Budget Actions

Yesterday, the Legislature approved two budget-related measures, which have been sent to the Governor for consideration and signature. Pertinent provisions from these bills are outlined below.

**Assembly Bill 170 (Ting) – Budget Bill Jr.**

*Wildfire Prevention and Resilience Package.* Appropriates $988 million ($758 million General Fund and $230 million Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund (GGRF)) in 2021-22, as follows:

a. $541 million for Resilient Forests and Landscapes, including:
   
i. $159 million to CAL FIRE for forest health.
   
   ii. $40 million to CAL FIRE for the California Forest Improvement Program (for small landowners).
   
   iii. $10 million to CAL FIRE for the California Forest Legacy Program.
   
   iv. $9 million to CAL FIRE for the restoration nursery.
   
   v. $20 million to CAL FIRE for urban forestry.
   
   vi. $19 million to CAL FIRE for tribal engagement.
   
   vii. $105 million to the Department of Parks and Recreation (Parks) for stewardship of state-owned lands.
   
   viii. $40 million to the Department of Fish and Wildlife (DFW) for stewardship of state-owned lands.

ix. For wildfire prevention and resilience purposes on state conservancy lands:
1. $36 million to Tahoe Conservancy.
2. $50 million to Sierra Nevada Conservancy.
3. $15 million to Santa Monica Mountains Conservancy.
4. $13 million to San Diego River Conservancy.
5. $15 million to Los Angeles Rivers and Mountains Conservancy.
6. $10 million to State Coastal Conservancy, of which $5 million for use by the San Francisco Bay Conservancy Program.

b. $282 million for wildfire fuel breaks, including:
   i. $40 million to CAL FIRE for unit fire prevention projects.
   ii. $120 million to CAL FIRE for fire prevention grants.
   iii. $35 million to CAL FIRE for prescribed fire and hand crews.
   iv. $27 million to the California Conservation Corps (CCC) for the Forestry Corps and CCC residential centers.

c. $20 million community hardening purposes, including:
   i. $13 million to CAL FIRE for defensible space inspectors.
   ii. $7 million to University of California Agriculture and Natural Resources (UC ANR) and the State Fire Marshal for land use planning and public education.

d. $49 million for science-based management, including:
   i. $20 million to CAL FIRE for monitoring, research, and adaptive management.
   ii. $25 million to CNRA for remote sensing.
   iii. $4 million to the Air Resources Board ($2 million) and the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB) ($2 million) for permit efficiencies.

e. $51 million for forestry sector economic stimulus, including:
   i. $31 million to the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (IBank) for the Climate Catalyst Fund and market strategy.
   ii. $2 million to Governor’s Office of Business and Economic Development (GO-Biz) for the Climate Catalyst Fund and market strategy.
   iii. $18 million to CAL FIRE for workforce development.

f. $20 million to CAL FIRE for a prescribed fire liability pilot program.

g. $24 million for other wildfire prevention and resilience purposes, including:
   i. $14 million to CAL FIRE for Contract Counties to perform fuel reduction work.
   ii. $10 million to CAL FIRE for an interagency forest data hub.

h. To be allocated to the Natural Resources Agency as follows:
i. $1,000,000 to the City of Irvine for the Bommer Canyon fire prevention fuel modification and restoration.

ii. $80,000 to the City of Chino Hills for weed abatement activities by the Tres Hermanos Conservation Authority to reduce the likelihood and severity of grass and rubbish fires.

i. To be allocated by the Office of Emergency Services as follows:

   i. $2,500,000 to the City of Costa Mesa for a regional fire and rescue facility.

   ii. $2,185,000 to the City of San Jose for the purchase of one Mobile Operations Satellite Expeditionary System (MOSES).

   iii. $350,000 to the City of West Covina fire department for the purchase of fire engines

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**Senate Bill SB 155 (Committee on Budget & Fiscal Review) -- Resources Budget Trailer Bill**

a. Healthy Forest and Fire Protection Funding. Continuously appropriates $200 million Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund annually until 2028-29 for healthy forest and fire prevention programs and projects that improve forest health and reduce emissions of greenhouse gases caused by uncontrolled wildfires and for completion for prescribed fires and other fuel reduction projects.

b. Wildfire Reporting. Requires an agency, on or before April 1, 2022, and annually thereafter to report on all programs related to wildfires and forest resilience funded pursuant to the Budget Act of 2021 for purposes of informing the Legislature and the public on the agency’s implementation of the funded programs.

c. Extreme Heat. Upon appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget act, makes available $150 million annually in 2022-23 and 2023-24 to support programs and activities that mitigate extreme heat impacts.

d. Extreme Heat and Community Resilience Program. Upon appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget act, makes available $25 million in 2022-23 and $75 million in 2023-24 to the Office of Planning and Research (OPR), through the Integrated Climate Adaptation and Resiliency Program for the establishment of a grant program for projects to mitigate the impacts of extreme heat or the urban heat island effect.

e. Community Resilience Centers. Upon appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget act, makes available $25 million in 2022-23 and $75 million in 2023-24 to the Strategic Growth Council, in coordination with OPR, for the establishment of a community resiliency centers grant program.

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**Legislative Update**

Other measures we have been following all Session that passed the Legislature this week and are on their way to Governor Newsom include:
Assembly Bill 9 (Wood) would establish the Regional Forest and Fire Capacity Program to support regional and local leadership to implement strategies and projects to create fire-adapted communities to improve wildfire preparedness and resilience. **FIRE POSITION:** Watch.

Assembly Bill 118 (Kamlager) would establish the Community Response Initiative to Strengthen Emergency Systems (CRISES) to provide grant opportunities to expand the participation of community-based organizations in performing emergency response roles for vulnerable populations. **FIRE POSITION:** Watch.

Assembly Bill 389 (Grayson) is the Contra Costa County bill designed to clarify and codify the Fire-EMS-Alliance subcontracting model of delivering EMS services. The bill has been amended to meet our objectives. **FIRE POSITION:** Support.

Assembly Bill 450 (Lorena Gonzalez) would create the Paramedic Disciplinary Board to take action in cases involving paramedics (EMT-P) and to hear appeals regarding EMSA denials of licensing. **FIRE POSITION:** Support.

Assembly Bill 480 (Carrillo) would authorize the Unified Program Agency (UPA) in the event of a hazardous spill or release that the UPA reasonably determines poses an imminent and substantial endangerment to public health to take actions to protect the health and safety of the public. **FIRE POSITION:** Support.

Assembly Bill 580 (Rodriguez) would require OES to coordinate with representatives of the access and functional needs population to review local emergency plans. **FIRE POSITION:** Watch.

Assembly Bill 602 (Grayson) would require the Department of Housing and Community development to create an impact fee nexus study template for use by local jurisdictions by January 1, 2024. **FIRE POSITION:** Watch.

Assembly Bill 642 (Friedman) would enhance prescribed burn practices and expand the areas where fire safety building standards apply. **FIRE POSITION:** Support/Coalition.

Assembly Bill 1403 (Levine) would add deenergization events to the list of conditions constituting a state of emergency and local emergency and defines such an event to mean a planned public safety power outage undertaken by electrical utility companies to reduce risk of wildfires caused by utility equipment. **FIRE POSITION:** Support.

Senate Bill 341 (McGuire) would require telecommunication companies that provide access to 9-1-1 emergency service to maintain on its website a public outage map showing the provider’s service area outages. **FIRE POSITION:** Support.
**Senate Bill 594 (Glazer)** makes changes to state law governing candidate filing for the 2022 statewide primary election, redistricting in special districts in conformance with the 2020 Census and districting and redistricting for local governments. *FIRE POSITION: Watch.*

**Senate Bill 816 (Hurtado)** would amend the California Emergency Services Act to add federally recognized Indian tribes to the definition of Master Mutual Aid Agreements. *FIRE POSITION: Watch.*

**Assembly Concurrent Resolution No. 10 (Seyarto)** proclaiming September 2021 as California Firefighters Appreciation Month and September 25, 2021, as California Firefighters Memorial Day has been adopted. *FIRE POSITION: Support.*

**Assembly Bill 1522 (Levine)** is a two-year bill, which cannot move any further this year, but was amended yesterday to create the California Wildfire Insurance Authority to serve as a marketplace for catastrophic wildfire insurance. The bill would require insurers to offer coverage through this public authority and would require discounts for home hardening activities. The bill will be eligible to be heard in committee in January 2022. *FIRE POSITION: Watch.*

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**Online Information for Legislative Measures**

If you would like to find information on a legislative bill, please use this [link](#).

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### 2020-21 BUDGET

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>AB 79</strong></th>
<th>(Committee on Budget) Budget Act of 2020.</th>
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**Summary:** The Budget Act of 2020 made appropriations for the support of state government for the 2020-21 fiscal year. This bill would amend the Budget Act of 2020 by amending and adding items of appropriation and making other changes. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as a Budget Bill.

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### 2021-22 BUDGET

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<td><strong>Status:</strong> 6/28/2021-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 21, Statutes of 2021.</td>
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<td><strong>Status:</strong> 6/10/2021-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on BUDGET.</td>
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### AB 129

**Budget Act of 2021.**


Introduced: 1/8/2021

Last Amend: 6/25/2021

Status: 8/16/2021-Re-referred to Com. on B. & F.R.

Location: 8/16/2021-S. BUDGET & F.R.

Summary: The Budget Act of 2021 made appropriations for the support of state government for the 2021–22 fiscal year. This bill would amend the Budget Act of 2021 by amending, adding, and repealing items of appropriation and making other changes. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as a Budget Bill.

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### AB 170

**Budget Act of 2021.**

Current Text: Amended: 9/6/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/8/2021

Last Amend: 9/6/2021

Status: 9/9/2021-Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Skinner.

Location: 9/9/2021-S. INACTIVE FILE

Summary: The Budget Act of 2021 made appropriations for the support of state government for the 2021–22 fiscal year. This bill would amend the Budget Act of 2021 by amending, adding, and repealing items of appropriation and making other changes. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as a Budget Bill.

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### SB 129

**Budget Act of 2021**

Current Text: Chaptered: 7/12/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 1/8/2021

Last Amend: 6/25/2021

Status: 7/12/2021-Approved by the Governor with item veto. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 69, Statutes of 2021. In Senate. Consideration of Governor’s item veto pending.

Location: 6/28/2021-S. CHARTERED

Summary: The Budget Act of 2021 made appropriations for the support of state government for the 2021–22 fiscal year. This bill would amend the Budget Act of 2021 by amending, adding, and repealing items of appropriation and making other changes. This bill contains other related provisions.

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Introduced: 1/8/2021
Last Amend: 9/7/2021
Location: 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLMENT

Summary: The Budget Act of 2021 made appropriations for the support of state government for the 2021-22 fiscal year. This bill would amend the Budget Act of 2021 by amending, adding, and repealing items of appropriation and making other changes. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as a Budget Bill.

2021-22 Budget Trailer Bill

AB 148  (Committee on Budget)  Public resources.

Introduced: 1/8/2021
Last Amend: 7/11/2021
Status: 7/22/2021-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 115, Statutes of 2021.
Location: 7/22/2021-A. CHAPTERED

Summary: Current law, including the General Corporation Law and the Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law, specifies the formal requirements for filing corporate names and articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State. Current law authorizes the Governor, or the Governor’s designee, to incorporate Golden State Energy as a nonprofit public benefit corporation for the purpose of owning, controlling, operating, or managing electrical and gas services for its ratepayers and for the benefit of all Californians. This bill would prohibit the Secretary of State from reserving a corporate name or filing articles of incorporation using the name Golden State Energy unless those articles are for Golden State Energy, incorporated and operating as specified.

SB 148  (Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review)  Public resources.

Introduced: 1/8/2021
Last Amend: 7/11/2021
Status: 7/11/2021-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on BUDGET.
Location: 1/8/2021-A. BUDGET

Summary: Current law, including the General Corporation Law and the Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation Law, specifies the formal requirements for filing corporate names and articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State. Current law authorizes the Governor, or the Governor’s designee, to incorporate Golden State Energy as a nonprofit public benefit corporation for the purpose of owning, controlling, operating, or managing electrical and gas services for its ratepayers and for the benefit of all Californians. This bill would prohibit the Secretary of State from reserving a corporate name or filing articles of incorporation using the name Golden State Energy unless those articles are for Golden State Energy, incorporated and operating as specified.
### SB 155

**Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review**  
Public resources trailer bill.

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  
[html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/8/2021

**Last Amend:** 9/7/2021


**Location:** 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLMENT

**Summary:** Current law creates the Healthy Stores Refrigeration Grant Program in the Department of Food and Agriculture upon the appropriation of funds. Existing law requires the department to administer the program and to award grants to qualified entities, which is defined to include a small business or corner store, a city or county with representative low-income areas that contain small businesses or corner stores, and certain nonprofit entities that meet specified requirements. This bill would change the name of the program to the Healthy Refrigeration Grant Program. The bill would expand the definition of “qualified entity” to include a tribal government or tribal organization under certain circumstances and would revise the criteria required for a city, county, tribal government, tribal organization, or nonprofit entity to qualify to apply for a grant.

### AB 115

**Bloom (D)**  
Planning and zoning: commercial zoning: housing development.

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/20/2021  
[html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/18/2020

**Last Amend:** 4/20/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was L. GOV. on 4/15/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would, notwithstanding any inconsistent provision of a city’s or county’s general plan, specific plan, zoning ordinance, or regulation, would require that a housing development be an authorized use on a site designated in any local agency's zoning code or maps for commercial uses if certain conditions apply. Among these conditions, the bill would require that the housing development be subject to a recorded deed restriction requiring that at least 20% of the units have an affordable housing cost or affordable rent for lower income households, as those terms are defined, and located on a site that satisfies specified criteria.

### AB 244

**Rubio, Blanca (D)**  
Affordable housing cost study: housing plan addendum.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/13/2021  
[html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/13/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 1/28/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would require the California Tax Credit Allocation Committee, the Department of Housing and Community Development, the California Housing Finance Agency, and the California Debt Limit Allocation Committee to conduct an affordable housing cost study that measures the factors that influence the cost of building affordable housing, breaks down total development costs for affordable housing, and enables the state to maximize resources allocated for affordable housing.
### AB 345
**(Quirk-Silva D)** Accessory dwelling units: separate conveyance.

**Current Text:** Enrolled: 9/7/2021  [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/28/2021

**Last Amend:** 6/16/2021

**Status:** 9/2/2021-Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling. (Ayes 75. Noes 1.).

**Location:** 9/2/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

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**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a local agency to provide, by ordinance, for the creation of accessory dwelling units in single-family and multifamily residential zones and requires a local agency that has not adopted an ordinance to ministerially approve an application for an accessory dwelling unit, and sets forth required ordinance standards, including that the ordinance prohibit the sale or conveyance of the accessory dwelling unit separately from the primary residence. Current law, notwithstanding the prohibition described above, authorizes a local agency to, by ordinance, allow an accessory dwelling unit to be sold or conveyed separately from the primary residence to a qualified buyer if certain conditions are met. This bill would require each local agency to allow an accessory dwelling unit to be sold or conveyed separately from the primary residence to a qualified buyer if the above-described conditions are met.

### AB 357
**(Kamlager D)** Affordable housing.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/1/2021  [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/1/2021

**Status:** 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/1/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2021)

**Location:** 5/7/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Current law, the Planning and Zoning Law, requires each city, county, and city and county to prepare and adopt a general plan that contains certain mandatory elements, including a housing element. This bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would address the need to build more affordable housing units.

### AB 362
**(Quirk-Silva D)** Homeless shelters: safety regulations.

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/26/2021  [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/1/2021

**Last Amend:** 8/26/2021

**Status:** 9/9/2021-Read third time. Passed. Ordered to the Assembly. (Ayes 29. Noes 9.).

**Location:** 9/9/2021-A. DESK

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**Calendar:** 9/10/2021 #102 ASSEMBLY Assembly Supplemental File #1

**Summary:** Would require a city or county that receives a complaint from an occupant of a homeless shelter, as defined, or an agent of an occupant, alleging that a homeless shelter is substandard to inspect the homeless shelter, as specified. The bill would require a city or county that determines that a homeless shelter is substandard to issue a notice to correct the violation to the owner or operator of the homeless shelter within 10 business days of the inspection, or issue the notice to correct the violation immediately if the violation constitutes an imminent threat to the health and safety of the occupants of the homeless shelter. The bill would authorize a city or county to issue an emergency order directing the owner or operator to take immediate action to rectify violations if the city determines that the violations are dangerous, hazardous, imminently detrimental to life or health, or otherwise render the homeless shelter unfit for human habitation.

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AB 561 (Ting D) Help Homeowners Add New Housing Program: accessory dwelling unit financing.

Current Text: Amended: 8/26/2021  html pdf
Introduced: 2/11/2021
Last Amend: 8/26/2021
Status: 9/1/2021-Ordered to inactive file at the request of Senator Hertzberg.

Location: 9/1/2021-S. INACTIVE FILE

Summary: Current law provides for the creation by local ordinance, or by ministerial approval if a local agency has not adopted an ordinance, of accessory dwelling units in areas zoned to allow single-family or multifamily dwelling residential use in accordance with specified standards and conditions. This bill would require the Treasurer’s office, by April 1, 2022, to provide a report to the Legislature regarding the creation of the Help Homeowners Add New Housing Program with the purpose of assisting homeowners, as defined, in qualifying for loans to construct additional housing units on their property, including accessory dwelling units and junior accessory dwelling units. The bill would, with regard to the development of recommendations for the program, require the Treasurer to consult with the California Housing Financing Agency and the Department of Housing and Community Development, and would also authorize the Treasurer to consult with various other entities, including federal mortgage agencies, private lenders, community development financial institutions, community-based organizations, and local housing trust funds.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch  Watch  Building

AB 571 (Mayes I) Planning and zoning: density bonuses: affordable housing.

Introduced: 2/11/2021
Last Amend: 9/2/2021

Location: 9/8/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

Summary: The Density Bonus Law requires a city or county to provide a developer that proposes a housing development in the city or county with a density bonus and other incentives or concessions for the production of lower income housing units, or for the donation of land within the development, if the developer agrees to, among other things, construct a specified percentage of units for very low income, low-income, or moderate-income households or qualifying residents, including lower income students. Current law requires the amount of a density bonus and the number of incentives or concessions a qualifying developer receives to be pursuant to a certain formula based on the total number of units in the housing development, as specified. This bill would prohibit affordable housing impact fees, including inclusionary zoning fees and in-lieu fees, from being imposed on a housing development’s affordable units.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch  Watch  Building

AB 602 (Grayson D) Development fees: impact fee nexus study.

Introduced: 2/11/2021
Last Amend: 8/26/2021

Location: 9/8/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

Summary: Current law requires a city, county, or special district that has an internet website to make available on its internet website certain information, as applicable, including its current schedule of fees and exactions. This bill, among other things, would require, on and after January 1, 2022, a local agency that conducts an impact fee nexus study to follow specific standards and practices, including, but not limited to, (1) that prior to the adoption of an associated development fee, an impact fee nexus study be adopted, (2) that the study identify the existing level of service for each public facility, identify the proposed new level of service, and include an explanation of why the new level of service is necessary, and (3) if the study is adopted after July 1, 2022, either calculate a fee levied or imposed on a housing development project proportionately to the square footage of the proposed units, or...
make specified findings explaining why square footage is not an appropriate metric to calculate the fees.

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**AB 678 (Grayson D) Housing development projects: fees and exactions cap.**

*Current Text:* Amended: 3/25/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 2/12/2021

*Last Amend:* 3/25/2021

*Status:* 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was L. GOV. on 3/25/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)

*Location:* 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would prohibit a city or county from imposing a specified fee or exaction if the total dollar amount of the fees and exactions that a city or county would impose on a proposed housing development is greater than 12% of the city’s or county’s median home price unless approved by the Department of Housing and Community Development. The bill would authorize a city or county to seek approval from the department to impose a fee or an exaction that would result in the total dollar amount of fees and exactions exceeding that limitation by making a specified finding and submitting a completed application for a waiver. The bill would require the department to develop a standard form application for a waiver in conjunction with the Governor’s Office of Planning and Research.

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**AB 682 (Bloom D) Planning and zoning: cohousing buildings.**

*Current Text:* Introduced: 2/12/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 2/12/2021

*Status:* 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 2/25/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

*Location:* 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would require a city or county with a population of more than 400,000 people to permit the building of cohousing buildings, as defined, in any zone where multifamily residential buildings are permitted. The bill would require that cohousing buildings be permitted on the same basis as multifamily dwelling units. The bill would set minimum standards for the construction of cohousing buildings, including floor-space ratios and setback requirements. The bill would require that specified percentages of cohousing buildings be set aside for affordable housing, as specified.

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**AB 712 (Calderon D) Local Agency Public Construction Act: change orders: County of Los Angeles.**

*Current Text:* Chaptered: 7/16/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 2/16/2021

*Last Amend:* 6/10/2021

*Status:* 7/16/2021-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 95, Statutes of 2021.

*Location:* 7/16/2021-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** The Local Agency Public Construction Act regulates contracting by local agencies, including counties and special districts. The act, for a county, imposes a $5,000 cap when the total amount of the original contract does not exceed $50,000. For any original contract that exceeds $50,000, but does not exceed $250,000, the cap is 10% of the amount of the original contract. For contracts whose original cost exceeds $250,000, the cap is $25,000 plus 5% of the amount of the original contract cost in excess of $250,000, and prohibits a change or alteration cost from exceeding $210,000. This bill would authorize the County of Los Angeles to add a new change order cap of $400,000 for contracts whose original cost exceeds $25,000,000 and of $750,000 for contracts whose original cost exceeds $50,000,000, both of which would be adjusted annually to reflect the percentage change in the California Consumer Price Index.
AB 721  (Bloom D)  Covenants and restrictions: affordable housing.

Current Text: Enrolled: 9/7/2021  html, pdf

Introduced: 2/16/2021

Last Amend: 8/16/2021


Location: 9/2/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

Summary: Would make any recorded covenants, conditions, restrictions, or limits on the use of private or publicly owned land contained in any deed, contract, security instrument, or other instrument affecting the transfer or sale that restricts the number, size, or location of the residences that may be built on the property, or that restricts the number of persons or families who may reside on the property, unenforceable against the owner of an affordable housing development, as defined, if an approved restrictive covenant affordable housing modification document has been recorded in the public record, as provided, unless a specified exception applies.

AB 827  (Rivas, Robert D)  Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council.

Current Text: Amended: 3/18/2021  html, pdf

Introduced: 2/17/2021

Last Amend: 3/18/2021

Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 3/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law establishes the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council and specifies various goals for the council, including, among others, creating partnerships with specified entities, including the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development’s Continuum of Care Program and identifying resources, benefits, and services that can be accessed to prevent and end homelessness in California. This bill would require the council to develop and publish an action plan to implement those provisions on or before June 1, 2022. The bill would require the council, on an annual basis, to review that action plan and hold a stakeholder meeting to determine whether the action plan’s goals are being met.

AB 838  (Friedman D)  State Housing Law: enforcement response to complaints.

Current Text: Enrolled: 9/7/2021  html, pdf

Introduced: 2/17/2021

Last Amend: 7/13/2021


Location: 9/2/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

Summary: Would, beginning July 1, 2022, require a city or county that receives a complaint of a substandard building or a lead hazard violation, as specified, from a tenant, resident, or occupant, or an agent of a tenant, resident, or occupant, except as specified, to inspect the building, portion of the building intended for human occupancy, or premises of the building, document the lead hazard violations that would be discovered based upon a reasonably competent and diligent visual inspection of the property and identify any building, portion of a building intended for human occupancy, or premises on which such a building is located that is determined to be substandard, as applicable. The bill would require the city or county, as applicable, to advise the owner or operator of each violation and of each action that is required to be taken to remedy the violation and to schedule a reinspection to verify correction of the violations.
**AB 916** *(Salas D) Zoning: accessory dwelling units: bedroom addition.*

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/6/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2021

**Last Amend:** 4/6/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 2/25/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Would prohibit a city or county legislative body from adopting or enforcing an ordinance requiring a public hearing as a condition of adding space for additional bedrooms or reconfiguring existing space to increase the bedroom count within an existing house, condominium, apartment, or dwelling. The bill would include findings that ensuring adequate housing is a matter of statewide concern and is not a municipal affair, and that the provision applies to all cities, including charter cities.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch | | Building Permits/Standards |

**AB 1016** *(Rivas, Robert D) Local planning: streamlined housing development: nonprofit corporations.*

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/18/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/18/2021

**Last Amend:** 3/18/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 3/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Would authorize a development proponent to submit for approval, and require a local government to approve, a housing development, as specified, pursuant to a streamlined, ministerial process if it meets certain objective planning standards, including that the development be built or developed by a qualified nonprofit corporation and have 25 or fewer units. The bill would require the development proponent to submit a notice of intent to submit an application to the local government, following which the local government is required to conduct a scoping consultation regarding the proposed development with any California Native American tribe that is traditionally and culturally affiliated with the geographic area, as provided.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch | | Building Permits/Standards |

**AB 1056** *(Grayson D) Infrastructure financing: industrialized housing.*

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/18/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/18/2021

**Last Amend:** 3/18/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 3/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** The Bergeson-Peace Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank Act establishes the California Infrastructure and Economic Development Bank (bank) and sets forth the powers and duties of the bank including authority to make loans, issue bonds, and provide financial assistance relating to economic development or public development facilities. This bill would require the Department of Housing and Community Development and the bank to develop a proposed program, as specified, to invest in the building of offsite industrialized housing to support the policy goal of increasing the state’s capacity to quickly respond to additional housing needs precipitated by homelessness, wildfires, COVID-19, or other emergency situations. The bill would require the department and the bank to report its recommendations to the Legislature by January 1, 2023, including whether and how industrialized housing would alleviate the state’s housing, homelessness, and disaster response needs.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch | | Building |
### AB 1135 (Grayson D) State of California Housing Allocation Act.

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/25/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/18/2021

**Last Amend:** 3/25/2021

**Status:** 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/19/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 5/25/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Would enact the State of California Housing Allocation Act, which would require the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency, HCD, CalHFA, and CTCAC, no later than January 1, 2023, to jointly establish and operate a single, centralized housing funding allocation committee, which would be within the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency and comprised of representatives of those entities. The bill would require the committee to be responsible for allocating state controlled financing to housing developments and to serve as the point of contact for developers seeking to build affordable housing in California.

### AB 1295 (Muratsuchi D) Residential development agreements: very high fire risk areas.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/19/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Status:** 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was L. GOV. on 3/4/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2021)

**Location:** 5/7/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Current law requires the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection to identify areas in the state as very high fire hazard severity zones based on the severity of fire hazard that is expected to prevail in those areas, as specified, and requires each local agency to designate, by ordinance, the very high fire hazard severity zones in its jurisdiction. Current law additionally requires the director to classify lands within state responsibility areas into fire hazard severity zones. This bill, beginning on or after January 1, 2022, would prohibit the legislative body of a city or county from entering into a residential development agreement for property located in a very high fire risk area. The bill would define “very high fire risk area” for these purposes to mean a very high fire hazard severity zone designated by a local agency or a fire hazard severity zone classified by the director.


**Current Text:** Amended: 6/30/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Last Amend:** 6/30/2021

**Status:** 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/16/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 8/27/2021-S. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Would, in addition to making specified findings and declarations, require the Building Standards Commission and the Department of Housing and Community Development to develop, adopt, approve, codify, and publish building standards that would require buildings not already under the authority of a different state agency to be designed and built to a functional recovery standard, as defined, for earthquake loads, as specified. The bill would require the commission and the department to actively consult with interested parties, as specified, in proposing and adopting functional recovery standards.

### Attachments:

- AB 1295 FACT SHEET

### Notes:

**AB 1398** (Bloom D) Planning and zoning: housing element: rezoning of sites: prohousing local policies.

*Current Text:* Enrollment: 9/9/2021  html, pdf

*Introduced:* 2/19/2021

*Last Amend:* 9/3/2021

*Status:* 9/9/2021-Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling.

*Location:* 9/9/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law, requires a county and city to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan for the physical development of the county or city, and specified land outside its boundaries, that includes, among other things, a housing element. Current law requires that the housing element include, among other things, an inventory of land suitable and available for residential development. If the inventory of sites does not identify adequate sites to accommodate the need for groups of all household income levels, as provided, current law requires that the local government rezone sites within specified time periods. If the local government fails to adopt a housing element within 120 days of the applicable statutory deadline, existing law requires that the local government (A) complete this rezoning no later than 3 years and 120 days from the statutory deadline for the adoption of the housing element and (B) revise its housing element every 4 years until the local government has adopted at least 2 consecutive revisions by the statutory deadline. This bill would require a local government that fails to adopt a housing element that the Department of Housing and Community Development has found to be in substantial compliance with state law within 120 days of the statutory deadline to complete this rezoning no later than one year from the statutory deadline for the adoption of the housing element.

**Position**  Watch  

**Priority**

**Subject** Building Permits/Standards

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**AB 1442** (Ting D) Accessory dwelling units.

*Current Text:* Introduced: 2/19/2021  html, pdf

*Introduced:* 2/19/2021

*Status:* 2/22/2021-Read first time.

*Location:* 2/19/2021-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Current law provides for the creation by local ordinance, or by ministerial approval if a local agency has not adopted an ordinance, of accessory dwelling units to allow single-family or multifamily dwelling residential use in accordance with specified standards and conditions. Current law, with certain exceptions, prohibits a local agency from using or imposing any additional standards, including, until January 1, 2025, owner-occupant requirements. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the latter provisions.

**Position**  Watch  

**Priority**

**Subject** Building Permits/Standards

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**AB 1521** (Kamlager D) Earthquake protection standards.

*Current Text:* Introduced: 2/19/2021  html, pdf

*Introduced:* 2/19/2021

*Status:* 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/19/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2021)

*Location:* 5/7/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law requires that every building or structure, and every portion thereof, be designed and constructed to resist stresses produced by lateral forces as provided in the State Building Standards Code. Current law requires city and county building departments to enforce these provisions and prohibits a person from constructing a building subject to these requirements without obtaining a written permit for that purpose from the appropriate enforcement agency. Current law excludes certain buildings from these requirements, including a building not intended primarily for occupancy by human beings and located entirely outside the limits of a city or city and county. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to these exclusions.

**Position**  Watch  

**Priority**

**Subject** Building
Permits/Standards

**AB 1584** (Committee on Housing and Community Development)  Housing omnibus.

**Current Text:** Amended: 9/3/2021  [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 3/10/2021

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2021


**Location:** 9/8/2021-A. CONCURRENCE

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**Calendar:** 9/10/2021  #5  ASSEMBLY CONCURRENCE IN SENATE AMENDMENTS

**Summary:** Would make void and unenforceable any covenant, restriction, or condition contained in any deed, contract, security instrument, or other instrument affecting the transfer or sale of any interest in real property that either effectively prohibits or unreasonably restricts the construction or use of an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit on a lot zoned for single-family residential use that meets the above-described minimum standards established for those units, but would permit reasonable restrictions that do not unreasonably increase the cost to construct, effectively prohibit the construction of, or extinguish the ability to otherwise construct, an accessory dwelling unit or junior accessory dwelling unit consistent with those aforementioned minimum standards provisions.

**Position** | **Priority**  | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Building
|  | Permits/Standards

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**SB 6** (Caballero D)  Local planning: housing: commercial zones.

**Current Text:** Amended: 8/23/2021  [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/7/2020

**Last Amend:** 8/23/2021

**Status:** 8/23/2021-Referred to Com. on H. & C.D. From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on H. & C.D.

**Location:** 8/23/2021-A. H. & C.D.

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**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law requires each county and city to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan for its physical development, and the development of certain lands outside its boundaries, that includes, among other mandatory elements, a housing element. This bill, the Neighborhood Homes Act, would deem a housing development project, as defined, an allowable use on a neighborhood lot, which is defined as a parcel within an office or retail commercial zone that is not adjacent to an industrial use. The bill would require the density for a housing development under these provisions to meet or exceed the density deemed appropriate to accommodate housing for lower income households according to the type of local jurisdiction, including a density of at least 20 units per acre for a suburban jurisdiction.

**Position** | **Priority**  | **Subject**
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Watch |  | Building
|  | Permits/Standards

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**SB 8** (Skinner D)  Housing Crisis Act of 2019.

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/7/2020

**Last Amend:** 8/26/2021

**Status:** 9/9/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.

**Location:** 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLED

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**Summary:** Would clarify, for various purposes of the Housing Crisis Act of 2019, that "housing development project" includes projects that involve no discretionary approvals, projects that involve both discretionary and nondiscretionary approvals, and projects that include a proposal to construct a single dwelling unit. The bill would specify that this clarification is declaratory of existing law, except that the clarification does not affect a project for which an application was submitted to the city, county, or city and county before January 1, 2022.

**Position** | **Priority**  | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Building
|  | Permits/Standards
### SB 9  
**(Atkins D) Housing development: approvals.**  
**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/3/2021  [html][pdf]  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Last Amend:** 8/16/2021  
**Status:** 9/3/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 2 p.m.  
**Location:** 9/3/2021-S. ENROLLED  

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**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law provides for the creation of accessory dwelling units by local ordinance, or, if a local agency has not adopted an ordinance, by ministerial approval, in accordance with specified standards and conditions. This bill, among other things, would require a proposed housing development containing no more than 2 residential units within a single-family residential zone to be considered ministerially, without discretionary review or hearing, if the proposed housing development meets certain requirements, including, but not limited to, that the proposed housing development would not require demolition or alteration of housing that is subject to a recorded covenant, ordinance, or law that restricts rents to levels affordable to persons and families of moderate, low, or very low income, that the proposed housing development does not allow for the demolition of more than 25% of the existing exterior structural walls, except as provided, and that the development is not located within a historic district, is not included on the State Historic Resources Inventory, or is not within a site that is legally designated or listed as a city or county landmark or historic property or district.

### SB 10  
**(Wiener D) Planning and zoning: housing development: density.**  
**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/3/2021  [html][pdf]  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Last Amend:** 7/5/2021  
**Status:** 9/3/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 2 p.m.  
**Location:** 9/3/2021-S. ENROLLED  

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**Summary:** Would, notwithstanding any local restrictions on adopting zoning ordinances, authorize a local government to adopt an ordinance to zone any parcel for up to 10 units of residential density per parcel, at a height specified in the ordinance, if the parcel is located in a transit-rich area or an urban infill site, as those terms are defined. The bill would prohibit a local government from adopting an ordinance pursuant to these provisions on or after January 1, 2029. The bill would specify that an ordinance adopted under these provisions, and any resolution to amend the jurisdiction’s General Plan, ordinance, or other local regulation adopted to be consistent with that ordinance, is not a project for purposes of the California Environmental Quality Act. The bill would prohibit an ordinance adopted under these provisions from superceding a local restriction enacted or approved by a local initiative that designates publicly owned land as open-space land or for park or recreational purposes.

### SB 12  
**(McGuire D) Local government: planning and zoning: wildfires.**  
**Current Text:** Amended: 7/1/2021  [html][pdf]  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Last Amend:** 7/1/2021  
**Status:** 7/14/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was H. & C.D. on 6/24/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
**Location:** 7/14/2021-A. 2 YEAR  

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**Summary:** Current law requires that the Office of Planning and Research, among other things, coordinate with appropriate entities, including state, regional, or local agencies, to establish a clearinghouse for climate adaptation information for use by state, regional, and local entities, as provided. This bill would require the safety element, upon the next revision of the housing element or the hazard mitigation plan, on or after July 1, 2024, whichever occurs first, to be reviewed and updated as necessary to include a comprehensive retrofit strategy to reduce the risk of property loss and damage during wildfires, as specified, and would require the planning agency to submit the adopted strategy to the Office of Planning and Research for inclusion into the above-described clearinghouse.
SB 55  (Stern D)  Very high fire hazard severity zone: state responsibility area: development prohibition: supplemental height and density bonuses.

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/5/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/7/2020

**Last Amend:** 4/5/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was GOV. & F. on 3/3/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-S. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Would, in furtherance of specified state housing production, sustainability communities strategies, greenhouse gas reduction, and wildfire mitigation goals, prohibit the creation or approval of a new development, as defined, in a very high fire hazard severity zone or a state responsibility area unless there is substantial evidence that the local agency has adopted a comprehensive, necessary, and appropriate wildfire prevention and community hardening strategy to mitigate significant risks of loss, injury, or death, as specified. By imposing new duties on local governments with respect to the approval of new developments in very high fire hazard severity zones and state responsibility areas, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

SB 319  (Melendez R)  Land use: development fees: audit.

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 8/30/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/4/2021

**Status:** 8/30/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.

**Location:** 8/30/2021-S. ENROLLED

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**Summary:** Current law authorizes a person to request an audit to determine whether a fee or charge levied by a local agency exceeds the amount reasonably necessary to cover the cost of any product, public facility, or service provided by the local agency. If a local agency does not comply with the above-described disclosure requirement for 3 consecutive years, existing law prohibits the local agency from requiring that person to make a specified deposit and requires the local agency to pay the cost of the audit. This bill, additionally, would require that audit to include each consecutive year the local agency did not comply with the disclosure requirement. The bill would make clarifying changes to that provision.

SB 478  (Wiener D)  Planning and Zoning Law: housing development projects.

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2021
**SB 617**

(Wei) **Residential solar energy systems: permitting.**  
Current Text: Amended: 5/4/2021

**SB 765**

(Stern) **Accessory dwelling units: setbacks.**  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/19/2021

**Status:** 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/17/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location: 5/25/2021-S. 2 YEAR**

**Summary:** Would require every city and county to implement an online, automated permitting platform that verifies code compliance and instantaneously issues permits for a solar energy system that is no larger than 38.4 kilowatts alternating current nameplate rating and an energy storage system paired with a solar energy system that is no larger than 38.4 kilowatts alternating current nameplate rating, as specified. The bill would require a city or county to amend a certain ordinance to authorize a residential solar energy system and an energy storage system to use the online, automated permitting platform. The bill would prescribe a compliance schedule for satisfying these requirements, which would exempt a county with a population of less than 150,000 and all cities within a county with a population of less than 150,000.

**Position**  
Watch  
Priority  
Subject  
Building  
Permits/Standards
**SB 462**

(Borgeas R) Disaster relief: Creek Fire: allocation to local agencies.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2021  
Introduced: 2/16/2021

Status: 5/20/2021-May 20 hearing: Held in committee and under submission.

Location: 3/22/2021-S. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Summary: The California Disaster Assistance Act requires the Director of Emergency Services to provide financial assistance to local agencies for their personnel costs, equipment costs, and the cost of supplies and materials used during disaster response activities, incurred as a result of a state of emergency proclaimed by the Governor, subject to specified criteria. Under the act, the state share for eligible project costs is generally 75% of total eligible costs, and for specified incidents, the state share is up to 100% of total eligible costs. The act continuously appropriates moneys in the Disaster Assistance Fund and its subsidiary account, the Earthquake Emergency Investigations Account, without regard to fiscal year, for purposes of the act. This bill would allow for a state share of up to 100% of total eligible costs related to the Creek Fire that started on September 4, 2020, in the Counties of Fresno and Madera.

**Emergency Medical Services**

**AB 389**

(Grayson D) Ambulance services.

Current Text: Enrollment: 9/9/2021  
 Introduced: 2/2/2021

Last Amend: 9/3/2021


Location: 9/9/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

Summary: The Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act authorizes a local EMS agency to create one or more exclusive operating areas in the development of a local plan, if a competitive process is utilized to select the provider of the services pursuant to the plan, except as specified. This bill would specify that a county is authorized to contract for emergency ambulance services with a fire agency, as defined, that will provide those services, in whole or in part, through a written subcontract with a private ambulance service.

**AB 450**

(Gonzalez, Lorena D) Paramedic Disciplinary Review Board.

Current Text: Enrollment: 9/9/2021  
Introduced: 2/8/2021

Last Amend: 9/3/2021


Location: 9/9/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

Summary: Would create the Paramedic Disciplinary Review Board to act on appeals regarding the
Emergency Medical Services Authority’s denial of licensure and decision to impose licensure action on and after January 1, 2023. The bill would specify the composition and appointment of the 7-member board. The bill would require the employer of a paramedic to report to the director of the authority and the board regarding the suspension or termination of a paramedic for cause within 72 hours of the event, and would require the board to consider employer-imposed discipline and other criteria to aid it in making a final determination regarding appeals of licensure action. The duties and activities of the board would be funded, upon appropriation by the Legislature, by the Emergency Medical Services Personnel Fund.

Attachments:
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 8-4-21.pdf
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Senate Judiciary Support Letter 6-30-21.pdf
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Senate Health Support Letter 6-15-21
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Assm. Appropriations Support Letter 4-30-21
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Assm. Emergency Management Support Letter 4-15-21
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Assm. Health Support Letter 4-9-21
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Assm. Health Support Letter 4-9-21

Notes: AB 450 (Gonzalez) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 8-4-21.pdf
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Senate Judiciary Support Letter 6-30-21.pdf
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Senate Health Support Letter 6-15-21
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Assm. Appropriations Support Letter 4-30-21
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Assm. Emergency Management Support Letter 4-15-21
AB 450 (Gonzalez) Assm. Health Support Letter 4-9-21

(Rodriguez D) Health care provider emergency payments.
Introduced: 2/8/2021
Last Amend: 5/3/2021
Status: 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/12/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 5/25/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: The Knox-Keene Health Care Service Plan Act of 1975 provides for the licensure and regulation of health care service plans by the Department of Managed Health Care, and makes a willful violation of the act a crime. Current law provides for the regulation of health insurers by the Department of Insurance. Current law authorizes a health care service plan or health insurer to contract with a provider for alternative rates of payment and authorizes a plan or insurer to seek reimbursement from a provider who has been overpaid for services. This bill would authorize the Director of the Department of Managed Health Care or the Insurance Commissioner to require a health care service plan or health insurer to provide specified payments and support to a provider during and at least 60 days after the end of a declared state of emergency or other circumstance if two conditions occur, as specified.

AB 1104 (Grayson D) Air ambulance services.
Current Text: Enrolled: 9/7/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/18/2021
Last Amend: 7/1/2021
Status: 9/2/2021-Assembly Rule 77 suspended. (Ayes 43. Noes 12.) Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling. (Ayes 77. Noes 0.).
Location: 9/2/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

Summary: Current law imposes a penalty of $4 until July 1, 2021, upon every conviction for a violation of the Vehicle Code or a local ordinance adopted pursuant to the Vehicle Code, other than a parking offense. The act requires the county or court that imposed the fine to transfer the revenues collected to the Treasurer for deposit into the Emergency Medical Air Transportation and Children’s Coverage Fund. Current law requires the assessed penalty to continue to be collected, administered, and distributed until exhausted or until December 31, 2022, whichever occurs first. These provisions remain
in effect until January 1, 2024, and are repealed effective January 1, 2025. This bill would extend the assessment of penalties pursuant to the above-described provisions until December 31, 2022, and would extend the collection and transfer of penalties until December 31, 2023.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**  
--- | --- | ---  
Support |  | Emergency  
 |  | Medical  
 |  | Services  

**Attachments:**
- AB 1104 (Grayson) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 8-4-21.pdf
- AB 1104 (Grayson) Senate Public Safety Support Letter 7-1-21.pdf
- AB 1104 (Grayson) Senate Health Support Letter 6-22-21.pdf
- AB 1104 (Grayson) Author Support Letter 6-2-21.pdf

**Notes:** AB 1104 (Grayson) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 8-4-21.pdf  
AB 1104 (Grayson) Senate Public Safety Support Letter 7-1-21.pdf  
AB 1104 (Grayson) Senate Health Support Letter 6-22-21.pdf  
AB 1104 (Grayson) Author Support Letter 6-2-21.pdf

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**AB 1229 (Rodriguez D) Advisory task force: ambulance services.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/19/2021  
[html](#)  
[pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Last Amend:** 4/19/2021

**Status:** 5/20/2021-In committee: Held under submission.

**Location:** 5/12/2021-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Summary:** Would require the Director of the Emergency Medical Services Authority to appoint and convene an advisory task force, and would further require the director to recommend a project plan for the advisory task force that includes an evaluation relating to ambulance patient offload delays due to the COVID-19 pandemic, as specified, and an evaluation of adopting technologies to allow EMS systems to better manage resources and improve response times. The bill would require the director to transmit the evaluations conducted by the advisory task force to the authority, in a manner that allows for their timely inclusion in an existing reporting requirement from the authority to the Commission on Emergency Medical Services, and to specified legislative committees.

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**AB 9 (Wood D) Fire safety and prevention: wildfires: fire adapted communities: Office of the State Fire Marshal: community wildfire preparedness and mitigation.**

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  
[html](#)  
[pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/7/2020

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2021


**Location:** 9/9/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

**Summary:** Would establish in the Department of Conservation the Regional Forest and Fire Capacity Program to support regional leadership to build local and regional capacity and develop, prioritize, and implement strategies and projects that create fire adapted communities and landscapes by improving ecosystem health, community wildfire preparedness, and fire resilience. The bill would require, among other things, the department to, upon an appropriation by the Legislature, provide block grants to regional entities, as defined, to develop regional strategies that develop governance structures, identify wildfire risks, foster collaboration, and prioritize and implement projects within the region to achieve the goals of the program.
**AB 21**


Introduced: 12/7/2020

Last Amend: 4/5/2021

Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was JUD. on 3/24/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law requires a person that owns, controls, operates, or maintains any electrical transmission or distribution line upon any mountainous land or forest-covered land, brush-covered land, or grass-covered land to maintain around and adjacent to any pole or tower that supports a switch, fuse, transformer, lightning arrester, line junction, or dead-end or corner pole a firebreak, as specified. Current law requires a person that owns, controls, operates, or maintains any electrical transmission or distribution line upon any mountainous land or in forest-covered land, brush-covered land, or grass-covered land to maintain a clearance between all vegetation and all conductors that are carrying electric current, as specified. This bill would impose a civil penalty of up to $100,000 for each violation of the above-described provisions after the person that owns, controls, operates, or maintains any electrical transmission or distribution line is offered a reasonable opportunity to cure.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Emergency Planning

**Attachments:**

AB 21 Fact Sheet

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**AB 52**


Current Text: Introduced: 12/7/2020 [html, pdf]

Introduced: 12/7/2020

Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 1/11/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** The California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006 authorizes the State Air Resources Board to include in its regulation of emissions of greenhouse gas the use of market-based compliance mechanisms. Current law requires all moneys, except for fines and penalties, collected by the state board from a market-based compliance mechanism to be deposited in the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund (fund) and to be available upon appropriation by the Legislature. Current law continuously appropriates 35% of the annual proceeds of the fund for transit, affordable housing, and sustainable communities programs and 25% of the annual proceeds of the fund for certain components of a specified high-speed rail project. This bill would require the state board, in each scoping plan update prepared by the state board after January 1, 2022, to include, consistent with the act, recommendations for achieving the maximum technologically feasible and cost-effective reductions of emissions of greenhouse gases and black carbon from wildfires.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Emergency Planning

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**AB 280**

(Rivas, Robert D) Electrical corporations: wildfire mitigation plans.

Current Text: Introduced: 1/21/2021 [html, pdf]

Introduced: 1/21/2021

Status: 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was U. & E. on 1/28/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2021)

Location: 5/7/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Under current law, the Public Utilities Commission has jurisdiction over electrical corporations. Current law requires each electrical corporation to annually prepare and submit a wildfire mitigation plan to the Wildfire Safety Division of the commission for review and approval. This bill would require each electrical corporation to also submit its wildfire mitigation plan to the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Emergency Planning
**AB 418**  
(Valladares R)  
Emergency services: grant program.  
Current Text: Enrolled: 9/8/2021  
Introduced: 2/4/2021  
Last Amend: 5/24/2021  
Location: 9/3/2021-A. ENROLLMENT  

Summary: Would establish the Community Power Resiliency Program (program), to be administered by the Office of Emergency Services, to support local governments’ efforts to improve resiliency in response to power outage events, as provided. The bill would require the office to allocate funds, pursuant to an appropriation by the Legislature, to local governments, special districts, and tribes for various purposes relating to power resiliency, and would require certain entities, in order to be eligible for funding, to either describe the portion of their emergency plan that includes power outages or confirm that power outages will be included when the entity revises any portion of their emergency plan.  

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Attachments:  
AB 418 (Valladares) Request for Signature Letter 9-3-21.pdf  
AB 418 (Valladares) Senate Governmental Organization Support Letter 6-15-21  
AB 418 (Valladares) Assm. Appropriations Support Letter 4-30-21  
AB 418 FACT SHEET  
Notes: AB 418 (Valladares) Request for Signature Letter 9-3-21.pdf  
AB 418 (Valladares) Senate Governmental Organization Support Letter 6-15-21  
AB 418 (Valladares) Assm. Appropriations Support Letter 4-30-21  

**AB 973**  
(Rodriguez D)  
Office of Emergency Services: California Disaster Assistance Act: annual report.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2021  
Introduced: 2/18/2021  
Status: 5/20/2021-In committee: Held under submission.  
Location: 4/21/2021-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE  

Summary: The California Disaster Assistance Act, which is administered by the Director of Emergency Services, provides for the allocation of funds to state and local agencies and to eligible private nonprofit organizations for specified purposes relating to disaster assistance and in accordance with specified requirements. Current law establishes the Disaster Assistance Fund and continuously appropriates moneys in that fund for purposes of the California Disaster Assistance Act. This bill, no later than January 15, 2022, and annually thereafter, would require the Office of Emergency Services to submit a written report, containing specified information, to the Assembly Committee on Emergency Management, the Assembly Committee on Budget, the Senate Committee on Governmental Organization, and the Senate Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review that details the priority investments and expenditures of funds made available pursuant to the California Disaster Assistance Act, as provided.  

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**AB 981**  
(Frazier D)  
Forestry: California Fire Safe Council.  
Current Text: Amended: 4/19/2021  
Introduced: 2/18/2021  
Last Amend: 4/19/2021  
Status: 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/19/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
Location: 5/25/2021-A. 2 YEAR  

Summary: Would establish the California Fire Safe Council in the Natural Resources Agency consisting
of 11 members, as specified. The bill would require the council to identify programs administered by public agencies to address and minimize the risks of wildfire and to coordinate the implementation of those programs, to identify public and private programs that may be leveraged to facilitate structure-hardening and community resilience to minimize the impacts of wildfire to habitable structures, to conduct public outreach effects to regional and local wildfire mitigation groups, and to make recommendations to the Legislature on how the programs identified by the council can be coordinated to increase the effectiveness of those programs. The bill would require the Natural Resources Agency to post on its internet website the membership of the council and recommendations made by the council.

### AB 1060
**Governor’s Office of Emergency Services: California Alert.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/18/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/18/2021

**Status:** 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/12/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 5/25/2021-A, 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would require the Office of Emergency Services to establish a statewide emergency alert system called California Alert. The bill would require California Alert to utilize Wireless Emergency Alerts authorized by the Integrated Public Alert Warning System, the Federal Emergency Management Agency’s national system for local alerting that provides authenticated emergency information to the public through mobile phones within a designate cell tower’s coverage area. The bill would require the office to contract with a private vendor that provides alerting systems to send California Alerts to registered phone numbers that are not location based. The bill would require the office to establish standards for issuing emergency alerts to California residents across local jurisdictional boundaries.

### AB 1071
**Office of Emergency Services: tabletop exercises.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/28/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/18/2021

**Last Amend:** 6/28/2021

**Status:** 8/26/2021-In committee: Held under submission.

**Location:** 7/15/2021-S, APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

**Summary:** Current law establishes the Office of Emergency Services (OES) within the office of the Governor and sets forth its powers and duties relating to responsibility over the state’s emergency and disaster response services for natural, technological, or manmade disasters and emergencies, including responsibility for activities necessary to prevent, respond to, recover from, and mitigate the effects of emergencies and disasters to people and property. This bill would require OES to biennially convene key personnel and agencies that have emergency management roles and responsibilities to participate in tabletop exercises in which the participant’s emergency preparedness plans are discussed and evaluated under various simulated catastrophic disaster situations, as specified.

#### Attachments:
- **AB 981 (Frazier) Assm. Natural Resources Support Letter 3-18-21**
- **Notes:** AB 981 (Frazier) Assm. Natural Resources Support Letter 3-18-21

#### AB 1060
- **(Rodriguez D) Governor’s Office of Emergency Services: California Alert.**
- **Current Text:** Introduced: 2/18/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 2/18/2021
- **Status:** 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/12/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)
- **Location:** 5/25/2021-A, 2 YEAR
- **Summary:** Would require the Office of Emergency Services to establish a statewide emergency alert system called California Alert. The bill would require California Alert to utilize Wireless Emergency Alerts authorized by the Integrated Public Alert Warning System, the Federal Emergency Management Agency’s national system for local alerting that provides authenticated emergency information to the public through mobile phones within a designate cell tower’s coverage area. The bill would require the office to contract with a private vendor that provides alerting systems to send California Alerts to registered phone numbers that are not location based. The bill would require the office to establish standards for issuing emergency alerts to California residents across local jurisdictional boundaries.

#### Attachments:
- **AB 981 (Frazier) Assm. Natural Resources Support Letter 3-18-21**
- **Notes:** AB 981 (Frazier) Assm. Natural Resources Support Letter 3-18-21

#### AB 1071
- **(Rodriguez D) Office of Emergency Services: tabletop exercises.**
- **Current Text:** Amended: 6/28/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 2/18/2021
- **Last Amend:** 6/28/2021
- **Status:** 8/26/2021-In committee: Held under submission.
- **Location:** 7/15/2021-S, APPR. SUSPENSE FILE
- **Summary:** Current law establishes the Office of Emergency Services (OES) within the office of the Governor and sets forth its powers and duties relating to responsibility over the state’s emergency and disaster response services for natural, technological, or manmade disasters and emergencies, including responsibility for activities necessary to prevent, respond to, recover from, and mitigate the effects of emergencies and disasters to people and property. This bill would require OES to biennially convene key personnel and agencies that have emergency management roles and responsibilities to participate in tabletop exercises in which the participant’s emergency preparedness plans are discussed and evaluated under various simulated catastrophic disaster situations, as specified.

#### Attachments:
- **AB 1071 (Rodriguez) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 08-09-2021.pdf**
- **Notes:** AB 1071 (Rodriguez) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 08-09-2021.pdf
AB 1100 (Aguiar-Curry D) Communications service: disasters: reports.

Current Text: Amended: 7/5/2021  html  pdf

Introduced: 2/18/2021

Last Amend: 7/5/2021

Status: 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/16/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 8/27/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would, following a state or local disaster for which the Governor has issued a declaration of emergency, require the Public Utilities Commission, within 12 months of the declaration of the emergency, to collect specified information from telecommunications service providers relating to the provider’s efforts to restore, repair, or replace communications infrastructure that was damaged as a result of the disaster. The bill would require that the information collected from telecommunications service providers by the commission be broken down by each disaster and be submitted annually in a report by the commission to the appropriate policy committees of the Legislature, and posted in a conspicuous area on the commission’s internet website.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch  Emergency Planning

AB 1123 (Rodriguez D) State of emergency: Governor’s powers: notice of executive action: audit of emergency fund expenditures.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2021  html  pdf

Introduced: 2/18/2021

Status: 6/3/2021-Ordered to inactive file at the request of Assembly Member Rodriguez.

Location: 6/3/2021-A. INACTIVE FILE

Summary: Would require the Governor to immediately notify in writing the Speaker of the Assembly and the President pro Tempore of the Senate of a proclamation of a state of emergency or promulgating or issuing an order or regulation pursuant to these provisions. The bill would require the Governor to provide to the Speaker of the Assembly, the President pro Tempore of the Senate, and certain committees of the Legislature a monthly report on specified information relating to requests by local government for the Governor to proclaim a state of emergency. The bill would also require the Governor to immediately provide notification in writing to the governing body of each city and county affected by a suspension of a statute, order, rule, regulation, or local law, as described above, that only applies to those cities and counties.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch  Emergency Planning

AB 1141 (Frazier D) Wildfires: Wildland Urban Interface Fire Research Center.

Current Text: Amended: 3/18/2021  html  pdf

Introduced: 2/18/2021

Last Amend: 3/18/2021

Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would require the Natural Resources Agency, on or before June 1, 2023, to develop and fund, upon an appropriation by the Legislature, a Wildland-Urban Interface Fire Research Center that addresses the wildland-urban interface fire problem and the need for wildfire prevention, detection, and mitigation planning, building, and response, and related economic, insurance, and modeling practices in the state. The bill would require the center to act as a think tank for purposes of discussing policy, exchanging information, and training fire personnel in best practices.

Position  Priority  Subject
Support  Emergency Planning


Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/18/2021
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/4/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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Summary: Would, until January 1, 2029, exempt from CEQA egress route projects undertaken by a public agency that are specifically recommended by the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection that improve the fire safety of an existing subdivision if certain conditions are met. The bill would require the lead agency to hold a noticed public meeting to hear and respond to public comments before determining that a project is exempt. The bill would require the lead agency, if it determines that a project is not subject to CEQA and approves or carries out that project, to file a notice of exemption with the Office of Planning and Research and with the clerk of the county in which the project will be located.

Position | Priority | Subject
---|---|---
Watch | | Emergency Planning

AB 1409
(Levine D) Planning and zoning: general plan: safety element.
Current Text: Enrollment: 9/7/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/19/2021
Status: 9/7/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 4 p.m.
Location: 9/7/2021-A. ENROLLED

Summary: Current law, upon the next revision of a local hazard mitigation plan on or after January 1, 2022, or beginning on or before January 1, 2022, if a local jurisdiction has not adopted a local hazard mitigation plan, requires the safety element to be reviewed and updated as necessary to identify evacuation routes and their capacity, safety, and viability under a range of emergency scenarios. This bill would also require the safety element to be reviewed and updated to identify evacuation locations. By increasing the duties of local planning officials with respect to the update of general plans, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Position | Priority | Subject
---|---|---
Watch | | Emergency Planning

AB 1565
(Committee on Emergency Management) California Emergency Services Act: toll-free telephone hotlines.
Introduced: 3/3/2021
Last Amend: 6/9/2021
Status: 6/30/2021-Referred to Coms. on G.O. and APPR.
Location: 6/30/2021-S. G.O.

Summary: Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services to investigate the feasibility of establishing a toll-free 800 telephone hotline, which would be accessible to the public, including deaf, hearing impaired, and non-English speaking persons, for use during nonemergency and emergency periods to respond to inquiries about emergency preparedness and disaster status. This bill would authorize the office to investigate the feasibility of establishing more than one toll-free 800 telephone hotline, and consider the lessons learned and best practices of local governments and other states that established hotlines during the COVID-19 pandemic and other major disasters.

Position | Priority | Subject
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Watch | | Emergency Planning

AB 1566
(Committee on Emergency Management) Office of Emergency Services: written threat assessment and federal homeland security grant program report.
Introduced: 3/3/2021
Status: 3/11/2021-Referred to Com. on E.M.
Location: 3/11/2021-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
Summary: Would require OES to deliver, by January 15, 2022, and annually thereafter, a written threat assessment and a state’s federal homeland security grant program report, as described, to specified committees of the Legislature.

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**AB 1567** (Committee on Emergency Management) Emergency services: catastrophic plans: recovery frameworks.

Current Text: Amended: 4/14/2021  html  pdf

Introduced: 3/3/2021

Last Amend: 4/14/2021

Status: 5/20/2021-In committee: Held under submission.

Location: 5/12/2021-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Summary: The California Emergency Services Act establishes the Office of Emergency Services (OES) within the office of the Governor, and sets forth its powers and duties, including responsibility for addressing natural, technological, or manmade disasters and emergencies, including activities necessary to prevent, respond to, recover from, and mitigate the effects of emergencies and disasters to people and property. This bill would require OES to develop state recovery frameworks for California’s catastrophic plans, as provided. The bill would also require the governing body of a political subdivision, as defined, to develop regional recovery frameworks for California’s catastrophic plans and would require OES to provide technical assistance in this regard.

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Introduced: 3/3/2021

Status: 9/7/2021-Withdrawn from Engrossing and Enrolling. Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Held at Desk.

Location: 9/7/2021-S. DESK

Summary: The California Emergency Services Act, among other things, establishes the Office of Emergency Services, under the supervision of the Director of Emergency Services, and vests the office with responsibility for the state’s emergency and disaster response services for natural, technological, or human-made disasters and emergencies, as provided. Current law finds and declares the necessity for collaboration between the public and private sectors, and authorizes the office to establish a statewide registry of private businesses and nonprofit organizations that are interested in donating services, goods, labor, equipment, resources, or facilities to assist in disaster preparedness. This bill would instead require the office to establish this statewide registry of private businesses and nonprofit organizations.

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**AB 1569** (Committee on Emergency Management) Office of Emergency Services: Hazard Mitigation Grant Program: annual report.


Introduced: 3/3/2021

Status: 5/20/2021-In committee: Held under submission.

Location: 5/12/2021-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE

Summary: Would, no later than January 15, 2022, and annually thereafter, would require the Office of Emergency Services to submit a written report, containing specified information, to the Assembly Committee on Emergency Management, the Assembly Committee on Budget, the Senate Committee on Governmental Organization, and the Senate Committee on Budget and Fiscal Review that details the priority investments and expenditures of the federal Hazard Mitigation Grant Program administered by the office, as provided.
ACR 101  (Seyarto R)  California Emergency Preparedness Month.
Introduced: 8/16/2021
Status: 9/7/2021-Ordered to special consent calendar. Adopted and to Assembly. (Ayes 37. Noes 0.) In Assembly. Ordered to Engrossing and Enrolling.
Location: 9/7/2021-A. ENROLLMENT
Summary: Would declare the month of September 2021 as California Emergency Preparedness Month.

SB 52  (Dodd D)  State of emergency: local emergency: planned power outage.
Introduced: 12/7/2020
Last Amend: 8/26/2021
Status: 9/9/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.
Location: 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLED
Summary: Would define a ‘deenergization event’ as a planned power outage, as specified, and would make a deenergization event one of those conditions constituting a local emergency, with prescribed limitations.
Attachments:  
SB 52 FACT SHEET  
SB 52 Support Letter AUTHOR/SEN. GO 03-08-2021  
SB 52 (Dodd) Senate Governmental Organization Support Letter 3-8-21

SB 259  (Wilk R)  Public Utilities Commission: oversight of electrical corporations.
Current Text: Introduced: 1/26/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 1/26/2021
Status: 2/22/2021-Art. IV. Sec. 8(a) of the Constitution dispensed with. (Ayes 32. Noes 4.) Joint Rule 55 suspended. (Ayes 32. Noes 4.)
Location: 1/26/2021-S. RLS.
Summary: Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to strengthen the Public Utilities Commission’s oversight of electrical corporations’ efforts to reduce their fire risk and use of deenergization events.

SB 468  (Dodd D)  State of emergency: local emergency: electromagnetic pulse attack.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/16/2021
Status: 6/17/2021-Re-referred to Com. on RLS. pursuant to Assembly Rule 96.
Location: 6/17/2021-A. RLS.
Summary: Current law defines the term “state of emergency” and “local emergency” to mean a duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the state caused by, among other things, fire, storm, riot, or cyberterrorism. This bill would
additionally include an electromagnetic pulse attack among those conditions constituting a state of emergency or local emergency.

### SB 547
**Glazer D**  Animals: emergency response: California Veterinary Emergency Team program.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 4/13/2021  [html](#) [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 2/18/2021  
**Last Amend:** 4/13/2021  
**Status:** 7/14/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was HIGHER ED. on 6/16/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
**Location:** 7/14/2021-A. 2 YEAR  

**Summary:** Would require the University of California, Davis, School of Veterinary Medicine to develop a program called the California Veterinary Emergency Team, and would require the program to assist in the support and training of a network of government agencies, nongovernmental organizations, and individuals to assist in the veterinary care of household and domestic animals and livestock in emergencies, including disaster preparedness, response, recovery, and mitigation. The bill would also require the program to conduct or support research on best practices for the evacuation and care of the animals in disasters.

### SB 816
**Committee on Governmental Organization**  Master Mutual Aid Agreement: tribes.  
**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  [html](#) [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 3/3/2021  
**Last Amend:** 4/6/2021  
**Status:** 9/9/2021-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 72. Noes 0.) Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Ordered to engrossing and enrolling.  
**Location:** 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLMENT  

**Summary:** Current law requires, during any state of war emergency, or state of emergency when the need arises for outside aid in any county, city and county, or city, aid to be rendered in accordance with approved emergency plans. In periods other than a state of war emergency, a state of emergency, or a local emergency, current law authorizes state agencies and political subdivisions to exercise mutual aid powers in accordance with the Master Mutual Aid Agreement and local ordinances, resolutions, agreements, or plans. Existing law defines the Master Mutual Aid Agreement, an agreement between the state and its various departments and agencies, and the various political subdivisions to facilitate implementation of the act, for the purposes of the California Emergency Services Act. This bill would add federally recognized California Indian tribes to that definition describing the agreement.

### SB 687
**Hueso D**  Emergency response: trauma kits.  
**Current Text:** Amended: 6/16/2021  [html](#) [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 2/19/2021  
**Last Amend:** 6/16/2021  
**Status:** 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/19/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
**Location:** 8/27/2021-A. 2 YEAR  

**Summary:** Current law exempts from civil liability any person who, in good faith and not for compensation, renders emergency medical or nonmedical care or assistance at the scene of an emergency other than an act or omission constituting gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.
Current law exempts public or private organizations that sponsor, authorize, support, finance, or supervise the training of people, or certifies those people in emergency medical services, from liability for civil damages alleged to result from those training programs. This bill would define “trauma kit” to mean a first aid response kit that contains specified items, including, among other things, a tourniquet. The bill would require a person or entity that supplies a trauma kit to provide the person or entity that acquires the trauma kit with all information governing the use, installation, operation, training, and maintenance of the trauma kit.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Emergency Response

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### Emergency Services

#### AB 7

**Rodriguez (D) Emergency ambulance employees: multithreat body protective gear.**

- **Current Text:** Enrolled: 9/9/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 12/7/2020
- **Last Amend:** 6/23/2021
- **Status:** 9/7/2021-Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling. (Ayes 49. Noes 7.).
- **Location:** 9/7/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

**Summary:** Would, upon request by an emergency ambulance employee, require an emergency ambulance provider to provide that employee with multithreat body protective gear, defined as material or equipment that is worn by an employee and is bullet, strike, slash, and stab resistant, and, for these purposes only, to be considered as part of the above-described safety devices and safeguards. The bill would require the provider, once the provider has obtained the protective gear, to make the protective gear readily available for the requesting employee to use when responding to an emergency call, and to provide training to that employee on the proper fitting and use of the protective gear, as specified. The bill would require an emergency ambulance provider to inform each emergency ambulance employee, upon initial employment and subsequently on an annual basis, of the employee’s right to request multithreat body protective gear.

- **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Emergency Services

#### AB 118

**Kamlager (D) Department of Social Services: C.R.I.S.E.S. Grant Pilot Program.**

- **Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/8/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 12/18/2020
- **Last Amend:** 8/26/2021
- **Status:** 9/8/2021-Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling.
- **Location:** 9/8/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

**Summary:** Would enact the Community Response Initiative to Strengthen Emergency Systems Act, or the C.R.I.S.E.S. Act, for purposes of creating, implementing, and evaluating the C.R.I.S.E.S. Grant Pilot Program, which the act would establish. The bill would require the department to administer the program if appropriate funding is made available to the department. The bill would require the department to award grants to qualified grantees, which include city, county, and tribal departments of social services, disability services, health services, public health, or behavioral health, based on grant eligibility criteria developed in partnership with a stakeholder workgroup.

- **Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Emergency Services

**Attachments:**

- AB 118 FACT SHEET

#### AB 261

**Sevarto (R) Authorized emergency vehicles.**

- **Current Text:** Introduced: 1/15/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 1/15/2021
- **Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was TRANS. on 1/28/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)
- **Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR
Summary: Would permit an authorized emergency vehicle to operate on an HOV lane if specified conditions are met, including, among others, that the vehicle is being driven while responding to, or returning from, an urgent or emergency call and the driver of the vehicle determines that the use of the HOV lane will likely improve the arrival time of the authorized emergency vehicle and its delivery of essential public safety services.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch      Emergency Services

AB 270  
(Ramos D) Core Behavioral Health Crisis Services System.
Current Text: Introduced: 1/19/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 1/19/2021
Status: 1/28/2021-Referral to Coms. on HEALTH and C. & C.
Location: 1/28/2021-A. HEALTH
Summary: Would create the Core Behavioral Health Crisis Services System, using the digits “988” for the 988 Suicide Prevention and Behavioral Health Crisis Hotline, in compliance with existing federal law and standards governing the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline. The bill would require the department, as defined, to take specified actions to implement the hotline system. The bill would require the department to charge a fee on each resident of the state that is a subscriber of commercial mobile or IP-enabled voice services to pay for the costs of the program. The bill would create the 988 Fund, a new continuously appropriated fund, and would require the fees to be deposited along with other specified moneys into the 988 Fund.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch      Emergency Services

Attachments:
AB 270 Fact Sheet

AB 536  
(Rodriguez D) Office of Emergency Services: mutual aid gap analysis.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/10/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/10/2021
Status: 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 7/15/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 8/27/2021-S. 2 YEAR
Summary: Would require the Office of Emergency Services to prepare a gap analysis of the state’s mutual aid systems on a biennial basis, beginning on January 1, 2022. The bill would require the gap analysis to be prepared as specified and would require the gap analysis to be provided to specified committees of the Legislature no later than February 1, 2022, and by February 1 thereafter on a biennial basis.

Position  Priority  Subject
Support    Emergency Services

Attachments:
AB 536 (Rodriguez) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 08-09-2021.pdf
Notes: AB 536 (Rodriguez) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 08-09-2021.pdf

AB 580  
(Rodriguez D) Emergency services: vulnerable populations.
Introduced: 2/11/2021
Last Amend: 9/3/2021
Concurrence in Senate amendments pending. Assembly Rule 63 suspended. Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling.
Location: 9/9/2021-A. ENROLLMENT
Summary: Current law requires OES to establish a standardized emergency management system for use by all emergency response agencies. Current law requires the director to appoint representatives
of the disabled community to serve on pertinent committees related to that system, and to ensure that
the needs of the disabled community are met within that system by ensuring certain committee
recommendations include the needs of people with disabilities. This bill instead would require the
director to appoint representatives of the access and functional needs population, provided a majority
of appointees are from specified groups, to serve on those committees and to ensure the needs of
that population are met within that system.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch         Emergency Services

Attachments:

**AB 662**  (Rodriguez D)  Mental health: dispatch and response protocols: working group.

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/28/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/12/2021

**Last Amend:** 4/28/2021

**Status:** 6/4/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 6/3/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 6/4/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would require the California Health and Human Services Agency to convene a working
group, as specified, no later than July 1, 2022, to examine the existing dispatch and response
protocols when providing emergency medical services to an individual who may require evaluation and
treatment for a mental health disorder. The bill would require the working group to develop
recommendations for improvements to those dispatch and response protocols and recommend
amendments to existing law, including, but not limited to, the provisions governing involuntarily taking
an individual into temporary custody for a mental health evaluation and treatment. The bill would
require the working group to submit periodic reports to the Legislature every 6 months to update the
Legislature on its progress, and to submit a final report of its recommendations to the Legislature on
or before January 1, 2024.

**Position**  **Priority**  **Subject**
Watch         Emergency Services

**AB 793**  (Nazarian D)  Critical care facilities.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/16/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2021

**Status:** 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/16/2021)

**Location:** 5/7/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law requires the Emergency Medical Services Authority to develop and implement
guidelines that address designated components for emergency medical services systems. Current law
allows the authority to establish guidelines for hospital facilities according to critical care capabilities in
cooperation with affected medical organizations. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive
change to this provision.

**Position**  **Priority**  **Subject**
Watch         Emergency Services

**AB 862**  (Chen R)  Medi-Cal: emergency medical transportation services.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was HEALTH on 2/25/2021)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** The Medi-Cal Emergency Medical Transportation Reimbursement Act, imposes a quality
assurance fee for each emergency medical transport provided by an emergency medical transport
provider subject to the fee in accordance with a prescribed methodology. Current law exempts an
eligible provider from the quality assurance fee and add-on increase for the duration of any Medi-Cal
managed care rating during which the program is implemented. Existing law requires each applicable
Medi-Cal managed care health plan to satisfy a specified obligation for emergency medical transports
and to provide payment to noncontract emergency medical transport providers, and provides that this provision does not apply to an eligible provider who provides noncontract emergency medical transports to an enrollee of a Medi-Cal managed care plan during any Medi-Cal managed care rating period that the program is implemented. The bill would provide that during the entirety of any Medi-Cal managed care rating period for which the program is implemented an eligible provider shall not be an emergency medical transport provider, as defined, who is subject to a quality assurance fee or eligible for the add-on increase, and would provide that the program’s provisions do not affect the application of the specified add-on to any payment to a nonpublic emergency medical transport provider.

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**AB 1107** (Boerner Horvath D) Emergency ground medical transportation.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/18/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/18/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was HEALTH on 3/4/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Would require a health care service plan contract or a health insurance policy issued, amended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2022, that offers coverage for emergency ground medical transportation services to include those services as in-network services and would require the plan or insurer to pay those services at the contracted rate pursuant to the plan contract or policy. Because a willful violation of the bill’s requirements relative to a health care service plan would be a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

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**AB 1202** (Cervantes D) Emergency services: local government: local assistance centers: access and functional needs.

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/15/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/18/2021

**Last Amend:** 4/15/2021

**Status:** 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/5/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 5/25/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** The California Disaster Assistance Act authorizes the Office of Emergency Services to establish a model process to assist a community in recovering from an emergency proclaimed by the Governor which may include, among other things, the role of the office to facilitate the establishment of temporary structures, including local assistance centers, showers and bathroom facilities, and temporary administrative offices. Existing law defines the term “emergency plan” for purposes of emergency services provided by local governments. This bill would require a county, including a city and county, to ensure that local assistance centers are accessible to people with access and functional needs, provide accessible notifications about local assistance centers, and provide diverse communication services through partnerships with the county homeless and housing services. The bill would require a county, including a city and county, to designate, prearrange, and procure space, as necessary, to aid in sheltering and transporting its homeless population during local and state emergencies and emergency evacuations.

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**AB 1345** (Wicks D) Emergency services: licensed childcare providers.

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/14/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Last Amend:** 4/14/2021

**Status:** 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/12/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 5/25/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Would require the Office of Emergency Services, in consultation with the State Department of Social Services and specified childcare stakeholders, to develop best practices regarding the use, by licensed childcare providers, of funds provided either by the state, or to the state by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) after the Governor has declared a disaster, state of emergency, or statewide state of emergency. The bill would require these best practices to be developed by June 1, 2022. The bill would require the best practices document to specify, subject to any limitations imposed on the use of funds by the state, FEMA, or federal law, how the funds will be allocated to licensed childcare providers, the timelines at which the funds will be distributed, and any purpose for which the funds may be used, as specified.

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**AB 1403**  
(Levine D)  
**Emergency services.**

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  
[html](#)  
[pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2021

**Status:** 9/9/2021-Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling.

**Location:** 9/9/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

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**Summary:** The California Emergency Services Act authorizes the Governor to proclaim a state of emergency when specified conditions of disaster or extreme peril to the safety of persons and property exist, and authorizes the Governor to exercise certain powers in response to that emergency. Current law defines the term “state of emergency” to mean a duly proclaimed existence of conditions of disaster or of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the state caused by, among other things, fire, storm, or riot. This bill would additionally include a “deenergization event,” defined as a planned power outage, as specified, within those conditions constituting a state of emergency.

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**Attachments:**
- AB 1403 (Levine) Senate GO Support Letter 6-2-21.pdf

**Notes:**  
AB 1403 (Levine) Senate GO Support Letter 6-2-21.pdf

**AB 1441**  
(Cervantes D)  
**Emergency services: emergency plans: critically ill newborn infants.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 5/24/2021  
[html](#)  
[pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Last Amend:** 5/24/2021

**Status:** 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 7/15/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 8/27/2021-S. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Current law requires a county, upon the next update to its emergency plan, to integrate access and functional needs into its emergency plan, as specified. Current law provides a county with specified powers and duties for the purpose of enrolling residents from the access and functional needs population in a local public emergency warning system, as specified. Current law provides that “access and functional needs population” for purposes of these provisions consists of individuals who have developmental or intellectual disabilities, physical disabilities, chronic conditions, injuries, limited English proficiency or who are non-English speaking, older adults, children, people living in institutionalized settings, or those who are low income, homeless, or transportation disadvantaged, including, but not limited to, those who are dependent on public transit or those who are pregnant. This bill, additionally, would include critically ill newborn infants in the “access and functional needs population” for those purposes.

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**AB 1480**  
(Rodriguez D)  
**Employers: prohibited disclosure of information: arrest or detention.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 8/31/2021  
[html](#)  
[pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Last Amend:** 7/6/2021
Summary: Current law prohibits an employer from asking an applicant to disclose, or from utilizing as a factor in determining any condition of employment, information concerning an arrest or detention that did not result in a conviction, or information concerning a referral or participation in, any pretrial or posttrial diversion program, except as specified. Current law also prohibits an employer, as specified, from asking an applicant to disclose, or from utilizing as a factor in determining any condition of employment, information concerning a conviction that has been judicially dismissed or ordered sealed, except in specified circumstances. Applicants for employment as peace officers, or with the Department of Justice, or with other criminal justice agencies, or persons already employed as peace officers, are an exception to these prohibitions, so that information about applicants for these positions or employees may be disclosed or sought. Current law makes it a crime to intentionally violate these provisions. This bill would additionally include persons already employed as nonsworn members of a criminal justice agency, as specified, within the exception to these prohibitions, so that information regarding arrests or detentions regarding specified crimes about these employees may be disclosed or sought.

Position | Priority | Subject
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Watch |  | Emergency Services

**AB 1488** *(Cervantes D)* Emergency services: local government: access and functional needs: medical equipment.

Current Text: Amended: 4/14/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/19/2021

Last Amend: 4/14/2021

Status: 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/5/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 5/25/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Existing law requires a county, upon the next update to its emergency plan, to integrate access and functional needs into its emergency plan by addressing, at a minimum, how the access and functional needs population is served by, among other things, emergency evacuation, including the identification of certain transportation resources and resources for individuals who are dependent on public transportation. This bill would require the emergency plan to include a plan for the movement, storage, acquisition, and deployment of durable medical equipment, as defined, to address how the access and functional needs population is served by emergency evacuation.

Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | ---
Watch |  | Emergency Services

**ACR 57** *(Gallagher R)* California Emergency Services Act.

Current Text: Introduced: 3/24/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 3/24/2021

Status: 3/25/2021-From printer.

Location: 3/24/2021-A. PRINT

Summary: This measure would express the Legislature’s support of the ruling by Sutter County Superior Court Judge Sarah Heckman in Gallagher v. Newsom (Sup. Ct. No. CVCS20-0912) and urge the Governor to comply with the court’s directive not to exercise legislative powers.

Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | ---
Watch |  | Emergency Services

**ACR 76** *(Rodriguez D)* Emergency Medical Services Week.


Introduced: 4/26/2021

Status: 6/2/2021-Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 51, Statutes of 2021

Location: 6/2/2021-A. CHAPTERED
**Summary:** This measure would proclaim the week of May 16, 2021, to May 22, 2021, inclusive, to be Emergency Medical Services Week in California.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Emergency Services

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**SB 109**  
*(Dodd D)*  
**Department of Forestry and Fire Protection: Office of Wildfire Technology Research and Development.**

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  
Introduced: 1/6/2021  
Last Amend: 8/30/2021  
Status: 9/9/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.  
Location: 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLED

**Summary:** Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services and the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to jointly establish and lead the Wildfire Forecast and Threat Intelligence Integration Center, and sets forth the functions and duties of the center, including serving as the state’s integrated central organizing hub for wildfire forecasting. This bill would, until January 1, 2029, also establish the Office of Wildfire Technology Research and Development within the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection under the direct control of the Director of the department. The bill would make the office responsible for studying, testing, and advising regarding procurement of emerging technologies and tools in order to more effectively prevent and suppress wildfires throughout the state, through specified activities, as provided.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Support |  | Emergency Services

**Attachments:**
- SB 109 FACT SHEET
- SB 109 Support Letter AUTHOR/SEN. GO 03-08-2021

**Notes:**  
SB 109 (Dodd) Senate Governmental Organization Support Letter 3-8-21

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**SB 448**  
*(Melendez R)*  
**California Emergency Services Act: emergency powers: limitation.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/16/2021  
Introduced: 2/16/2021  
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was G.O. on 2/25/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
Location: 4/30/2021-S. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would enact the Emergency Power Limitation Act. The bill would require an emergency order, as defined, to be narrowly tailored to serve a compelling public health or safety purpose and limited in duration, applicability, and scope. The bill would authorize any person to bring an action to invalidate or enjoin enforcement of an emergency order that is allegedly unlawful. The bill would prohibit a state agency from issuing an emergency order that infringes on an express constitutional right, as defined, in a nontrivial manner, and would require that an emergency order issued by the Governor that infringes on an express constitutional right expire within specified time periods.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Emergency Services

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**SB 784**  
*(Glazer D)*  
**State government: emergency services: nonprofit service providers.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 9/1/2021  
Introduced: 2/19/2021  
Last Amend: 9/1/2021  
Location: 9/7/2021-S. CONCURRENCE
Would authorize a nonprofit entity that provides services pursuant to a contract with the state, during a state of war emergency or a state of emergency, to adjust the method in which it provides those services so long as the purpose of the contract is served. The bill would require the nonprofit entity to notify all departments from which it receives funding of a closure or of an impacted program, including whether a closure is location specific or due to executive order, and why the service level may be impacted. The bill would require a nonprofit entity to identify and thoroughly document all expenditures associated with the closed program, and to retain documentation to justify expenses and to support continued state funding, as specified.

**Position** Watch  
**Priority**  
**Subject** Emergency Services

### Employment Issues

**AB 123 (Gonzalez, Lorena D) Paid family leave: weekly benefit amount.**

- **Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  
- **Introduced:** 12/18/2020  
- **Last Amend:** 9/2/2021  
- **Status:** 9/9/2021-Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling.

**Summary:** Current law establishes, within the Unemployment Compensation Disability Fund program, a family temporary disability insurance program, also known as the paid family leave program, for the provision of wage replacement benefits for up to 8 weeks to workers who take time off work to care for a seriously ill family member or to bond with a minor child within one year of birth or placement, as specified. Current law defines “weekly benefit amount” for purposes of both employee contributions and benefits under this program to mean the amount of weekly benefits available to qualifying disabled individuals pursuant to unemployment compensation disability law, calculated pursuant to specified formulas partly based on the applicable percentage of the wages paid to an individual for employment by employers during the quarter of the individual’s disability base period in which these wages were highest, but not to exceed the maximum workers’ compensation temporary disability indemnity weekly benefit amount established by the Department of Industrial Relations. This bill would revise the formulas described above for periods of disability commencing after January 1, 2023, but before January 1, 2025, by redefining the weekly benefit amount to be equal to 65% or 75% of the wages paid to an individual for employment by employers during the quarter of the individual’s disability base period in which these wages were highest, divided by 13, but not exceeding the maximum workers’ compensation temporary disability indemnity weekly benefit amount established by the Department of Industrial Relations, depending on the amount of wages paid to the individual for employment by employers during the quarter of the individual’s disability base period in which these wages were highest.

**Position** Watch  
**Priority**  
**Subject** Employment Issues

**AB 415 (Rivas, Robert D) Employment: workers’ compensation.**

- **Current Text:** Amended: 2/12/2021  
- **Introduced:** 2/3/2021  
- **Last Amend:** 2/12/2021  
- **Status:** 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was INS. on 2/12/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2021)

**Summary:** Current law establishes a workers’ compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers’ Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of the employee’s employment. This bill would define “injury,” for certain employees of a city, county, city and county, district, or other municipal corporation or political subdivision regularly exposed to active fires or health hazards directly resulting from firefighting operations, to include cancer that develops or manifests during a period in which the individual demonstrates that they were exposed to a known carcinogen while in the employment of the city,
county, city and county, district, or other municipal corporation or political subdivision. The bill would establish a presumption that the cancer in those cases arose out of, and in the course of, employment, unless the presumption is controverted by evidence that the primary site of the cancer has been established and that the carcinogen to which the person has demonstrated exposure is not reasonably linked to the disabling cancer.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
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Watch | Employment | Issues

**AB 805**  
(Maienschein D) Personal protective equipment: distribution reports.  
**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/16/2021 [html](#), [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 2/16/2021  
**Status:** 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 4/21/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
**Location:** 5/25/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law authorizes the county health officer and the local Emergency Medical Services (EMS) agency administrator in each operational area to act jointly as the medical health operational area coordinator (MHOAC) or to jointly appoint another person to fulfill those responsibilities. This bill would require, during a health-related state of emergency in California proclaimed by the President of the United States or by the Governor, the MHOAC to report specified information relating to the distribution of personal protective equipment, as defined, to the Office of Emergency Services on a weekly basis. The bill would require, at all other times, the MHOAC to report that information on a monthly basis. The bill would require the medical and health disaster plan to include this reporting, as specified.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
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Watch | Employment | Issues

**AB 845**  
**Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/23/2021 [html](#), [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 2/17/2021  
**Last Amend:** 3/30/2021  
**Status:** 7/23/2021-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State - Chapter 122, Statutes of 2021.  
**Location:** 7/23/2021-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Current law prescribes various requirements for the organization and administration of public retirement systems, which typically provide pension, disability, and death benefits to their members. Current law provides that participants in certain membership categories may be entitled to special benefits if death or disability arises in the course of employment. The California Public Employees’ Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) generally requires a public retirement system, as defined, to modify its plan or plans to comply with that act and establishes, among other things, limits on defined benefit formulas and caps on pensionable compensation. This bill, until January 1, 2023, would create a presumption, applicable to the retirement systems that PEPRA regulates and to specified members in those systems, that would be applied to disability retirements on the basis, in whole or in part, of a COVID-19-related illness. In this circumstance, the bill would require that it be presumed the disability arose out of, or in the course of, the member’s employment. The bill would authorize the presumption to be rebutted by evidence to the contrary, but unless controverted, the applicable governing board of a public retirement system would be required to find in accordance with the presumption.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
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Watch | Employment | Issues

**AB 872**  
(Wood D) Leave of absence: firefighters.  
**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021 [html](#), [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 2/17/2021  
**Last Amend:** 9/3/2021  
**Status:** 9/9/2021-Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling.  
**Location:** 9/9/2021-A. ENROLLMENT
Summary: Under current law, workers’ compensation benefits, including salary paid in lieu of disability payments, is not taxable income. Current law also provides for enhanced industrial leave benefits for specified state employees, including members of State Bargaining Unit 8, such as 52 weeks of salary less specified tax and retirement contributions. This bill would make those enhanced industrial disability leave benefits for specified state employees employed by the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection applicable only to injuries that occur prior to January 1, 2022. The bill would instead, for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2022, make specified benefits, such as one year of salary in lieu of disability payments, available to all rank-and-file and supervisory firefighters and members of State Bargaining Unit 8 engaged in active fire suppression or prevention employment by the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection and specified seasonal employees whose principal duties include active fire suppression or prevention services. These benefits would be subject to limitations, as specified.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Employment Issues

**AB 991** (Ward D) Workers’ compensation: presumed injuries.
Introduced: 2/18/2021
Last Amend: 3/11/2021
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was INS. on 3/11/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law establishes a workers’ compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers’ Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of employment. This bill would expand presumptions for hernia, pneumonia, heart trouble, cancer, tuberculosis, bloodborne infectious disease, methicillin-resistant Staphylococcus aureus skin infection, and meningitis-related illnesses and injuries to a lifeguard employed on a year-round, full-time basis by the City of San Diego. The bill would increase the period of time after termination of employment that a lifeguard employed on a year-round, full-time basis by the City of San Diego can file a claim for skin cancer. The bill would expand the presumptions for illness or injury related to post-traumatic stress disorder or exposure to biochemical substances, as defined, to a lifeguard employed by the City of San Diego Fire-Rescue Department.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Employment Issues

**AB 1217** (Rodriguez D) Personal protective equipment: stockpile.
Introduced: 2/19/2021
Last Amend: 4/8/2021
Status: 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/12/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 5/25/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would authorize the State Department of Public Health to rotate PPE in the stockpile by selling the PPE to a nonprofit agency, local government, or provider, and by contracting to purchase PPE on behalf of a local government or provider. The bill would require a nonprofit agency, local government, or provider that obtains PPE pursuant to these provisions to reimburse the department for the costs of the PPE. The bill would also make a technical change to the date in these provisions.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Employment Issues

Attachments:
AB 1217 (Rodriguez) Assembly Appropriations Support Letter 5-7-21
AB 1217 (Rodriguez) Assembly Emergency Management Support Letter 3-18-21
AB 1217 FACT SHEET

Notes: AB 1217 (Rodriguez) Assembly Appropriations Support Letter 5-7-21
AB 1217 (Rodriguez) Assembly Emergency Management Support Letter 3-18-21

**AB 1354** (Grayson D) Public employees’ retirement.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/19/2021 html, pdf
Introduced: 2/19/2021
Current law, the California Public Employees’ Pension Reform Act of 2013, prescribes various limits on public employee retirement systems and public employers, as specified. The act generally prohibits a retired person from being employed by a public employer in the same public retirement system from which the retiree receives pension benefits without reinstatement from retirement into that system, subject to certain exceptions. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to that provision.

Would require, to the extent authorized by federal law, a state agency that receives and disburses ARP funds or other federal recovery funds to consider projects’ potential impact on specified goals, including, among other things, restoring frontline communities and rapidly accelerating achievement of environmental justice and climate goals, including, but not limited to, climate, environmental, and biodiversity protection and stimulating growth. The bill would require state agencies to document how proposed projects meet or align with the goals and require the Labor and Workforce Development Agency to establish an internet website where the public can track the expenditure of federal ARP funds by the state and how funded projects meet the goals.

Would provide for COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave for covered employees, as defined, who are unable to work or telework due to certain reasons related to COVID-19, including that the employee has been advised by a health care provider to self-quarantine due to concerns related to COVID-19. The bill would entitle a covered employee to 80 hours of COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave if that employee either works full time or was scheduled to work, on average, at least 40 hours per week for the employer in the 2 weeks preceding the date the covered employee took COVID-19 supplemental paid sick leave. The bill would provide a different calculation for supplemental paid sick leave for a covered employee who is a firefighter subject to certain work schedule requirements and for a covered employee working fewer or variable hours, as specified.
Summary: The Firefighters Procedural Bill of Rights Act grants certain employment rights to firefighters, as defined. Under the act, when a firefighter is investigated and interrogated by the firefighter’s commanding officer, or another member of the employing agency, on matters that could lead to punitive action, the interrogation must be conducted pursuant to certain requirements. The act defines “punitive action” for these purposes as any action that may lead to dismissal, demotion, suspension, reduction in salary, written reprimand, or transfer for purposes of punishment. Current law excludes from the act any employee who has not successfully completed the probationary period established by the employee’s employer as a condition of employment. The act prohibits taking punitive actions if the investigation of the allegation is not completed within one year of discovery by the employing fire department. Current law authorizes the State Personnel Board to hold hearings and make investigations concerning all matters relating to the enforcement and effect of the state civil service and various related personnel issues. This bill would include within the definition of “firefighter” a temporary, seasonal firefighter employed by the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection.

SB 278

(Leyva D) Public Employees’ Retirement System: disallowed compensation: benefit adjustments.


Introduced: 1/29/2021

Last Amend: 9/3/2021


Summary: The California Public Employees’ Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) generally requires a public retirement system, as defined, to modify its plan or plans to comply with the act. PEPRA, among other things, establishes new defined benefit formulas and caps on pensionable compensation. This bill would establish new procedures under PERL for cases in which PERS determines that the benefits of a member or annuitant are, or would be, based on disallowed compensation that conflicts with PEPRA and other specified laws and thus impermissible under PERL. The bill would also apply these procedures retroactively to determinations made on or after January 1, 2017, if an appeal has been filed and the employee member, survivor, or beneficiary has not exhausted their administrative or legal remedies. At the threshold, after determining that compensation for an employee member reported by the state, school employer, or a contracting agency is disallowed, the bill would require the applicable employer to discontinue the reporting of the disallowed compensation.

SB 284


Current Text: Amended: 8/30/2021  html  pdf

Introduced: 2/1/2021

Last Amend: 8/30/2021

Status: 8/30/2021-Read second time and amended. Ordered to second reading. Ordered to inactive file on request of Assembly Member Chau.

Summary: Current law, under the workers’ compensation system, provides, only until January 1, 2025, that, for certain state and local firefighting personnel and peace officers, the term “injury” includes post-traumatic stress that develops or manifests during a period in which the injured person is in the service of the department or unit, but applies only to injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2020. Existing law requires the compensation awarded pursuant to this provision to include full hospital, surgical, medical treatment, disability indemnity, and death benefits. This bill would make that provision applicable to active firefighting members of the State Department of State Hospitals, the State Department of Developmental Services, the Military Department, and the Department of Veterans Affairs, and to additional peace officers, including security officers of the Department of Justice when performing assigned duties as security officers and the officers of a state hospital under the jurisdiction of the State Department of State Hospitals or the State Department of Developmental Services, among other officers.
**SB 294**

**Leyva D**  Public retirement: leave of absence: service credit.

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 8/30/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/2/2021

**Last Amend:** 6/14/2021

**Status:** 8/30/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.

**Location:** 8/30/2021-S. ENROLLED

**Summary:** Current law entitles an elected officer of an employee organization that is on a compensated leave of absence, as specified, for purposes of service with an employee organization to retirement service credit in STRS and PERS if specified conditions are met. Current law requires the governing board of a school district, or the governing board of a community college district, to grant any employee, upon request, a leave of absence without loss of compensation for the purpose of enabling the employee to serve in this manner, as specified. Current law excepts certain employees from these provisions if they are subject to a collective bargaining agreement that expressly provides for a leave of absence without loss of compensation for participation in authorized activities as an elected officer or an unelected member of the public employee organization. Current law limits the maximum amount of the service credit earned during a compensated leave of absence for the purposes described above to 12 years. This bill would remove the 12-year limitation for service credit earned on a compensated leave of absence for purposes of service with an employee organization, as described above. The bill would state that this leave is in addition to any leave to which public employees may be entitled by other laws or by a memorandum of understanding or collective bargaining agreement.

**SB 411**

**Cortese D**  Public Employees’ Retirement System: employment without reinstatement.

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/23/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/12/2021

**Last Amend:** 4/13/2021

**Status:** 7/23/2021-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 136, Statutes of 2021.

**Location:** 7/23/2021-S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** The Public Employees’ Retirement Law (PERL), creates the Public Employees’ Retirement System (PERS), which provides pension and disability benefits to its members and prescribes their rights and duties. Current law, the Public Employees’ Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA), prescribed various limitations on public employees, employers, and retirement systems concerning, among other things, work after retirement. PERL generally prohibits retired PERS members from working for an agency participating in the system without reinstatement in the system, unless that employment is otherwise specifically authorized. This bill would eliminate the above-described requirement that a person employed without reinstatement in a manner other than authorized by PERL be reinstated, instead providing that reinstatement is permissive. The bill would limit the circumstances pursuant to which retired members and employers are obligated to pay employee and employer contributions, which would have otherwise been paid, plus interest, to apply only to specified reinstatements.

**SB 586**

**Bradford D**  Peace officers: certification.

**Current Text:** Amended: 9/3/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/18/2021

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2021

**Status:** 9/3/2021-Read third time and amended. (Ayes 49. Noes 13.) Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 8/31/2021-A. THIRD READING

**Calendar:** 9/10/2021  #26  ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - SENATE BILLS

**Summary:** Proposed law, as proposed to be added by Senate Bill 2 of the 2021-22 Regular Session,
authorizes the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training to revoke a certified peace officer's certification under specified circumstances, and states that an action by a law enforcement agency or decision resulting from an appeal of an agency's action does not preclude action by the commission to investigate, suspend, or revoke a peace officer's certification. This bill would, if Senate Bill 2 of the 2021-22 Regular Session becomes operative, additionally state that whether a particular factual or legal determination in a prior appeal proceeding has preclusive effect in proceedings of the commission would be governed by the existing law of collateral estoppel.

### Fire Equipment

**AB 798**
( Ramos D) **Vehicles: fire department: federally recognized tribes.**

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/8/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2021

**Last Amend:** 6/2/2021

**Status:** 9/8/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 4:30 p.m.

**Location:** 9/8/2021-A. ENROLLED

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**Summary:** Current law authorizes the Commissioner of the California Highway Patrol to issue licenses for the operation of privately owned or operated ambulances used to respond to emergency calls, armored cars, fleet owner inspection and maintenance stations, and for the transportation of hazardous material. Current law requires the department to inspect ambulances licensed by the department at least once per year. This bill would exempt ambulances owned or operated by a fire department of a federally recognized tribe or operators of those ambulances from the requirement to have a license and would prohibit the department from inspecting those ambulances.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
| Watch | | Employment |

**AB 905**
(Quirk D) **Mobile fueling on-demand tank vehicles: performance standards.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/5/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2021

**Last Amend:** 4/5/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was TRANS. on 2/25/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Would require the State Air Resources Board to regulate a mobile fueling on-demand tank vehicle, as defined, as a mobile source, and contingent upon an appropriation by the Legislature for this purpose, to adopt regulations on or before a specified date to control emissions attributable to mobile fueling on-demand tank vehicles and to certify equipment for those vehicles, as provided. The bill would authorize the state board to allow the use of onboard refueling vapor recovery (ORVR) systems to achieve or maintain the standards and procedures adopted in those regulations for the control of gasoline vapors resulting from the motor vehicle fueling operations of a mobile fueling on-demand tank vehicle.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
| Support | | Fire Equipment |

**Attachments:**
AB 905 (Quirk) Assm. Natural Resources & Assm. Transportation Support Letter 3-18-21
AB 905 FACT SHEET

**Notes:** AB 905 (Quirk) Assm. Natural Resources & Assm. Transportation Support Letter 3-18-21

### Fire Prevention

**AB 267**
(Valladares R) **California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: prescribed fire, thinning, and fuel reduction projects.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/2/2021 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/15/2021

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
| Support | | Fire Equipment |
Summary: Current law, until January 1, 2023, exempts from the requirements of CEQA prescribed fire, thinning, or fuel reduction projects undertaken on federal lands to reduce the risk of high-severity wildfire that have been reviewed under the federal National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, as provided. Current law requires the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, beginning December 31, 2019, and annually thereafter until January 1, 2023, to report to the relevant policy committees of the Legislature the number of times the exemption was used. This bill would extend the exemption from CEQA and the requirement on the department to report to the relevant policy committees of the Legislature to January 1, 2026.

Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | ---
Support | Fire Prevention

Attachments:
AB 267 (Valladares) Senate Natural Resources & Water Support Letter 6-2-21.pdf
AB 267 Fact Sheet

Notes: AB 267 (Valladares) Senate Natural Resources & Water Support Letter 6-2-21.pdf

**AB 297**

(Gallagher R) Fire prevention.

Current Text: Amended: 4/21/2021  html  pdf

Introduced: 1/25/2021

Last Amend: 4/21/2021

Status: 4/22/2021-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.

Location: 2/12/2021-A. NAT. RES.

Summary: Would continuously appropriate $480,000,000 and $20,000,000 to the Department of Forestry and Fire Prevention and the California Conservation Corps, respectively, for fire prevention activities, as provided.

Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | ---
Support | Fire Prevention

Attachments:
AB 297 Fact Sheet

**AB 373**

(Seyarto R) State Emergency Plan: update.


Introduced: 2/1/2021

Last Amend: 3/3/2021

Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT on 2/25/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law, the California Emergency Services Act, establishes the Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES) within the office of the Governor, and requires Cal OES to update the State Emergency Plan on or before January 1, 2019, and requires Cal OES to update it every 5 years thereafter. This bill, instead, would require Cal OES to update the State Emergency Plan every three years commencing January 1, 2024.

Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | ---
Watch | Fire Prevention

**AB 380**

(Seyarto R) Forestry: priority fuel reduction projects.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/2/2021  html  pdf

Introduced: 2/2/2021

Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 2/12/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Under the authority provided pursuant to the California Emergency Services Act, the
Governor, on March 22, 2019, issued a proclamation of a state of emergency directing the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to implement, without delay, fuel reduction projects identified using a methodology developed by the department to determine which communities are at greatest risk of wildfire based on best available science and socioeconomic factors and to identify projects that would reduce the risk of catastrophic wildfire, if completed. The proclamation of a state of emergency exempts those identified fuel reduction projects from various legal requirements, including, among others, requirements regarding public contracting for those projects, requirements for environmental review under the California Environmental Quality Act for those projects, and licensure requirements for individual conducting certain activities for those projects, as provided. This bill would require the department, before December 31, 2022, and before December 31 of each year thereafter, to identify priority fuel reduction projects, as provided.

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**Attachments:**
- AB 380 FACT SHEET

**AB 431** (Patterson R) Forestry: timber harvesting plans: defensible space: exemptions.
**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/7/2021  [html](#), [pdf](#)
**Introduced:** 2/4/2021
**Status:** 9/7/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 4 p.m.
**Location:** 9/7/2021-A. ENROLLED

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**Summary:** The Z’berg-Nejedly Forest Practice Act of 1973 prohibits a person from conducting timber operations, as defined, unless a timber harvesting plan prepared by a registered professional forester has been submitted to, and approved by, the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection. The act authorizes the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection to exempt from some or all of those provisions of the act a person engaging in specified forest management activities, as prescribed, including, only until January 1, 2022, the cutting or removal of trees on the person’s property in compliance with specified defensible space requirements, as provided. This bill would extend to January 1, 2026, the board’s authorization to exempt a person engaging in the cutting or removal of trees on the person’s property in compliance with the specified defensible space requirements as provided.

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**Attachments:**
- AB 431 FACT SHEET

**AB 433** (Chen R) California Wildfire Mitigation Financial Assistance Program: electrical utilities: voluntary contributions.
**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/4/2021  [html](#), [pdf](#)
**Introduced:** 2/4/2021
**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was U. & E. on 2/12/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)
**Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Current law requires the State Fire Marshal, in consultation with specified state officials, to identify building retrofits and structure hardening measures, and the department to identify defensible space, vegetation management, and fuel modification activities, that are eligible for financial assistance under the program. Current law specifies the types of designated wildfire hazard areas eligible for funding under the program. Current authorizes the joint powers authority administering the program to accept federal funds for the purposes of the program. Current law makes the operation of the program contingent upon an appropriation by the Legislature and would repeal the program’s provisions on July 1, 2025. This bill would authorize the joint powers authority implementing the above-described program to accept voluntary contributions and would require the contributions be deposited in the California Wildfire Mitigation Financial Assistance Fund, which the bill would establish in the State Treasury. The bill would provide that moneys in the fund are available, upon appropriation by the Legislature for purpose of the program.

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**AB 448** (Mayes I) Fire safety: electrical transmission or distribution lines: clearances: notice and opportunity to be heard.
**Current Text:** Amended: 4/26/2021  [html](#), [pdf](#)
**Introduced:** 2/8/2021
Under current law, the Public Utilities Commission, which has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations, has established additional vegetation management requirements. Current law provides that a violation of a rule or order of the commission is a crime and provides that the willful or negligent commission of any acts prohibited or the omission of any acts required by specified laws relating to fire safety is a misdemeanor. This bill would revise and recast those provisions related to electrical lines and abatement activities for a person who owns, controls, operates, or maintains an electrical transmission or distribution line, specifying that abatement activities covered by this law include felling, cutting, or trimming trees. The bill would explicitly require all these line clearance and tree pruning and abatement activities to comply with the commission’s vegetation management rules.
Summary: The Z’berg-Nejedly Forest Practice Act of 1973 prohibits a person from conducting timber operations, as defined, unless a timber harvesting plan prepared by a registered professional forester has been submitted to the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection. The act authorizes the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection to exempt from some or all of those provisions of the act a person engaging in specified forest management activities, as prescribed, including the harvesting of trees for the purpose of reducing the rate of fire spread, duration and intensity, fuel ignitability, or ignition of tree crowns, as provided, known as the Forest Fire Prevention Exemption. This bill would extend the operation of the Forest Fire Prevention Exemption indefinitely. The bill would delete the requirement that the tree harvesting area not exceed 300 acres and the requirement that temporary road construction or reconstruction be limited to no more than 2 miles of road per ownership in a planning watershed per any 5-year period.

Summary: Would require each electrical corporation, local publicly owned electric utility, or electrical cooperative engaging in fire safety, prevention, or mitigation services in a high fire-risk area, as defined, to notify the fire protection district responsible for that area at least 48 hours before work is commenced, except when waiting to commence critical or emergency repairs in order to provide that notification would endanger public health or safety, as specified. The bill would require those electrical utilities to also provide the fire protection district with a copy of any form used to document any daily safety briefing at those worksites no later than 72 hours after the completion of that workday.

Summary: Under current law, the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection is required to carry out specified duties with respect to the prevention and control of forest fires. This bill would provide that, notwithstanding requirements imposed on state agencies to purchase Prison Industry Authority products, the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection may purchase personal protective equipment from the authority or private entities, based on the department’s needs and assessment of quality and value.
Summary: Would establish the Extreme Heat and Community Resilience Program for the purpose of coordinating state efforts and supporting local and regional efforts to mitigate the impacts of, and reduce the public health risks of, extreme heat and the urban heat island effect, and would require the Office of Planning and Research to administer the program through the Integrated Climate Adaptation and Resiliency Program.

Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | ---
Watch | Fire Prevention

Attachments:
AB 585 FACT SHEET

**AB 642** (Friedman D) Wildfires.

Current Text: Enrollment: 9/9/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/12/2021

Last Amend: 9/3/2021

Status: 9/9/2021-Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling.

Summary: Current law requires the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection to identify areas of the state as very high fire hazard severity zones, as provided. Current law requires a local agency, within 30 days of receiving a transmittal from the director that identifies very high fire hazard severity zones, to make the information available for public review. This bill would require the director to identify areas in the state as moderate and high fire hazard severity zones. The bill would modify the factors the director is required to use to classify areas into fire hazard severity zones, as provided. The bill would require a local agency, within 30 days of receiving a transmittal from the director that identifies fire hazard severity zones, to make the information available for public comment.

Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | ---
Support/Coalition | Fire Prevention

Attachments:
AB 642 (Friedman) Coalition Supporter Letter Sen. Natural Resources 06-18-2021
AB 642 (FRIEDMAN) COALITION SUPPORT LETTER ASSM. APPROPRIATIONS 04-20-2021 (FINAL)
AB 642 (FRIEDMAN) COALITION SUPPORT LETTER ASSM. APPROPRIATIONS 04-15-2021
AB 642 FACT SHEET

Notes: AB 642 (Friedman) Coalition Supporter Letter Sen. Natural Resources 06-18-2021
AB 642 (FRIEDMAN) COALITION SUPPORT LETTER ASSM. APPROPRIATIONS 04-20-2021 (FINAL)
AB 642 (FRIEDMAN) COALITION SUPPORT LETTER ASSM. APPROPRIATIONS 04-15-2021

**AB 697** (Chau D) Forest resources: national forest lands: Good Neighbor Authority Fund: ecological restoration and fire resiliency projects.

Current Text: Enrolled: 9/7/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/16/2021

Last Amend: 8/26/2021

Status: 9/2/2021-Assembly Rule 77 suspended. (Ayes 43. Noes 12.) Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling. (Ayes 75. Noes 0.).

Summary: Would reorganize the law relating to the State Treasury the Good Neighbor Authority Fund. The bill would require the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency, under an agreement between the state and the federal government, to establish a program for purposes of conducting ecological restoration and fire resiliency projects on national forest lands, with priority given to forest restoration and fuels reduction projects that are landscape scale and are focused on ecological restoration and to community fire protection and protection of water infrastructure and other infrastructure. The bill would require projects to be based on the best available science and emphasize the use of prescribed fire where appropriate.

Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | ---
Watch | Fire Prevention

Attachments:

**AB 792** (Flora R) Forestry: prescribed burning agreements.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
**AB 800**  
**Gabriel D**  
Wildfires: local general plans: safety elements: fire hazard severity zones.  
Current Text: Amended: 3/18/2021  
Introduced: 2/16/2021  
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 2/25/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Current law requires the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection to identify areas of the state as very high fire hazard severity zones, as provided. Current law requires each planning agency to prepare, and the legislative body of each county and city to adopt, a comprehensive, long-term general plan, including a safety element, for the physical development of the county or city, as provided. Current law requires the draft element of, or draft amendment to, the safety element of a county or city’s general plan to be submitted to the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection and to every local agency that provides fire protection to territory in the city or county at least 90 days before the adoption or amendment to the safety element of its general plan for each city or county that contains a very high fire hazard severity zone. This bill would require the director to also identify areas of the state as moderate and high fire hazard severity zones, as provided.

**Position**
- Support

**Priority**
- Watch

**Subject**
- Fire Prevention

---

**AB 909**  
**Frazier D**  
Wildfire risk assessment map.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2021  
Introduced: 2/17/2021  
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 2/25/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would require the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, in consultation with the California Fire Science Consortium and the Department of Insurance to develop a fire risk assessment map for the state that quantifies the risks of wildfire for a parcel of land for a time span of 50 years. The bill would require the department to annually update the wildfire risk assessment map. The bill would require the department to make the wildfire risk assessment map available to the public.

**Position**
- Watch

**Priority**
- Support

**Subject**
- Fire Prevention

---

**AB 926**  
**Mathis R**  
Fire prevention: local assistance grant program: projects: report.  
Current Text: Amended: 3/8/2021  
Introduced: 2/16/2021  
Status: 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/19/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
Location: 5/25/2021-A. 2 YEAR
Summary: Current law requires the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to establish a local assistance grant program for fire prevention activities, as defined, in the state. This bill would expand the definition of "fire prevention activities" to include the removal of hazardous dead trees, creation of fuel breaks and community defensible spaces, and creation of ingress and egress corridors. The bill would also require the department to prioritize projects that have a completed, or nearly completed, environmental review document, as provided. The bill would authorize the department to consider and evaluate the wildfire risk within the proposed project area, as well as the socioeconomic characteristics of communities that the various education and mitigation projects are intended to protect, when awarding local assistance grants.

Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | ---
Support | Fire Prevention

Attachments:
AB 926 FACT SHEET

AB 954 (Petrie-Norris D) City of Laguna Woods: leases: fire protection and public safety.

Introduced: 2/17/2021
Last Amend: 3/25/2021
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was L. GOV. on 3/25/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would authorize the City of Laguna Woods to lease to a public agency or joint powers authority, for purposes related to fire protection or public safety, the park property upon which improvements were made pursuant to specified grant agreements funded in accordance with the California Clean Water, Clean Air, Safe Neighborhood Parks, and Coastal Protection Act of 2002. The bill would require those leases to be subject to the requirements set forth in the grant contracts that are otherwise applicable to property sales or other dispositions. This bill would make legislative findings and declarations as to the necessity of a special statute for the City of Laguna Woods.

Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | ---
Watch | Fire Prevention

AB 956 (Flora R) Wildfire mitigation plans: fire retardants.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2021 html pdf
Introduced: 2/17/2021
Status: 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was U. & E. on 3/4/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2021)
Location: 5/7/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law requires the State Fire Marshal to establish minimum standard requirements and adopt rules and regulations to regulate the manufacture, sale, and application of flame-retardant chemicals. This bill would expressly authorize a wildfire mitigation plan to include the use of fire-retardant chemicals approved by the State Fire Marshal on a planned basis for wildfire mitigation and risk management.

Position | Priority | Subject
--- | --- | ---
Watch | Fire Prevention

AB 968 (Frazier D) Wildfire resilience: community certification.

Current Text: Amended: 3/18/2021 html pdf
Introduced: 2/17/2021
Last Amend: 3/18/2021
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would require, on or before January 1, 2023, the agency to research, and provide a report to the Legislature with recommendations for, ways in which a community that undertakes science-supported wildfire resilience actions can be recognized with a peer-reviewed, community-level certification in order to acknowledge and motivate wildfire resilience activity, as provided. The bill would
provide that the sum of $2,000,000 shall be appropriated from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund in
the annual Budget Act each year through the 2022–23 fiscal year to the agency for purposes of this
research and report.

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AB 969  [Frazier D] Natural Resources Agency: wildfire technology support: community organizations.  
Current Text: Amended: 3/18/2021  html  pdf  
Introduced: 2/17/2021  
Last Amend: 3/18/2021  
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/18/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR  
Summary: Would require the Natural Resources Agency to provide a basic level of technological support to community organizations for wildfire risk reduction and resiliency, including technology for data, geospatial mapping, and data management, as well as software and limited technical support, and would require the Natural Resources Agency to structure this wildfire technology support in the same way that technology support is provided for similar services for wildfire-program building, outreach, and planning. The bill would provide that the sum of $5,000,000 shall be appropriated from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund in the annual Budget Act each year through the 2023–24 fiscal year to the Natural Resources Agency for purposes of providing the technological support described above.

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Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2021  html  pdf  
Introduced: 2/18/2021  
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was NAT. RES. on 3/4/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR  
Summary: Would require the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to develop and implement a program to predict and respond to wildfire ignition events and to provide for the sharing of information regarding wildfire events and coordination of activities among local, state, and federal agencies in response to wildfires.

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Current Text: Amended: 4/19/2021  html  pdf  
Introduced: 2/19/2021  
Last Amend: 4/19/2021  
Status: 6/4/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 6/2/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
Location: 6/4/2021-A. 2 YEAR  
Summary: Would require the Natural Resources Agency, on or before July 1, 2023, and in collaboration with specified state agencies and in consultation with certain other state agencies, to develop a guidance document that describes goals, approaches, opportunities, and best practices in each region of the state for ecologically appropriate, habitat-specific fire risk reduction. The bill would require the guidance document to be developed through a public process, including region-specific public workshops hosted by the agency, and would require the agency to post the document on its internet website.

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Attachments: 


Page 48/76
The California Beverage Container Recycling and Litter Reduction Act requires the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to annually designate convenience zones on a statewide basis and requires that at least one certified recycling center or location that meets certain requirements be located within every convenience zone, with exemptions. The act defines convenience zone as either the area within a 1/2 mile radius of a supermarket or the area designated by the department in a rural region. This bill would allow the department to designate a regional convenience zone serving up to 5 adjacent unserved supermarket-based zones based on specified factors. The bill would require the department to certify bag drop redemption programs, as defined, and dealers under certain conditions and would require those certified entities to be eligible for handling fees and processing payments, as provided, thereby making an appropriation.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Fire Prevention

**AB 1459** (Patterson R) *Home hardening and defensible space clearance.*

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/19/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Status:** 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/19/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2021)

**Location:** 5/7/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would provide funding for grants to homeowners in very high fire hazard severity zones for home hardening and defensible space clearance efforts.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Fire Prevention

**ACR 33** (Friedman D) *Wildfire mitigation.*

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 9/7/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Status:** 8/31/2021-Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 111, Statutes of 2021

**Location:** 8/31/2021-A. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** Would state the Legislature’s commitment to improving wildfire outcomes in the State of California by investing in science-based wildfire mitigation strategies that will benefit the health of California forests and communities. The measure would also state that the Legislature calls upon public and private stakeholders to work jointly to identify, discuss, and refine, as necessary, procedures concerning treatment of forested lands for the purpose of, among other things, wildfire risk mitigation.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Support |  | Fire Prevention

**Notes:** ACR 33 (Friedman) Assembly Natural Resources Support Letter 7-1-21.pdf
ACR 33 (Friedman) Assembly Member Friedman - Author Support Letter 6-3-21.pdf

**AJR 20** (Dahle, Megan R) *Wildfires: forested lands: federal policy.*

**Current Text:** Introduced: 8/30/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 8/30/2021

**Status:** 9/2/2021-Referral to Com. on NAT. RES.

**Location:** 9/2/2021-A. NAT. RES.

**Summary:** Would urge President Joe Biden to take immediate action to direct his administration, specifically the Secretary of Agriculture, Tom Vilsack, to review and update all forest management and fire suppression policies to today’s best practices and consider current and future climate and drought
Introduced: 12/7/2020
Last Amend: 4/8/2021
Status: 6/1/2021-Ordered to inactive file on request of Senator Portantino.
Location: 6/1/2021-S. INACTIVE FILE
Summary: Would enact the Wildfire Prevention, Safe Drinking Water, Drought Preparation, and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2022, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of $5,595,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for a wildfire prevention, safe drinking water, drought preparation, and flood protection program.

Current Text: Amended: 9/7/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 12/7/2020
Last Amend: 9/7/2021
Status: 9/7/2021-Read third time and amended. Ordered to third reading.
Location: 8/31/2021-A. THIRD READING
Calendar: 9/10/2021 #16 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - SENATE BILLS
Summary: Would, among other things, require the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection to identify areas of the state as moderate and high fire hazard severity zones. The bill would modify the factors the director is required to use to identify areas into fire hazard severity zones, as provided. The bill would require a local agency to make this information available for public review and comment, as provided. By expanding the responsibility of a local agency, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

SB 244  (Archuleta D)  Lithium-ion batteries: illegal disposal: fire prevention.
Introduced: 1/21/2021
Last Amend: 8/30/2021
Status: 9/9/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.
Location: 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLED
**SB 289**  (Newman D)  Recycling: batteries and battery-embedded products.

*Current Text:* Amended: 4/13/2021  [html](#), [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 2/1/2021  
*Last Amend:* 4/13/2021  
*Status:* 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/17/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
*Location:* 5/25/2021-S. 2 YEAR  

*Summary:* Would make the Rechargeable Battery Recycling Act of 2006 and the Cell Phone Recycling Act of 2004 inoperative as of June 30, 2025, and would repeal those acts as of January 1, 2026. The bill would enact the Battery and Battery-Embedded Product Recycling and Fire Risk Reduction Act of 2021, which would require producers, as defined, either individually or through the creation of one or more stewardship organizations, to establish a stewardship program for batteries and battery-embedded products.

**Position**  
Oppose If Amended  

**Priority**  

debate

**Subject**  
Fire Prevention

---

**SB 396**  (Dahle R)  Forestry: electrical transmission or distribution lines: clearances: notice and opportunity to be heard.

*Current Text:* Amended: 9/3/2021  [html](#), [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 2/11/2021  
*Last Amend:* 9/3/2021  
*Status:* 9/8/2021-Ordered to inactive file on request of Assembly Member Mayes.  
*Location:* 9/8/2021-A. INACTIVE FILE  

*Summary:* Under current law, the Public Utilities Commission, which has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations, has established additional vegetation management requirements. This bill would revise and recast those provisions related to electrical lines and abatement activities for a person who owns, controls, operates, or maintains an electrical transmission or distribution line, specifying that abatement activities covered by this law include felling, cutting, or trimming trees. The bill would explicitly require all these line clearance and tree pruning and abatement activities to comply with the commission’s vegetation management rules, if applicable.

**Position**  
Watch  

**Priority**  

debate

**Subject**  
Fire Prevention

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**SB 440**  (Dodd D)  Earthquake and wildfire loss mitigation.

*Current Text:* Introduced: 2/16/2021  [html](#), [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 2/16/2021  
*Status:* 3/22/2021-March 25 set for first hearing canceled at the request of author.  
*Location:* 2/25/2021-S. INS.  

*Summary:* Would require the Wildfire Fund Administrator, the Office of Emergency Services, and the Office of Energy Infrastructure Safety to create the California Wildfire Residential Loss Mitigation Program as a joint powers authority. The bill would require that program to provide mitigation against wildfire risk, including a grant program to assist qualifying owners to retrofit their structures to protect against wildfire or to create a defensible space around their structures. The bill would establish the Wildfire Loss Mitigation Fund as a continuously appropriated subaccount in the Wildfire Fund to fund the program.

**Position**  
Watch  

**Priority**  

debate

**Subject**  
Fire Prevention

---

**Attachments:**  

**SB 440 FACT SHEET**

**SB 450** (Hertzberg D) Fire protection: fire districts: funding: working group: report.

- **Current Text:** Amended: 3/10/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 2/16/2021
- **Last Amend:** 3/10/2021
- **Status:** 6/4/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 5/26/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 6/4/2021-S. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Current law creates in the Office of the State Fire Marshal a State Board of Fire Services, as provided. Current law requires the board to make full and complete studies, recommendations, and reports to the Governor and the Legislature for the purpose of recommending the establishment of minimum standards with respect to fire protection, as provided. Section 2.2 of Article XIII A of the California Constitution establishes the Special District Fire Response Fund as a subaccount within the California Fire Response Fund within the State Treasury. Current law requires moneys in the Special District Fire Response Fund to be appropriated by the Legislature for the purpose of funding fire suppression staffing in underfunded special districts that provide fire protection services, as provided. This bill would require the board, on or before February 15, 2022, to convene a working group, with specified representatives, to discuss and make recommendations on the most efficient mechanisms and structure to administer the Special District Fire Response Fund.

**Position**

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**Attachments:**

- SB 450 (Hertzberg) Author & Senate Approps. Support Letter 4-9-21
- SB 450 FACT SHEET

**Notes:** SB 450 (Hertzberg) Author & Senate Approps. Support Letter 4-9-21

**SB 456** (Laird D) Fire prevention: wildfire and forest resilience: action plan: reports.

- **Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 2/16/2021
- **Last Amend:** 8/30/2021
- **Status:** 9/9/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.

**Location:** 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLED

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**Summary:** Current law establishes in the Natural Resources Agency the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, and requires the department to be responsible for, among other things, fire protection and prevention, as provided. The former Governor, Edmund G. Brown Jr., issued an executive order relating to, among other subjects, the streamlining of permitting for landowner-initiated projects for the improvement of forest health and the reduction of forest fire fuels on their properties. Pursuant to this executive order, a Forest Management Task Force involving specified state agencies was convened and an action plan was created. This bill would rename the task force the Wildfire and Forest Resilience Task Force and require the task force, including the agency and the department, on January 1, 2022, to develop a comprehensive implementation strategy to track and ensure the achievement of the goals and key actions identified in the action plan, as provided. The bill would require the implementation strategy to address specified actions, including increasing the pace and scale of wildfire and forest resilience activities, as provided.

**Position**

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**SB 533** (Stern D) Electrical corporations: wildfire mitigation plans: deenergization events.

- **Current Text:** Amended: 9/1/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 2/17/2021
- **Last Amend:** 9/1/2021

**Location:** 9/9/2021-S. CONCURRENCE

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**Calendar:** 9/10/2021 #19 SENATE UNFINISHED BUSINESS

**Summary:** Would require that an electrical corporation’s wildfire mitigation plan identify circuits that have frequently been deenergized to mitigate the risk of wildfire and the measures taken, or planned to be taken, by the electrical corporation to reduce the need for, and impact of, future deenergization
of those circuits, including the estimated annual decline in circuit deenergization and deenergization impact on customers, and replacing, hardening, or undergrounding any portion of the circuit or of upstream transmission or distribution lines.

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**SB 618 (Borgeas R)  Fire prevention activities: local assistance grant program.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/18/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/18/2021

**Status:** 3/3/2021-Referred to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 2/20/2021-S. RLS.

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**Summary:** Current law requires the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to establish a local assistance grant program for fire prevention activities in California. Current law defines “fire prevention activities” for these purposes to mean those lawful activities that reduce the risk of wildfire in California, as provided. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the definition of “fire prevention activities.”

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**SB 694 (Bradford D)  Fire prevention: electrical corporations: wildfire mitigation: workforce diversity.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 9/3/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2021

**Status:** 9/7/2021-Read third time. Passed. (Ayes 55. Noes 0.) Ordered to the Senate. In Senate. Concurrence in Assembly amendments pending.

**Location:** 9/7/2021-S. CONCURRENCE

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**Calendar:** 9/10/2021 #6 SENATE UNFINISHED BUSINESS

**Summary:** The Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations. Existing law establishes the Wildfire Safety Division within the commission. Current law requires each electrical corporation to annually prepare and submit a wildfire mitigation plan to the division for review and approval, as specified. Current law prevents an electrical corporation from diverting revenues authorized to implement the plan to any activities or investments outside of the plan and requires an electrical corporation to notify the commission and the Office of Energy Infrastructure Safety by advice letter of the date when the electrical corporation projects that it will have spent, or incurred obligations to spend, its entire annual revenue requirement for vegetation management in its plan, as specified. This bill would require an electrical corporation to also notify the commission and the office by advice letter a detailed summary of specified workforce development efforts completed in compliance with the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, including, but not limited to, a description of and data on the extent to which the electrical corporation advertises job openings to members of California Conservation Corps and members of community conservation corps.

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**AB 1497 (Frazier D)  Fireworks: violations: penalties.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/19/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was G.O. on 3/11/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

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**Summary:** Current law requires the State Fire Marshal to classify all fireworks and pyrotechnic devices and prohibits any fireworks or pyrotechnic devices from being imported, sold, or offered for sale before the fireworks or devices have been examined and classified by the State Fire Marshal. Current law authorizes the State Fire Marshal to issue licenses related to fireworks and pyrotechnic devices, including a wholesaler’s license. Current law makes it unlawful for a person to violate the State
Fireworks Law and the regulations issued pursuant thereto, and to possess a specified amount of
dangerous fireworks, punishable by a fine or by imprisonment, as specified. This bill would increase the
amount of the fine to be imposed for violating the State Fireworks Law or related regulation, would
increase the amount of certain fines for possessing a specified amount of dangerous fireworks, and
would specify the fine and imprisonment penalties for a 3rd or subsequent conviction.

**AB 1588**
(Committee on Governmental Organization)  Fireworks: enforcement actions: funding.
Current Text: Amended: 7/15/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 3/17/2021
Last Amend: 7/15/2021
Status: 8/16/2021-Read second time. Ordered to third reading. Re-referred to Com. on RLS pursuant
to Senate Rule 29.10.
Location: 8/16/2021-S. RLS.

Summary: Would establish the State Fire Marshal Statewide Illegal Fireworks Enforcement Action Fund
in the State Treasury and would require all moneys transferred to the fund to be used by the State
Fire Marshal to assist in the enforcement of statewide programs concerning illegal and dangerous
fireworks, prosecution related to seized fireworks, and enforcement efforts of fire and law enforcement
officials. This bill would require the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration (CDTFA), in
consultation with the Office of the State Fire Marshal, to estimate by March 31, 2022, the gross
receipts for sales and use tax purposes from the sale of fireworks in the state for the 2020–21 fiscal
year, as specified.

**SB 277**
Current Text: Amended: 5/20/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 1/29/2021
Last Amend: 5/20/2021
Status: 7/14/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(11). (Last location was G.O. on 6/3/2021)
(May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 7/14/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would expand the definition of a dangerous firework to include any firework that contains
lead and lead compounds and hexachlorobenzene, as provided. By expanding the scope of a crime,
the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**AB 833**
(Quirk-Silva D)  State government: grants: administrative costs.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/17/2021
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was A. & A.R. on
2/25/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would require any state grants to a local government to include a maximum allocation of
funds that may be expended for administrative costs, as defined, and would prohibit a local
government, as defined, from expending more than 5% of grant funds for administrative costs, except
as provided. The bill would specify that it is not intended to affect federal funding.
**AB 1500**


**Current Text:** Amended: 5/11/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/19/2021

**Last Amended:** 5/11/2021

**Status:** 5/20/2021-Joint Rule 62(a), file notice suspended. From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on RLS. (Ayes 12. Noes 3.) (May 20). Re-referred to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 5/20/2021-A, RLS.

**Summary:** Would enact the Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparation, Flood Protection, Extreme Heat Mitigation, and Workforce Development Bond Act of 2022, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of $7,080,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for safe drinking water, wildfire prevention, drought preparation, flood protection, extreme heat mitigation, and workforce development programs.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
--- | --- | ---
Support in Concept |  | Funding/Bonds

**Attachments:**

[AB 1500 BOND BREAKDOWN](#)

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**GGRF**

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**AB 648**

*(Fong R)* Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund: healthy forest and fire prevention: appropriation.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/12/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/12/2021

**Status:** 2/25/2021-Referred to Com. on NAT. RES.

**Location:** 2/25/2021-A. NAT. RES.

**Summary:** Would continuously appropriate, beginning in the 2021–22 fiscal year and ending in the 2028–29 fiscal year, $200,000,000 of the annual proceeds from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection for (1) healthy forest and fire prevention programs and projects that improve forest health and reduce greenhouse gas emissions caused by uncontrolled wildfires and (2) prescribed fire and other fuel reduction projects through proven forestry practices consistent with the recommendations of the California Forest Carbon Plan, including the operation of year-round prescribed fire crews and implementation of a research and monitoring program for climate change adaptation.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
--- | --- | ---
Watch |  | GGRF

**SB 506**


**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was N.R. & W. on 2/25/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-S. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would prohibit the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection from requiring applicants for a grant or other funds made available to the department from the Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund to consider the greenhouse gas emissions impacts of vegetation management projects pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) as a condition of applying for or receiving a grant or other funds from moneys made available to the department from the fund. The bill would define "vegetation management projects" as projects that improve forest health, reduce fuel loading, and reduce greenhouse gas emissions caused by uncontrolled wildfires that involve the thinning of overgrown brush and trees, as specified, by mechanical thinning, piling, pile burning, chipping, prescribed fire, cultural fire, or grazing.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
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Watch |  | GGRF
**AB 480**  
*(Carrillo D)*  
**Hazardous materials.**

**Current Text:** Enrolled: 9/9/2021  
**Introduced:** 2/8/2021  
**Last Amend:** 8/16/2021  
**Status:** 9/7/2021-Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling. (Ayes 56. Noes 0.).  
**Location:** 9/7/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

**Summary:** Current law requires a business that handles a hazardous material (handler), or an employee, authorized representative, agent, or designee of the handler, to, upon discovery, immediately report any release or threatened release of a hazardous material, or an actual release of a hazardous substance, as defined, to the UPA and the Office of Emergency Services, as provided. Current law requires the office to adopt regulations implementing this requirement on or before January 1, 2022. This bill would revise that reporting requirement to require, for regulated facilities, a handler, or an employee, authorized representative, agent, or designee of the handler, to report a release or threatened release of a hazardous material, hazardous waste, or hazardous substance to the UPA and the office immediately upon discovery of the release or threatened release. The bill would require, for unregulated facilities, that reporting to be made upon the discovery of an actual release that results in an emergency response, as defined.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Support |  | Hazardous Substances

**Attachments:**
- AB 480 (Carrillo) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 8-4-21.pdf
- AB 480 (Carrillo) Senate EQ Support Letter 6-22-21.pdf
- AB 480 (Carrillo) Assm. Appropriations Support Letter 4-30-21

**Notes:**
- AB 480 (Carrillo) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 8-4-21.pdf
- AB 480 (Carrillo) Senate Judiciary Support Letter 6-22-21
- AB 480 (Carrillo) Senate EQ Support Letter 6-22-21
- AB 480 (Carrillo) Assm. Appropriations Support Letter 4-30-21

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**Insurance**

**AB 1522**  
*(Levine D)*  
**The Catastrophic Wildfire Insurance Act.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 9/9/2021  
**Introduced:** 2/19/2021  
**Last Amend:** 9/9/2021  
**Status:** 9/9/2021-From committee chair, with author’s amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on INS. From committee chair, with author’s amendments: Amend, and re-refer to committee. Read second time, amended, and re-referred to Com. on INS.  
**Location:** 9/9/2021-A. INS.

**Summary:** Would create the California Wildfire Insurance Authority to serve as a marketplace for catastrophic wildfire insurance. The bill would require the authority to be formed as a nonprofit entity that is privately funded and publicly managed. The bill would require the Department of Insurance to promulgate regulations to govern the approval and regulation of catastrophic wildfire insurance policies and would prohibit, on and after January 1, 2023, a policy of residential or commercial property insurance from being issued, amended, or renewed by an insurer unless the named insured is offered coverage for loss or damage caused by a catastrophic wildfire.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Insurance

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**SB 11**  
*(Rubio D)*  
**The California FAIR Plan Association: basic property insurance: exclusions.**

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/23/2021  
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Page 56/76
**SB 72** (Rubio D) Property insurance: wildfire risk information reporting.

**Current Text:** Amended: 6/28/2021  
**Introduced:** 12/10/2020  
**Last Amend:** 6/28/2021  
**Status:** 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 7/7/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
**Location:** 8/27/2021-A. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** Current law requires an admitted insurer with written California premiums totaling $10,000,000 or more, on or before April 1, 2020, and every 2 years thereafter, as specified, to submit a report to the commissioner with specified fire risk information on its residential property policies, and subjects an admitted insurer that willfully fails to submit a report to a prescribed civil penalty. Current law requires the commissioner to post to the department's internet website a report on wildfire risk compiled from the collected fire risk information. Current law establishes in state government the Natural Resources Agency under the supervision of the Secretary of the Natural Resources Agency, consisting of various departments, including the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, which is responsible for the fire protection, fire prevention, maintenance, and enhancement of the state's forest, range, and brushland resources, among other things. On or before November 1, 2022, and annually thereafter, this bill would require the commissioner to transmit to the secretary of the agency a report that makes geographic recommendations for vegetation management projects based on the commissioner's analysis of specified information, including nonrenewal data on policies of residential property insurance, and to post that report on the Department of Insurance's internet website.

**Position**  
Watch

**Priority**  
Insurance

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**AB 17** (Cooper D) Peace officers: disqualification from employment.

**Current Text:** Amended: 1/12/2021  
**Introduced:** 12/7/2020  
**Last Amend:** 1/12/2021  
**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 1/11/2021)  
**Location:** 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR  
**Summary:** Would disqualify a person from being a peace officer if the person has been discharged from the military for committing an offense that would have been a felony if committed in California or if the person has been certified as a peace officer and has had that certification revoked by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training.
AB 26  (Holden  D)  Peace officers: use of force.
Introduced: 12/7/2020
Last Amend: 7/7/2021
Status: 9/8/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 4:30 p.m.
Location: 9/8/2021-A. ENROLLED
Summary: Current law requires each law enforcement agency, on or before January 1, 2021, to maintain a policy that provides a minimum standard on the use of force. Current law requires that policy, among other things, to require that officers report potential excessive force to a superior officer when present and observing another officer using force that the officer believes to be unnecessary, and to require that officers intercede when present and observing another officer using force that is clearly beyond that which is necessary, as specified. This bill would require those law enforcement policies to require those officers to immediately report potential excessive force, as defined.

AB 48  (Gonzalez, Lorena  D)  Law enforcement: use of force.
Introduced: 12/7/2020
Last Amend: 8/26/2021
Status: 9/8/2021-Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling.
Location: 9/8/2021-A. ENROLLMENT
Summary: would prohibit the use of kinetic energy projectiles or chemical agents by any law enforcement agency to disperse any assembly, protest, or demonstration, except in compliance with specified standards set by the bill, and would prohibit their use solely due to a violation of an imposed curfew, verbal threat, or noncompliance with a law enforcement directive. The bill would include in the standards for the use of kinetic energy projectiles and chemical agents to disperse gatherings the requirement that, among other things, those weapons only be used to defend against a threat to life or serious bodily injury to any individual, including a peace officer, or to bring an objectively dangerous and unlawful situation safely and effectively under control.

AB 60  (Salas  D)  Law enforcement.
Current Text: Amended: 3/16/2021   html, pdf
Introduced: 12/7/2020
Last Amend: 3/16/2021
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was PUB. S. on 1/11/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR
Summary: Would disqualify a person from being employed as a peace officer if that person has been convicted of, or has been adjudicated by a military tribunal as having committed an offense that would have been a felony if committed in this state. The bill would also disqualify any person who has been certified as a peace officer by the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training and has had that certification revoked by the commission.

AB 89  (Jones-Sawyer  D)  Peace officers: minimum qualifications.
Introduced: 12/7/2020
Summary: Current law requires the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and Training (POST) to establish a certification program for specified peace officers, including officers of the Department of the California Highway Patrol. Current law requires the commission to establish basic, intermediate, advanced, supervisory, management, and executive certificates for the purpose of fostering the education and experience necessary to perform general police service duties. Current law requires certificates to be awarded on the basis of a combination of training, education, experience, and other prerequisites, as determined by the commission. This bill would require the office of the Chancellor of the California Community Colleges to develop a modern policing degree program, with the commission and other stakeholders to serve as advisors, as specified, and to submit a report on recommendations to the Legislature outlining a plan to implement the program on or before June 1, 2023.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Priority Law Enforcement

SB 2 (Bradford D) Peace officers: certification: civil rights.
Introduced: 12/7/2020
Last Amend: 9/1/2021
Location: 9/8/2021-S. ENROLLMENT
Summary: Under current law, the Tom Bane Civil Rights Act, if a person or persons, whether or not acting under color of law, interferes or attempts to interfere, by threats, intimidation, or coercion, with the exercise or enjoyment by any individual or individuals of rights secured by the Constitution or laws of the United States, or of the rights secured by the Constitution or laws of this state, the Attorney General, or any district attorney or city attorney, is authorized to bring a civil action for injunctive and other appropriate equitable relief in the name of the people of the State of California, in order to protect the exercise or enjoyment of the right or rights secured. Current law also authorizes an action brought by the Attorney General, or any district attorney or city attorney, to seek a civil penalty of $25,000. Current law also allows an individual whose exercise or enjoyment of rights has been interfered with to prosecute a civil action for damages on their own behalf. This bill would eliminate certain immunity provisions for peace officers and custodial officers, or public entities employing peace officers or custodial officers sued under the act.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Priority Law Enforcement

SB 16 (Skinner D) Peace officers: release of records.
Introduced: 12/7/2020
Last Amend: 8/30/2021
Status: 9/9/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.
Location: 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLED
Summary: Current law makes peace officer and custodial officer personnel records and specified records maintained by any state or local agency, or information obtained from these records, confidential and prohibits these records from being disclosed in any criminal or civil proceeding except by discovery. Current law sets forth exceptions to this policy, including, among others, records relating to specified incidents involving the discharge of a firearm, sexual assault, perjury, or misconduct by a peace officer or custodial officer. Existing law makes a record related to an incident involving the use of force that is unreasonable or excessive, and any sustained finding that an officer failed to intervene against another officer using unreasonable or excessive force, subject to disclosure.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Priority Law Enforcement
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<th>Bill</th>
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<tr>
<td>AB 575</td>
<td>Fong R</td>
<td>Civil liability: prescribed burning activities: gross negligence. Would provide that a private entity engaging in a prescribed burning activity that is supervised by a person certified as burn boss is liable for damages to a third party only if the prescribed burning activity was carried out in a grossly negligent manner.</td>
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<tr>
<td>SB 332</td>
<td>Dodd D</td>
<td>Civil liability: prescribed burning operations: gross negligence. Would provide that no person shall be liable for any fire suppression or other costs otherwise recoverable for a prescribed burn if specified conditions are met, including, among others, that the burn be for the purpose of wildland fire hazard reduction, ecological maintenance and restoration, cultural burning, silviculture, or agriculture, and that, when required, a certified burn boss review and approve a written prescription for the burn. The bill would provide that any person whose conduct constitutes gross negligence shall not be entitled to immunity from fire suppression or other costs otherwise recoverable, as specified. The bill would define terms for its purposes.</td>
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<tr>
<td>AB 59</td>
<td>Gabriel D</td>
<td>Mitigation Fee Act: fees: notice and timelines. Current law authorizes any party to protest the imposition of a fee, dedication, reservation, or other exactions imposed on a development project within 90 or 120 days of the imposition of the fee, as applicable, and specifies procedures for those protests and actions. The Mitigation Fee Act imposes the same requirements on a local agency for a new or increased fee for public facilities. Current law, for specified fees, requires any judicial action or proceeding to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul an ordinance, resolution, or motion adopting a new fee or service charge or modifying an existing fee or service charge to be commenced within 120 days of the effective date of the ordinance, resolution, or motion. Current law also provides that, if an ordinance, resolution, or motion provides for an automatic adjustment in a fee or service charge and the adjustment results in an increase in the fee or service charge, that any action to attack, review, set aside, void, or annul the increase to be commenced within 120 days of the increase. This bill would increase, for fees and service charges and for fees for specified public facilities, the time for mailing the notice of the time and place of the meeting to at least 45 days before the meeting.</td>
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### AB 339  
**Lee, D**  
**Local government: open and public meetings.**

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  
[Introduced: 1/28/2021](#)  
[Last Amend: 9/3/2021](#)  

**Location:** 9/9/2021-A. **ENROLLMENT**

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**Summary:** The Ralph M. Brown Act requires, with specified exceptions, that all meetings of a legislative body of a local agency, as those terms are defined, be open and public and that all persons be permitted to attend and participate. Under existing law, a member of the legislative body who attends a meeting where action is taken in violation of this provision, with the intent to deprive the public of information that the member knows the public is entitled to, is guilty of a crime. This bill would require local agencies to conduct meetings subject to the act consistent with applicable state and federal civil rights laws, as specified.

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### AB 361  
**Rivas, Robert, D**  
**Open meetings: state and local agencies: teleconferences.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 9/3/2021  
[Introduced: 2/1/2021](#)  
[Last Amend: 9/3/2021](#)  
**Status:** 9/9/2021-Re-referred to Com. on APPR pursuant to Joint Rule 10.5. From committee: Be ordered to second reading pursuant to Senate Rule 29.10.

**Location:** 9/9/2021-S. **SECOND READING**

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**Calendar:** 9/10/2021  
#1  
SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - SECOND READING FILE

**Summary:** Would, until January 1, 2024, authorize a local agency to use teleconferencing without complying with the teleconferencing requirements imposed by the Ralph M. Brown Act when a legislative body of a local agency holds a meeting during a declared state of emergency, as that term is defined, when state or local health officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing, during a proclaimed state of emergency held for the purpose of determining, by majority vote, whether meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees, and during a proclaimed state of emergency when the legislative body has determined that meeting in person would present imminent risks to the health or safety of attendees, as provided.

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### AB 703  
**Rubio, Blanca, D**  
**Open meetings: local agencies: teleconferences.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/29/2021  
[Introduced: 2/16/2021](#)  
[Last Amend: 4/29/2021](#)  
**Status:** 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was L. GOV. on 2/25/2021)  
(May be acted upon Jan 2021)

**Location:** 5/7/2021-A. **2 YEAR**

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**Summary:** Current law, by Executive Order N-29-20, suspends the Ralph M. Brown Act’s requirements for teleconferencing during the COVID-19 pandemic, provided that notice requirements are met, the ability of the public to observe and comment is preserved, as specified, and that a local agency permitting teleconferencing have a procedure for receiving and swiftly resolving requests for reasonable accommodation for individuals with disabilities, as specified. This bill would remove the notice requirements particular to teleconferencing and would revise the requirements of the act to allow for teleconferencing subject to existing provisions regarding the posting of notice of an agenda, provided that the public is allowed to observe the meeting and address the legislative body directly both in person and remotely via a call-in option or internet-based service option, and that a quorum of members participate in person from a singular physical location clearly identified on the agenda that is
open to the public and situated within the jurisdiction.

**AB 885**

(Quirk D) Bagley-Keene Open Meeting Act: teleconferencing.

Current Text: Amended: 3/24/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2021

Last Amend: 3/24/2021

Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was G.O. on 2/25/2021)  (May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Would require a state body that elects to conduct a meeting or proceeding by teleconference to make the portion that is required to be open to the public both audibly and visually observable. The bill would require a state body that elects to conduct a meeting or proceeding by teleconference to post an agenda at the designated primary physical meeting location in the notice of the meeting where members of the public may physically attend the meeting and participate. The bill would extend the above requirements of meetings of multimember advisory bodies that are held by teleconference to meetings of all multimember state bodies. The bill would require a multimember state body to provide a means by which the public may both audibly and visually remotely observe a meeting if a member of that body participates remotely.

**AB 1246**

(Nguyen R) Community services districts.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/19/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/19/2021

Status: 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/19/2021)  (May be acted upon Jan 2021)

Location: 5/7/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law, the Community Services District Law, authorizes the formation of community services districts for various specified purposes, including supplying water, treating sewage, disposing of solid waste, and providing fire protection. The law specifies its relation and effect on certain districts organized pursuant to former laws and to actions taken by them, among other things. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

**AB 1332**

(Flora R) Local government ordinances.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/19/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/19/2021

Status: 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/19/2021)  (May be acted upon Jan 2021)

Location: 5/7/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law authorizes any local agency to enact any ordinance that adopts a code by reference if the referenced code is specified in the title of the ordinance. Current law requires that after the first reading of the title of the adopting ordinance, and of the title of the code to be adopted thereby, and of the title of the secondary codes therein adopted by reference, the legislative body shall make copies of the primary code and also copies of the secondary codes, if any, being considered for adoption, open to public inspection with the clerk of the legislative body. Current law prohibits, however, the adoption by reference of any penalty clauses that may appear in any code that is adopted by reference; a penalty clause may be enacted only if set forth in full, and published, in the adopting ordinance. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the latter provision.
ACA 1  
(Aguiar-Curry D)  
Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval.

Current Text: Introduced: 12/7/2020  html  pdf

Introduced: 12/7/2020

Status: 4/22/2021-Refereed to Coms. on L. GOV. and APPR.

Location: 4/22/2021-A. L. GOV.

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Summary: The California Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements.

Position  
Support

Priority

Subject  
Local Government

Attachments:
ACA 1 Support Letter AUTHOR 03-08-2021  
ACA 1 FACT SHEET

Notes: ACA 1 (Aguir Curry) Support Letter 3-8-21

ACR 17

(Voepel R)  
Special Districts Week.

Current Text: Chaptered: 7/1/2021  html  pdf

Introduced: 2/1/2021

Status: 6/24/2021-Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 54, Statutes of 2021

Location: 6/24/2021-A. CHAPTERED

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Summary: This measure proclaims the week of May 16, 2021, to May 22, 2021, to be Special Districts Week.

Position  
Support

Priority

Subject  
Local Government

Attachments:
ACR 17 (Voepel) Assembly Member Voepel - Author Support Letter 3-18-21

Notes: ACR 17 (Voepel) Assembly Member Voepel - Author Support Letter 3-18-21

SB 96

(Dahle R)  
Fallen Leaf Lake Community Services District Fire Department Protection Act of 2021: elections.

Current Text: Introduced: 12/21/2020  html  pdf

Introduced: 12/21/2020

Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was GOV. & F. on 1/28/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 4/30/2021-S. 2 YEAR

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Summary: Would require the El Dorado County elections official, with the assistance of the Fallen Leaf Lake Community Services District, to conduct district elections pursuant to the Uniform District Election Law, except as otherwise provided in the bill. The bill, notwithstanding existing law, would provide that voters who are resident registered voters of the district, and voters who are not residents but either own a real property interest in the district or have been designated by the owner of a real property interest to cast the vote for that property, may vote in a district election in the Fallen Leaf Lake Community Services District, as specified. The bill would require the designations of voters and authority of legal representatives to be filed with the El Dorado County elections official and the secretary of the Fallen Leaf Lake Community Services District and maintained with the list of qualified voters of the district. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Position  
Support

Priority

Subject  
Local Government

Attachments:
SB 96 Support Letter AUTHOR 03-05-2021
### SB 274

**Local government meetings: agenda and documents.**

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 8/30/2021  
**Introduced:** 1/29/2021  
**Last Amend:** 4/5/2021  
**Status:** 8/30/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.  
**Location:** 8/30/2021-S. ENROLLED

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**Summary:** The Ralph M. Brown Act requires meetings of the legislative body of a local agency to be open and public and also requires regular and special meetings of the legislative body to be held within the boundaries of the territory over which the local agency exercises jurisdiction, with specified exceptions. Current law authorizes a person to request that a copy of an agenda, or a copy of all the documents constituting the agenda packet, of any meeting of a legislative body be mailed to that person. This bill would require a local agency with an internet website, or its designee, to email a copy of, or website link to, the agenda or a copy of all the documents constituting the agenda packet if the person requests that the items be delivered by email. If a local agency determines it to be technologically infeasible to send a copy of the documents or a link to a website that contains the documents by email or by other electronic means, the bill would require the legislative body or its designee to send by mail a copy of the agenda or a website link to the agenda and to mail a copy of all other documents constituting the agenda packet, as specified.

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### SB 375

**Employment Development Department: unemployment insurance claimants: assistance.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/5/2021  
**Introduced:** 2/10/2021  
**Last Amend:** 3/5/2021  
**Status:** 3/18/2021-Re-referred to Com. on L., P.E. & R.  
**Location:** 3/18/2021-S. L., P.E. & R.

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**Summary:** Would require the Employment Development Department to implement a formal policy no later than October 1, 2021, that establishes a process for tracking and periodically analyzing call information data to determine the reasons why unemployment insurance claimants call the department for assistance. The bill would require the department, every 6 months thereafter, to analyze the data it has collected in order to improve its call center. The bill would require the department, in conducting its analysis, to identify and resolve weaknesses or problems with the way it provides assistance to claimants.

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### SB 780

**Local finance: public investment authorities.**

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  
**Introduced:** 2/19/2021  
**Last Amend:** 8/23/2021  
**Status:** 9/9/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.  
**Location:** 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLED

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**Summary:** Current law establishes enhanced infrastructure financing districts to finance public capital facilities or other specified projects of communitywide significance. Current law provides for the membership of the governing body of the district, referred to as the public financing authority. This bill would authorize the legislative bodies, as defined, to appoint an alternate member to the public financing authority who may serve and vote in place of a member who is absent or disqualifies themselves from participating in a meeting of the authority. If a district has more than 3 participating affected taxing entities, the bill would authorize the legislative bodies of the taxing entities to, upon agreement, appoint only one member of their respective legislative bodies, and one alternate member, in addition to the public members.

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*Page 64/76*
**SB 813** (Committee on Governance and Finance) Local Government Omnibus Act of 2021.

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/3/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/23/2021

**Last Amend:** 6/21/2021

**Status:** 9/3/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 2 p.m.

**Location:** 9/3/2021-S. ENROLLED

**Summary:** Current law provides that a person who has made an offer to purchase an interest in an undivided-interest subdivision, as specified, and not exempted, has the right to rescind any contract resulting from the acceptance of that offer during a specified timeframe. Current law defines and describes the terms “subdivided lands” and “subdivision” for these purposes. Current law requires any person who intends to offer subdivided lands for sale or lease, as specified, to file with the Bureau of Real Estate an application for a public report consisting of, among other things, a notice of intention and a completed questionnaire. Current law exempts the proposed sale or lease of those lots or other interests in a subdivision that are limited to industrial or commercial uses by law or by a declaration of covenants, conditions, and restrictions that has been recorded in the official records of the county or counties in which the subdivision is located from certain of those provisions relating to the filing of a report with the Bureau of Real Estate and sales contracts. This bill would instead exempt the proposed sale or lease of those lots or other interests from all provisions as specified.

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**Miscellaneous**


**Current Text:** Amended: 9/3/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/7/2020

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2021

**Status:** 9/7/2021-Read second time. Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 9/7/2021-S. THIRD READING

**Calendar:** 9/10/2021 #43 SENATE ASSEMBLY BILLS - THIRD READING FILE

**Summary:** Current law requires the State Department of Public Health and the Office of Emergency Services, in coordination with other state agencies, to, upon appropriation and as necessary, establish a personal protective equipment (PPE) stockpile. Current law requires the department to establish guidelines for the procurement, management, and distribution of PPE, taking into account, among other things, the amount of each type of PPE that would be required for all health care workers and essential workers, as defined, in the state during a 90-day pandemic or other health emergency. This bill would specifically include wildfire smoke events among health emergencies for these purposes. The bill would include agricultural workers, as defined, in the definition of essential workers.

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**AB 473** (Chau D) California Public Records Act.

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/8/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/8/2021

**Last Amend:** 8/16/2021

**Status:** 9/8/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 4:30 p.m.

**Location:** 9/8/2021-A. ENROLLED

**Summary:** The California Public Records Act requires state and local agencies to make their records available for public inspection, unless an exemption from disclosure applies. This bill would recodify and reorganize the provisions of the act. The bill would include provisions to govern the effect of recodification and state that the bill is intended to be entirely nonsubstantive in effect. The bill would contain related legislative findings and declarations. The bill would become operative on January 1,
Introduced: 2/8/2021
Last Amend: 8/16/2021
Status: 9/9/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 4 p.m.
Location: 9/9/2021-A. ENROLLED

Summary: Would enact various conforming and technical changes related to another bill, AB 473, which recodifies and reorganizes the California Public Records Act. This bill would only become operative if AB 473 is enacted and reorganizes and makes other nonsubstantive changes to the California Public Records Act that become operative on January 1, 2023. The bill would also specify that any other bill enacted by the Legislature during the 2021 calendar year that takes effect on or before January 1, 2022, and that affects a provision of this bill shall prevail over this act, except as specified.

AB 847  (Quirk D)  Electrically conductive balloons.
Current Text: Amended: 5/24/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/17/2021
Last Amend: 5/24/2021
Status: 6/4/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(8). (Last location was INACTIVE FILE on 6/2/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 6/4/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law requires a person who manufactures a balloon in this state that is constructed of electrically conductive material to permanently mark each balloon with, among other things, a statement warning about the dangerous risk of fire if the balloon comes in contact with an electrical power line. Current law also imposes specified requirements on a person who sells or distributes a balloon constructed of electrically conductive material that is filled with a gas lighter than air, including prohibiting the person from attaching the balloon to an electrically conductive object. This bill would make these provisions inoperative on September 1, 2026.

AB 884  (Patterson R)  State agencies: audits.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2021  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/17/2021
Status: 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/5/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 5/25/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law requires all state and local agencies with an aggregate spending of $50,000,000 or more annually to consider establishing an ongoing audit function. This bill would require all state agencies with an aggregate spending of $50,000,000 or more annually to establish an ongoing audit function.

AB 987  (Low D)  Public utilities: civil penalties: unplanned electrical outages and deenergization events.
Introduced: 2/18/2021
Last Amend: 3/25/2021
Status: 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was U. & E. on 3/25/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)
Location: 4/30/2021-A. 2 YEAR
Summary: The Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations. Current law authorizes the commission to establish rules for all public utilities, subject to control by the Legislature. The Public Utilities Act provides for civil penalties for any violation of the act or for a failure to comply with any part of any order, decision, rule, direction, demand, or requirement of the commission. This bill would require the commission to require any penalty imposed on a public utility, person, or corporation for a violation of the act, or for a violation of any order, decision, decree, rule, direction, demand, or requirement of the commission, to be paid no later than 2 years from the date the penalty was imposed, as provided.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Priority Miscellaneous


Current Text: Amended: 3/30/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/18/2021

Last Amend: 3/30/2021

Status: 4/5/2021-Re-referred to Com. on E.M.

Location: 3/4/2021-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Summary: Would require the Office of Emergency Services, on or before September 30, 2021, to review, and make recommendations to the Legislature and the California congressional delegation on, how to enhance the effectiveness of the Strategic National Stockpile, the federal Defense Production Act of 1950, the California stockpile of personal protection equipment, and the procurement of personal protective equipment as part of its COVID-19 Pandemic after-action report. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Priority Miscellaneous

**AB 1431 (Frazier D)** Forestry: forest carbon and resilience goals.

Current Text: Amended: 7/14/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/19/2021

Last Amend: 7/14/2021

Status: 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/16/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

Location: 8/27/2021-S. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to implement various fire protection programs intended to protect forest resources and prevent uncontrolled wildfires. This bill would establish state goals for fuels treatment, vegetation management, and wildfire risk reduction, including, but not limited to, increasing vegetation management on nonfederal lands and urging the federal government to increase vegetation management on federal lands, as provided, and increasing the pace and scale of home hardening efforts to harden at least 100,000 existing homes per year by 2025. The bill would require that the established vegetation management goals be for activities that improve fire resiliency and reduce fire spread, duration, and intensity, fuel ignitability, or ignition of tree crowns, as applicable, and would require the state to implement, or cause to be implemented, the established vegetation management and home hardening goals in a specified manner, including prioritizing the implementation of these goals in the most vulnerable communities.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Priority Miscellaneous

**AB 1570 (Committee on Natural Resources)** Public resources: omnibus bill.


Introduced: 3/4/2021

Last Amend: 8/30/2021

Status: 9/7/2021-Senate amendments concurred in. To Engrossing and Enrolling. (Ayes 64. Noes 0.).

Location: 9/7/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

Summary: Would require the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to assist local governments in preventing future high-intensity wildland fires and instituting appropriate fuels management by making its wildland fire prevention and vegetation management expertise available to local governments to
the extent possible within the department’s budgetary limitations. The bill would explicitly define, for these purposes, “local governments” to include cities, counties, and special districts. The bill would also make changes to related findings and declarations by the Legislature.

### ACR 10

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Miscellaneous

**ACR 10 (Seyarto R) California Firefighter Appreciation Month and California Firefighters Memorial Day.**

**Current Text:** Enrolled: 9/9/2021 [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/15/2021

**Last Amend:** 8/16/2021

**Status:** 9/7/2021-Ordered to special consent calendar. Adopted and to Assembly. (Ayes 37. Noes 0.) In Assembly. Ordered to Engrossing and Enrolling.

**Location:** 9/7/2021-A. ENROLLMENT

**Summary:** This measure would proclaim the month of September 2021 as California Firefighter Appreciation Month and September 25, 2021, as California Firefighters Memorial Day.

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Support |  | Miscellaneous

**Attachments:**

ACR 10 (Seyarto) Assembly Member Seyarto - Author Support Letter 6-3-21.pdf

**Notes:** ACR 10 (Seyarto) Assembly Member Seyarto - Author Support Letter 6-3-21.pdf

### ACR 109

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
 |  | Miscellaneous

**ACR 109 (Gonzalez, Lorena D) Extreme heat: state response.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 8/30/2021 [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 8/30/2021

**Status:** 9/2/2021-Referred to Com. on NAT. RES.

**Location:** 9/2/2021-A. NAT. RES.

**Summary:** Would declare the California Legislature’s recognition of the threat that extreme heat poses to our communities and calls on the state’s agencies and departments to take immediate action to prepare and protect our communities from its impacts.

### SB 98

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Miscellaneous

**SB 98 (McGuire D) Public peace: media access.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 9/3/2021 [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/22/2020

**Last Amend:** 9/3/2021

**Status:** 9/3/2021-Read third time and amended. Ordered to third reading.

**Location:** 8/31/2021-A. THIRD READING

**Calendar:** 9/10/2021 #17 ASSEMBLY THIRD READING FILE - SENATE BILLS

**Summary:** Would, if peace officers close the immediate area surrounding any emergency field command post or any other command post, or establish a police line, or rolling closure at a demonstration, march, protest, or rally where individuals are engaged primarily in constitutionally protected activity, as described, require that a duly authorized representative of any news service, online news service, newspaper, or radio or television station or network, as described, be allowed to enter those closed areas and would prohibit a peace officer or other law enforcement officer from intentionally assaulting, interfering with, or obstructing a duly authorized representative who is gathering, receiving, or processing information for communication to the public.

### SB 412

**Position** | **Priority** | **Subject**
---|---|---
Watch |  | Miscellaneous

**SB 412 (Ochoa Bogh R) California Environmental Quality Act: emergency definition.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/12/2021 [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/12/2021

**Last Amend:** 4/12/2021

**Status:** 4/30/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(2). (Last location was E.Q. on 3/18/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 4/30/2021-S. 2 YEAR
Summary: Would expand the definition of “emergency” provided in CEQA to include a project jointly identified by a state or local agency and the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection or the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection, with notice to the Department of Fish and Wildlife, as mitigating a high threat to life and safety by preventing, minimizing, or mitigating damage to life, health, property, natural resources, or essential public services, resulting from a catastrophic fire in areas of the state that a lead agency determines, based on substantial evidence, are at a heightened risk of the occurrence of that event. The bill would also specify that “emergency” includes, but is not limited to, man-made or natural occurrences, as specified, and would make other nonsubstantive changes.

Position  Priority  Subject
Support  Support  Miscellaneous

Attachments:
SB 412 FACT SHEET

SB 477  (Wiener D)  General plan: annual report.
Introduced: 2/17/2021
Last Amend: 8/30/2021
Status: 9/9/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.
Location: 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLED

Summary: The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a general plan for land use development within its boundaries that includes, among other things, a housing element. That law requires the planning agency of a city or county to provide, by April 1 of each year, an annual report to, among other entities, the Department of Housing and Community Development that includes, among other specified information, the number of applications submitted, the location and total number of developments approved, the number of building permits issued, and the number of units constructed pursuant to a specific streamlined, ministerial approval process. This bill would, commencing January 1, 2024, require a planning agency to include in that annual report specified information on costs, standards, and applications for proposed housing development projects and specified information on housing development projects within the jurisdiction.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch  Watch  Miscellaneous

SB 501  (Wieckowski D)  Claims against public entities.
Introduced: 2/17/2021
Last Amend: 5/20/2021
Status: 9/9/2021-Enrolled and presented to the Governor at 1 p.m.
Location: 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLED

Summary: Under the Government Claims Act, current law requires certain claims, such as those relating to causes of action for death or for injury to a person or personal property, to be presented within 6 months after their accrual. For these actions, if a claim is not filed within the 6-month period, existing law authorizes an application for leave to present a claim to be made to the public entity within a reasonable time, not to exceed one year after the accrual of the cause of action, as specified. Current law generally requires the relevant public entity review board to grant or deny the application for leave to present the claim within 45 days after it is presented. Current law requires the application to be granted if one of several conditions is met, including that the person who sustained the alleged injury, damage, or loss was a minor or was physically and mentally incapacitated for the entire 6 months after the accrual of the cause of action, as specified. If the person was physically or mentally incapacitated during that period, existing law requires that the failure to present a claim be a result of the person’s disability. This bill would additionally require a board to grant an application for leave to present a claim, as described above, if the person who sustained the alleged injury, damage, or loss was a minor or was physically or mentally incapacitated during any of the 6 months after the accrual of the cause of action, if the application is presented within 6 months of the person turning 18 years of age, or of the person no longer being physically or mentally incapacitated, as applicable, or a year after the claim accrues, whichever occurs first.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch  Watch  Miscellaneous

SB 592  (Dahle R)  Fish and wildlife: working group: catastrophic wildfires: reports.
Summary: Would require the Director of Fish and Wildlife to establish a working group, composed of the director or the director’s representative, the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection or their representative, and a county government representative from each county impacted by any catastrophic wildfire being studied by the workgroup, as described below. The bill would require the working group to study, investigate, and report, on or before December 31, 2022, and by December 31 each year thereafter, to the Legislature on the impacts on wildlife and wildlife habitat resulting from any catastrophic wildfire, as defined, that occurred during that calendar year, including specified information on a catastrophic wildfire’s impact on ecosystems, biodiversity, and protected species in the state, and would require, to the extent feasible, the department to obtain and keep current baseline data suitable for interpreting that impact.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Watch Miscellaneous

SB 594 (Glazer D) Elections: redistricting.

Summary: The California Constitution establishes the Citizens Redistricting Commission for the purpose of drawing district lines for the election of Members of the State Senate, Assembly, Congress, and the State Board of Equalization, and requires the commission to do so by August 15 in each year ending in the number one thereafter. For redistricting occurring in 2021, the Supreme Court of California, by peremptory writ of mandate in Legislature of State of California v. Padilla (2020) 9 Cal.5th 867, extended that deadline to December 15, 2021, or to a later date if specified conditions are met, due to a delay in the release of federal census data caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. This bill would, for the June 7, 2022, statewide direct primary election, make various changes, as specified, to existing law relating to candidate nominations and compilation of registered voter data in order to accommodate the extended state redistricting deadline.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Watch Miscellaneous

SB 804 (Glazer D) California Conservation Corps: forestry training center: formerly incarcerated individuals: reporting.

Summary: Would require the Director of the California Conservation Corps, in partnership with the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection and the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, to establish a forestry training center in northern California to provide enhanced training, education, work experience, and job readiness for entry-level forestry and vegetation management jobs. The bill would require the training center to include counseling, mentorship, supportive housing, health care, and educational services and authorize the training center to provide training modules on specified activities. The bill would require the director to enroll at the training center formerly incarcerated individuals and to prioritize enrollment for those formerly incarcerated individuals who have either successfully served on a California Conservation Camp program crew and were recommended by the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection and the Secretary of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, as provided, or successfully served on a hand crew at the county level and were recommended for participation by county probation and county fire departments.

Position Priority Subject
Watch Watch Miscellaneous
**SB 810**
(Committee on Governance and Finance) Validations.
Introduced: 2/23/2021
Location: 6/28/2021-S. CHAPTERED

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Summary: This bill would enact the First Validating Act of 2021, which would validate the organization, boundaries, acts, proceedings, and bonds of the state and counties, cities, and specified districts, agencies, and entities. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

**SB 811**
(Committee on Governance and Finance) Validations.
Introduced: 2/23/2021
Location: 6/28/2021-S. CHAPTERED

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Summary: This bill would enact the Second Validating Act of 2021, which would validate the organization, boundaries, acts, proceedings, and bonds of the state and counties, cities, and specified districts, agencies, and entities. This bill would declare that it is to take effect immediately as an urgency statute.

**SB 812**
(Committee on Governance and Finance) Validations.
Introduced: 2/23/2021
Location: 6/28/2021-S. CHAPTERED

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Summary: This bill would enact the Third Validating Act of 2021, which would validate the organization, boundaries, acts, proceedings, and bonds of the state and counties, cities, and specified districts, agencies, and entities.

**SB 817**
(Committee on Governmental Organization) Fire protection: Office of the State Fire Marshal: State Board of Fire Services: membership.
Introduced: 3/3/2021
Last Amend: 3/16/2021
Location: 7/23/2021-S. CHAPTERED

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Summary: Current law creates in the Office of the State Fire Marshal a State Board of Fire Services to succeed to all the powers, duties, and responsibilities of the former State Fire Advisory Board. Current law requires the board to consist of 18 members, including, among others, the State Fire Marshal, the Chief Deputy Director of the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, the Director of Emergency Services, and the Chairperson of the California Fire Fighter Joint Apprenticeship Program. Current law prohibits proxy representation on the board. This bill would instead require the board to consist of 17 members and would authorize the members specified above to assign a designee to serve on the board. The bill would also make conforming and nonsubstantive changes.
### SCR 5


- **Current Text:** Amended: 2/2/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 12/22/2020
- **Last Amend:** 2/2/2021
- **Status:** 2/10/2021—Re-referred to Com. on G.O.
- **Location:** 2/10/2021—S. G.O.

**Summary:** This measure, in accordance with specified law, would declare that the state of emergency proclaimed by the Governor on March 4, 2020, is at an end, thereby terminating the emergency powers granted to the Governor as a result of that proclamation.

### SCR 12

**Bates, R.** CAL-FIRE Chief William R. Clayton Memorial Highway.

- **Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/16/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 2/4/2021
- **Last Amend:** 3/22/2021
- **Status:** 7/8/2021—Chaptered by Secretary of State—Chapter 81, Statutes of 2021
- **Location:** 7/8/2021—S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** This measure would designate a specified portion of Interstate 5 in the City of Carlsbad as the CAL-FIRE Chief William R. Clayton Memorial Highway. The measure would request that the Department of Transportation determine the cost of appropriate signs showing this special designation and, upon receiving donations from nonstate sources covering that cost, erect those signs.

### SCR 14

**Hurtado, D.** Fire Captain Ramon Figueroa and Firefighter Patrick Jones Memorial Highway.

- **Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/16/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
- **Introduced:** 2/18/2021
- **Last Amend:** 3/9/2021
- **Status:** 7/8/2021—Chaptered by Secretary of State—Chapter 82, Statutes of 2021
- **Location:** 7/8/2021—S. CHAPTERED

**Summary:** This measure would designate a specified portion of State Route 65 in the County of Tulare as the Fire Captain Ramon Figueroa and Firefighter Patrick Jones Memorial Highway. The measure would request that the Department of Transportation determine the cost of appropriate signs showing this special designation and, upon receiving donations from nonstate sources covering that cost, erect those signs.
**AB 1450**  (Gabriel D)  Public safety: large-scale sporting events.

**Current Text:** Amended: 4/13/2021  html, pdf  
**Introduced:** 2/19/2021  
**Last Amend:** 4/13/2021  
**Status:** 5/25/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(5). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 5/5/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)  
**Location:** 5/25/2021-A. 2 YEAR  

**Summary:** The California Emergency Services Act, among other things, establishes the Office of Emergency Services within the office of the Governor, under the charge of a Director of Emergency Services appointed by the Governor. The act and other existing laws set forth the duties and authority of the office and the director, with respect to specified emergency preparedness, mitigation, and response activities within the state. This bill would require the office to collaborate with cities hosting large-scale sporting and associated events, and to prepare for the planning, resourcing, management, and delivery of safety and security of those events. The bill would require the office to enter into a memorandum of understanding with the host cities and with other necessary parties to enhance safety and security, and would require the memorandum of understanding to comply with the state’s Master Mutual Aid Agreement.

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**ACR 63**  (Salas D)  California Public Safety Telecommunicators Week.

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 5/3/2021  html, pdf  
**Introduced:** 4/5/2021  
**Status:** 4/29/2021-Chaptered by Secretary of State- Chapter 29, Statutes of 2021  
**Location:** 4/29/2021-A. CHApterED  

**Summary:** This measure would designate the week of April 11, 2021, to April 17, 2021, inclusive, as California Public Safety Telecommunicators Week.

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**TAX**

**SB 219**  (McGuire D)  Property taxation: delinquent penalties and costs: cancellation: public health orders.

**Current Text:** Chaptered: 7/23/2021  html, pdf  
**Introduced:** 1/13/2021  
**Status:** 7/23/2021-Approved by the Governor. Chaptered by Secretary of State. Chapter 131, Statutes of 2021  
**Location:** 7/23/2021-S. CHApterED  

**Summary:** Current property tax law requires the county tax collector to collect all property taxes and provides for the payment of taxes on the secured roll in 2 installments, which are due and payable on November 1 and February 1, respectively. This bill would authorize the auditor or the tax collector to cancel any penalty, costs, or other charges resulting from tax delinquency upon a finding that failure to make a timely payment is due to a documented hardship, as determined by the tax collector, arising from a shelter-in-place order, as defined, if the principal payment for the proper amount of tax due is paid no later than June 30 of the fiscal year in which the payment first became delinquent. By increasing the duties of local agencies, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

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**SB 303**  (Borgeas R)  Property taxation: transfer of base year value: disaster relief.

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  html, pdf
Summary: Current property tax law provides, pursuant to a requirement of the California Constitution, that the property tax base year value of real property that is substantially damaged or destroyed by a disaster, as declared by the Governor, may be transferred to a comparable property located within the same county that is acquired or newly constructed within 5 years after the disaster as a replacement property. This bill would extend the 5-year time period described above by 2 years if the last day to transfer the base year value of the substantially damaged or destroyed property was on or after March 4, 2020, but on or before the COVID-19 emergency termination date, as , or March 4, 2022, whichever occurs sooner. The bill would also extend the 5-year time period described above by 2 years if the property was substantially damaged or destroyed on or after March 4, 2020, but on or before the COVID-19 emergency termination date or March 4, 2022, whichever occurs sooner. The bill would make these provisions applicable to the determination of base year values for the 2015–16 fiscal year and fiscal years thereafter.

**SB 555**


**Current Text:** Amended: 7/14/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/18/2021

**Last Amend:** 7/14/2021

**Status:** 8/27/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(12). (Last location was APPR. SUSPENSE FILE on 8/19/2021)(May be acted upon Jan 2022)

**Location:** 8/27/2021-A. 2 YEAR

**Summary:** Would authorize a local agency, defined to mean a city, county, or city and county, including a charter city, county, or city and county, to enact an ordinance exclusively delegating its authority to collect any transient occupancy tax imposed by that local agency on short-term rentals to the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration and to enter into a contract with the department for purposes of registration, rate posting, collection, and transmission of revenues necessary to collect and administer any transient occupancy tax imposed on a short-term rental as specified in this bill.

**Position**  Priority  Subject
Watch  2 year  TAX

**Attachments:**

- SB 555 (McGuire) CHLA Oppose Unless Amended Assm. Rev & Tax 06-15-2021

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**Taxation**

**AB 324**

**(Choi R)**  Income taxes: credits: attic vent closures.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/26/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/26/2021

**Status:** 3/22/2021-In committee: Hearing postponed by committee.

**Location:** 2/12/2021-A. REV. & TAX

**Summary:** Would allow a credit against the Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2022, and before January 1, 2027, to a qualified taxpayer that installs an attic vent closure in a residential property, as defined, in an amount equal to 40% of the qualified costs paid or incurred by the qualified taxpayer for that installation. The bill also would include additional information required for any bill authorizing a new income tax credit.

**Position**  Priority  Subject
Support  Taxation

**Attachments:**

- FIRE-AB 324 Support Letter AUTHOR/ASSM. REV & TAX 03-08-2021
- AB 324 FACT SHEET

**Notes:** AB 324 (Choi) Assm. Rev & Tax Support Letter 3-8-21
AB 566  (Nguyen R)  Property taxation: revenue allocations.
Introduced: 2/11/2021
Status: 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/11/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2021)
Location: 5/7/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current property tax law generally requires the county auditor, in each fiscal year, to allocate property tax revenues to local jurisdictions in accordance with specified formulas and procedures, and generally requires that each jurisdiction be allocated an amount equal to the total of the amount of revenue allocated to that jurisdiction in the prior fiscal year, subject to certain modifications, and that jurisdiction’s portion of the annual tax increment, as defined. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to that provision.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch  Priority  Taxation

AB 688  (Nazarian D)  Property tax: reassessment.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2021  html, pdf
Introduced: 2/16/2021
Status: 5/7/2021-Failed Deadline pursuant to Rule 61(a)(3). (Last location was PRINT on 2/16/2021) (May be acted upon Jan 2021)
Location: 5/7/2021-A. 2 YEAR

Summary: Current property tax law authorizes a county board of supervisors to adopt ordinances that allow assessors whose property was damaged or destroyed to apply for a reassessment of that property, as provided, if certain conditions are met. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to that provision.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch  Priority  Taxation

AB 1121  (Rodriguez D)  Sales and use taxes: exemption: emergency preparation items.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/18/2021  html, pdf
Introduced: 2/18/2021
Status: 3/4/2021-Referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.
Location: 3/4/2021-A. REV. & TAX

Summary: Current sales and use tax laws impose taxes on retailers measured by the gross receipts from the sale of tangible personal property sold at retail in this state or on the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or other consumption in this state, and provides various exemptions from the taxes imposed by those laws. This bill, on and after January 1, 2022, until January 1, 2024, would exempt from those taxes the gross receipts from the sale of, and the storage, use, or other consumption of, emergency preparation items, as defined, sold or purchased during the 3-day period beginning at 12:01 a.m. on the Saturday before the last Monday in June and ending at midnight on the last Monday in June.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch  Priority  Taxation

AB 1249  (Gallagher R)  Income taxes: gross income exclusions: wildfires.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/19/2021  html, pdf
Introduced: 2/19/2021
Status: 3/4/2021-Referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.
Location: 3/4/2021-A. REV. & TAX

Summary: The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law, in conformity with federal income tax law, generally defines “gross income” as income from whatever source derived, except as specifically excluded, and provides various exclusions from gross income. This bill would provide an exclusion from gross income for any qualified taxpayer, as defined, for amounts received for costs and losses associated with one or more specified fires from a settlement, as provided.

Position  Priority  Subject
Watch  Priority  Taxation
**SB 341**  (McGuire D)  **Telecommunications service: outages.**

**Current Text:** Enrollment: 9/9/2021  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/9/2021

**Last Amend:** 9/2/2021

**Status:** 9/9/2021-Assembly amendments concurred in. (Ayes 38. Noes 0.) Ordered to engrossing and enrolling.

**Location:** 9/9/2021-S. ENROLLMENT

**Summary:** Would require each provider of telecommunications service to maintain on its internet website a public outage map showing that provider’s outages, and would require the Office of Emergency Services, in consultation with the Public Utilities Commission, on or before July 1, 2022, to adopt by regulation requirements for those maps, as specified. The bill would authorize the office to provide the commission with all of the information provided to it as part of a telecommunications service provider’s community isolation outage notification and require the office to aggregate that data and post that aggregated data on its internet website.

**Position**

- Support

**Priority**

- Subject: Telecommunications

**Attachments:**

- SB 341 (McGuire) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 4-14-21
- SB 341 (McGuire) Senate GO Support Letter 3-24-21
- SB 341 Support Letter AUTHOR/SEN. ENERGY 03-09-2021

**Notes:**

- SB 341 (McGuire) Assembly Communications Support Letter 6-11-21
- SB 341 (McGuire) Senate Appropriations Support Letter 4-14-21
- SB 341 (McGuire) Senate GO Support Letter 3-24-21
- SB 341 (McGuire) Senate Energy, Utilities and Communications Support Letter 3-9-21

**Total Measures:** 226

**Total Tracking Forms:** 226