August 21, 2020

To: Members, California Fire Chiefs Association
    Members, Fire Districts Association of California

From: Russell Noack and Julee Malinowski Ball
      Public Policy Advocates, LLC

Re: FIRE Legislative Report – Week Ending 08/21/2020

The Appropriations Committees of both Houses met and took up all bills on their respective Suspense Files. The following bills passed the Senate Appropriations Committee and now move to the Senate Floor for further action:

**Assembly Bill 196 (Gonzalez)** would expand and extend the Governor’s Executive Order N-62-20 pertaining to workers contracting COVID-19 illness while being required to work outside the home. The author has committed to amend the conclusive presumption out of the bill and make the presumption a rebuttable one, like the other three bills on this subject.

**Assembly Bill 664 (Cooper, Bonta, Gonzalez)** would establish a rebuttable presumption for COVID-19 illness as being covered by workers’ compensation for certain employees, including firefighters, peace officers and health care workers.

**Assembly Bill 685 (Reyes)** would require employer notice at the worksite and to Cal/OSHA if an employee is exposed to COVID-19 and the employer knew or should have known of the exposure.

**Assembly Bill 1945 (Salas)** would define first responders to include public safety dispatchers, telecommunicators and emergency response communication employees.

**Assembly Bill 2054 (Kamlager)** would establish a three-year Cal OES pilot program to distribute grants to organizations providing community-based assistance in response to local emergencies.

**Assembly Bill 2167 (Daly and Cooley)** is tied to Senate Bill 292 (S. Rubio) and would authorize the Insurance Commissioner to establish an insurance market action plan to expand insurance policies in the WUI contingent upon inclusion of a catastrophic risk model.
Assembly 2213 (Limón) would require Cal OES to develop model guidelines to identify community resources that could assist in responding to natural disasters.

Assembly Bill 2386 (Bigelow and Aguiar-Curry) would require Cal OES to annually review 10 local emergency plans to determine if they conform to best practices as determined by FEMA.

Assembly Bill 2450 (Grayson) would extend the assessment of penalties and use for funding for air transport under the Emergency Medical Air Transport Act.

Assembly Bill 2553 (Ting and Berman) would extend the current emergency shelter pilot program to all cities and counties and sunset the program on January 1, 2026.

Assembly Bill 2960 (Gipson) would codify Directive 45 for emergency shelter operation in Los Angeles.

Assembly 2968 (Rodriguez) would require Cal OES to establish best practices for counties developing and updating their emergency plan.

Assembly Bill 3074 (Friedman) would establish an ember resistant zone within five feet of a structure as part of a revised defensible space in very high fire hazard severity zones and in the SRA. The bill has been amended to take effect contingent upon funding in next year’s state budget.

Assembly Bill 3164 (Friedman) would establish a community wildfire risk model for application in the WUI. An advisory working group would be established, and like AB 3074, the bill would take effect upon being funded in next year’s state budget.

Assembly Bill 3267 (Smith) would require Cal OES to coordinate with representatives of the access and special needs community to update the State Emergency Plan.

The following bills passed the Assembly Appropriations Committee and have been sent to the Assembly Floor for further action:

Senate Bill 292 (S. Rubio) is the companion measure to AB 2167 (Daly and Dooley) to create a mechanism for market-based incentives for insurance companies to offer coverage in areas that are high risk for catastrophic property losses.

Senate Bill 1044 (Allen) would phase out the manufacture and sale of class B firefighting foam containing PFAS chemicals by January 1, 2022, with longer phase out dates for refinery operations and airports.
**Senate Bill 1159 (Hill)** would codify Executive Order N-62-20 and extend it until July 1, 2024, for firefighters, peace officers and health care workers. Part of a three-bill package with AB 196 and AB 664 that are being negotiated with the Newsom Administration.

**Senate Bill 1348 (Stern)** would promote home and community wildfire resilience through a series of fire prevention and vegetation management efforts at both the state and local level.

The following bills have been held and will not move any further this Session:

**Senate Bill 431 (McGuire and Glazer)** would have required the PUC to develop and implement backup power rules for telecommunication services that are provided in Tier 2 or Tier 3 High Fire Threat Districts.

**Senate Bill 474 (Stern)** would have prohibited the approval of new development in very high fire severity zone or in the SRA.

**Senate Bill 862 (Dodd)** would have defined a public safety power shutoff as a state of emergency and added specified protocols on all electrical corporations regarding such events.

**Senate Bill 1199 (McGuire)** would have established a Commission on Home Hardening with the responsibility of developing a three-tier certification system of fire prevention levels for structures in the WUI.

**Senate Bill 1312 (McGuire and Stern)** would have required the PUC to provide for expedited undergrounding of electrical lines by utilities in designated areas to promote fire prevention and reduce public safety power shutoffs.

-o-o-o-
AB 75  (Committee on Budget)  Budget Act of 2019: augmentation.
Introduced:  12/3/2018
Last Amend:  6/22/2020
Location:  6/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Would amend the Budget Act of 2019 by appropriating an additional $119,727,000 from the General Fund for augmentation for contingencies and emergencies and by requiring the Controller to allocate these additional funds as specified.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  2020-21 BTB-2019 Deficiency

Introduced:  1/10/2019
Last Amend:  6/22/2020
Status:  6/22/2020-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Referred to Com. on BUDGET.
Location:  5/2/2019-A. BUDGET

Summary: Would amend the Budget Act of 2019 by appropriating an additional $119,727,000 from the General Fund for augmentation for contingencies and emergencies and by requiring the Controller to allocate these additional funds as specified.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  2020-21 BTB-2019 Deficiency

AB 84  (Committee on Budget)  Public employment and retirement.
Introduced:  12/3/2018
Last Amend:  6/22/2020
Location:  6/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Current law appropriates $2,246,000,000 from the General Fund for the 2018–19 fiscal year to the Teachers’ Retirement Fund for the Defined Benefit Program, to be apportioned in specified amounts to the credit of required employer contributions for the 2019–20 and 2020–21 fiscal years, pursuant to the direction of the Department of Finance. For the 2020–21 fiscal year, the apportioned payment to the Teachers’ Retirement Fund is an amount to pay in advance a part of the contributions required of the employers for the 2020–21 fiscal year that results in a reduction of employer contributions of 0.70 percentage point for that fiscal year from the percentage set by another specified provision. Current law requires the uncommitted remainder of the payment to be allocated to reducing the employers’ unfunded actuarial obligations, as specified. This bill would revise the application of the 2018–19 fiscal year General Fund appropriation described above.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
2020-21 BUDGET

Introduced: 1/10/2019
Last Amend: 6/11/2020
Location: 6/29/2020-S. CHAPTERED

Summary: This bill would make appropriations for the support of state government for the 2020–21 fiscal year.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  

Attachments:

Introduced: 1/10/2020
Last Amend: 6/10/2020
Location: 1/10/2020-S. BUDGET & F.R.

Summary: This bill would make appropriations for the support of state government for the 2020–21 fiscal year.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  

2020-21 BUDGET BILL JR.

AB 89  (Ting D)  Budget Act of 2020.
Introduced: 12/3/2018
Last Amend: 6/22/2020
Location: 6/29/2020-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: The Budget Act of 2020 made appropriations for the support of state government for the 2020–21 fiscal year. This bill would amend the Budget Act of 2020 by amending items of appropriation and making other changes.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  

Building Permits/Standards
Help Homeowners Add New Housing Program: accessory dwelling unit financing.

Summary: Current law provides for the creation by local ordinance, or by ministerial approval if a local agency has not adopted an ordinance, of accessory dwelling units to allow single-family or multifamily dwelling residential use in accordance with specified standards and conditions. This bill would require the Treasurer, within 6 months of the effective date of these provisions, to develop the Help Homeowners Add New Housing Program with the purpose of assisting homeowners, as defined, in qualifying for loans to construct additional housing units on their property, including accessory dwelling units and junior accessory dwelling units. The bill would, with regard to the development of the program, require the Treasurer to consult with the California Housing Financing Agency and the Department of Housing and Community Development and would authorize the Treasurer to consult with private lenders.

Seismically vulnerable buildings: inventory.

Summary: Current law establishes a program within all cities and all counties and portions thereof located within seismic zone 4, as defined, to identify all potentially hazardous buildings and to establish a mitigation program for these buildings. The mitigation program may include, among other things, the adoption by ordinance of a hazardous buildings program, measures to strengthen buildings, and the application of structural standards necessary to provide for life safety above current code requirements. Current law requires the Alfred E. Alquist Seismic Safety Commission to report annually to the Legislature on the filing of mitigation programs relating to building construction standards from local jurisdictions. This bill would require the commission, by specified deadlines, to identify funding and develop a bidding process for hiring a third-party contractor to create an inventory of potentially vulnerable buildings, as defined.

Land use: accessory dwelling units.

Summary: Current law establishes a program within all cities and all counties and portions thereof located within seismic zone 4, as defined, to identify all potentially hazardous buildings and to establish a mitigation program for these buildings. The mitigation program may include, among other things, the adoption by ordinance of a hazardous buildings program, measures to strengthen buildings, and the application of structural standards necessary to provide for life safety above current code requirements. Current law requires the Alfred E. Alquist Seismic Safety Commission to report annually to the Legislature on the filing of mitigation programs relating to building construction standards from local jurisdictions. This bill would require the commission, by specified deadlines, to identify funding and develop a bidding process for hiring a third-party contractor to create an inventory of potentially vulnerable buildings, as defined.
**Status:** 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. GOV. & F. on 6/23/2020)

**Location:** 8/18/2020-S. DEAD

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**Summary:** Current law requires a local agency to ministerially approve or deny a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit within 60 days from the date the local agency receives a completed application if there is an existing single-family or multifamily dwelling on the lot. This bill would deem a permit application for the creation of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit approved if the local agency has not acted upon the completed application within 60 days.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
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FIRE (COVID) |  | Priority 1 | Building
(COVID) |  |  | Permits/Standards


**Current Text:** Amended: 6/29/2020  html, pdf

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 6/29/2020

**Status:** 7/2/2020-Re-referred to Com. on RLS. pursuant to Senate Rule 29.10(c). Re-referred to Com. on HOUSING.

**Location:** 7/2/2020-S. HOUSING

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**Summary:** Current law authorizes the Department of Housing and Community Development, in evaluating a proposed or adopted housing element for substantial compliance with the provisions of the Planning and Zoning Law relating to housing elements, to allow a city or county to identify adequate sites by a variety of methods, as specified. Current law authorizes the department to allow a city or county to identify sites for accessory dwelling units based on the number of accessory dwelling units developed in the prior housing element planning period whether or not the units are permitted by right, the need for these units in the community, those units in the community, the resources or incentives available for their development, and any other relevant factors, as determined by the department. This bill would, instead, require the department, in making that evaluation, to allow a city or county to identify adequate sites by a variety of methods, as specified. The bill would require the department to allow a city or county to identify sites for potential accessory dwelling units based on existing zoning standards and the demonstrated potential capacity to accommodate accessory dwelling units and junior accessory dwelling units, as determined by the city or county.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
--- | --- | --- | ---
FIRE (COVID) |  | Priority 1 | Building
(COVID) |  |  | Permits/Standards

**AB 1279** *(Bloom D)* Planning and zoning: housing development: high-opportunity areas.

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/22/2020  html, pdf

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 7/22/2020

**Status:** 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. HOUSING on 4/24/2020)

**Location:** 8/18/2020-S. DEAD

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**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law allows a development proponent to submit an application for a development that is subject to a specified streamlined, ministerial approval process not subject to a conditional use permit if the development satisfies certain objective planning standards, including that the development is (1) located in a locality determined by the Department of Housing and Community Development to have not met its share of the regional housing needs for the reporting period, and (2) subject to a requirement mandating a minimum percentage of below-market rate housing, as provided. This bill would require the department to designate areas in this state as high-opportunity areas, as provided, by January 1, 2022, in accordance with specified requirements and to update those designations within 6 months of the adoption of new Opportunity Maps by the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
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FIRE (COVID) |  | Priority 1 | Building
(COVID) |  |  | Permits/Standards
Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development, in consultation with the Office of the State Architect and the State Fire Marshal, to consider whether to propose for adoption by the California Building Standards Commission, in the code adoption cycle that begins after January 1, 2022, the requirement that seismic gas shutoff devices be installed in all or a portion of newly constructed residential dwelling units, motels, hotels, and lodging houses. The bill would prohibit the department from proposing a standard that would require the installation of specified gas safety devices on an existing building as a condition of a real estate conveyance.

Current law, upon a declaration of a shelter crisis by specified local jurisdictions, specifies additional provisions applicable to a shelter crisis declared by one of those jurisdictions. Current law exempts from the California Environmental Quality Act specified actions by a state agency or a city, county, or city and county relating to land owned by a local government to be used for, or to provide financial assistance to, a homeless shelter constructed pursuant to these provisions, and provides that homeless shelters constructed or allowed pursuant to these shelter crisis declarations are not subject to specified laws, including the Special Occupancy Parks Act. Current law also defines a “homeless shelter” as a facility with overnight sleeping accommodations, the primary purpose of which is to provide temporary shelter for the homeless that is not in existence after the declared shelter crisis. Current law requires a city, county, or city and county that declares a shelter crisis pursuant to these provisions to develop a plan to address the shelter crisis on or before July 1, 2019, or July 1, 2020, as applicable, and to annually report to specified committees of the Legislature on or before January 1, 2019, or on or before January 1 of the year following the declaration of the shelter crisis, as applicable, and annually thereafter until January 1, 2023. Current law repeals these additional provisions as of January 1, 2023. This bill would instead apply those additional provisions to a shelter crisis declared by any county or city.

Would authorize a city with a population of more than 3,500,000 to permit the operation of an emergency housing facility year round when the facility does not comply with state building standards for local fire and life safety standards if they submit reasonable standards to the State Fire Marshal that include specified minimum requirements, including, among other things, 24-hour active fire watch, emergency evacuation signage and emergency egress lighting, among other things. The State Fire Marshal would be required to review the standards within 30 days and either approve them or respond as to why they do not meet the threshold requirements. The bill would authorize permits for a period of 90 days and would authorize 90-day extensions, not to exceed 730 days of operation, and would prohibit the authorization of new permits on and after January 1, 2023.
**AB 3040**

(Chiu D) Local planning: regional housing need assessment.

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/28/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/21/2020

**Last Amend:** 7/28/2020

**Status:** 8/20/2020-In committee: Held under submission.

**Location:** 8/13/2020-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development, in consultation with each council of governments, to determine the existing and projected need for housing in each region and further requires the appropriate council of governments, or the department for cities and counties without a council of governments, to adopt a final regional housing need plan that allocates a share of the regional housing need to each city, county, or city and county, as provided. This bill would authorize a city or county to include in its inventory of land suitable for residential development specified sites that contain an existing single-family dwelling unit, but that the city or county has permitted, or is proposing to permit, to contain 4 dwelling units as a use by right.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)

**Position**  
Watch

**Priority**  
Priority 1

**Subject**  
Building Permits/Standards

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**SB 773**

(Skinner D) Emergencies: State 911 Advisory Board.

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/27/2020 [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/22/2019

**Last Amend:** 7/27/2020

**Status:** 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. G.O. on 6/29/2020)

**Location:** 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

**Summary:** The Warren-911-Emergency Assistance Act establishes the State 911 Advisory Board to advise the Office of Emergency Services on specified subjects relating to the state’s 911 emergency telephone response system and to conduct specified hearings on a final plan on implementation. This bill, commencing on June 1, 2021, would revise membership on the advisory board by (1) reducing one representative appointed on the recommendation of the California Police Chiefs Association, one representative appointed on the recommendation of the California State Sheriffs’ Association, and one representative appointed on the recommendation of the CalNENA Executive Board, except that any member in those categories whose term began before June 1, 2021, may serve out their term as set forth in existing law at the pleasure of the Governor, and (2) adding one representative of the California Welfare Directors Association, one county public guardian, and one county mental health professional, all 3 of whom will serve at the pleasure of the Governor, as specified.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)

**Position**  
Priority

**Priority**  
Priority 1

**Subject**  
Building Permits/Standards

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**SB 902**

(Wiener D) Planning and zoning: housing development: density.

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/21/2020 [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/30/2020

**Last Amend:** 5/21/2020

**Status:** 8/20/2020-August 20 hearing: Held in committee and under submission.

**Location:** 8/18/2020-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Summary:** Would authorize a local government to pass an ordinance, notwithstanding any local restrictions on adopting zoning ordinances, to zone any parcel for up to 10 units of residential density per parcel, at a height specified by the local government in the ordinance, if the parcel is located in a transit-rich area, a jobs-rich area, or an urban infill site, as those terms are defined. In this regard, the bill would require the Department of Housing and Community Development, in consultation with the Office of Planning and Research, to determine jobs-rich areas and publish a map of those areas every 5 years, commencing January 1, 2022, based on specified criteria.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)

**Position**  
Priority

**Priority**  
Priority 1

**Subject**  
Building Permits/Standards
Current Text: Amended: 8/24/2020  html, pdf
Introduced: 2/12/2020
Last Amend: 8/24/2020
Status: 8/20/2020-VOTE: Do pass as amended. (PASS)(Text Published 8/21/2020)
Location: 8/18/2020-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Summary: CEQA requires a lead agency to prepare a mitigated negative declaration for a project that may have a significant effect on the environment if revisions in the project would avoid or mitigate that effect and there is no substantial evidence that the project, as revised, would have a significant effect on the environment. CEQA authorizes the preparation of a master EIR and authorizes the use of the master EIR to limit the environmental review of subsequent projects that are described in the master EIR, as specified. This bill would require a lead agency to prepare a master EIR for a general plan, plan amendment, plan element, or specified plan for housing projects where the state has provided funding for the preparation of the master EIR.

SB 1079  (Skinner D) Residential property: foreclosure.
Current Text: Amended: 8/10/2020  html, pdf
Introduced: 2/19/2020
Last Amend: 8/10/2020
Status: 8/13/2020-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.
Location: 8/13/2020-A. THIRD READING

Summary: Current law prescribes various requirements to be satisfied before the exercise of a power of sale under a mortgage or deed of trust and prescribes a procedure for the exercise of that power. If the deed of trust or mortgage containing a power of sale is secured by real property containing from 1 to 4 single-family residences, existing law requires the notice of sale to contain specified notices to potential bidders and to the property owner in substantially prescribed language. This bill, until January 1, 2026, would require the notice of sale also to contain a specified notice to a tenant regarding the tenant's potential right to purchase a property containing from 1 to 4 single-family residences pursuant to a process the bill would prescribe. In connection with these properties, the bill would also require a trustee to maintain an internet website and a telephone number to provide specified information on the properties that is free of charge and available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

SB 1120  (Atkins D) Subdivisions: tentative maps.
Current Text: Amended: 8/12/2020  html, pdf
Introduced: 2/19/2020
Last Amend: 8/12/2020
Location: 8/18/2020-A. SECOND READING

Summary: Would, among other things, require a proposed housing development containing 2 residential units within a single-family residential zone to be considered ministerially, without discretionary review or hearing, if the proposed housing development meets certain requirements, including, but not limited to, that the proposed housing development would not require demolition or alteration of housing that is subject to a recorded covenant, ordinance, or law that restricts rents to levels affordable to persons and families of moderate, low, or very low income, that the proposed housing development does not allow for the demolition of more than 25% of the existing exterior
structural walls, except as provided, and that the development is not located within a historic district, is not included on the State Historic Resources Inventory, or is not within a site that is legally designated or listed as a city or county landmark or historic property or district.

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**Communications**

**AB 1366** *(Daly D)* Office of Emergency Services: coordination of communications.

*Current Text:* Amended: 4/6/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 2/22/2019

*Last Amend:* 4/6/2020

*Status:* 4/6/2020-From committee chair, with author’s amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on E., U. & C.

*Location:* 4/6/2020-S. E. U., & C.

**Summary:** Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services to develop a plan and timeline of target dates for the testing, implementation, and operation of a Next Generation 911 emergency communication system, including text to 911 service, throughout California. Current law requires the Next Generation 911 emergency communication system to incorporate certain elements, including public safety communications, as specified. The bill would expressly authorize the office to establish requirements for the Next Generation 911 emergency communication system, including the costs, services, and terms and conditions for contractors selected by the office to provide Next Generation 911 services. The bill would authorize the office to direct the Public Utilities Commission to implement the terms of service requirements for those contractors selected by the office to provide Next Generation 911 services.

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**AB 2421** *(Quirk D)* Land use: permitting: wireless communications: emergency standby generators.

*Current Text:* Amended: 7/31/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 2/19/2020

*Last Amend:* 7/31/2020

*Status:* 8/13/2020-From committee: Be ordered to second reading pursuant to Senate Rule 28.8.

*Location:* 8/13/2020-S. THIRD READING

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020  #125  SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

**Summary:** Would, until January 1, 2024, require local agencies to make the installation of an emergency standby generator to serve a macro cell tower site, as defined, that meets specified requirements a permitted use and require a local agency to review an application for installation on an administrative, nondiscretionary basis. The bill would specify procedures for the processing of permit applications by a local agency and would authorize a local agency to impose a fee to cover costs associated with administering the bill’s provisions. Because the bill would impose new duties on local agencies, it would impose a state-mandated local program.

**Organization**  FIRE (COVID)  **Position**  Support  **Priority**  Priority 1  **Subject**  Communications

**Attachments:**

**SB 431** *(McGuire D)* Telecommunications service: backup electrical supply rules.

*Current Text:* Amended: 7/27/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 2/21/2019

*Last Amend:* 7/27/2020

*Status:* 8/20/2020-August 20 hearing: Held in committee and under submission.

*Location:* 8/18/2020-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Summary:** Current law requires the Public Utilities Commission to develop and implement performance
reliability standards for backup power systems installed on the property of residential and small commercial customers by a facilities-based provider of telephony services upon determining that the benefits of the standards exceed the costs. This bill would require the commission, in consultation with the Office of Emergency Services and the telecommunications industry, by July 1, 2021, to develop and implement backup electrical supply rules, as specified, for telecommunications service, as defined, that is provided within a commission-designated Tier 2 or Tier 3 High Fire Threat District.

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Attachments:
SB 431 (McGuire) Telecommunications Fact Sheet

SB 794 (Jackson D) Emergency services: telecommunications.

Introduced: 1/6/2020
Last Amend: 7/27/2020
Status: 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. G.O. on 6/18/2020)
Location: 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

Summary: Current law authorizes each county, including a city and county, to enter into an agreement to access the contact information of resident accountholders through the records of a public utility or other agency responsible for water service, waste and recycling services, or other property-related services for the sole purpose of enrolling county residents in a county-operated public emergency warning system. Current law requires any county that enters into such an agreement to include procedures to enable any resident to opt out of the warning system and a process to terminate the receiving agency’s access to the resident’s contact information. Current law prohibits the use of the information gathered for any purpose other than for emergency notification. This bill would expand these provisions to authorize a city to enter into an agreement to access the contact information of resident accountholders through the records of a public utility, as specified.

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<td>FIRE (COVID)</td>
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<td>Communications</td>
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SB 1069 (Jackson D) Telecommunications: emergencies and natural disasters: critical communications infrastructure.

Introduced: 2/18/2020
Last Amend: 6/2/2020
Status: 6/19/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(8). (Last location was S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 6/9/2020)
Location: 6/19/2020-S. DEAD

Summary: Current law requires a provider of telecommunications services, as defined, that provides access to 911 service to notify the Office of Emergency Services, as provided, whenever a community isolation outage limiting the provider’s customers’ ability to make 911 calls or receive emergency notifications occurs within 60 minutes of discovering the outage. Current law makes the office responsible for notifying any applicable county office of emergency services, the sheriff of any county, and any public safety answering point affected by the outage. Current law requires the telecommunications service provider to notify the office of the estimated time to repair the outage and when service is restored. This bill would additionally require a telecommunications service provider to notify the office of critical telecommunications infrastructure out of service or experiencing functionality failures that would prevent the transmission of an emergency notification or 911 call and the estimated range of any mobile telephony service base transceiver station towers identified as damaged or experiencing functionality failures.

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Disaster Relief

SB 1431 (Glazer D) Property taxation: reassessment: disaster relief.
Summary: Current property tax law requires, for property to be eligible for reassessment under specified provisions, that damage or destruction be caused by one of 3 specified occurrences, including a major misfortune or calamity in an area or region subsequently proclaimed by the Governor to be in a state of disaster if the property was damaged or destroyed by the misfortune or calamity that caused the Governor to proclaim the region to be in a state of disaster. Current property tax law generally requires that an application for reassessment be filed within the later of the time specified in the county’s ordinance or within 12 months of the misfortune or calamity and be executed under penalty of perjury. This bill would expand these provisions to include damage to or destruction of property due to a misfortune or calamity in an area or region subsequently proclaimed by the Governor to be in a state of emergency if the property was damaged or destroyed by the misfortune or calamity that caused the Governor to proclaim the area to be in a state of emergency.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Watch  Priority 1  Disaster Relief

SCA 2

(Galgiani D) The Home Protection for Seniors, Severely Disabled, Families, and Victims of Wildfire or Natural Disasters Act.

Summary: Would, beginning on and after April 1, 2021, would authorize an owner of a primary residence who is over 55 years of age, severely disabled, or a victim of a wildfire or natural disaster, as defined, to transfer the taxable value, defined as the base year value plus inflation adjustments, of their primary residence to a replacement primary residence located anywhere in the state, regardless of the location or value of the replacement primary residence, that is purchased or newly constructed as that person’s principal residence within 2 years of the sale of the original primary residence.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Watch  Priority 1  Disaster Relief

Drones/Unmanned Aircraft

AB 1190

(Irwin D) Unmanned aircraft: state and local regulation: limitations.

Summary: Would, among other things, prohibit a state or local agency from adopting any law or regulation that bans the operation of an unmanned aircraft system. The bill would also authorize a local agency to adopt regulations to enforce FAA regulations regarding the operation of unmanned aircraft systems and would authorize local agencies to regulate the operation of unmanned aircraft and unmanned aircraft systems within their jurisdictions, as specified. The bill would also authorize a local agency to require an unmanned aircraft operator to provide proof of federal, state, or local registration to licensing or enforcement officials.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Watch  Priority 1  Drones/Unmanned Aircraft

Attachments:
AB 1190 (Irwin) Drone Regulation - Fact Sheet
### Summary

Would require, except as specified, the operator of an unmanned aircraft system involved in an accident resulting in injury to an individual or damage to property to immediately land the unmanned aircraft at the nearest location that will not jeopardize the safety of others and to provide certain information to the injured individual or the owner or person in charge of the damaged property, or place that information in a conspicuous place on the damaged property.

### Organization

**FIRE (COVID)**

### Position

- Watch

### Priority

- Priority 1

### Subject

- Drones/Unmanned Aircraft

### Notes


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### Emergency Medical Services

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### AB 1544

**Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/30/2019  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/22/2019

**Last Amend:** 8/30/2019

**Status:** 9/15/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/10/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)

**Location:** 9/15/2019-S. 2 YEAR

- Desktop: Policy
- Fiscal: 2 year
- Floor: 1st House
- 2nd House

**Summary:** Would establish within the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act until January 1, 2030, the Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act of 2019. The bill would authorize a local EMS agency to develop a community paramedicine or triage to alternate destination program, as defined, to provide specified community paramedicine services. The bill would require the authority to develop regulations to establish minimum standards for a program and would further require the Commission on Emergency Medical Services to review and approve those regulations.

**Organization**

- FIRE (COVID)

**Position**

- Co-Sponsor/Support

**Priority**

- Priority 1

**Subject**

- Emergency Medical Services

### Attachments:

- [AB 1544 (Gipson) Fact Sheet](#)

### Notes:

- 7/24/2019-AB 1544 (Gipson) CFCA-FDAC Support Letter Senate Appropriations
- 6/20/2019-AB 1544 (Gipson) CFCA-FDAC Support Letter Senate Health

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### AB 2092

**Emergency ambulance employees: subsidized protective gear.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/16/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/5/2020

**Last Amend:** 7/16/2020

**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (August 20). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING

- Desktop: Fiscal
- Floor: 1st House
- 2nd House

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020 #179 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

**Summary:** Would require an emergency ambulance provider to establish a voluntary personal
protective equipment (PPE) program that allows for the purchase of subsidized multithreat body protective gear that is bullet, strike, slash, and stab resistant by an emergency ambulance employee pursuant to an employer-funded stipend, and authorize an employee to voluntarily participate in a PPE program and to wear the PPE while on duty. The bill would require a provider to inform an employee of the opportunity to purchase subsidized multithreat body protective gear through a PPE program.

**AB 2450**  
**(Grayson D)**  
Air ambulance services.  
Current Text: Amended: 6/10/2020  
Introduced: 2/19/2020  
Last Amend: 6/10/2020  
Location: 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING  
Calendar: 8/24/2020  #211  SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE  
Summary: Current law imposes a penalty of $4 until July 1, 2020, upon every conviction for a violation of the Vehicle Code or a local ordinance adopted pursuant to the Vehicle Code, other than a parking offense. The act requires the county or court that imposed the fine to transfer the revenues collected to the Treasurer for deposit into the Emergency Medical Air Transportation and Children's Coverage Fund. Current law requires the assessed penalty to continue to be collected, administered, and distributed until exhausted or until December 31, 2021, whichever occurs first. Existing law repeals these provisions July 1, 2022. This bill would extend the imposition of the above-described penalty by 1 year and would instead make those provisions inoperative on July 1, 2024, and repeal them on January 1, 2025.

**AB 291**  
**(Chu D)**  
Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund.  
Current Text: Amended: 1/23/2020  
Introduced: 1/28/2019  
Last Amend: 1/23/2020  
Status: 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. G.O. on 6/23/2020)  
Location: 8/18/2020-S. DEAD  
Summary: Would establish a Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund to, upon appropriation by the Legislature, support staffing, planning, and other emergency mitigation priorities to help local governments meet emergency management, preparedness, readiness, and resilience goals. The bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to establish the Local Emergency Preparedness and Hazard Mitigation Fund Committee under the Standardized Emergency Management System Advisory Board.

**AB 1299**  
**(Salas D)**  
Peace officers: employment.  
Current Text: Amended: 8/6/2020  
Introduced: 2/22/2019  
Last Amend: 8/6/2020  
Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING

**AB 1837** (Smith D) School safety: emergency response team.

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/4/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/6/2020

**Last Amend:** 6/4/2020

**Status:** 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. ED. on 7/1/2020)

**Location:** 8/18/2020-S. DEAD

**Summary:** Current law requires school districts and county offices of education to be responsible for the overall development of a comprehensive school safety plan for its schools operating kindergarten or any of grades 1 to 12, inclusive. This bill would require the Superintendent of Public Instruction, subject to an appropriation, to establish an emergency response team in the State Department of Education to serve as a liaison and provide guidance and support to school districts, county offices of education, and charter schools, as provided. The bill would require the emergency response team to guide the process for, and facilitate expedited processing of, requests for allowance of attendance due to specified emergency conditions, and to coordinate with the State Department of Public Health and other federal, state, and local agencies, as applicable.

**Organization**  |  **Position**  |  **Priority**  |  **Subject**  
---|---|---|---
FIRE (COVID) | Support |  | Emergency Planning |

**AB 2076** (Bigelow R) Public lands: Department of Parks and Recreation: wildfire prevention strategy: fire hazard severity zones.

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/4/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/5/2020

**Last Amend:** 6/4/2020

**Status:** 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. N.R. & W. on 6/23/2020)

**Location:** 8/18/2020-S. DEAD

**Summary:** Would require, on or before January 1, 2024, the Director of Parks and Recreation to develop and implement a wildfire prevention strategy for all property that is partially or wholly under the jurisdiction of the Department of Parks and Recreation that is located within a high or a very high fire hazard severity zone, as provided. The bill would require the wildfire prevention strategy to outline the department's fire prevention goals and future projects for prescribed fire, defensible space, fire resilient restoration projects, and the fire hardening of the department's structures, as provided, among other things. The bill would require the department to post the wildfire prevention strategy on its internet website, as provided.

**Organization**  |  **Position**  |  **Priority**  |  **Subject**  
---|---|---|---
FIRE (COVID) | Support | Priority 1 | Emergency Planning |

**AB 2167** (Daly D) Residential property insurance: high fire risk areas: study.
Summary: The Insurance Rate Reduction and Reform Act of 1988, an initiative measure enacted by Proposition 103, as approved by the voters at the November 8, 1988, statewide general election, prohibits specified insurance rates from being approved or remaining in effect that are excessive, inadequate, unfairly discriminatory, or otherwise in violation of the act. The act requires an insurer that wishes to change a rate to file a complete rate application with the Insurance Commissioner, as specified. This bill would require the commissioner to investigate, study, and prepare a report that addresses specific issues relating to ratemaking for residential property insurance policies in high fire risk areas.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
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FIRE (COVID) | Support | Priority 1 | Emergency Planning

Summary: Current law defines the terms “state of emergency” and “local emergency” to mean a duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the state caused by, among other things, fire, storm, or riot. This bill would additionally include a deenergization, defined as a planned public safety power shutoff, as specified, within those conditions constituting a state of emergency and a local emergency.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
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FIRE (COVID) | Support | Priority 1 | Emergency Planning

Summary: Current law establishes the Office of Emergency Services (OES) within the office of the Governor and requires the OES, among other duties, to develop model guidelines for local governmental agencies and community-based organizations planning to develop a disaster registry program. This bill would require the OES, in coordination with California Volunteers, to develop model guidelines for local governments, operational areas, and nonprofit, community-based, faith-based, and private sector organizations active in disasters to identify and track community resources, as defined, that could assist in responding to or recovering from local, tribal, regional, national, or international disasters, as specified. The bill would require the OES to publish and distribute the initial model guidelines by May 1, 2022, and to update and distribute the guidelines annually thereafter.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | --- | ---
FIRE (COVID) | Watch | Priority 1 | Emergency Planning
The California Clean Truck, Bus, and Off-Road Vehicle and Equipment Technology Program, upon appropriation from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund, funds zero- and near-zero-emission truck, bus, and off-road vehicle and equipment technologies and related projects. The program provides that projects eligible for funding include, among others, technology development, demonstration, precommercial pilots, and early commercial deployments of zero- and near-zero-emission medium- and heavy-duty truck technology, and requires, until December 31, 2020, no less than 20% of funding made available for that purpose to support early commercial deployment of existing zero- and near-zero-emission heavy-duty truck technology. This bill would extend the requirement that 20% of that funding be made available for that same purpose until December 31, 2021.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
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FIRE (COVID) | Priority 1 | Emergency Planning

AB 2386 (Bigelow R) Office of Emergency Services: disaster council plans.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2020 [html][pdf]
Introduced: 2/18/2020
Status: 8/20/2020-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.
Location: 8/19/2020-S. CONSENT CALENDAR

Summary: Current law authorizes cities, cities and counties, and counties to create disaster councils, by ordinance, to develop plans for meeting any condition constituting a local emergency or state of emergency, including, but not limited to, earthquakes, natural or manmade disasters specific to that jurisdiction, or state of war emergency. The law requires a disaster council to supply a copy of those plans to the Office of Emergency Services. This bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to annually review 10 plans described above to determine if the plans substantially conform to or exceed specified recommendations made by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The bill would require the office to prioritize in its review a plan submitted from a county determined to be at a high risk of wildfire disaster.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | --- | ---
FIRE (COVID) | Priority 1 | Emergency Planning

AB 2968 (Rodriguez D) County emergency plans: best practices.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/21/2020 [html][pdf]
Introduced: 2/21/2020
Status: 8/20/2020-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.
Location: 8/19/2020-S. CONSENT CALENDAR

Summary: Would require the Office of Emergency Services to, by January 1, 2022, establish best practices for counties developing and updating a county emergency plan. The bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to annually review 10 plans described above to determine if the plans substantially conform to or exceed specified recommendations made by the Federal Emergency Management Agency. The bill would require the office to prioritize in its review a plan submitted from a county determined to be at a high risk of wildfire disaster.

Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
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FIRE (COVID) | Priority 1 | Emergency Planning

SB 169 (Jackson D) Pipeline safety: records.
Introduced: 1/28/2019
**Status:** 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was G.O. on 5/30/2019)

**Location:** 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

### Summary:
The Elder California Pipeline Safety Act of 1981 requires the State Fire Marshal to administer provisions regulating the inspection of intrastate pipelines that transport hazardous liquids. The act requires a pipeline operator to make available to the State Fire Marshal, or any officers or employees authorized by the State Fire Marshal, upon presentation of appropriate credentials, any records, maps, or written procedures that are required by the act to be kept by the pipeline operator and which concern accident reporting, design, construction, testing, or operation and maintenance. This bill would revise and recast specified provisions and would authorize the State Fire Marshal, for purposes of carrying out the requirements of state or federal law relating to hazardous liquid pipeline safety, to require the owner or operator of a pipeline to establish and maintain records, make reports, and provide any information that the State Fire Marshal reasonably requires, as provided.

### Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
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FIRE (COVID) | Watch | Priority 1 | Emergency (COVID)

### Attachments:
*SB 169 (Jackson) Fact Sheet 3.4.19*

### SB 182
**Local government: planning and zoning: wildfires.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 9/6/2019  html  pdf

**Introduced:** 1/29/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/6/2019

**Status:** 9/15/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was DESK on 9/13/2019)

**Notes:** 4/12/2019-Everyone needs to closely review this bill - very compresive review needed

### Summary:
Current law requires the planning agency to review and, if necessary, revise the safety element upon each revision of the housing element or local hazard mitigation plan, but not less than once every 8 years to identify new information relating to flood and fire hazards and climate adaptation and resiliency strategies applicable to the city or county that was not available during the previous revision of the safety element. Current law requires that the Office of Planning and Research, among other things, coordinate with appropriate entities, including state, regional, or local agencies, to establish a clearinghouse for climate adaptation information for use by state, regional, and local entities, as provided. This bill would require the safety element, upon the next revision of the housing element or the hazard mitigation plan, on or after January 1, 2020, whichever occurs first, to be reviewed and updated as necessary to include a comprehensive retrofit strategy to reduce the risk of property loss and damage during wildfires, as specified, and would require the planning agency to submit the adopted strategy to the Office of Planning and Research for inclusion into the above-described clearinghouse.

### Organization | Position | Priority | Subject
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FIRE (COVID) | Under Review | Priority 1 | Emergency Planning

### Attachments:
*SB 182 (Jackson) Fact Sheet 4.5.19*

### SB 292
**Wildfire risk modeling and mitigation.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/4/2020  html  pdf

**Introduced:** 2/14/2019

**Last Amend:** 5/4/2020

**Status:** 8/20/2020-VOTE: Do pass as amended. (PASS)

**Location:** 8/18/2020-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

### Summary:
Under current law, the California FAIR Plan Association is a joint reinsurance association in which all insurers licensed to write basic property insurance participate in administering a program for the equitable apportionment of basic property insurance for persons who are unable to obtain that coverage through normal channels. This bill would require the association, on or before January 31 and July 31 of each year, to submit a report to the commissioner that lists certain counties, according to specified population thresholds, in which the number of new residential property insurance policies issued by the FAIR Plan during the prior 6 months equals a certain percentage of the number of single family residences in that county.
### SB 378
**(Wiener D)**  
**Subject:** Probation: eligibility: crimes relating to controlled substances.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 7/27/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2019  
**Last Amend:** 7/27/2020  
**Status:** 7/27/2020-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on U. & E. Re-referred to Com. on RLS. pursuant to Assembly Rule 96.  
**Location:** 7/27/2020-A. RLS.  
**Summary:** Current law prohibits granting probation or suspending a sentence for persons convicted of specified crimes relating to controlled substances, including possessing or agreeing to sell or transport opiates or opium derivatives, possessing or transporting cannabis, planting or cultivating peyote, and various crimes relating to forging or altering prescriptions, among other crimes, if the person has previously been convicted of any one of specified felony offenses relating to controlled substances. Current law also prohibits granting probation or suspending a sentence for persons convicted of specified crimes relating to controlled substances, including possessing for sale or selling 14.25 grams or more of a substance containing heroin and possessing for sale 14.25 grams or more of any salt or solution of phencyclidine or its analogs, among other crimes. This bill would delete various crimes relating to controlled substances, including, but not limited to, the crimes described above, from those prohibitions against granting probation or a suspended sentence.

### SB 474
**(Stern D)**  
**Subject:** Very high fire hazard severity zone: state responsibility area: development prohibition.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 6/19/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2019  
**Last Amend:** 6/19/2020  
**Status:** 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. L. GOV. on 6/29/2020)  
**Location:** 8/14/2020-A. DEAD  
**Summary:** Would, in furtherance of specified state housing production and wildfire mitigation goals, prohibit the creation or approval of a new development, as defined, in a very high fire hazard severity zone or a state responsibility area. By imposing new duties on local governments with respect to the approval of new developments in very high fire hazard severity zones and state responsibility areas, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would include findings that changes proposed by this bill address a matter of statewide concern rather than a municipal affair and, therefore, apply to all cities, including charter cities.

### SB 548
**(Hill D)**  
**Subject:** Electricity: transmission facilities: inspection.  
**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/22/2019  
**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Status:** 9/15/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/6/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)  
**Location:** 9/15/2019-A. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** Would require the Public Utilities Commission to adopt a new, or amend an existing, general order to establish a schedule of inspection by electrical corporations of their transmission facilities.
SB 668  

**(Rubio D)** Fire hydrants: water suppliers: regulations.  
Current Text: Amended: 9/6/2019  
Introduced: 2/22/2019  
Last Amend: 9/6/2019  
Status: 9/15/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/12/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)  
Location: 9/15/2019-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Existing law requires a public water system with 10,000 or more service connections to undertake specified actions, including, among other things, to review and revise its disaster preparedness plan to ensure that it is sufficient to address possible disaster scenarios and, following a declared state of emergency, to furnish an assessment of its emergency response within 6 months thereafter and implement related recommendations in a timely manner. Existing law also requires the Office of Emergency Services to establish emergency response and recovery plans in coordination with public water systems. This bill would instead require an urban water supplier, as defined, to review and revise its emergency response plan as required by federal law. The bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to establish emergency response and recovery plans in coordination with urban water suppliers. Because the bill would require local agencies to perform additional duties, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

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**SB 801**  

Current Text: Amended: 7/27/2020  
Introduced: 1/7/2020  
Last Amend: 7/27/2020  
Status: 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. U. & E. on 6/29/2020)  
Location: 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

**Summary:** Would require an electrical corporation to deploy backup electrical resources for the operation of the customer’s qualifying medical device or provide financial assistance for backup electrical resources to a customer receiving a medical baseline allowance if the customer meets those conditions and the additional condition that the customer is located in a high fire threat district. The bill would require an electrical corporation to develop its program to provide backup electrical resources or financial assistance in consultation with community disability rights groups or other local disability rights advocates.

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**SB 862**  

**(Dodd D)** Planned power outage: public safety.  
Current Text: Amended: 5/20/2020  
Introduced: 1/16/2020  
Last Amend: 5/20/2020  
Status: 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. U. & E. on 6/29/2020)  
Location: 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

**Summary:** Current law defines the terms “state of emergency” and “local emergency” to mean a duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the state caused by, among other things, fire, storm, or riot. This bill would additionally include a deenergization event, as defined, within a sudden and severe energy shortage constituting a state of emergency and a local emergency.

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SB 884  
**Dodd D**  
*Education finance: emergencies: public safety power shutoffs.*

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/18/2020  
**Introduced:** 1/23/2020  
**Last Amended:** 6/18/2020  
**Status:** 8/20/2020-August 20 hearing: Held in committee and under submission.

**Location:** 8/18/2020-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Summary:** If the average daily attendance of a school district, county office of education, or charter school has been materially decreased during a fiscal year because of a specified emergency, current law requires the Superintendent of Public Instruction to estimate the average daily attendance in a manner that credits to the school district, county office of education, or charter school approximately the total average daily attendance that would have been credited to the school district, county office of education, or charter school had the emergency not occurred. This bill would add public safety power shutoffs to the list of emergencies for which the above-described provisions apply.

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SB 909  
**Dodd D**  
*Emergency vehicles.*

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/27/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/3/2020  
**Last Amended:** 7/27/2020  
**Status:** 8/12/2020-Read second time. Ordered to consent calendar.

**Location:** 8/10/2020-A. CONSENT CALENDAR

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020 #119 ASSEMBLY CONSENT CALENDAR 2ND DAY-SENATE BILLS

**Summary:** Current law prohibits any vehicle, other than an authorized emergency vehicle, from being equipped with a siren. Current law requires an emergency vehicle to be equipped with a siren that meets requirements set forth by the Department of the California Highway Patrol. This bill would authorize an emergency vehicle to be equipped with a "Hi-Lo" audible warning sound and would authorize the "Hi-Lo" to be used solely for the purpose of notifying the public of an immediate need to evacuate.

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**Attachments:**  
SB 909 (Dodd) Fact Sheet

SB 952  
**Nielsen R**  
*Sales and use taxes: exemption: backup electrical generators: deenergization events.*

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/29/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/10/2020  
**Last Amended:** 5/29/2020  
**Status:** 6/29/2020-Referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.

**Location:** 6/29/2020-A. REV. & TAX

**Summary:** Current state sales and use tax laws impose a tax on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state. This bill, on and after January 1, 2021, and before January 1, 2026, would provide an exemption from those taxes with respect to the sale of, or the storage, use, or consumption of, a backup electrical resource, generator as defined, if that backup electrical generator is purchased for use exclusively in powering a critical facility, as defined, by a city, county, city and county, special district, or other political subdivision during deenergization events, as defined, and the purchaser provides to the seller a written statement with regard to these facts.

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SB 1264  
**Committee on Human Services**  
*Human services.*
Introduced: 2/21/2020
Last Amend: 7/27/2020
Status: 8/19/2020-Read second time. Ordered to consent calendar.
Location: 8/18/2020-A. CONSENT CALENDAR

Calendar: 8/24/2020  #150  ASSEMBLY CONSENT CALENDAR 2ND DAY-SENATE BILLS

Summary: Current law requires a residential care facility for the elderly to have an emergency and disaster plan that includes specified components, including evacuation procedures. Current law requires the facility to train employees on the plan, conduct emergency drills at least quarterly, review and update the plan, and make the plan available to certain individuals upon request. Current law also requires the facility to have specified information readily available to staff during an emergency and to have specified emergency precautions in place. This bill would make the emergency and disaster preparedness provisions that are applicable to a residential care facility for the elderly, as described above, applicable to adult residential facilities and certain types of a children’s residential facility licensed under the California Community Care Facilities Act and to a residential care facility for persons with chronic life-threatening illness. The bill would also require an adult day program licensed under the California Community Care Facilities Act to have an emergency and disaster plan with specified components including, among others, the location of all utility shut-off valves and instructions for use.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Support  Priority 1  Emergency Planning


Introduced: 2/21/2020
Last Amend: 6/2/2020
Status: 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. U. & E. on 6/29/2020)
Location: 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

Summary: Would require the Public Utilities Commission to revise Electric Tariff Rule 20 to additionally authorize and fund, whenever feasible, the undergrounding of electrical infrastructure within certain commission-designated high fire-threat areas for purposes of wildfire mitigation.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Support  Priority 1  Emergency Planning

Attachments: Emergency Response

AB 2054  (Kamlager D)  Emergency services: community response: grant program.

Introduced: 2/3/2020
Last Amend: 8/3/2020
Location: 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING

Calendar: 8/24/2020  #177  SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

Summary: Would, until January 1, 2024, enact the Community Response Initiative to Strengthen Emergency Systems Act or the C.R.I.S.E.S. Act for the purpose of creating, implementing, and evaluating the C.R.I.S.E.S. Act Grant Pilot Program, which the act would establish. The bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to establish rules and regulations for the act with the goal of making grants to community organizations, over 3 years, for the purpose of expanding the participation of community organizations in emergency response for specified vulnerable populations. The bill would require that grantees receive a minimum award of $250,000 per year.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Support  Priority 1  Emergency Planning
SB 1044  (Allen D)  Firefighting equipment and foam: PFAS chemicals.
Current Text: Amended: 8/24/2020  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/18/2020
Last Amend: 8/24/2020
Status: 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass as amended. (Ayes 18. Noes 0.) (August 20). (Text Published 8/21/2020)
Location: 8/18/2020-A. SECOND READING
Desk Policy Fiscal Floor  Desk Policy Fiscal Floor  Conf. Conc. Enrolled Vetoed Chaptered
1st House 2nd House
Calendar: 8/24/2020  #50  ASSEMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- SENATE BILLS
Summary: Would, commencing January 1, 2022, require any person, as defined, including a manufacturer, as defined, that sells firefighter personal protective equipment to any person to provide a written notice to the purchaser at the time of sale if the firefighter personal protective equipment contains intentionally added perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). The bill would require the seller and the purchaser to retain a copy of the written notice on file for at least 3 years and to furnish the notice and associated sales documentation to the State Fire Marshal within 60 days upon request, as provided.
Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Co-  Priority 1  Emergency
Sponsor/Support (COVID)  Response
Attachments:

Emergency Services

AB 1945  (Salas D)  Emergency services: first responders.
Introduced: 1/17/2020
Last Amend: 6/29/2020
Location: 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING
Desk Policy Fiscal Floor  Desk Policy Fiscal Floor  Conf. Conc. Enrolled Vetoed Chaptered
1st House 2nd House
Calendar: 8/24/2020  #201  SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE
Summary: Would, for purposes of the California Emergency Services Act, define “first responder” as an employee of the state or a local public agency who provides emergency response services, including a peace officer, firefighter, paramedic, emergency medical technician, public safety dispatcher, or public safety telecommunicator.
Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Neutral  Priority 1  Emergency
(co)-Support (COVID)  Services
Attachments:  AB 1945 (Salas) Fact Sheet

Current Text: Amended: 7/7/2020  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/3/2020
Last Amend: 7/7/2020
Status: 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was S. G.O. on 6/23/2020)
Location: 8/18/2020-S. DEAD
Desk Policy Fiscal Floor  Desk Dead Fiscal Floor  Conf. Conc. Enrolled Vetoed Chaptered
1st House 2nd House
Summary: Would require a county, as part of its update of its emergency plan, to address the Alzheimer’s disease and dementia population by addressing how the Alzheimer’s disease and dementia population is served by the following: emergency communications, including direct communications to those who may, due to their condition, be unable to follow emergency guidelines, and emergency stay-at-home orders, including dissemination of specified information. By increasing the duties of local officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.
Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
Employment Issues

**AB 196**  
**Gonzalez D**  
**Workers’ compensation: COVID-19: essential occupations and industries.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/5/2020  
**Introduced:** 1/10/2019  
**Last Amend:** 5/5/2020  
**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (August 20). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.  
**Location:** 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING  

Would define “injury,” for certain employees who are employed in an occupation or industry deemed essential in the Governor’s Executive Order of March 19, 2020 (Executive Order N-33-20), except as specified, or who are subsequently deemed essential, to include coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) that develops or manifests itself during a period of employment of those persons in the essential occupation or industry. The bill would apply to injuries occurring on or after March 1, 2020, would create a conclusive presumption, as specified, that the injury arose out of and in the course of the employment, and would extend that presumption following termination of service for a period of 90 days, commencing with the last date actually worked.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  

**Priority**  
Priority 1  

**Subject**  
Employment Issues

**Attachments:**  
**AB 196 (Gonzalez) Fact Sheet**

**Notes:** 3/9/2019-Coordinate with League of Cities.

**AB 418**  
**Kalra D**  
**Evidentiary privileges: union agent–represented worker privilege.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/21/2019  
**Introduced:** 2/7/2019  
**Last Amend:** 6/21/2019  
**Status:** 9/15/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 9/12/2019)(May be acted upon Jan 2020)  
**Location:** 9/15/2019-S. 2 YEAR  

Would establish a privilege between a union agent, as defined, and a represented employee or represented former employee to refuse to disclose any confidential communication between the employee or former employee and the union agent made while the union agent was acting in the union agent’s representative capacity, except as specified. The bill would permit a represented employee or represented former employee to prevent another person from disclosing a privileged communication, except as specified.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  

**Priority**  
Priority 1  

**Subject**  
Employment Issues

**Attachments:**  
**AB 418 (Kalra) Fact Sheet - Union Privilege 02.07.19 (002)**

**AB 664**  
**Cooper D**  
**Workers’ compensation: injury: communicable disease.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/31/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/15/2019  
**Last Amend:** 7/31/2020  
**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 5. Noes 0.) (August 20). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.  
**Location:** 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING  

Calendar: 8/24/2020 #168 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE  
**Summary:** Would define “injury,” for certain state and local firefighting personnel, peace officers,
certain hospital employees, and certain fire and rescue services coordinators who work for the Office of Emergency Services to include being exposed to or contracting, on or after January 1, 2020, a communicable disease, including COVID-19 that is the subject of a state public health emergency that is issued on or after January 1, 2020. The bill would create a disputable presumption, as specified, that the injury arose out of and in the course of the employment. The bill would require a claim to be presumed compensable, if not rejected within 30 days, as specified. The bill would apply to injuries that occurred prior to the declaration of the state of emergency. The bill would also exempt these provisions from the apportionment requirements.

**AB 685**


Current Text: Amended: 8/20/2020

Introduced: 2/15/2019

Last Amend: 8/20/2020


Location: 8/20/2020-S. SECOND READING

Summary: Would require a public or private employer to provide specified notifications to its employees, the Division of Occupational Safety and Health, and the State Department of Public Health, relating to the exposure of its employees to COVID-19 in the workplace, when the employer has been notified of the exposure, as specified. The bill would provide for a specified civil penalty for an employer that violates the notification requirements of these provisions.

**AB 932**

(Low D) Workers’ compensation: off-duty firefighters.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/20/2019

Introduced: 2/20/2019

Status: 8/18/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was L., P.E. & R. on 5/16/2019)

Location: 8/18/2020-S. DEAD

Summary: Current law grants workers’ compensation benefits to a firefighter, or the firefighter’s dependents, if the firefighter is injured, dies, or is disabled by proceeding to or engaging in a fire-suppression or rescue operation, or the protection of life or property, anywhere in California, but is not acting under the immediate supervision of the employer. This bill would expand the scope of this provision to apply when a firefighter engages in a fire-suppression or rescue operation, or the protection or preservation of life or property, outside of this state.

**AB 1107**

(Chu D) Proclaimed state emergencies: proclamations, materials, and announcements: translation.

Current Text: Amended: 8/7/2020

Introduced: 2/21/2019

Last Amend: 8/7/2020

Status: 8/20/2020-In committee: Held under submission.

Location: 8/19/2020-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Summary: Would require all proclamations, materials, and announcements made by the Governor or issued by a state agency related to a duly proclaimed state of emergency to be made available statewide in all the threshold languages spoken by LEP speakers. The bill would define the term
"threshold languages spoken by limited-English-proficient speakers" to mean all Medi-Cal threshold languages spoken by any threshold population group, without limitation to county-specific thresholds, that are determined by the State Department of Health Care Services pursuant to the above-described language assistance services provisions.

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**Attachments:** AB 1107 (Chu) Fact Sheet

**AB 1140** (Stone, Mark D) **Public Employees’ Retirement System: contracting agencies: consolidation.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/18/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/21/2019

**Last Amend:** 6/18/2020

**Status:** 8/14/2020-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 8/14/2020-S. THIRD READING

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020 #115 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

**Summary:** Under current law, when a contracting agency is succeeded by another agency, the successor agency may become a contracting agency of PERS. Existing law provides that if the successor agency contracts with PERS, the contract of the former agency shall merge with the contract of the succeeding agency. This bill would authorize a successor agency for the Central Fire Protection District and the Aptos/La Selva Fire Protection District to provide employees the defined benefit plan or formula that those employees received from their respective employer prior to the consolidation.

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**AB 1947** (Kalra D) **Employment violation complaints: requirements: time.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/17/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/17/2020

**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (August 20). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020 #175 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

**Summary:** Current law creates the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement, which is headed by the Labor Commissioner, and commits to it the general authority to enforce the requirements of the Labor Code. Current law generally authorizes people who believe that they have been discharged or otherwise discriminated against in violation of any law enforced by the Labor Commissioner to file a complaint with the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement within 6 months after the occurrence of the violation. Existing law generally requires the Labor Commissioner to commence actions to enforce labor standards within 3 years of their accrual, as specified. This bill would extend the period of time within which people may file complaints subject to the 6-month deadline, described above, to within one year after the occurrence of the violations.

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**Attachments:**

**AB 2017** (Mullin D) **Employee: sick leave: kin care.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/12/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/29/2020

**Last Amend:** 3/12/2020

**Status:** 8/14/2020-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.

**Location:** 8/13/2020-S. CONSENT CALENDAR

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020 #257 SENATE CONSENT CALENDAR SECOND LEGISLATIVE DAY

**Summary:** Current law requires an employer who provides sick leave for employees to permit an employee to use the employee’s accrued and available sick leave entitlement to attend to the illness of a family member and prohibits an employer from denying an employee the right to use sick leave or
taking specific discriminatory action against an employee for using, or attempting to exercise the right to use, sick leave to attend to such an illness. This bill would provide that the designation of the sick leave taken under these provisions is at the sole discretion of the employee.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
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FIRE (COVID) | | Priority 1 | Employment
(COVID) | | | Issues

**AB 2147**  
**Reyes D**  
Convictions: expungement: incarcerated individual hand crews.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 8/3/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/10/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/3/2020  
**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (August 20). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020 #182 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

**Summary:** Current law authorizes a court to allow a defendant sentenced to county jail for a felony to withdraw their plea of guilty or plea of no contest and enter a plea of not guilty, after the lapse of one or 2 years following the defendant’s completion of the sentence, provided that the defendant is not under supervision, and is not serving a sentence for, on probation for, or charged with the commission of any offense. Current law requires the defendant to be released from all penalties and disabilities resulting from the offense of which the defendant was convicted, except as specified. This bill would allow a defendant who successfully participated in the California Conservation Camp Program or a county incarcerated individual hand crew as an incarcerated individual hand crew member to petition to withdraw their plea of guilty or plea of nolo contendere and enter a plea of not guilty. The bill would make persons convicted of specified violent felonies and sex offenses ineligible for relief.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
--- | --- | --- | ---
FIRE (COVID) | | Priority 1 | Employment
(COVID) | | | Issues

**AB 2311**  
**Low D**  
Public contracts: skilled and trained workforce requirement: notice.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 7/8/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/14/2020  
**Last Amend:** 7/8/2020  
**Status:** 8/14/2020-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.

**Location:** 8/13/2020-S. CONSENT CALENDAR

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020 #264 SENATE CONSENT CALENDAR SECOND LEGISLATIVE DAY

**Summary:** Current law establishes requirements that apply when a public entity is required by statute or regulation to obtain an enforceable commitment that a bidder, contractor, or other entity will use a skilled and trained workforce to complete a contract or project. Current law also authorizes a public entity to require that a bidder, contractor, or other entity use a skilled and trained workforce to complete a contract or project. This bill would require a public entity, when the use of a skilled and trained workforce to complete a contract or project is required pursuant to existing law, to include in all bid documents and construction contracts a notice that the project is subject to the skilled and trained workforce requirement.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
--- | --- | --- | ---
FIRE (COVID) | | Priority 1 | Employment
(COVID) | | | Issues

**AB 2537**  
**Rodriguez D**  
Personal protective equipment: health care employees.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 8/20/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/19/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/20/2020  
**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Amend, and do pass as amended. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (August 20). Read second time and amended. Ordered returned to second reading.

**Location:** 8/20/2020-S. SECOND READING

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020 #53 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - SECOND READING FILE

**Summary:** Would require public and private employers of workers who provide direct patient care in a
hospital setting to supply those employees with the personal protective equipment necessary to comply with the regulations described above, as specified. The bill would also require an employer to ensure that the employees use the personal protective equipment supplied to them. The bill would further require that an employer in this context maintain a supply of unexpired personal protective equipment that is new and not previously worn or used in an amount equal to 6 months of normal consumption and to provide an inventory of its stockpile to the Division of Occupational Safety and Health upon request. The bill would authorize the assessment of a civil penalty of up to $25,000 for each violation to maintain the required stockpile.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  

**Position**  
Priority 1

**Priority**  
(COVID)

**Subject**  
Employment Issues

**AB 2655**  
**(Gipson D) Invasion of privacy: first responders.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/15/2020  
[html](#)  
[pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/20/2020  
**Last Amend:** 6/15/2020  
**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (August 20). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020  #214 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

**Summary:** Would make it a misdemeanor for a first responder, as defined, who responds to the scene of an accident or crime to capture the photographic image of a deceased person for any purpose other than an official law enforcement purpose or a genuine public interest. By creating a new crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would require an agency that employs first responders to, on January 1, 2021, notify those first responders of the prohibition imposed by the bill.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  

**Position**  
Priority 1

**Priority**  
(COVID)

**Subject**  
Employment Issues

**SB 731**  
**(Bradford D) Peace Officers: certification: civil rights.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/20/2020  
[html](#)  
[pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/22/2019  
**Last Amend:** 8/20/2020  
**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Referred to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 8/3/2020-A. RLS.

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020  #214 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

**Summary:** Would provide that a threat, intimidation, or coercion under the Tom Bane Civil Rights Act may be inherent in any interference with a civil right and would describe intentional acts for these purposes as an act in which the person acted with general intent or a conscious objective to engage in particular conduct.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  

**Position**  
Priority 1

**Priority**  
(COVID)

**Subject**  
Employment Issues

**SB 1159**  

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/12/2020  
[html](#)  
[pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/20/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/12/2020  
**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 14. Noes 4.) (August 20).

**Location:** 8/18/2020-A. SECOND READING

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020  #21 ASSEMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- SENATE BILLS

**Summary:** Would define "injury" for an employee to include illness or death resulting from the 2019 novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19) under specified circumstances, until January 1, 2024, for employees generally, and until July 1, 2024, for certain peace officers, firefighters, and health care workers, among others. The bill would create a disputable presumption, as specified, that the injury arose out of and in the course of the employment and is compensable, for specified dates of injury. The bill would limit the applicability of the presumption under certain circumstances. The bill would require an employee to exhaust their paid sick leave benefits and meet specified certification requirements.
before receiving any temporary disability benefits or, for police officers, firefighters, and other specified employees, a leave of absence.

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**SB 1173**  
*(Durazo D)*  
Public employment: labor relations: employee information.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 8/24/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/24/2020  
**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass as amended. (Ayes 11. Noes 7.) (August 20). (Text Published 8/21/2020)  
**Location:** 8/11/2020-A. SECOND READING  
**Calendar:** 8/24/2020 #58 ASSEMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- SENATE BILLS  
**Summary:** Current law, including the Meyers-Milias-Brown Act, the Ralph C. Dills Act, the Trial Court Employment Protection and Governance Act, the Trial Court Interpreter Employment and Labor Relations Act, and the Los Angeles County Metropolitan Transportation Authority Transit Employer-Employee Relations Act, provisions commonly referred to as the Educational Employment Relations Act, and the Higher Education Employer-Employee Relations Act, among others, regulates the labor relations of the state, the courts, and specified local public agencies and their employees. Current law requires these public employers to provide certain labor representatives with the names and home addresses of newly hired employees, as well as their job titles, departments, work locations, telephone numbers, and personal email addresses, within 30 days of hire or by the first pay period of the month following hire. Current law also requires the public employers to provide this information for all employees in a bargaining unit at least every 120 days, except as specified. This bill would generally authorize an exclusive representative to file a charge of an unfair labor practice with the Public Employment Relations Board, as specified, alleging a violation of the above-described requirements.  

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  
**Position**  
Watch  
**Priority**  
Priority 1  
**Subject**  
Employment Issues

**Attachments:**  
SB 1173 (Durazo) Fact Sheet

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**Energy**

**SB 350**  
*(Hill D)*  
**Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/1/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/19/2019  
**Last Amend:** 6/11/2020  
**Status:** 7/1/2020-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 27, Statutes of 2020.  
**Location:** 6/30/2020-S. CHAPTERED  
**Summary:** Would authorize the Public Utilities Commission to petition a court to appoint a receiver to assume possession of Pacific Gas and Electric Company’s property and to operate its electrical and gas systems if the commission determines in a proceeding that the appointment of a receiver is warranted pursuant to the processes or procedures set forth in a specified commission investigation. The bill would authorize a court to appoint such a receiver and would require the receiver to control and operate Pacific Gas and Electric Company upon such terms and conditions as the court prescribes.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  
**Position**  
**Priority**  
**Subject**  
Energy

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**Fire Insurance**

**AB 3012**  
*(Wood D)*  
Residential property insurance.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 8/5/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/21/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/5/2020
AB 2800

**Quirk D**  Climate change: state infrastructure planning: Climate-Safe Infrastructure Working Group.

- **Current Text:** Amended: 8/6/2020  
- **Introduced:** 2/20/2020  
- **Last Amend:** 8/6/2020  

AB 3074

**Friedman D**  Fire prevention: wildfire risk: defensible space: ember-resistant zones.

- **Current Text:** Amended: 8/7/2020  
- **Introduced:** 2/21/2020  
- **Last Amend:** 8/7/2020  
- **Status:** 8/20/2020-VOTE: Do pass as amended (PASS)  

Summary: Would require a notice of nonrenewal for a residential property insurance policy expiring on or after July 1, 2021, to be accompanied by a specified statement that includes an explanation of how the California Home Insurance Finder can help a person find a homeowners’ insurance policy and information about FAIR Plan policies. The bill would require the California FAIR Plan Association, on or before July 1, 2021, to develop and implement a clearinghouse program to help reduce the number of existing FAIR Plan policies and provide the opportunity for admitted insurers to offer homeowners’ insurance policies to FAIR Plan policyholders. The bill would require an insurer that participates in the clearinghouse program to sign an agreement that sets forth the terms and conditions for the insurer to offer homeowners insurance through the policy’s listed agent or broker of record.

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**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**  
---|---|---|---  
FIRE (COVID) | Support | Priority 1 | Fire Prevention  

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**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**  
---|---|---|---  
FIRE (COVID) | Support | Priority 1 | Fire Prevention  

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**AB 3164**  
*(Friedman D)*  
**Fire prevention: wildland-urban interface wildfire risk model: model use guidelines.**  
*Current Text:* Amended: 8/8/2020  
*Introduced:* 2/21/2020  
*Last Amend:* 8/8/2020  
*Status:* 8/20/2020-VOTE: Do pass as amended (PASS)  
*Location:* 8/17/2020-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE  

**Summary:** Would require the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, by July 1, 2022, to develop a wildland-urban interface wildfire risk model to determine the risk for a community or parcel within a local responsibility area or state responsibility area and guidelines for the proper use of the model, as provided. The bill would require the department to establish, and consult with, an advisory workgroup, with specified members, to develop the model. The bill would require the department to update the model and guidelines when fire hazard severity zones are revised.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  
**Position**  
Support  
**Priority**  
Priority 1  
**Priority**  
(COVID)  
**Subject**  
Fire Prevention

**Attachments:**  
AB 3164 (Friedman) Fact Sheet

**AB 3256**  
*(Garcia, Eduardo D)*  
**Economic Recovery, Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020.**  
*Current Text:* Amended: 6/4/2020  
*Introduced:* 2/21/2020  
*Last Amend:* 6/4/2020  
*Status:* 6/8/2020-Re-referred to Com. on RLS.  
*Location:* 6/3/2020-A. RLS.  

**Summary:** Would enact the Economic Recovery, Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of $6,980,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for an economic recovery, wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  
**Position**  
Watch  
**Priority**  
Priority 1  
**Priority**  
(COVID)  
**Subject**  
Fire Prevention

**Attachments:**  
AB 3256 (Friedman) Fact Sheet

**AB 3267**  
*(Smith D)*  
**Office of Emergency Services: State Emergency Plan.**  
*Current Text:* Amended: 3/16/2020  
*Introduced:* 2/21/2020  
*Last Amend:* 3/16/2020  
*Status:* 8/20/2020-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.  
*Location:* 8/19/2020-S. CONSENT CALENDAR  

**Summary:** The California Emergency Services Act, among other things, requires the Office of Emergency Services to update the State Emergency Plan on or before January 1, 2019, and every 5 years thereafter. The act also requires the office to complete an after-action report within 120 days after each declared disaster. This bill would require the office to coordinate with representatives of the access and functional needs population, as specified, when the office updates the State Emergency Plan. The bill would, instead, require the office to complete an after-action report within 180 days after each declared disaster.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)  
**Position**  
Watch  
**Priority**  
Priority 1  
**Priority**  
(COVID)  
**Subject**  
Fire Prevention

**Attachments:**
**SB 45**  

- **Current Text:** Amended: 1/23/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 12/3/2018
- **Last Amend:** 1/23/2020
- **Status:** 1/30/2020-In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.

**Location:** 1/29/2020-A. DESK

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**Summary:** Would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2020, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of $5,510,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)

**Position**  
Watch

**Priority**  
Priority 1

**Subject**  
Fire Prevention

**Attachments:**
- SB 45 (Allen) Fact Sheet 01232020
- SB 45 (Allen) Wildfire Drought and Flood Protection Bond Act Fact Sheet 120318

**SB 1156**  
(Archuleta D) Lithium-ion batteries: illegal disposal: fire prevention.

- **Current Text:** Amended: 8/24/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 2/20/2020
- **Last Amend:** 8/24/2020
- **Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass as amended. (Ayes 18. Noes 0.) (August 20). (Text Published 8/21/2020)

**Location:** 8/11/2020-A. SECOND READING

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**Calendar:** 8/24/2020  #57  ASSEMBLY SECOND READING FILE -- SENATE BILLS

**Summary:** Would prohibit a person from knowingly disposing of a lithium-ion battery in a container or receptacle that is intended for the collection of solid waste or recyclable materials, unless the container or receptacle is designated for the collection of batteries for recycling, as provided.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)

**Position**  
Watch

**Priority**  
Priority 1

**Subject**  
Fire Prevention

**SB 1199**  
(McGuire D) Commission on Home Hardening.

- **Current Text:** Amended: 7/27/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 2/20/2020
- **Last Amend:** 7/27/2020
- **Status:** 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. G.O. on 6/29/2020)

**Location:** 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

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**Summary:** Would establish the Commission on Home Hardening within the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency. The commission would be a 6-member body composed of, among others, the Insurance Commissioner, the State Fire Marshal, the Director of Housing and Community Development, and the Director of the Office of Emergency Services, or any of their respective designees. The bill would require the commission to develop a 3-tiered system of fire prevention levels for structures in a Wildland Urban Interface environment, as specified. The bill would require the commission to develop guidelines for certifying structures within the 3-tiered system by third-party inspectors and best practices for home hardening and wildfire mitigation for homeowners seeking certification.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)

**Position**  
Watch

**Priority**  
Priority 1

**Subject**  
Fire Prevention

**SB 1348**  

- **Current Text:** Amended: 8/24/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 2/21/2020

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/2/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/21/2020

**Last Amend:** 6/2/2020

**Status:** 8/14/2020-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(b)(13). (Last location was A. U. & E. on 6/18/2020)

**Location:** 8/14/2020-A. DEAD

**Summary:** Would require an electrical corporation’s wildfire mitigation plan to include a description of how the electrical corporation will develop sufficient numbers of experienced personnel necessary to complete the work described in the plan, as provided.

**Organization**  |  **Position**  |  **Priority**  |  **Subject**  
--- | --- | --- | ---  
FIRE (COVID)  |  Support  |  Priority 1  |  Fire Prevention  
(COVID)  

**Attachments:**

**Local Government**


**Current Text:** Amended: 6/17/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/6/2019

**Last Amend:** 6/17/2020

**Status:** 7/1/2020-Re-referred to Com. on GOV. & F.

**Location:** 7/1/2020-S. GOV. & F.

**Summary:** Current law imposes various taxes, including taxes on the privilege of engaging in certain activities. The Fee Collection Procedures Law, the violation of which is a crime, provides procedures for the collection of certain fees and surcharges. Current law establishes the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration in the Government Operations Agency to administer various statutory taxes and fees, as provided. Current law provides that the Controller shall superintend the fiscal concerns of the state. This bill would, on and after January 1, 2021, but before January 1, 2026, impose a tax on a large business, defined as a for-profit, private entity that has more than 500 employees that perform any part of their duties within the state, at the rate of $275 per employee. The bill would require the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration to administer the tax and collect the tax pursuant to the Fee Collection Procedures Law.

**Organization**  |  **Position**  |  **Priority**  |  **Subject**  
--- | --- | --- | ---  
FIRE (COVID)  |  |  |  Local Government  
(COVID)  

**AB 570** (Aguiar-Curry D) Communications: broadband services: California Advanced Services Fund.

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/11/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/14/2019

**Last Amend:** 8/11/2020

**Status:** 8/20/2020-VOTE: Do pass as amended (PASS)
Summary: Current law establishes the State Department of Education in state government, and vests the department with specified powers and duties relating to the state’s public school system. This bill would authorize local educational agencies to report to the department their pupils’ estimated needs for computing devices and internet connectivity adequate for at-home learning. The bill would require the department, in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission, to compile that information and to annually post that compiled information on the department’s internet website.

**AB 1253**  
*(Santiago D)*  
**Personal income taxes: additional tax.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/27/2020  
[Introduced: 2/21/2019](#)  
[Last Amend: 7/27/2020](#)  
[Status: 8/3/2020-In committee: Hearing for testimony only.](#)

**Location:** 7/27/2020-S. GOV. & F.

**Summary:** The Personal Income Tax Law and California Constitution imposes taxes based upon taxable income of individuals, estates, and trusts at specified rates. This bill, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, in addition to those taxes, would impose an additional tax of at the rates of 1%, 3%, and 3.5% on that portion of a taxpayer's taxable income over specified thresholds, as provided.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)

**Position**  
Watch

**Priority**  
Priority 1

**Subject**  
Local Government

**Attachments:**  
[AB 1253 (R. Rivas) LAFCOs grant program](#)

**Notes:** 3/9/2019-Coordinate with CSDA.

**AB 2013**  
*(Irwin D)*  
**Property taxation: new construction: damaged or destroyed property.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/7/2020  
[Introduced: 1/29/2020](#)  
[Last Amend: 8/7/2020](#)  
[Status: 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (August 20). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.](#)

**Location:** 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING

**Summary:** Would authorize the owner of property substantially damaged or destroyed by a disaster, as declared by the Governor, to apply the base year value of that property to replacement property reconstructed on the same site of the damaged or destroyed property within 5 years after the disaster if the reconstructed property is comparable to the substantially damaged or destroyed property, determined as provided. The bill would specify that property is substantially damaged or destroyed for these purposes if the improvements sustain physical damage amounting to more than 50% of the improvements’ full cash value immediately prior to the disaster.

**Organization**  
FIRE (COVID)

**Position**  
Watch

**Priority**  
Priority 1

**Subject**  
Local Government

**AB 2107**  
*(Rodriguez D)*  
**Local government: securitized limited obligation notes.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/6/2020  
[Introduced: 2/6/2020](#)  
[Status: 7/31/2020-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.](#)

**Location:** 7/31/2020-S. CONSENT CALENDAR

**Summary:** Current law, until December 31, 2019, authorizes a special district to issue, as specified,
This bill would authorize the State Water Resources Control Board to delegate partial responsibility for the California Safe Drinking Water Act's administration and enforcement by means of a local primacy delegation agreement. The bill would authorize the state board, for counties that have not been delegated primary responsibility as of January 1, 2021, to offer an opportunity for the county to apply for partial or primary responsibility if the state board determines that it needs assistance in performing administrative and enforcement activities, as specified. The bill would authorize the state board to approve the application for delegation if the state board determines that the local health officer is able to sufficiently perform the administrative and enforcement activities and would specify that a local primacy agency has all of the authority over designated public water systems as is granted to the state board by the act.

### Attachments:

**AB 2107 (Rodriguez) Fact Sheet**

### AB 2296

**[Quirk D]** State Water Resources Control Board: local primacy delegation: funding stabilization program.

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/5/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/14/2020

**Last Amend:** 5/5/2020

**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (August 20). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING

#### Calendar:
8/24/2020 #183 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

#### Summary:
Would authorize the State Water Resources Control Board to delegate partial responsibility for the California Safe Drinking Water Act's administration and enforcement by means of a local primacy delegation agreement. The bill would authorize the state board, for counties that have not been delegated primary responsibility as of January 1, 2021, to offer an opportunity for the county to apply for partial or primary responsibility if the state board determines that it needs assistance in performing administrative and enforcement activities, as specified. The bill would authorize the state board to approve the application for delegation if the state board determines that the local health officer is able to sufficiently perform the administrative and enforcement activities and would specify that a local primacy agency has all of the authority over designated public water systems as is granted to the state board by the act.

### Attachments:

**ACA 1**

**[Aguiar-Curry D]** Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval.

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/18/2019  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/3/2018

**Last Amend:** 3/18/2019

**Status:** 8/19/2019-Read third time. Refused adoption. Motion to reconsider made by Assembly Member Aguiar-Curry.

**Location:** 5/20/2019-A. RECONSIDERATION

#### Calendar:
8/24/2020 #70 ASSEMBLY MOTION TO RECONSIDER

#### Summary:
The California Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements.

### Attachments:

**ACA 1 (Aguiar-Curry) Fact Sheet 03062020**


### SB 38

**[Hill D]** Sales and use taxes: consumer designation: all volunteer fire department.

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/18/2020  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/3/2018
The Sales and Use Tax Law designates that certain sellers of tangible personal property are consumers, and not retailers, of the tangible personal property they sell, including, until January 1, 2021, that an all volunteer fire department, as defined, is a consumer, and not a retailer, of all tangible personal property sold by it, if the profits are used solely and exclusively in furtherance of the purposes of the all volunteer fire department, subject to specified limitations, so that the retail sale subject to tax is the sale of tangible personal property to the all volunteer fire department. This bill would extend the operation of that consumer designation for all volunteer fire departments until January 1, 2026.

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The Joint Exercise of Powers Act generally authorizes 2 or more public agencies to agree to jointly exercise a common power. Current law specifically authorizes 2 or more public agencies that have the authority to invest funds in their treasuries to agree to jointly exercise that common power and describes how funds subject to that agreement may be invested. This bill would authorize a joint powers authority formed as described above to establish the terms and conditions pursuant to which agencies may participate and invest in pool shares. The bill would specify that a federally recognized Indian tribe is eligible to participate in a joint powers authority formed for this purpose, consistent with its status as a public agency under the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, or to otherwise invest in pool shares consistent with the terms and conditions established by the joint powers authority.

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Current law requires the amount of a density bonus and the number of incentives or concessions a qualifying developer receives to be pursuant to a certain formula based on the total number of units in the housing development, excluding the units added by a density bonus awarded pursuant to the Density Bonus Law or any local law granting a greater density bonus. This bill would require a unit designated to satisfy the inclusionary zoning requirements of a city or county to be included in the total number of units on which a density bonus and the number of incentives or concessions are based.

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Current law requires the amount of a density bonus and the number of incentives or concessions a qualifying developer receives to be pursuant to a certain formula based on the total number of units in the housing development, excluding the units added by a density bonus awarded pursuant to the Density Bonus Law or any local law granting a greater density bonus. This bill would require a unit designated to satisfy the inclusionary zoning requirements of a city or county to be included in the total number of units on which a density bonus and the number of incentives or concessions are based.
Current law, known as the Proposition 218 Omnibus Implementation Act, prescribes specific procedures and parameters for local jurisdictions to comply with these requirements and, among other things, authorizes an agency providing water, wastewater, sewer, or refuse collection services to adopt a schedule of fees or charges authorizing automatic adjustments that pass through increases in wholesale charges for water, sewage treatment, or wastewater treatment or adjustments for inflation under certain circumstances. Current law defines, among other terms, the term “water” for these purposes to mean any system of public improvements intended to provide for the production, storage, supply, treatment, or distribution of water from any source. This bill would specify that hydrants, as defined, are part of the system of public improvements included in the definition of “water” for purposes of the Proposition 218 Omnibus Implementation Act.

Current law establishes the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training within the Department of Justice to perform various functions involving the training of peace officers. Current law requires peace officers in this state to meet specified minimum standards, including, among other requirements, that peace officers be evaluated by a physician and surgeon or psychologist and found to be free from any physical, emotional, or mental condition that might adversely affect the exercise of the powers of a peace officer. This bill would require that evaluation to include bias against race or ethnicity, gender, nationality, religion, disability, or sexual orientation.

The Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act, requires that a state body provide an opportunity for members of the public to directly address the body on each agenda item. Current law exempts from this requirement, among other things, an agenda item that has already been considered by a committee composed exclusively of members of the state body at a public meeting where members of the public were afforded an opportunity to address the committee on the item. This bill would delete this exception, thereby making the requirement to provide an opportunity to address the state body
applicable to an agenda item for which the public had an opportunity to address it at a public meeting of a committee of the state body.

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**AB 2068**  
**Petrie-Norris D**  
**Voluntary tax contributions: California Firefighters’ Memorial Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund: California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/6/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/4/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/6/2020  
**Status:** 8/14/2020-Read second time. Ordered to Consent Calendar.  
**Location:** 8/13/2020-S. CONSENT CALENDAR

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**Calendar:** 8/24/2020  
**Summary:** Current law allows taxpayers to designate amounts in excess of their personal income tax liability for the support of specified voluntary contribution funds on the personal income tax return, including, until January 1, 2021, the California Firefighters’ Memorial Fund and the California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Fund, except as otherwise provided. This bill would rename the above-described funds as the California Firefighters’ Memorial Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund and the California Peace Officer Memorial Foundation Voluntary Tax Contribution Fund, respectively, and would allow taxpayers to designate voluntary contributions for those funds on the personal income tax return until January 1, 2028, except as otherwise provided.

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**ACA 11**  
**Mullin D**  
**The Home Protection for Seniors, Severely Disabled, Families, and Victims of Wildfire or Natural Disasters Act.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/1/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/26/2019  
**Last Amend:** 6/20/2020  
**Status:** 6/26/2020-Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 31, Statutes of 2020  
**Location:** 6/26/2020-A. CHAPTERED

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**Summary:** Would, beginning on and after April 1, 2021, authorize an owner of a primary residence who is over 55 years of age, severely disabled, or a victim of a wildfire or natural disaster, as defined, to transfer the taxable value, defined as the base year value plus inflation adjustments, of their primary residence to a replacement primary residence located anywhere in the state, regardless of the location or value of the replacement primary residence, that is purchased or newly constructed as that person’s principal residence within 2 years of the sale of the original primary residence. The measure would limit a person who is over 55 years of age or severely disabled to 3 transfers under these provisions.

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**ACR 190**  
**Rodriguez D**  
**Emergency Medical Services Week.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 5/4/2020  
**Introduced:** 5/4/2020  
**Status:** 5/5/2020-From printer.  
**Location:** 5/4/2020-A. PRINT

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**Summary:** This measure would proclaim the week of May 17, 2020, to May 23, 2020, inclusive, to be Emergency Medical Services Week in California.

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**SB 1192**  
**Bradford D**  
**Firefighters’, police officers’, or peace officers’ benefit and relief associations.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/26/2020  
**Introduced:** 2/20/2020  
**Last Amend:** 5/26/2020
SB 1473  (Committee on Governance and Finance)  Local Government Omnibus Act of 2020.

Current Text: Amended: 8/19/2020  html, pdf

Introduced: 3/12/2020

Last Amend: 8/19/2020

Status: 8/20/2020-Read second time. Ordered to consent calendar.

Location: 8/20/2020-A. CONSENT CALENDAR

Summary: Current law exempts from the requirements set forth in the Insurance Code firefighters', police officers', and peace officers' benefit and relief associations that comply with specified criteria, including, among other things, a requirement that the membership consist solely of certain state or local peace or law enforcement officers, members of police or fire departments, and emergency medical personnel employed by fire departments, as specified. Current law prohibits an association from operating or doing business in the state without a certificate of authority. This bill would specify that the laws governing those associations apply only to the extent not preempted by the federal Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA).

SCR 94  (Umberg D)  California Firefighter Appreciation Month and California Firefighters Memorial Day.


Introduced: 7/22/2020

Status: 7/22/2020-Introduced. Referred to Com. on RLS.

Location: 7/22/2020-S. RLS.

Summary: This measure would proclaim the month of September 2020 as California Firefighter Appreciation Month and September 26, 2020, as California Firefighters Memorial Day.

AB 462  (Rodriguez D)  Asset management: emerging managers.

Current Text: Amended: 5/21/2019  html, pdf

Introduced: 2/11/2019

Last Amend: 5/21/2019

Status: 5/21/2019-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on RLS.

Location: 4/23/2019-S. RLS.
### Summary:
Would require the Board of Administration of the Public Employees’ Retirement System and the Teachers’ Retirement Board to each provide a report to the Legislature, commencing March 1, 2021, and annually thereafter, on the status of achieving appropriate objectives and initiatives, to be defined by the boards, regarding participation of emerging managers responsible for asset management within each system’s portfolio of investments.

### AB 2101
**Committee on Public Employment and Retirement** Public employees’ retirement.

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/7/2020 [html](#), [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/6/2020

**Last Amend:** 8/7/2020

**Status:** 8/20/2020-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (August 20). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 8/20/2020-S. THIRD READING

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020 #207 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

**Summary:** The Teachers’ Retirement Law, establishes the State Teachers’ Retirement System (STRS) and creates the Defined Benefit Program of the State Teachers’ Retirement Plan, which provides a defined benefit to members of the program, based on final compensation, credited service, and age at retirement, subject to certain variations. STRS is administered by the Teachers’ Retirement Board. The Defined Benefit Program is funded by employer and employee contributions, as well as investment returns and state appropriations, which are deposited or credited to the Teachers’ Retirement Fund. Current law authorizes a member to elect continued defined benefit coverage in STRS when taking a position that provides a defined benefit in another public retirement system, and requires the election to be made in writing and to be filed with STRS and the other public retirement system. This bill would remove the requirement that the election be filed with the other public retirement system, and would instead require the employer to retain a copy of the election form.

### AB 2967
**O’Donnell D** Public Employees’ Retirement System: contracting agencies: exclusion from membership.

**Current Text:** Amended: 7/28/2020 [html](#), [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/21/2020

**Last Amend:** 7/28/2020

**Status:** 8/18/2020-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 8/18/2020-S. THIRD READING

**Calendar:** 8/24/2020 #137 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

**Summary:** PERL authorizes a public agency to contract to make all or part of its employees members of PERS, subject to specified conditions, and requires membership in PERS to be compulsory for all employees included under a contract. Current law prohibits these contracts from providing for the exclusion of some, but not all, firefighters and specified public safety officers. With regard to other groups of employees, existing law requires that they be based on general categories, such as departments or duties, and not on individual employees. This bill would delete provisions of PERL that generally authorize a public agency contracting with PERS to make all or part of its employees members of the system. The bill would generally prohibit exclusions of groups of employees from being made by amendment of a public agency contract with PERS, except as provided. The bill would apply these provisions to contracts entered into, amended, or extended on and after January 1, 2021.

### SB 266
**Leyva D** Public Employees’ Retirement System: disallowed compensation: benefit adjustments.

**Current Text:** Amended: 9/3/2019 [html](#), [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/12/2019

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2019

**Status:** 9/15/2019-9/15/2019-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(15). (Last location was DESK on
Summary: Would establish new procedures under PERL for cases in which PERS determines that the benefits of a member or annuitant are, or would be, based on disallowed compensation that conflicts with PEPRA and other specified laws and thus impermissible under PERL. The bill would also apply these procedures retroactively to determinations made on or after January 1, 2017, if an appeal has been filed and the employee member, survivor, or beneficiary has not exhausted their administrative or legal remedies. At the threshold, after determining that compensation for an employee member reported by the state, school employer, or a contracting agency is disallowed, the bill would require the applicable employer to discontinue the reporting of the disallowed compensation.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Watch  Priority 1  Retirement

Attachments:
SB 266 (Leyva) Pension Compensation Fact Sheet 2.12.19

Notes: 3/9/2019-CPF Bill - Need more information.

Special Districts

ACR 179  (Voepel R) Special Districts Week.
Introduced: 2/26/2020
Status: 3/12/2020-Referral to Com. on RLS.
Location: 3/12/2020-A. RLS.

Summary: This measure proclaims the week of May 17, 2020, to May 23, 2020, to be Special Districts Week.

Organization  Position  Priority  Subject
FIRE (COVID)  Watch  Priority 1  Special Districts

Total Measures: 112
Total Tracking Forms: 112