Building  
Permits/Standards  

**AB 1063**  
**Petrie-Norris** D  Planning and Zoning Law: housing elements: accessory dwelling units: adequate site substitutes.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 6/29/2020 [html](#), [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2019  
**Last Amend:** 6/29/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. HOUSING on 7/2/2020)
Location: 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

Summary: Current law authorizes the Department of Housing and Community Development, in evaluating a proposed or adopted housing element for substantial compliance with the provisions of the Planning and Zoning Law relating to housing elements, to allow a city or county to identify adequate sites by a variety of methods, as specified. Current law authorizes the department to allow a city or county to identify sites for accessory dwelling units based on the number of accessory dwelling units developed in the prior housing element planning period whether or not the units are permitted by right, the need for these units in the community, those units in the community, the resources or incentives available for their development, and any other relevant factors, as determined by the department. This bill would, instead, require the department, in making that evaluation, to allow a city or county to identify adequate sites by a variety of methods, as specified. The bill would require the department to allow a city or county to identify sites for potential accessory dwelling units based on existing zoning standards and the demonstrated potential capacity to accommodate accessory dwelling units and junior accessory dwelling units, as determined by the city or county.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
---|---|---|---
FIRE (COVID) | | | Building
Permits/Standards

AB 1279  (Bloom D)  Planning and zoning: housing development: high-opportunity areas.

Current Text: Amended: 7/22/2020  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/21/2019
Last Amend: 7/22/2020
Status: 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. HOUSING on 4/24/2020)

Summary: The Planning and Zoning Law allows a development proponent to submit an application for a development that is subject to a specified streamlined, ministerial approval process not subject to a conditional use permit if the development satisfies certain objective planning standards, including that the development is (1) located in a locality determined by the Department of Housing and Community Development to have not met its share of the regional housing needs for the reporting period, and (2) subject to a requirement mandating a minimum percentage of below-market rate housing, as provided. This bill would require the department to designate areas in this state as high-opportunity areas, as provided, by January 1, 2022, in accordance with specified requirements and to update those designations within 6 months of the adoption of new Opportunity Maps by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
---|---|---|---
FIRE (COVID) | | | Building
Permits/Standards

AB 1923  (Salas D)  Residential structures: natural gas shutoff devices.

Current Text: Amended: 7/30/2020  html  pdf
Introduced: 1/14/2020
Last Amend: 7/30/2020
Status: 8/21/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(15). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/13/2020)

Summary: Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development, in consultation with the Office of the State Architect and the State Fire Marshal, to consider whether to propose for adoption by the California Building Standards Commission, in the code adoption cycle that begins after January 1, 2022, the requirement that seismic gas shutoff devices be installed in all or a portion of newly constructed residential dwelling units, motels, hotels, and lodging houses. The bill would prohibit the department from proposing a standard that would require the installation of specified gas safety devices on an existing building as a condition of a real estate conveyance.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
---|---|---|---
FIRE (COVID) | Priority 1  (COVID) | Building
Permits/Standards

AB 2553  (Ting D)  Shelter crisis declarations.

**AB 2960**  
**Gipson D**  
*Shelter crises: fire and life safety standards.*  
**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/25/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2020  
**Last Amended:** 7/30/2020  
**Status:** 9/25/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 148, Statutes of 2020.  
**Location:** 9/25/2020-A. CHAPTERED

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**Summary:** Would authorize a city with a population of more than 3,500,000 to permit the operation of an emergency housing facility year round when the facility does not comply with state building standards for local fire and life safety standards if they submit reasonable standards to the State Fire Marshal that include specified minimum requirements, including, among other things, 24-hour active fire watch, emergency evacuation signage and emergency egress lighting, among other things. The State Fire Marshal would be required to review the standards within 30 days and either approve them or respond as to why they do not meet the threshold requirements. The bill would authorize permits for a period of 90 days and would authorize 90-day extensions, not to exceed 730 days of operation, and would prohibit the authorization of new permits on and after January 1, 2023.

**AB 3040**  
**Chiu D**  
*Local planning: regional housing need assessment.*  
**Current Text:** Amended: 7/28/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2020  
**Last Amended:** 7/28/2020  
**Status:** 8/21/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(15). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/13/2020)  
**Location:** 8/21/2020-S. DEAD

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**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development, in consultation with each council of governments, to determine the existing and projected need for housing in each region and further requires the appropriate council of governments, or the department for cities and counties without a council of governments, to adopt a final regional housing need plan that allocates a share of the regional housing need to each city, county, or city and county, as provided. This bill would authorize a city or county to include in its inventory of land suitable for residential development specified sites that contain an existing single-family dwelling unit, but that
the city or county has permitted, or is proposing to permit, to contain 4 dwelling units as a use by right.

**SB 773**  
(***Skinner D***) **Emergencies: State 911 Advisory Board.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/27/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/22/2019

**Last Amend:** 7/27/2020

**Status:** 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. G.O. on 6/29/2020)

**Location:** 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

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**Summary:** The Warren-911-Emergency Assistance Act establishes the State 911 Advisory Board to advise the Office of Emergency Services on specified subjects relating to the state’s 911 emergency telephone response system and to conduct specified hearings on a final plan on implementation. This bill, commencing on June 1, 2021, would revise membership on the advisory board by (1) reducing one representative appointed on the recommendation of the California Police Chiefs Association, one representative appointed on the recommendation of the California State Sheriffs’ Association, and one representative appointed on the recommendation of the CalNENA Executive Board, except that any member in those categories whose term began before June 1, 2021, may serve out their term as set forth in existing law at the pleasure of the Governor, and (2) adding one representative of the California Welfare Directors Association, one county public guardian, and one county mental health professional, all 3 of whom will serve at the pleasure of the Governor, as specified.

**SB 902**  
(***Wiener D***) **Planning and zoning: housing development: density.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/21/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/30/2020

**Last Amend:** 5/21/2020

**Status:** 8/21/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(15). (Last location was A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/18/2020)

**Location:** 8/21/2020-A. DEAD

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**Summary:** Would authorize a local government to pass an ordinance, notwithstanding any local restrictions on adopting zoning ordinances, to zone any parcel for up to 10 units of residential density per parcel, at a height specified by the local government in the ordinance, if the parcel is located in a transit-rich area, a jobs-rich area, or an urban infill site, as those terms are defined. In this regard, the bill would require the Department of Housing and Community Development, in consultation with the Office of Planning and Research, to determine jobs-rich areas and publish a map of those areas every 5 years, commencing January 1, 2022, based on specified criteria.

**SB 995**  
(***Atkins D***) **Environmental quality: Jobs and Economic Improvement Through Environmental Leadership Act of 2011: housing projects.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/25/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/12/2020

**Last Amend:** 8/25/2020

**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. CONCURRENCE on 8/31/2020)

**Location:** 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

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**Summary:** The California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) requires a lead agency, as defined, to prepare, or cause to be prepared, and certify the completion of an environmental impact report (EIR) on a project that it proposes to carry out or approve that may have a significant effect on the environment or to adopt a negative declaration if it finds that the project will not have that effect. CEQA also requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may
have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that
effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect
on the environment. CEQA authorizes the preparation of a master EIR and authorizes the use of the
master EIR to limit the environmental review of subsequent projects that are described in the master
EIR, as specified. This bill would require a lead agency to prepare a master EIR for a general plan, plan
amendment, plan element, or specified plan for housing projects where the state has provided funding
for the preparation of the master EIR.

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<th>Organization</th>
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<tr>
<th>SB 1079 (Skinner D)</th>
<th>Residential property: foreclosure.</th>
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<td>Introduced:</td>
<td>2/19/2020</td>
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<td>Last Amend:</td>
<td>8/24/2020</td>
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<td>Location:</td>
<td>9/28/2020-S. CHAPTERED</td>
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<td>Summary:</td>
<td>Current law prescribes various requirements to be satisfied before the exercise of a power of sale under a mortgage or deed of trust and prescribes a procedure for the exercise of that power. If the deed of trust or mortgage containing a power of sale is secured by real property containing from 1 to 4 single-family residences, existing law requires the notice of sale to contain specified notices to potential bidders and to the property owner in substantially prescribed language. This bill, until January 1, 2026, would require the notice of sale also to contain a specified notice to a tenant regarding the tenant's potential right to purchase a property containing from 1 to 4 single-family residences pursuant to a process the bill would prescribe. In connection with these properties, the bill would also require a trustee to maintain an internet website and a telephone number to provide specified information on the properties that is free of charge and available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.</td>
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<th>SB 1120 (Atkins D)</th>
<th>Subdivisions: tentative maps.</th>
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<tr>
<td>Current Text:</td>
<td>Amended: 8/12/2020 [html, pdf]</td>
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<td>Location:</td>
<td>8/31/2020-S. DEAD</td>
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<td>Summary:</td>
<td>Would, among other things, require a proposed housing development containing 2 residential units within a single-family residential zone to be considered ministerially, without discretionary review or hearing, if the proposed housing development meets certain requirements, including, but not limited to, that the proposed housing development would not require demolition or alteration of housing that is subject to a recorded covenant, ordinance, or law that restricts rents to levels affordable to persons and families of moderate, low, or very low income, that the proposed housing development does not allow for the demolition of more than 25% of the existing exterior structural walls, except as provided, and that the development is not located within a historic district, is not included on the State Historic Resources Inventory, or is not within a site that is legally designated or listed as a city or county landmark or historic property or district.</td>
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<th>SB 1138 (Wiener D)</th>
<th>Housing element: emergency shelters: rezoning of sites.</th>
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<td>Location:</td>
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Summary: The Planning and Zoning Law requires the legislative body of each county and city to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan for the physical development of the county or city that includes a housing element. Current law requires that the housing element identify adequate sites for housing, including rental housing, factory-built housing, mobilehomes, and emergency shelters, and to make adequate provision for the existing and projected needs of all economic segments of a community. Current law also requires that the housing element include an analysis of potential and actual governmental constraints upon the maintenance, improvement, or development of housing for all income levels. This bill would revise the requirements of the housing element, as described above, in connection with identifying zones or zoning designations that allow residential use, including mixed use, where emergency shelters are allowed as a permitted use without a conditional use or other discretionary permit. If an emergency shelter zoning designation where residential use is a permitted use is unfeasible, the bill would permit a local government to designate zones for emergency shelters in a nonresidential zone if the local government demonstrates that the zone is connected to amenities and services, as specified, that serve homeless people.

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Communications

**AB 1366** (Daly D) Office of Emergency Services: coordination of communications.

Introduced: 2/22/2019
Last Amend: 4/6/2020
Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. E. U., & C. on 4/6/2020)
Location: 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

Summary: Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services to develop a plan and timeline of target dates for the testing, implementation, and operation of a Next Generation 911 emergency communication system, including text to 911 service, throughout California. Current law requires the Next Generation 911 emergency communication system to incorporate certain elements, including public safety communications, as specified. The bill would expressly authorize the office to establish requirements for the Next Generation 911 emergency communication system, including the costs, services, and terms and conditions for contractors selected by the office to provide Next Generation 911 services. The bill would authorize the office to direct the Public Utilities Commission to implement the terms of service requirements for those contractors selected by the office to provide Next Generation 911 services.

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**AB 1945** (Salas D) Emergency services: first responders.

Introduced: 1/17/2020
Last Amend: 6/29/2020
Location: 9/11/2020-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Would, for purposes of the California Emergency Services Act, define “first responder” as an employee of the state or a local public agency who provides emergency response services, including a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, emergency medical technician, public safety dispatcher, or public safety telecommunicator.

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Attachments:
[AB 1945 (Salas) Fact Sheet](#)
**AB 2421** (Quirk D)  Land use: permitting: wireless communications: emergency standby generators.

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/29/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2020

**Last Amended:** 7/31/2020

**Status:** 9/29/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 255, Statutes of 2020.

**Location:** 9/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

### Summary:
Would, until January 1, 2024, require local agencies to make the installation of an emergency standby generator to serve a macro cell tower site, as defined, that meets specified requirements a permitted use and require a local agency to review an application for installation on an administrative, nondiscretionary basis. The bill would specify procedures for the processing of permit applications by a local agency and would authorize a local agency to impose a fee to cover costs associated with administering the bill's provisions. Because the bill would impose new duties on local agencies, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

### Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
---|---|---|---
FIRE (COVID) | Support | Priority 1 | Communications

### Attachments:

**SB 431** (McGuire D)  Telecommunications service: backup electrical supply rules.

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/27/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amended:** 7/27/2020

**Status:** 8/21/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(15). (Last location was A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/18/2020)

**Location:** 8/21/2020-A. DEAD

### Summary:
Current law requires the Public Utilities Commission to develop and implement performance reliability standards for backup power systems installed on the property of residential and small commercial customers by a facilities-based provider of telephony services upon determining that the benefits of the standards exceed the costs. This bill would require the commission, in consultation with the Office of Emergency Services and the telecommunications industry, by July 1, 2021, to develop and implement backup electrical supply rules, as specified, for telecommunications service, as defined, that is provided within a commission-designated Tier 2 or Tier 3 High Fire Threat District.

### Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
---|---|---|---
FIRE (COVID) | Support | Priority 1 | Communications

### Attachments:

SB 431 (McGuire) Telecommunications Fact Sheet

**SB 794** (Jackson D)  Emergency services: telecommunications.

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/27/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/6/2020

**Last Amended:** 7/27/2020

**Status:** 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. G.O. on 6/18/2020)

**Location:** 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

### Summary:
Current law authorizes each county, including a city and county, to enter into an agreement to access the contact information of resident account holders through the records of a public utility or other agency responsible for water service, waste and recycling services, or other property-related services for the sole purpose of enrolling county residents in a county-operated public emergency warning system. Current law requires any county that enters into such an agreement to include procedures to enable any resident to opt out of the warning system and a process to terminate the receiving agency's access to the resident's contact information. Current law prohibits the use of the information gathered for any purpose other than for emergency notification. This bill would expand these provisions to authorize a city to enter into an agreement to access the contact information of resident account holders through the records of a public utility, as specified.

### Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
---|---|---|---
FIRE (COVID) | Support | Priority 1 | Communications
SB 1069  
**Jackson D**  
**Current Text:** Amended: 6/2/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/18/2020  
**Last Amend:** 6/2/2020  
**Status:** 6/19/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(8). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 6/9/2020)  
**Location:** 6/19/2020-S. DEAD

**Summary:** Current law requires a provider of telecommunications services, as defined, that provides access to 911 service to notify the Office of Emergency Services, as provided, whenever a community isolation outage limiting the provider’s customers’ ability to make 911 calls or receive emergency notifications occurs within 60 minutes of discovering the outage. Current law makes the office responsible for notifying any applicable county office of emergency services, the sheriff of any county, and any public safety answering point affected by the outage. Current law requires the telecommunications service provider to notify the office of the estimated time to repair the outage and when service is restored. This bill would additionally require a telecommunications service provider to notify the office of critical telecommunications infrastructure out of service or experiencing functionality failures that would prevent the transmission of an emergency notification or 911 call and the estimated range of any mobile telephony service base transceiver station towers identified as damaged or experiencing functionality failures.

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<td>Communications</td>
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**Disaster Relief**

SB 1431  
**Glazer D**  
Property taxation: reassessment: disaster relief.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 5/6/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2020  
**Last Amend:** 5/6/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 6/9/2020)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

**Summary:** Current property tax law requires, for property to be eligible for reassessment under specified provisions, that damage or destruction be caused by one of 3 specified occurrences, including a major misfortune or calamity in an area or region subsequently proclaimed by the Governor to be in a state of disaster if the property was damaged or destroyed by the misfortune or calamity that caused the Governor to proclaim the region to be in a state of disaster. Current property tax law generally requires that an application for reassessment be filed within the later of the time specified in the county’s ordinance or within 12 months of the misfortune or calamity and be executed under penalty of perjury. This bill would expand these provisions to include damage to or destruction of property due to a misfortune or calamity in an area or region subsequently proclaimed by the Governor to be in a state of emergency if the property was damaged or destroyed by the misfortune or calamity that caused the Governor to proclaim the area to be in a state of emergency.

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**Subject:** Disaster Relief

SCA 2  
**Galgiani D**  
The Home Protection for Seniors, Severely Disabled, Families, and Victims of Wildfire or Natural Disasters Act.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 6/15/2020  
**Introduced:** 12/3/2018  
**Last Amend:** 6/15/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. RLS. on 6/26/2020)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-A. DEAD
Drones/Unmanned Aircraft

**AB 1190** (Irwin D) Unmanned aircraft: state and local regulation: limitations.

*Current Text:* Amended: 5/1/2019  html  pdf

*Introduced:* 2/21/2019

*Last Amend:* 5/1/2019

*Status:* 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. RLS. on 5/24/2019)

*Location:* 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

*Summary:* Would, among other things, prohibit a state or local agency from adopting any law or regulation that bars the operation of an unmanned aircraft system. The bill would also authorize a local agency to adopt regulations to enforce FAA regulations regarding the operation of unmanned aircraft systems and would authorize local agencies to regulate the operation of unmanned aircraft and unmanned aircraft systems within their jurisdictions, as specified. The bill would also authorize a local agency to require an unmanned aircraft operator to provide proof of federal, state, or local registration to licensing or enforcement officials.

*Organization:* FIRE (COVID)

*Position:* Watch

*Priority:* Priority 1

*Subject:* Drones/Unmanned Aircraft

*Attachments:*

AB 1190 (Irwin) Drone Regulation - Fact Sheet

*Notes:* 4/12/2019-no movement on this Bill - our concerns remain 3/9/2019-concern about use during and around emergencies.

**SB 648** (Chang R) Unmanned aircraft systems: accident notification.


*Introduced:* 2/22/2019

*Last Amend:* 6/27/2019

*Status:* 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was TRANS. on 6/27/2019)

*Location:* 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

*Summary:* Would require, except as specified, the operator of an unmanned aircraft system involved in an accident resulting in injury to an individual or damage to property to immediately land the unmanned aircraft at the nearest location that will not jeopardize the safety of others and to provide certain information to the injured individual or the owner or person in charge of the damaged property, or place that information in a conspicuous place on the damaged property.

*Organization:* FIRE (COVID)

*Position:* Watch

*Priority:* Priority 1

*Subject:* Drones/Unmanned Aircraft

*Notes:* 3/9/2019-ensure no mandates on public safety to report.

Emergency Medical Services

**AB 1544** (Gipson D) Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act.

*Current Text:* Chaptered: 9/25/2020  html  pdf
**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Last Amended:** 8/25/2020  
**Status:** 9/25/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 138, Statutes of 2020.  
**Location:** 9/25/2020-A. CHAPTERED

### Summary:
Would establish within the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act until January 1, 2024, the Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act of 2020. The bill would authorize a local EMS agency to develop a community paramedicine or triage to alternate destination program, as defined, to provide specified community paramedicine services. The bill would require the authority to develop, and after approval by the Commission on Emergency Medical Services, adopt regulations and establish minimum standards for the development of those programs. The bill would require the director of the authority, on or before March 1, 2021, to establish a community paramedicine and triage to alternate destination oversight advisory committee to advise the authority on the development and oversight of specialties for those programs.

### Organization
- **FIRE (COVID)**

### Position
- **Co-Sponsor/Support**

### Priority
- **Priority 1**

### Subject
- **Emergency Medical Services**

### Attachments:
- [AB 1544 (Gipson) Fact Sheet](#)

### Notes:
- 7/24/2019-AB 1544 (Gipson) CFCA-FDAC Support Letter Senate Appropriations  
- 6/20/2019-AB 1544 (Gipson) CFCA-FDAC Support Letter Senate Health  

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**AB 2092** (Rodriguez D) **Emergency ambulance employees: subsidized protective gear.**

### Current Text:
Vetoed: 9/29/2020  
[html](#)  
[pdf](#)

### Introduced: 2/5/2020  
### Last Amended: 7/16/2020  
### Status: 9/28/2020-Vetoed by Governor.  
### Location: 9/28/2020-A. VETOED

### Summary:
Would require an emergency ambulance provider to establish a voluntary personal protective equipment (PPE) program that allows for the purchase of subsidized multithreat body protective gear that is bullet, strike, slash, and stab resistant by an emergency ambulance employee pursuant to an employer-funded stipend, and authorize an employee to voluntarily participate in a PPE program and to wear the PPE while on duty. The bill would require a provider to inform an employee of the opportunity to purchase subsidized multithreat body protective gear through a PPE program.

### Organization
- **FIRE (COVID)**

### Position
- **Priority**

### Priority
- **Priority 1**

### Subject
- **Emergency Medical Services**

### Attachments:

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**AB 2450** (Grayson D) **Air ambulance services.**

### Current Text:
Chaptered: 9/10/2020  
[html](#)  
[pdf](#)

### Introduced: 2/19/2020  
### Last Amended: 6/10/2020  
### Status: 9/9/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 52, Statutes of 2020.  
### Location: 9/9/2020-A. CHAPTERED

### Summary:
Current law imposes a penalty of $4 until July 1, 2020, upon every conviction for a violation of the Vehicle Code or a local ordinance adopted pursuant to the Vehicle Code, other than a parking offense. The act requires the county or court that imposed the fine to transfer the revenues collected to the Treasurer for deposit into the Emergency Medical Air Transportation and Children’s Coverage Fund. Current law requires the assessed penalty to continue to be collected, administered, and distributed until exhausted or until December 31, 2021, whichever occurs first. Current law repeals these provisions July 1, 2022. This bill would extend the imposition of the above-described penalty by 1 year and would instead make those provisions inoperative on July 1, 2024, and repeal them on
Emergency Planning

AB 291  
(Chu D) Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund.


Introduced: 1/28/2019

Last Amended: 1/23/2020

Status: 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. G.O. on 6/23/2020)

Location: 8/18/2020-S. DEAD

Summary: Would establish a Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund to, upon appropriation by the Legislature, support staffing, planning, and other emergency mitigation priorities to help local governments meet emergency management, preparedness, readiness, and resilience goals. The bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to establish the Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund Committee under the Standardized Emergency Management System Advisory Board.

Notes: AB 291 (Chu) CFCA-FDAC Support Letter Assm. GO 04-18-2019

Attachments:  

AB 1299  
(Salas D) Peace officers: employment.

Current Text: Vetoed: 9/30/2020  [html, pdf]

Introduced: 2/22/2019

Last Amended: 8/25/2020

Status: 9/30/2020-Vetoed by the Governor

Location: 9/30/2020-A. VETOED

Summary: Would require any agency that employs specified peace officers to provide a notification, as described, to the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training when a peace officer is terminated or, if an officer leaves the agency with a complaint, charge, or investigation of a serious nature, as defined, pending, would require the agency to complete the investigation as specified and notify the commission of its findings. The bill would require the commission to include this information in an officer's profile and make that information available to specified parties including any law enforcement agency that is conducting a preemployment background investigation of the subject of the profile. The bill would also allow a peace officer to have this information removed from their profile if a court subsequently finds that an allegation of a serious nature was improperly found to be sustained, as specified.


4/12/2019-move to support - we need to support our volunteers.

Attachments:

AB 1837  
(Smith D) School safety: emergency response team.


Introduced: 1/6/2020

Last Amended: 6/4/2020

Status: 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. ED. on 7/1/2020)

Location: 8/18/2020-S. DEAD
**AB 2076**  
(Bigelow R) Public lands: Department of Parks and Recreation: wildfire prevention strategy: fire hazard severity zones.


Introduced: 2/5/2020

Last Amend: 6/4/2020

Status: 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. N.R. & W. on 6/23/2020)

Location: 8/18/2020-S. DEAD

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**Summary:** Would require, on or before January 1, 2024, the Director of Parks and Recreation to develop and implement a wildfire prevention strategy for all property that is partially or wholly under the jurisdiction of the Department of Parks and Recreation that is located within a high or very high fire hazard severity zone, as provided. The bill would require the wildfire prevention strategy to outline the department’s fire prevention goals and future projects for prescribed fire, defensible space, fire resilient restoration projects, and the fire hardening of the department’s structures, as provided, among other things. The bill would require the department to post the wildfire prevention strategy on its internet website, as provided.

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**AB 2167**  
(Daly D) Residential property insurance: high fire risk areas: study.

Current Text: Amended: 8/20/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/11/2020

Last Amend: 8/20/2020

Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. INACTIVE FILE on 9/1/2020)

Location: 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

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**Summary:** The Insurance Rate Reduction and Reform Act of 1988, an initiative measure enacted by Proposition 103, as approved by the voters at the November 8, 1988, statewide general election, prohibits specified insurance rates from being approved or remaining in effect that are excessive, inadequate, unfairly discriminatory, or otherwise in violation of the act. The act requires an insurer that wishes to change a rate to file a complete rate application with the Insurance Commissioner, as specified. This bill would require the commissioner to investigate, study, and prepare a report that addresses specific issues relating to ratemaking for residential property insurance policies in high fire risk areas.

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**AB 2178**  
(Levine D) Emergency services.


Introduced: 2/11/2020

Last Amend: 7/8/2020

Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. G.O. on 6/23/2020)

Location: 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

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Summary: Current law defines the terms “state of emergency” and “local emergency” to mean a duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the state caused by, among other things, fire, storm, or riot. This bill would additionally include a deenergization, defined as a planned public safety power shutoff, as specified, within those conditions constituting a state of emergency and a local emergency.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject

**AB 2213**  (Limón D)  Office of Emergency Services: planning guidance: telecommunications.

Current Text: Chaptered: 9/18/2020  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/12/2020
Last Amend: 8/25/2020
Location: 9/18/2020-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Current law establishes the Office of Emergency Services (OES) within the office of the Governor and requires the OES, among other duties, to develop model guidelines for local governmental agencies and community-based organizations planning to develop a disaster registry program. This bill would require the OES and California Volunteers, in coordination with Voluntary Organizations Active in Disaster, to develop planning guidance to identify volunteers and donation management resources that could assist in responding to or recovering from local, tribal, regional, national, or international disasters, as specified. The bill would require the OES to publish and distribute the initial planning guidance, once developed, and update the Legislature on the status of the planning guidance in a written report submitted no later than May 1, 2022.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Watch  Priority 1 (COVID)  Emergency Planning

**AB 2285**  (Committee on Transportation)  Transportation.

Current Text: Chaptered: 9/18/2020  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/14/2020
Last Amend: 8/20/2020
Status: 9/18/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 100, Statutes of 2020.
Location: 9/18/2020-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: The California Clean Truck, Bus, and Off-Road Vehicle and Equipment Technology Program, upon appropriation from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund, funds zero- and near-zero-emission truck, bus, and off-road vehicle and equipment technologies and related projects. The program provides that projects eligible for funding include, among others, technology development, demonstration, precommercial pilots, and early commercial deployments of zero- and near-zero-emission medium- and heavy-duty truck technology, and requires, until December 31, 2020, no less than 20% of funding made available for that purpose to support early commercial deployment of existing zero- and near-zero-emission heavy-duty truck technology. This bill would extend the requirement that 20% of that funding be made available for that same purpose until December 31, 2021.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Watch  Priority 1 (COVID)  Emergency Planning

**AB 2386**  (Bigelow R)  Office of Emergency Services: disaster council plans.

Introduced: 2/18/2020
Last Amend: 8/25/2020
Location: 9/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED
### AB 2968
(Rodriguez D)  County emergency plans: best practices.

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/29/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/21/2020

**Status:** 9/29/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 257, Statutes of 2020.

**Location:** 9/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

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**Summary:** Would require the Office of Emergency Services to, by January 1, 2022, establish best practices for counties developing and updating a county emergency plan. The bill would require the office to, by January 1, 2022, establish a review process for a county to request the office to review a county's emergency plan. The bill would require that review process to provide technical assistance and feedback regarding, among other things, an emergency plan's consistency with the office's proposed best practices.

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### SB 169
(Jackson D)  Pipeline safety: records.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/28/2019  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/28/2019

**Status:** 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was G.O. on 5/30/2019)

**Location:** 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

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**Summary:** The Elder California Pipeline Safety Act of 1981 requires the State Fire Marshal to administer provisions regulating the inspection of intrastate pipelines that transport hazardous liquids. The act requires a pipeline operator to make available to the State Fire Marshal, or any officers or employees authorized by the State Fire Marshal, upon presentation of appropriate credentials, any records, maps, or written procedures that are required by the act to be kept by the pipeline operator and which concern accident reporting, design, construction, testing, or operation and maintenance. This bill would revise and recast specified provisions and would authorize the State Fire Marshal, for purposes of carrying out the requirements of state or federal law relating to hazardous liquid pipeline safety, to require the owner or operator of a pipeline to establish and maintain records, make reports, and provide any information that the State Fire Marshal reasonably requires, as provided.

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**Attachments:**

[SX 169 (Jackson) Fact Sheet 3.4.19](#)

### SB 182
(Jackson D)  Local government: planning and zoning; wildfires.

**Current Text:** Vetoed: 9/30/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/29/2019

**Last Amend:** 8/25/2020

**Status:** 9/30/2020-Vetoed by the Governor

**Location:** 9/30/2020-S. VETOED

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**Attachments:**

[SX 182 (Jackson) Fact Sheet 3.4.19](#)
**Summary:** Current law requires that the Office of Planning and Research, among other things, coordinate with appropriate entities, including state, regional, or local agencies, to establish a clearinghouse for climate adaptation information for use by state, regional, and local entities, as provided. This bill would require the safety element, upon the next revision of the housing element or the hazard mitigation plan, on or after June 1, 2022, whichever occurs first, to be reviewed and updated as necessary to include a comprehensive retrofit strategy to reduce the risk of property loss and damage during wildfires, as specified, and would require the planning agency to submit the adopted strategy to the Office of Planning and Research for inclusion into the above-described clearinghouse.

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**Attachments:**

- SB 182 (Jackson) Fact Sheet 4.5.19

**Notes:** 4/12/2019—Everyone needs to closely review this bill - very compresive review needed

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**SB 292**

( Rubio D)  Wildfire risk reporting.

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/25/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/14/2019

**Last Amend:** 8/25/2020

**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. INACTIVE FILE on 8/31/2020)

**Location:** 8/31/2020-A. DEAD

**Summary:** Current law creates the Department of Insurance, headed by the Insurance Commissioner, and prescribes the commissioner’s powers and duties. Current law requires the commissioner to conduct or commission various studies and prepare various reports relating to the business of insurance. This bill would require the commissioner, on or before July 1, 2022, to complete a study on wildfire risk and insurance, including market-based approaches.

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**SB 378**

( Wiener D)  Probation: eligibility: crimes relating to controlled substances.

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/27/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/20/2019

**Last Amend:** 7/27/2020

**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. RLS. on 7/27/2020)

**Location:** 8/31/2020-A. DEAD

**Summary:** Current law prohibits granting probation or suspending a sentence for persons convicted of specified crimes relating to controlled substances, including possessing or agreeing to sell or transport opiates or opium derivatives, possessing or transporting cannabis, planting or cultivating peyote, and various crimes relating to forging or altering prescriptions, among other crimes, if the person has previously been convicted of any one of specified felony offenses relating to controlled substances. Current law also prohibits granting probation or suspending a sentence for persons convicted of specified crimes relating to controlled substances, including possessing for sale or selling 14.25 grams or more of a substance containing heroin and possessing for sale 14.25 grams or more of any salt or solution of phencyclidine or its analogs, among other crimes. This bill would delete various crimes relating to controlled substances, including, but not limited to, the crimes described above, from those prohibitions against granting probation or a suspended sentence.

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**SB 474**

( Stern D)  Very high fire hazard severity zone: state responsibility area: development prohibition.

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/19/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 6/19/2020

**Status:** 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. L. GOV. on 6/29/2020)

**Location:** 8/14/2020-A. DEAD
Summary: Would, in furtherance of specified state housing production and wildfire mitigation goals, prohibit the creation or approval of a new development, as defined, in a very high fire hazard severity zone or a state responsibility area. By imposing new duties on local governments with respect to the approval of new developments in very high fire hazard severity zones and state responsibility areas, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would include findings that changes proposed by this bill address a matter of statewide concern rather than a municipal affair and, therefore, apply to all cities, including charter cities.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Priority 1  (COVID)  Emergency Planning

Attachments:

**SB 548** (Hill D)  Electricity: transmission facilities: inspection.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/22/2019  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
Introduced: 2/22/2019
Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. 2 YEAR on 9/15/2019)
Location: 8/31/2020-A. DEAD

Summary: Would require the Public Utilities Commission to adopt a new, or amend an existing, general order to establish a schedule of inspection by electrical corporations of their transmission facilities.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Priority 1  (COVID)  Emergency Planning

Attachments:

**SB 548 (Hill) Fact Sheet transmission- 2-20-19 (002)**

**SB 668** (Rubio D)  Fire hydrants: water suppliers: regulations.
Current Text: Amended: 8/25/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
Introduced: 2/22/2019
Last Amend: 8/25/2020
Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. THIRD READING on 8/25/2020)
Location: 8/31/2020-A. DEAD

Summary: Current law requires a public water system with 10,000 or more service connections to undertake specified actions, including, among other things, to review and revise its disaster preparedness plan to ensure that it is sufficient to address possible disaster scenarios and, following a declared state of emergency, to furnish an assessment of its emergency response within 6 months thereafter and implement related recommendations in a timely manner. Current law also requires the Office of Emergency Services to establish emergency response and recovery plans in coordination with public water systems. This bill would instead impose these requirements upon an urban water supplier, as defined in statute. The bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to establish emergency response and recovery plans in coordination with urban water suppliers. The bill would also require an urban water supplier to review and revise its disaster preparedness plan every 5 years.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Priority 1  (COVID)  Emergency Planning

Introduced: 1/7/2020
Last Amend: 7/27/2020
Status: 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. U. & E. on 6/29/2020)
Location: 8/14/2020-A. DEAD
Summary: Would require an electrical corporation to deploy backup electrical resources for the operation of the customer’s qualifying medical device or provide financial assistance for backup electrical resources to a customer receiving a medical baseline allowance if the customer meets those conditions and the additional condition that the customer is located in a high fire threat district. The bill would require an electrical corporation to develop its program to provide backup electrical resources or financial assistance in consultation with community disability rights groups or other local disability rights advocates.

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**SB 862 (Dodd D) Planned power outage: public safety.**

Current Text: Amended: 5/20/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/16/2020

Last Amend: 5/20/2020

Status: 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. U. & E. on 6/29/2020)

Location: 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

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Summary: Current law defines the terms “state of emergency” and “local emergency” to mean a duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the state caused by, among other things, fire, storm, or riot. This bill would additionally include a deenergization event, as defined, within a sudden and severe energy shortage constituting a state of emergency and a local emergency.

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<tbody>
<tr>
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**SB 884 (Dodd D) Education finance: emergencies: public safety power shutoffs.**


Introduced: 1/23/2020

Last Amend: 6/18/2020

Status: 8/21/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(15). (Last location was A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/18/2020)

Location: 8/21/2020-A. DEAD

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Summary: If the average daily attendance of a school district, county office of education, or charter school has been materially decreased during a fiscal year because of a specified emergency, current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to estimate the average daily attendance in a manner that credits to the school district, county office of education, or charter school approximately the total average daily attendance that would have been credited to the school district, county office of education, or charter school had the emergency not occurred. This bill would add public safety power shutoffs to the list of emergencies for which the above-described provisions apply.

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**SB 909 (Dodd D) Emergency vehicles.**


Introduced: 2/3/2020

Last Amend: 7/27/2020


Location: 9/29/2020-S. CHAPTERED

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Summary: Current law prohibits any vehicle, other than an authorized emergency vehicle, from being equipped with a siren. Current law requires an emergency vehicle to be equipped with a “Hi-Lo” audible warning sound and would authorize the “Hi-Lo” to be used solely for the purpose of notifying the public of an immediate need to evacuate.
**SB 952**  
**Nielsen R**  
Sales and use taxes: exemption: backup electrical generators: deenergization events.

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/29/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/10/2020  
**Last Amended:** 5/29/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. REV. & TAX on 6/29/2020)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-A. DEAD

**Summary:** Current state sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. This bill, on and after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2026, would provide an exemption from those taxes with respect to the sale of, or the storage, use, or consumption of, a backup electrical resource, generator as defined, if that backup electrical generator is purchased for use exclusively in powering a critical facility, as defined, by a city, county, city and county, special district, or other political subdivision during deenergization events, as defined, and the purchaser provides to the seller a written statement with regard to these facts.

**SB 1264**  
**Committee on Human Services**  
Human services.

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/30/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2020  
**Last Amended:** 7/27/2020  
**Status:** 9/30/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 367, Statutes of 2020.  
**Location:** 9/30/2020-S. CHAPTEERED

**Summary:** Current law requires a residential care facility for the elderly to have an emergency and disaster plan that includes specified components, including evacuation procedures. Current law requires the facility to train employees on the plan, conduct emergency drills at least quarterly, review and update the plan, and make the plan available to certain individuals upon request. Current law also requires the facility to have specified information readily available to staff during an emergency and to have specified emergency precautions in place. This bill would make the emergency and disaster preparedness provisions that are applicable to a residential care facility for the elderly, as described above, applicable to adult residential facilities and certain types of a children’s residential facility licensed under the California Community Care Facilities Act and to a residential care facility for persons with chronic life-threatening illness. The bill would also require an adult day program licensed under the California Community Care Facilities Act to have an emergency and disaster plan with specified components including, among others, the location of all utility shut-off valves and instructions for use.

**SB 1312**  
**McGuire D**  
Electrical corporations: undergrounding of infrastructure: deenergization.

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/2/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2020  
**Last Amended:** 6/2/2020  
**Status:** 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. U. & E. on 6/29/2020)  
**Location:** 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

**Summary:** Would require the Public Utilities Commission to revise Electric Tariff Rule 20 to additionally authorize and fund, whenever feasible, the undergrounding of electrical infrastructure within certain...
commission-designated high fire-threat areas for purposes of wildfire mitigation.

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Attachments:

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**Emergency Response**

**AB 2054**  
*(Kamlager D)*  
Emergency services: community response: grant program.  
**Current Text:** Vetoed: 9/30/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/3/2020  
**Last Amended:** 8/3/2020  
**Status:** 9/30/2020-Vetoed by the Governor  
**Location:** 9/30/2020-A. VETOED

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**Summary:** Would, until January 1, 2024, enact the Community Response Initiative to Strengthen Emergency Systems Act or the C.R.I.S.E.S. Act for the purpose of creating, implementing, and evaluating the C.R.I.S.E.S. Act Grant Pilot Program, which the act would establish. The bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to establish rules and regulations for the act with the goal of making grants to community organizations, over 3 years, for the purpose of expanding the participation of community organizations in emergency response for specified vulnerable populations. The bill would require that grantees receive a minimum award of $250,000 per year.

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**SB 1044**  
*(Allen D)*  
Firefighting equipment and foam: PFAS chemicals.  
**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/29/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/18/2020  
**Last Amended:** 8/24/2020  
**Status:** 9/29/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 308, Statutes of 2020.  
**Location:** 9/29/2020-S. CHAPTEERED

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**Summary:** Would, commencing January 1, 2022, require any person, as defined, including a manufacturer, as defined, that sells firefighter personal protective equipment to any person to provide a written notice to the purchaser at the time of sale if the firefighter personal protective equipment contains intentionally added perfluoralkyl and polyfluoralkyl substances (PFAS). The bill would require the seller and the purchaser to retain a copy of the written notice on file for at least 3 years and to furnish the notice and associated sales documentation the Attorney General, a city attorney, a county counsel, or a district attorney within 60 days upon request, as provided. The bill would authorize the Attorney General, a city attorney, a county counsel, or a district attorney to request from a manufacturer, and the bill would require the manufacturer to provide, a certificate of compliance that certifies that the manufacturer is in compliance with these provisions.

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Attachments:

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**Emergency Services**

**AB 2047**  
*(Aguilar-Curry D)*  
Emergency services: Alzheimer’s disease: dementia.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 7/7/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/3/2020  
**Last Amended:** 7/7/2020  
**Status:** 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. G.O. on 6/23/2020)  
**Location:** 8/18/2020-S. DEAD
Summary: Would require a county, as part of its update of its emergency plan, to address the Alzheimer’s disease and dementia population by addressing how the Alzheimer’s disease and dementia population is served by the following: emergency communications, including direct communications to those who may, due to their condition, be unable to follow emergency guidelines, and emergency stay-at-home orders, including dissemination of specified information. By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

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**Employment Issues**

**AB 196**


Current Text: Amended: 8/25/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/10/2019

Last Amend: 8/25/2020

Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. INACTIVE FILE on 9/1/2020)

Location: 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

Summary: Would define “injury,” for certain employees who are employed in an occupation or industry deemed essential in the Governor’s Executive Order of March 19, 2020 (Executive Order N-33-20), except as specified, or who are subsequently deemed essential, to include coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) that develops or manifests itself during a period of employment of those persons in the essential occupation or industry. The bill would apply to injuries occurring on or after March 1, 2020, would create a disputable presumption, as specified, that the injury arose out of and in the course of the employment, and would extend that presumption following termination of service for a period of 90 days, commencing with the last date actually worked. The bill would shorten the investigatory timeframe for denial or presumed acceptance of a claim to 30 days, rather than 90 days.

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<td>Employment Issues</td>
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Attachments:
AB 196 (Gonzalez) Fact Sheet


**AB 418**

(Kalra D) Evidentiary privileges: union agent-represented worker privilege.


Introduced: 2/7/2019

Last Amend: 6/21/2019

Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. INACTIVE FILE on 8/30/2020)

Location: 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

Summary: Would establish a privilege between a union agent, as defined, and a represented employee or represented former employee to refuse to disclose any confidential communication between the employee or former employee and the union agent made while the union agent was acting in the union agent’s representative capacity, except as specified. The bill would permit a represented employee or represented former employee to prevent another person from disclosing a privileged communication, except as specified.

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Attachments:
AB 418 (Kalra) Fact Sheet - Union Privilege 02.07.19 (002)

**AB 664**


Current Text: Amended: 8/25/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
**Introduction:** 2/15/2019  
**Last Amended:** 8/25/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. THIRD READING on 8/26/2020)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

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**Summary:** Current law imposes a duty on an employer to provide certain safety materials and adopt safety practices as necessary. A failure to meet this duty, under specified circumstances, is a misdemeanor.Would, until July 1, 2024, define “injury,” for certain state and local firefighting personnel, peace officers, certain correctional and law enforcement personnel, as described, certain health care employees who provide direct patient care at an acute care hospital, and certain fire and rescue services coordinators who work for the Office of Emergency Services to include illness or death resulting from COVID-19, that is diagnosed on or after January 1, 2020, if certain circumstances apply.

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**AB 685 (Reyes D)**  
**COVID-19:** imminent hazard to employees: exposure: notification: serious violations.  
**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/17/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/15/2019  
**Last Amended:** 8/25/2020  
**Status:** 9/17/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 84, Statutes of 2020.  
**Location:** 9/17/2020-A. CHAPTERED

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**Summary:** Would authorize the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, when, in its opinion, a place of employment, operation, or process, or any part thereof, exposes workers to the risk of infection with severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2, also known as COVID-19), so as to constitute an imminent hazard to employees, to prohibit the performance of that operation or process, or entry into that place of employment. The bill would require the division to provide a notice thereof to the employer, to be posted in a conspicuous place at the place of employment. The bill would require such a prohibition to be limited to the immediate area in which the imminent hazard exists, as specified. The bill would require such a prohibition to be issued in a manner so as not to materially interrupt the performance of critical governmental functions essential to ensuring public health and safety functions or the delivery of electrical power or water.

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**AB 932 (Low D)**  
**Workers’ compensation:** off-duty firefighters.  
**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/20/2019  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2019  
**Status:** 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was L., P.E. & R. on 5/16/2019)  
**Location:** 8/18/2020-S. DEAD

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**Summary:** Current law grants workers’ compensation benefits to a firefighter, or the firefighter’s dependents, if the firefighter is injured, dies, or is disabled by proceeding to or engaging in a fire-suppression or rescue operation, or the protection of life or property, anywhere in California, but is not acting under the immediate supervision of the employer. This bill would expand the scope of this provision to apply when a firefighter engages in a fire-suppression or rescue operation, or the protection or preservation of life or property, outside of this state.

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**Attachments:**  
**Notes:** 3/26/2019-AB 932 (Low) CFCA-FDAC Support Letter Author & Assm. Insurance 03-26-2019  

**AB 1107 (Chu D)**  
**Proclaimed state emergencies: proclamations, materials, and announcements: translation.**  
**Current Text:** Amended: 8/7/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/7/2019  
**Last Amended:** 8/25/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. THIRD READING on 8/26/2020)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

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**Summary:** Current law requires that the Governor proclaim a state of emergency when there is an imminent, substantial danger of death, injury, or destruction of property or loss of life or property, anywhere in California, but is not acting under the immediate supervision of the employer. This bill would expand the scope of this provision to apply when a firefighter engages in a fire-suppression or rescue operation, or the protection or preservation of life or property, outside of this state.

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**Attachments:**  
**Notes:** 3/26/2019-AB 1107 (Chu) CFCA-FDAC Support Letter Author & Assm. Insurance 03-26-2019  
**AB 1107 (Chu) Fact Sheet**

(Stone, Mark D) **Public Employees' Retirement System: contracting agencies: consolidation.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/11/2020 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 6/18/2020

**Status:** 9/11/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 65, Statutes of 2020.

**Location:** 9/11/2020-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Under current law, when a contracting agency is succeeded by another agency, the successor agency may become a contracting agency of PERS. Existing law provides that if the successor agency contracts with PERS, the contract of the former agency shall merge with the contract of the succeeding agency. This bill would authorize a successor agency for the Central Fire Protection District and the Aptos/La Selva Fire Protection District to provide employees the defined benefit plan or formula that those employees received from their respective employer prior to the consolidation.

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**Attachments:**

**AB 1947 (Kalra D) **Employment violation complaints: requirements: time.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/30/2020 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/17/2020

**Status:** 9/30/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 344, Statutes of 2020.

**Location:** 9/30/2020-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Current law creates the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, which is headed by the Labor Commissioner, and commits to it the general authority to enforce the requirements of the Labor Code. Current law generally authorizes people who believe that they have been discharged or otherwise discriminated against in violation of any law enforced by the Labor Commissioner to file a complaint with the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement within 6 months after the occurrence of the violation. Existing law generally requires the Labor Commissioner to commence actions to enforce labor standards within 3 years of their accrual, as specified. This bill would extend the period of time within which people may file complaints subject to the 6-month deadline, described above, to within one year after the occurrence of the violations.

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**Attachments:**

**AB 2017 (Mullin D) **Employee: sick leave: kin care.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/29/2020 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/29/2020
Summary: Current law requires an employer who provides sick leave for employees to permit an employee to use the employee’s accrued and available sick leave entitlement to attend to the illness of a family member and prohibits an employer from denying an employee the right to use sick leave or taking specific discriminatory action against an employee for using, or attempting to exercise the right to use, sick leave to attend to such an illness. This bill would provide that the designation of the sick leave taken under these provisions is at the sole discretion of the employee.

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<td>Employment, Issues</td>
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**AB 2147 (Reyes D) Convictions: expungement: incarcerated individual hand crews.**


Introduced: 2/10/2020

Last Amend: 8/25/2020


Location: 9/11/2020-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Current law authorizes a court to allow a defendant sentenced to county jail for a felony to withdraw their plea of guilty or plea of nolo contendere and enter a plea of not guilty, after the lapse of one or two years following the defendant’s completion of the sentence, provided that the defendant is not under supervision, and is not serving a sentence for, on probation for, or charged with the commission of any offense. Current law requires the defendant to be released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from the offense of which the defendant was convicted, except as specified. This bill would allow a defendant who successfully participated in the California Conservation Camp Program or a county incarcerated individual hand crew as an incarcerated individual hand crew member, and has been released from custody, to petition to withdraw their plea of guilty or plea of nolo contendere and enter a plea of not guilty. The bill would make persons convicted of specified violent felonies and sex offenses ineligible for relief.

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**AB 2311 (Low D) Public contracts: skilled and trained workforce requirement: notice.**

Current Text:Chaptered: 9/30/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/14/2020

Last Amend: 7/8/2020

Status: 9/30/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 347, Statutes of 2020.

Location: 9/30/2020-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Current law establishes requirements that apply when a public entity is required by statute or regulation to obtain an enforceable commitment that a bidder, contractor, or other entity will use a skilled and trained workforce to complete a contract or project. Current law also authorizes a public entity to require that a bidder, contractor, or other entity use a skilled and trained workforce to complete a contract or project. This bill would require a public entity, when the use of a skilled and trained workforce to complete a contract or project is required pursuant to existing law, to include in all bid documents and construction contracts a notice that the project is subject to the skilled and trained workforce requirement.

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**AB 2537 (Rodriguez D) Personal protective equipment: health care employees.**


Introduced: 2/19/2020

Last Amend: 8/25/2020
AB 2655  

Gipson (D)  Invasion of privacy: first responders.

Current Text: Chaptered: 9/29/2020  [html]  [pdf]
Introduced: 2/20/2020
Last Amended: 6/15/2020

Location: 9/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Would make it a misdemeanor for a first responder, as defined, who responds to the scene of an accident or crime to capture the photographic image of a deceased person for any purpose other than an official law enforcement purpose or a genuine public interest. By creating a new crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would require an agency that employs first responders to, on January 1, 2021, notify those first responders of the prohibition imposed by the bill.

Organization
FIRE (COVID)

Position
Priority
Priority 1

Subject
Employment

Issues

SB 731  

Bradford (D)  Peace Officers: certification: civil rights.

Current Text: Amended: 8/25/2020  [html]  [pdf]
Introduced: 2/22/2019
Last Amended: 8/25/2020
Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. THIRD READING on 8/27/2020)

Location: 8/31/2020-A. DEAD

Summary: Would provide that a threat, intimidation, or coercion under the Tom Bane Civil Rights Act may be inherent in any interference with a civil right and would describe intentional acts for these purposes as an act in which the person acted with general intent or a conscious objective to engage in particular conduct.

Organization
FIRE (COVID)

Position
Priority
Priority 1

Subject
Employment

Issues

SB 1159  


Current Text: Chaptered: 9/17/2020  [html]  [pdf]
Introduced: 2/20/2020
Last Amended: 8/30/2020

Location: 9/17/2020-S. CHAPTERED
**Summary:** Would define “injury” for an employee to include illness or death resulting from the 2019 novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) under specified circumstances, until January 1, 2023. The bill would create a disputable presumption, as specified, that the injury arose out of and in the course of the employment and is compensable, for specified dates of injury. The bill would limit the applicability of the presumption under certain circumstances. The bill would require an employee to exhaust their paid sick leave benefits and meet specified certification requirements before receiving any temporary disability benefits under or, for police officers, firefighters, and other specified employees, a leave of absence. The bill would also make a claim relating to a COVID-19 illness presumptively compensable, as described above, after 30 days or 45 days, rather than 90 days.

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**SB 1173**  
(Durazo D)  
Public employment: labor relations: employee information.

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/24/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2020  
**Last Amended:** 8/24/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. INACTIVE FILE on 9/1/2020)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

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**Summary:** Current law, including the Meyers-Milius-Brown Act, the Ralph C. Dills Act, the Trial Court Employment Protection and Governance Act, the Trial Court Interpreter Employment and Labor Relations Act, and the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Transit Employer-Employee Relations Act, provisions commonly referred to as the Educational Employment Relations Act, and the Higher Education Employer-Employee Relations Act, among others, regulates the labor relations of the state, the courts, and specified local public agencies and their employees. Current law requires these public employers to provide certain labor representatives with the names and home addresses of newly hired employees, as well as their job titles, departments, work locations, telephone numbers, and personal email addresses, within 30 days of hire or by the first pay period of the month following hire. Current law also requires the public employers to provide this information for all employees in a bargaining unit at least every 120 days, except as specified. This bill, beginning on July 1, 2021, would generally authorize an exclusive representative to file a charge of an unfair labor practice with the Public Employment Relations Board, as specified, alleging a violation of the above-described requirements.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  
**Position**  
Watch  
**Priority**  
Priority 1 (COVID)  
**Subject**  
Employment Issues  

**Attachments:**  
SB 1173 (Durazo) Fact Sheet

**Energy**

**SB 350**  
(Hill D)  

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/1/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/19/2019  
**Last Amended:** 6/11/2020  
**Status:** 7/1/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 27, Statutes of 2020.

**Location:** 6/30/2020-S. CHAPTERED

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**Summary:** Would authorize the Public Utilities Commission to petition a court to appoint a receiver to assume possession of Pacific Gas and Electric Company's property and to operate its electrical and gas systems if the commission determines in a proceeding that the appointment of a receiver is warranted pursuant to the processes or procedures set forth in a specified commission investigation. The bill would authorize a court to appoint such a receiver and would require the receiver to control and operate Pacific Gas and Electric Company upon such terms and conditions as the court prescribes.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  
**Position**  
Watch  
**Priority**  
Priority 1 (COVID)  
**Subject**  
Energy

**Fire Insurance**
**AB 3012**  (Wood D)  Residential property insurance.


Introduced: 2/21/2020

Last Amend: 8/5/2020


Location: 9/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

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Summary: Current law requires a residential property insurer to allow an insured that has suffered a loss relating to a declared state of emergency to combine the policy limits for primary dwelling and other structures, and to use the combined amount to rebuild or replace the dwelling, as specified. Current law requires a policy to provide coverage for additional living expenses for a period of no less than 24 months from the inception of the loss, for a loss relating to a state of emergency. Current law prohibits, in the event of a total loss of the insured structure, a policy from limiting or denying payment of the building code upgrade cost or the replacement cost on the basis that the insured has decided to rebuild at a new location or to purchase an already built home at a new location. For a total loss of a furnished residence related to a declared state of emergency, this bill would require an insurer to provide a payment for contents of no less than 30% of the policy limit, as specified, without requiring an itemized claim.

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<td>Fire Insurance</td>
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**AB 1659**  (Bloom D)  Large electrical corporations: wildfire mitigation: securitization.

Current Text: Amended: 8/28/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/22/2019

Last Amend: 8/28/2020

Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. THIRD READING on 8/30/2020)

Location: 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

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Summary: Would enact the Wildfire Prevention and Community Resilience Act of 2020 and would require the Natural Resources Agency, in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission, to adopt an interim expenditure plan and an expenditure plan that are focused on reducing wildfire risk on the ground and in communities through activities such as defensible space implementation, home hardening, improved public safety, including expenditures to add trained emergency medical technicians to the workforce, and other authorized activities, as well as to prepare residents for wildfires through public education and outreach, as provided. The bill would establish the Wildfire Prevention and Community Resilience Fund and, upon appropriation by the Legislature, would require moneys in the fund be used for the implementation of those plans.

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**AB 2800**  (Quirk D)  Climate change: state infrastructure planning: Climate-Safe Infrastructure Working Group.

Current Text: Chaptered: 9/24/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/20/2020

Last Amend: 8/4/2020


Location: 9/24/2020-A. CHAPTERED

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Summary: Current law requires state agencies to take into account the current and future impacts of climate change when planning, designing, building, operating, maintaining, and investing in state infrastructure, as provided. This bill would require state agencies to take into account the economic damages and financial liabilities associated with the above impacts.
**AB 3074** (Friedman D) Fire prevention: wildfire risk: defensible space: ember-resistant zones.


Introduced: 2/21/2020

Last Amend: 8/25/2020


Location: 9/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Current law requires a person who owns, leases, controls, operates, or maintains an occupied dwelling or structure in, upon, or adjoining a mountainous area, forest-covered land, brush-covered land, grass-covered land, or land that is covered with flammable material that is within a very high fire hazard severity zone, as designated by a local agency, or a building or structure in, upon, or adjoining those areas or lands within a state responsibility area, to maintain a defensible space of 100 feet from each side and from the front and rear of the structure, as specified. A violation of these requirements is a crime. This bill would require a person described above to use more intense fuel reductions between 5 and 30 feet around the structure, and to create an ember-resistant zone within 5 feet of the structure, based on regulations promulgated by the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection, as provided.

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Attachments:
[AB 3074 (Friedman) Fact Sheet](#)

**AB 3164** (Friedman D) Fire prevention: wildland-urban interface wildfire risk model: model use guidelines.


Introduced: 2/21/2020

Last Amend: 8/21/2020

Status: 9/29/2020-Vetoed by Governor.

Location: 9/29/2020-A. VETOED

Summary: Would require the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, by July 1, 2022, to develop a wildland-urban interface wildfire risk model to determine the risk for a community or parcel within a local responsibility area or state responsibility area and guidelines for the proper use of the model, as provided. The bill would require the department to establish, and consult with, an advisory workgroup, with specified members, to develop the model. The bill would require the department to update the model and guidelines when fire hazard severity zones are revised.

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Attachments:
[AB 3164 (Friedman) Fact Sheet](#)


Introduced: 2/21/2020

Last Amend: 6/4/2020

Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. RLS. on 6/3/2020)

Location: 8/31/2020-A. DEAD

Summary: Would enact the Economic Recovery, Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of $6,980,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for an economic recovery, wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.
**AB 3267**  
**Smith D**  
*Current Text:* Chaptered: 9/29/2020  
*Introduced:* 2/21/2020  
*Last Amend:* 3/16/2020  
*Location:* 9/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED  

**Summary:** The California Emergency Services Act, among other things, requires the Office of Emergency Services to update the State Emergency Plan on or before January 1, 2019, and every 5 years thereafter. The act also requires the office to complete an after-action report within 120 days after each declared disaster. This bill would require the office to coordinate with representatives of the access and functional needs population, as specified, when the office updates the State Emergency Plan. The bill would, instead, require the office to complete an after-action report within 180 days after each declared disaster.

**SB 45**  
**Allen D**  
*Current Text:* Amended: 1/23/2020  
*Introduced:* 12/3/2018  
*Last Amend:* 1/23/2020  
*Status:* 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. DESK on 1/29/2020)  
*Location:* 8/31/2020-A. DEAD  

**Summary:** Would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of $5,510,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.

**SB 1156**  
**Archuleta D**  
Lithium-ion batteries: illegal disposal: fire prevention.  
*Current Text:* Amended: 8/24/2020  
*Introduced:* 2/20/2020  
*Last Amend:* 8/24/2020  
*Status:* 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. INACTIVE FILE on 9/1/2020)  
*Location:* 8/31/2020-S. DEAD  

**Summary:** Would prohibit a person from knowingly disposing of a lithium-ion battery in a container or receptacle that is intended for the collection of solid waste or recyclable materials, unless the container or receptacle is designated for the collection of batteries for recycling, as provided.

**SB 1199**  
**McGuire D**  
Commission on Home Hardening.


**Last Amend:** 6/17/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. GOV. & F. on 7/1/2020)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-S. DEAD  

### Summary
Current law imposes various taxes, including taxes on the privilege of engaging in certain activities. The Fee Collection Procedures Law, the violation of which is a crime, provides procedures for the collection of certain fees and surcharges. Current law establishes the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration in the Government Operations Agency to administer various statutory taxes and fees, as provided. Current law provides that the Controller shall superintend the fiscal concerns of the state. This bill would, on and after January 1, 2021, but before January 1, 2026, impose a tax on a large business, defined as a for-profit, private entity that has more than 500 employees that perform any part of their duties within the state, at the rate of $275 per employee. The bill would require the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration to administer the tax and collect the tax pursuant to the Fee Collection Procedures Law.

### Organization
FIRE (COVID)

### Position
Priority

### Subject
Local  
Government

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**AB 570**  
(Aguiar-Curry D) Communications: broadband services: California Advanced Services Fund.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 8/21/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/14/2019  
**Last Amend:** 8/21/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. INACTIVE FILE on 8/28/2020)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-S. DEAD  

### Summary
Current law establishes the State Department of Education in state government, and vests the department with specified powers and duties relating to the state’s public school system. This bill would authorize local educational agencies to report to the department their pupils’ estimated needs for computing devices and internet connectivity adequate for at-home learning. The bill would require the department, in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission, to compile that information and to annually post that compiled information on the department’s internet website.

### Organization
FIRE (COVID)

### Position
Priority

### Subject
Local  
Government

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**AB 1253**  
(Santiago D) Personal income taxes: additional tax.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 7/27/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2019  
**Last Amend:** 7/27/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. GOV. & F. on 7/27/2020)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-S. DEAD  

### Summary
The Personal Income Tax Law and California Constitution imposes taxes based upon taxable income of individuals, estates, and trusts at specified rates. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, in addition to those taxes, would impose an additional tax of at the rates of 1%, 3%, and 3.5% on that portion of a taxpayer’s taxable income over specified thresholds, as provided.

### Organization
FIRE (COVID)

### Position
Priority

### Subject
Local  
Government

### Attachments:
[AB 1253 (R. Rivas) LAFCOs grant program](https://leginfo.legislature.ca.gov/faces/billTextuated.xhtml?billNumber=AB1253&year=2021)

**Notes:** 3/9/2019-Coordinate with CDSA.

---

**AB 2013**  
(Irwin D) Property taxation: new construction: damaged or destroyed property.  
**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/24/2020  
**Introduced:** 1/29/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/7/2020

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Page 33/40
Status: 9/24/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 124, Statutes of 2020.

Location: 9/24/2020-A. CHAPTERED

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Summary: Would authorize the owner of property substantially damaged or destroyed by a disaster, as declared by the Governor, to apply the base year value of that property to replacement property reconstructed on the same site of the damaged or destroyed property within 5 years after the disaster if the reconstructed property is comparable to the substantially damaged or destroyed property, determined as provided. The bill would specify that property is substantially damaged or destroyed for these purposes if the improvements sustain physical damage amounting to more than 50% of the improvements’ full cash value immediately prior to the disaster.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
FIRE (COVID) | Priority 1 | (COVID) | Local

**(Rodriguez D)** Local government: securitized limited obligation notes.


Introduced: 2/6/2020


Location: 9/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

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Summary: Current law, until December 31, 2019, authorizes a special district to issue, as specified, securitized limited obligation notes for the acquisition or improvement of land, facilities, or equipment. This bill would extend that authorization to December 31, 2024.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
FIRE (COVID) | Support | Priority 1 | (COVID) | Local

Attachments:
**AB 2107 (Rodriguez) Fact Sheet**

**(Quirk D)** State Water Resources Control Board: local primacy delegation: funding stabilization program.


Introduced: 2/14/2020

Last Amend: 5/5/2020

Status: 9/29/2020-Vetoed by Governor.

Location: 9/29/2020-A, VETOED

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Summary: Would authorize the State Water Resources Control Board to delegate partial responsibility for the California Safe Drinking Water Act’s administration and enforcement by means of a local primacy delegation agreement. The bill would authorize the state board, for counties that have not been delegated primary responsibility as of January 1, 2021, to offer an opportunity for the county to apply for partial or primary responsibility if the state board determines that it needs assistance in performing administrative and enforcement activities, as specified. The bill would authorize the state board to approve the application for delegation if the state board determines that the local health officer is able to sufficiently perform the administrative and enforcement activities and would specify that a local primacy agency has all of the authority over designated public water systems as is granted to the state board by the act.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
FIRE (COVID) | Support | Priority 1 | (COVID) | Local

Attachments:

**(Aguilar-Curry D)** Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval.

Current Text: Amended: 3/18/2019  html  pdf

Introduced: 12/3/2018

Last Amend: 3/18/2019

Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. RECONSIDERATION on 5/20/2019)
SB 38  (Hill D)  Sales and use taxes: consumer designation: all volunteer fire department.
Introduced: 12/3/2018
Last Amend: 6/18/2020

SB 998  (Moorlach R)  Local government: investments.
Introduced: 2/13/2020
Last Amend: 5/22/2020

SB 1085  (Skinner D)  Density Bonus Law: qualifications for incentives or concessions: student housing for lower income students: moderate-income persons and families: local government constraints.
**SB 1386** (Moorlach R) **Local government: assessments, fees, and charges: water: hydrants.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/29/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/21/2020

**Last Amend:** 7/28/2020

**Status:** 9/28/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 240, Statutes of 2020.

**Location:** 9/29/2020-S. CHAPTERED

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**Summary:** Current law, known as the Proposition 218 Omnibus Implementation Act, prescribes specific procedures and parameters for local jurisdictions to comply with these requirements and, among other things, authorizes an agency providing water, wastewater, sewer, or refuse collection services to adopt a schedule of fees or charges authorizing automatic adjustments that pass through increases in wholesale charges for water, sewage treatment, or wastewater treatment or adjustments for inflation under certain circumstances. Current law defines, among other terms, the term “water” for these purposes to mean any system of public improvements intended to provide for the production, storage, supply, treatment, or distribution of water from any source. This bill would specify that hydrants, as defined, are part of the system of public improvements included in the definition of “water” for purposes of the Proposition 218 Omnibus Implementation Act.

**Organization:** FIRE (COVID)

**Position:** Support

**Priority:** Priority 1

**Subject:** Local Government

**Attachments:**

[SB 1386 (Moorlach) Fact Sheet](#)

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**AB 846** (Burke D) **Public employment: public officers or employees declared by law to be peace officers.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/30/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/20/2019

**Last Amend:** 6/25/2020

**Status:** 9/30/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 322, Statutes of 2020.

**Location:** 9/30/2020-A. CHAPTERED

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**Summary:** Current law establishes the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training within the Department of Justice to perform various functions involving the training of peace officers. Current law requires peace officers in this state to meet specified minimum standards, including, among other requirements, that peace officers be evaluated by a physician and surgeon or psychologist and found to be free from any physical, emotional, or mental condition that might adversely affect the exercise of the powers of a peace officer. This bill would require that evaluation to include bias against race or
ethnicity, gender, nationality, religion, disability, or sexual orientation.

### AB 2028

**Aquiar-Curry D**  
**State agencies: meetings.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/20/2020  
**Introduced:** 1/30/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/20/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. INACTIVE FILE on 9/1/2020)

**Location:** 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

**Summary:** The Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, requires that a state body provide an opportunity for members of the public to directly address the body on each agenda item. Current law exempts from this requirement, among other things, an agenda item that has already been considered by a committee composed exclusively of members of the state body at a public meeting where members of the public were afforded an opportunity to address the committee on the item. This bill would delete this exception, thereby making the requirement to provide an opportunity to address the state body applicable to an agenda item for which the public had an opportunity to address it at a public meeting of a committee of the state body.

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### AB 2068

**Petrie-Norris D**  
**Voluntary tax contributions: California Firefighters’ Memorial Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund: California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/25/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/4/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/6/2020  
**Status:** 9/25/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 173, Statutes of 2020.

**Location:** 9/25/2020-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Current law allows taxpayers to designate amounts in excess of their personal income tax liability for the support of specified voluntary contribution funds on the personal income tax return, including, until January 1, 2021, the California Firefighters’ Memorial Fund and the California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund, except as otherwise provided. This bill would rename the above-described funds as the California Firefighters’ Memorial Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund and the California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund, respectively, and would allow taxpayers to designate voluntary contributions for those funds on the personal income tax return until January 1, 2028, except as otherwise provided.

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### ACA 11

**Mullin D**  
**The Home Protection for Seniors, Severely Disabled, Families, and Victims of Wildfire or Natural Disasters Act.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/1/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/26/2019  
**Last Amend:** 6/20/2020  
**Status:** 6/26/2020-Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 31, Statutes of 2020  
**Location:** 6/26/2020-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would, beginning on and after April 1, 2021, authorize an owner of a primary residence who is over 55 years of age, severely disabled, or a victim of a wildfire or natural disaster, as defined, to transfer the taxable value, defined as the base year value plus inflation adjustments, of their primary residence to a replacement primary residence located anywhere in the state, regardless of the location or value of the replacement primary residence, that is purchased or newly constructed as that person’s principal residence within 2 years of the sale of the original primary residence. The measure would limit a person who is over 55 years of age or severely disabled to 3 transfers under these provisions.
**ACR 190**  
**Rodriguez D**  
**Emergency Medical Services Week.**  
**Current Text:** Introduced: 5/4/2020  
**Introduced:** 5/4/2020  
**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. PRINT on 5/4/2020)  
**Location:** 8/31/2020-A. DEAD

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**Summary:** This measure would proclaim the week of May 17, 2020, to May 23, 2020, inclusive, to be Emergency Medical Services Week in California.

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**SB 1192**  
**Bradford D**  
**Firefighters’, police officers’, or peace officers’ benefit and relief associations.**  
**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/30/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2020  
**Last Amend:** 5/26/2020  
**Status:** 9/30/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 365, Statutes of 2020.  
**Location:** 9/30/2020-S. CHAPTERED

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**Summary:** Current law exempts from the requirements set forth in the Insurance Code firefighters’, police officers’, and peace officers’ benefit and relief associations that comply with specified criteria, including, among other things, a requirement that the membership consist solely of certain state or local police or law enforcement officers, members of police or fire departments, and emergency medical personnel employed by fire departments, as specified. Current law prohibits an association from operating or doing business in the state without a certificate of authority. This bill would specify that the laws governing those associations apply only to the extent not preempted by the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA).

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**SB 1473**  
**Committee on Governance and Finance**  
**Local Government Omnibus Act of 2020.**  
**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/30/2020  
**Introduced:** 3/12/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/25/2020  
**Status:** 9/30/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 371, Statutes of 2020.  
**Location:** 9/30/2020-S. CHAPTERED

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**Summary:** Current requires that every sales contract relating to the purchase of real property in a subdivision clearly set forth the legal description of the property, of the encumbrances outstanding at the date of the sales contract, and the terms of the contract. Current law exempts from these provisions, among other things, the proposed sale or lease of lots or other interests in a subdivision that is limited to industrial or commercial uses by law or by a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions that has been recorded in the official records of the county or counties in which the subdivision is located. This bill would instead exempt the proposed sale or lease of those lots or other interests in a subdivision that are limited to industrial or commercial uses, as described above. This bill would specify that this exemption only applies with respect to specified provisions relating to the filing of a report with the Bureau of Real Estate and does not affect any determination whether there are 5 or more lots, parcels, or other interests for purposes of specified law.

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**SCR 94**  
**Umberg D**  
**California Firefighter Appreciation Month and California Firefighters Memorial Day.**  
**Current Text:** Introduced: 7/22/2020  
**Introduced:** 7/22/2020
Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. RLS. on 7/22/2020)

Location: 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

Summary: This measure would proclaim the month of September 2020 as California Firefighter Appreciation Month and September 26, 2020, as California Firefighters Memorial Day.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Miscellaneous

Retirement

**AB 462** (Rodriguez D)  Asset management: emerging managers.

Current Text: Amended: 5/21/2019  html  pdf

Introduced: 2/11/2019

Last Amend: 5/21/2019

Status: 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. RLS. on 4/23/2019)

Location: 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

Summary: Would require the Board of Administration of the Public Employees’ Retirement System and the Teachers’ Retirement Board to each provide a report to the Legislature, commencing March 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, on the status of achieving appropriate objectives and initiatives, to be defined by the boards, regarding participation of emerging managers responsible for asset management within each system’s portfolio of investments.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Priority 1  (COVID)

**AB 2101** (Committee on Public Employment and Retirement)  Public employees’ retirement.


Introduced: 2/6/2020

Last Amend: 8/7/2020


Location: 9/29/2020-A. CHAPERATED

Summary: The Teachers’ Retirement Law, establishes the State Teachers’ Retirement System (STRS) and creates the Defined Benefit Program of the State Teachers’ Retirement Plan, which provides a defined benefit to members of the program, based on final compensation, credited service, and age at retirement, subject to certain variations. STRS is administered by the Teachers’ Retirement Board. The Defined Benefit Program is funded by employer and employee contributions, as well as investment returns and state appropriations, which are deposited or credited to the Teachers’ Retirement Fund. Current law authorizes a member to elect continued defined benefit coverage in STRS when taking a position that provides a defined benefit in another public retirement system, and requires the election to be made in writing and to be filed with STRS and the other public retirement system. This bill would remove the requirement that the election be filed with the other public retirement system, and would instead require the employer to retain a copy of the election form.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Priority 1  (COVID)

**AB 2967** (O’Donnell D)  Public Employees’ Retirement System: contracting agencies: exclusion from membership.


Introduced: 2/21/2020

Last Amend: 7/28/2020


Location: 9/29/2020-A. CHAPERATED
**Summary:** PERL authorizes a public agency to contract to make all or part of its employees members of PERS, subject to specified conditions, and requires membership in PERS to be compulsory for all employees included under a contract. Current law prohibits these contracts from providing for the exclusion of some, but not all, firefighters and specified public safety officers. With regard to other groups of employees, existing law requires that they be based on general categories, such as departments or duties, and not on individual employees. This bill would delete provisions of PERL that generally authorize a public agency contracting with PERS to make all or part of its employees members of the system. The bill would generally prohibit exclusions of groups of employees from being made by amendment of a public agency contract with PERS, except as provided. The bill would apply these provisions to contracts entered into, amended, or extended on and after January 1, 2021.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---|---
FIRE (COVID) | Support | Priority 1 (COVID) | Retirement

**Attachments:**

**SB 266** (Levy D) Public Employees’ Retirement System: disallowed compensation: benefit adjustments.

**Current Text:** Amended: 9/3/2019 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/12/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2019

**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was S. 2 YEAR on 9/15/2019)

**Location:** 8/31/2020-S. DEAD

**Summary:** Would establish new procedures under PERL for cases in which PERS determines that the benefits of a member or annuitant are, or would be, based on disallowed compensation that conflicts with PEPRAl and other specified laws and thus impermissible under PERL. The bill would also apply these procedures retroactively to determinations made on or after January 1, 2017, if an appeal has been filed and the employee member, survivor, or beneficiary has not exhausted their administrative or legal remedies. At the threshold, after determining that compensation for an employee member reported by the state, school employer, or a contracting agency is disallowed, the bill would require the applicable employer to discontinue the reporting of the disallowed compensation.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---|---
FIRE (COVID) | Watch | Priority 1 (COVID) | Retirement

**Attachments:**

**SB 266 (Levy) Pension Compensation Fact Sheet 2.12.19**

**Notes:** 3/9/2019-CPF Bill - Need more information.

**Special Districts**

**ACR 179** (Voepel R) Special Districts Week.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/26/2020 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/26/2020

**Status:** 8/31/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(18). (Last location was A. RLS. on 3/12/2020)

**Location:** 8/31/2020-A. DEAD

**Summary:** This measure proclaims the week of May 17, 2020, to May 23, 2020, to be Special Districts Week.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---|---
FIRE (COVID) | | Priority 1 (COVID) | Special Districts

**Total Measures:** 116

**Total Tracking Forms:** 116