To:
  • Members, California Fire Chiefs Association
  • Members, Fire Districts Association of California

From:
  • Russell Noack, Partner; Public Policy Advocates, LLC
  • Julee Malinowski-Ball, Partner; Public Policy Advocates, LLC

Re:
  • FIRE Legislative Report – Week Ending 03/17/2023

Legislative Update

**Senate Bill 577 (Hurtado)** is the bill co-sponsored by FDAC and CFCA to expand the sources of funding for the fire service training and education program has been scheduled for its first hearing before the Senate Governmental Organization Committee on March 28.

**Assembly Bill 40 (Rodriguez)** would require Cal EMSA to develop a statewide standard of 20 minutes, 90% of the time for ambulance patient offload time (APOT) and create an electronic system for capturing arrival and transfer of care times. The bill has been amended to require a general acute hospital with an emergency department to develop an APOT reduction protocol by June 1, 2024, that includes mechanisms to reduce APOT and imposes specific reporting requirements to Cal EMSA.

The following bills of interest passed their initial tests and moved out of committee this week:

**Assembly Bill 277 (Rodriguez)** would require Cal OES and the Department of Water Resources to establish an Extreme Weather Forecast and Threat Intelligence Integration Center to collect, assess and analyze extreme weather data and atmospheric conditions.

**Assembly Bill 415 (Rodriguez)** would upon appropriation, require Cal OES to establish a grant program to provide county fairgrounds with the broadband infrastructure necessary to conduct emergency operations during disasters.

**Assembly Bill 453 (Cervantes)** would require a political subdivision that is changing from at-large to district-based elections to set a fixed time for all required public hearings related to the change.

**Assembly Bill 462 (Ramos)** would establish the Overdose Response Team Fund for grants to fund efforts by county sheriff departments to create overdose response teams to investigate fatal overdoses.
Assembly Bill 541 (Wood) would require the Water Resources Control Board to order public water systems, corporations and districts that have experienced a major wildfire event to test their water source for the presence of benzene immediately following the event.

Assembly Bill 570 (Gallagher) would clarify that County Service Area (CSA) that exclusively provide fire protection services are eligible for grants from the Special District Fire Response Fund when it is eventually funded.

Assembly Bill 609 (Papan) would require the Office of Wildfire Technology Research and Development to submit a report to the Legislature that assesses and evaluates new aerial firefighting technologies.

**Upcoming Legislative Hearings**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Subcommittee/Committee and Notes</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>March 20, 2023</td>
<td>2:30 p.m.</td>
<td>Assembly Budget Subcommittee #5 (Public Safety); OES, among others</td>
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<tr>
<td>March 23, 2023</td>
<td>9:30 a.m. or Upon Adjournment of Senate Floor Session</td>
<td>Senate Budget Subcommittee #5 (Public Safety); OES, among others</td>
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<tr>
<td>March 28, 2023</td>
<td>9:00 a.m.</td>
<td>Senate Committee on Governmental Organization Informational Hearing Re: Building Resilience: Evaluating California’s Recent Wildfire Emergency Preparedness and Response Efforts</td>
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<tr>
<td>April 13, 2023</td>
<td>9:30 a.m. or Upon Adjournment of Senate Floor Session</td>
<td>Senate Budget Subcommittee #2 (Resources); Department of Forestry &amp; Fire Protection; CARB-Governor’s Proposed Budget Solutions: Nature-Based Activities, Extreme Heat, Community Resilience, among others</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 27, 2023</td>
<td>9:30 a.m. or Upon Adjournment of Senate Floor Session</td>
<td>Senate Budget Subcommittee #4 (State Admin); OES, among others</td>
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**Online Information for Legislative Measures**

If you would like to find information on a legislative bill, please use this [link](#).

###
**AB 42**  
(Ramos D)  
Tiny homes: fire sprinkler requirements.  
Current Text: Introduced: 12/5/2022  
Introduced: 12/5/2022  
Status: 1/26/2023-Referred to Coms. on H. & C.D. and L. GOV.  
Location: 1/26/2023-A. H. & C.D.  

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Summary: Current law prohibits a local agency from requiring an accessory dwelling unit to provide fire sprinklers, if they are not required for the primary residence. This bill would prohibit a local agency from imposing or enforcing any requirement to provide fire sprinklers for any dwelling with a total floor area of less than 500 square feet.

**AB 281**  
(Grayson D)  
Planning and zoning: housing: postentitlement phase permits.  
Current Text: Amended: 3/9/2023  
Introduced: 1/24/2023  
Last Amend: 3/9/2023  
Status: 3/13/2023-Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.  
Location: 2/2/2023-A. L. GOV.  

Calendar: 3/22/2023  1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 127  
ASSEMBLY LOCAL GOVERNMENT, AGUIAR-CURRY, CECILIA, Chair  

Summary: Would require a special district that receives an application for a postentitlement phase permit, as specified, to provide written notice to the applicant or local agency of additional information that may be required to begin to review the application for service or approval or next steps in the review process. The bill would require the special district to provide this notice within 30 business days of receipt of the application for a housing development with 25 units or fewer, and within 60 business days for a housing development with more than 25 units. By imposing additional duties on special districts, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**AB 426**  
(Jackson D)  
Department of Housing and Community Development: housing plan: reporting.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/6/2023  
Introduced: 2/6/2023  
Status: 2/17/2023-Referred to Com. on H. & C.D.  
Location: 2/17/2023-A. H. & C.D.  

Calendar: 3/29/2023  9:30 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 126  
ASSEMBLY HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT, WICKS, BUFFY, Chair  

Summary: Would require the Department of Housing and Community Development to develop a plan for the state to keep pace with building infrastructure and housing units during an economic downturn on or before January 1, 2025, as specified. The bill would require the department to submit the plan to the Senate Housing Committee and the Assembly Committee on Housing and Community Development on or before December 1, 2026.
**AB 430**  
*(Bennett D)* Affordable housing.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/6/2023  
Introduced: 2/6/2023  
Status: 2/7/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 9.  
Location: 2/6/2023-A. PRINT  

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Summary: Current law requires the legislative body of each county and city to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan for the physical development of the county or city and requires that the plan include a land use element that addresses housing. Current law states legislative findings and declarations regarding the need for affordable housing and the need to encourage development of new housing. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes in those legislative findings and declarations.

Notes: 02/21/2023: PER AUTHOR'S OFFICE: AB 430 may be amended to address a fix for Community Land Trusts, to ease implementation of AB 1260 from last year. We have been made aware of some Assessors reading a definition of 402.1a11c rather strictly, and we are exploring how to be to best address that.

**AB 434**  
*(Grayson D)* Housing element: notice of violation.  
Current Text: Amended: 3/16/2023  
Introduced: 2/6/2023  
Last Amend: 3/16/2023  
Status: 3/16/2023-From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on H. & C.D. Read second time and amended.  
Location: 2/17/2023-A. H. & C.D.  

Calendar: 3/29/2023 9:30 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 126 ASSEMBLY HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT, WICKS, BUFFY, Chair  

Summary: The Planning and Zoning Law, except as provided, requires that a public hearing be held on an application for a variance from the requirements of a zoning ordinance, an application for a conditional use permit or equivalent development permit, a proposed revocation or modification of a variance or use permit or equivalent development permit, or an appeal from the action taken on any of those applications. That law, for housing development projects that submit a preliminary application prior to January 1, 2030, prohibits a city or county from conducting more than 5 hearings, as defined, held pursuant to these provisions, or any other law, ordinance, or regulation requiring a public hearing, if the proposed housing development project complies with the applicable, objective general plan and zoning standards in effect at the time an application is deemed complete, as defined. The Planning and Zoning Law also requires a local agency, pursuant to either local ordinance or statute, to provide for ministerial approval of applications for accessory dwelling units or junior accessory dwelling units in areas zoned for residential use, as specified. That law prohibits a local agency from denying a permit for an unpermitted accessory dwelling unit constructed prior to January 1, 2018, except as provided. This bill would additionally authorize the department to notify a city, county, city and county, or the Attorney General when the planning agency of a city, county, or city and county fails to comply with the above-described provisions relating to hearings for specified variances, ministerial approval of applications for accessory dwelling units or junior accessory dwelling units, permitting for unpermitted accessory dwelling units constructed prior to January 1, 2018, sale or conveyance of accessory dwelling units, ministerial approval of proposed housing developments, ministerial approval of parcel maps for urban lot splits, or housing development projects being deemed an allowable use of parcels within a zone where office, retail, or parking are a principally permitted use, as provided.

Notes: 02/21/2023: PER AUTHOR'S OFFICE: AB 430 may be amended to address a fix for Community Land Trusts, to ease implementation of AB 1260 from last year. We have been made aware of some Assessors reading a definition of 402.1a11c rather strictly, and we are exploring how to be to best address that.

**AB 440**  
*(Wicks D)* Density Bonus Law: maximum allowable residential density.  
Current Text: Amended: 3/9/2023  
Introduced: 2/6/2023  
Last Amend: 3/9/2023  
Status: 3/13/2023-Re-referred to Com. on H. & C.D.  
Location: 3/9/2023-A. H. & C.D.
Summary: The Density Bonus Law requires a city or county to provide a developer that proposes a housing development within the city or county with a density bonus and other incentives or concessions, as specified, if the developer agrees to construct certain types of housing. Current law provides for the calculation of the amount of density bonus for each type of housing development that qualifies under these provisions. Current law defines the term “density bonus” for these purposes to mean a density increase over the otherwise maximum allowable gross residential density as of the date of the application, as described. Current law defines the term “maximum allowable residential density” for these purposes to mean the maximum number of units allowed under the zoning ordinance, specific plan, or land use element of the general plan, or, if a range of density is permitted, the maximum number of units allowed by the specific zoning range, specific plan, or land use element of the general plan applicable to the project. Current law provides under that definition that if the density allowed under the zoning ordinance is inconsistent with the density allowed under the land use element of the general plan or specific plan, the greater density prevails. This bill would remove from the definition of “maximum allowable residential density” the provision stating that the greater density prevails if the density allowed under the zoning ordinance is inconsistent with the density allowed under the land use element of the general plan or specific plan.

Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject
FIRE | | | JMBall, RNoack | Building Permits/Standards

AB 468  (Quirk-Silva D) State building standards.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/6/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/6/2023
Status: 2/7/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 9.
Location: 2/6/2023-A. PRINT

Summary: The State Housing Law establishes statewide construction and occupancy standards for buildings used for human habitation. That law requires the building department of every city or county to enforce within its jurisdiction the provisions of the State Building Standards Code, the provisions of the State Housing Law, and specified other rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to that law. Current law defines terms for purposes of this law. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to those definition provisions.

Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject
FIRE | | | JMBall, RNoack | Building Permits/Standards

Notes: 02/27/203 Per Author's Office: Currently, AB 468 is a spot bill and working to submit language for today's deadline. It is similar to AB 1858 of 2022. We are working with stakeholders to come to a mutual agreement. Once amended language is in print, please do not hesitate to reach out to my colleague, Christopher Aguila, who will be staffing the bill.

AB 548  (Boerner Horvath D) State Housing Law: inspection.
Introduced: 2/8/2023
Status: 2/17/2023-Referred to Com. on H. & C.D.
Location: 2/17/2023-A. H. & C.D.

Summary: The State Housing Law, a violation of which is a crime, establishes statewide construction and occupancy standards for buildings used for human habitation. This bill would require local enforcement agencies to develop policies and procedures for inspecting a building with multiple units if an inspector or code enforcement officer has determined that a unit is substandard or is in violation of the State Housing Law, and the inspector or code enforcement officer determines that the defects or violations have the potential to affect other units of the building, as specified. By imposing new duties on local government officials, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject
FIRE | | | JMBall, RNoack | Building Permits/Standards

Attachments:
AB 548 (BOERNER HORVATH) FACT SHEET

AB 637  (Low D) Density Bonus Law.
Summary: The Density Bonus Law requires a city or county to provide a developer that proposes a housing development within the city or county with a density bonus and other incentives or concessions, as specified, if the developer agrees to construct specified percentages of units for lower income, very low income, or senior citizen housing, among other things, and meets other requirements. Current law requires a city or county to grant a proposal for an incentive or concession requested by a developer unless it would not result in identifiable and actual cost reductions, as specified, would have a specific, adverse impact on public health or safety or on specified real property and for which there is no method to avoid or mitigate that impact, as specified, or would be contrary to state or federal law. This bill would additionally except from the requirement that a city or county to grant a proposal an incentive or concession would have an adverse impact on a policy that affirmatively furthers fair housing, as specified.

Summary: Current law authorizes the Department of Housing and Community Development to take specified actions related to housing that include, among other things, investigating housing and community development in the state, calling conferences to discuss housing and community development problems, studying the operation and enforcement of housing, building, zoning, and subdivision laws, as related to housing and community development, and promoting the formation of organizations intended to increase the supply of adequate housing and the proper living environment for people. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change in that provision.

Summary: Under the CalHome Program, funds may be used to enable low- and very low income households to become or remain homeowners, and to provide disaster relief assistance to households at or below 120% of that area median income. Current law also authorizes the Department of Housing and Community Development to make grants to local agencies or nonprofit corporations to construct accessory dwelling units and to repair, reconstruct, or rehabilitate, in whole or in part, accessory dwelling units and junior accessory dwelling units. This bill would require the department to allow a community land trust, as defined, that is a recipient of program funds to purchase residential real property in fee simple, to construct accessory dwelling units or junior accessory dwelling units on the property, and separately lease or convey each dwelling unit on the property to separate households.
**AB 704**  
*Patterson, Jim R*  
**Energy: building standards: photovoltaic requirements.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/13/2023  
**Introduced:** 2/13/2023  
**Status:** 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on NAT. RES.  
**Location:** 3/2/2023-A. NAT. RES.  

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**Calendar:** 3/27/2023 2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 447  
**ASSEMBLY NATURAL RESOURCES, RIVAS, LUZ, Chair**

**Summary:** Current law authorizes the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to prescribe, by regulation, lighting, insulation, climate control system, and other building design and construction standards that increase efficiency in the use of energy and water for new residential and new nonresidential buildings, and energy and water conservation design standards for new residential and new nonresidential buildings. Pursuant to this authority, the commission has established regulations requiring solar-ready buildings and for the installation of photovoltaic systems meeting certain requirements for low-rise residential buildings built on or after January 1, 2020. This bill, until January 1, 2027, would require residential construction intended to repair, restore, or replace a residential building damaged or destroyed as a result of a disaster in an area in which a state of emergency has been proclaimed by the Governor to comply only with requirements regarding photovoltaic systems pursuant to the regulations, if any, that were in effect at the time the damaged or destroyed residential building was originally constructed and would not require that construction to comply with any additional or conflicting photovoltaic system requirements in effect at the time of repair, restoration, or replacement.

**Organization**  
FIRE

**Position**  
JMBall, RNnoack

**Priority**

**Assignments**

**Subject**  
Building Permits/Standards

**Attachments:**

**AB 704 (JIM PATTERSON) FACT SHEET**

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**AB 821**  
*Grayson D*  
**Planning and zoning: development project application.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/13/2023  
**Introduced:** 2/13/2023  
**Status:** 2/23/2023-Referred to Coms. on L. GOV. and H. & C.D.  
**Location:** 2/23/2023-A. L. GOV.  

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**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law requires each county and city to adopt a comprehensive, long-term general plan for the physical development of the county or city, and of certain land outside its boundaries. Current law requires that county or city zoning ordinances be consistent with the general plan of the county or city by January 1, 1974. Current law requires a zoning ordinance to be amended within a reasonable time so that it is consistent with the general plan in the event that the ordinance becomes inconsistent with the plan by reason of amendment to the plan. This bill, among other things, would provide that, in the event that a city or county fails to amend an inconsistent zoning ordinance within 90 days after receiving written notice of the inconsistency, a proposed development project shall not be deemed inconsistent with that zoning ordinance and related zoning standard or criteria and shall not be required to be rezoned, if there is substantial evidence that would allow a reasonable person to conclude that the proposed development project is consistent with objective general plan standards and criteria but the zoning for the project site is inconsistent with the general plan.

**Organization**  
FIRE

**Position**  
JMBall, RNnoack

**Priority**

**Assignments**

**Subject**  
Building Permits/Standards

**Attachments:**

**AB 821 (GRAYSON) FACT SHEET**

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**AB 835**  
*Lee D*  
**State Fire Marshal: building standards: single-exit, single stairway multiunit residential buildings.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/14/2023  
**Introduced:** 2/14/2023  
**Status:** 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on E.M.  
**Location:** 3/2/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

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**Summary:**

**Organization**  
FIRE

**Position**  
JMBall, RNnoack

**Priority**

**Assignments**

**Subject**  
Building Permits/Standards

**Attachments:**

**AB 835 (LEE) FACT SHEET**
Summary: Would require the State Fire Marshal to, before the next triennial edition of the California Building Standards Code adopted after January 1, 2024, research, develop, and propose to the California Building Standards Commission for its consideration standards for single-exit, single stairway multiunit residential buildings above 3 stories, as provided. The bill would require the building standards proposed by the State Fire Marshal to, at a minimum, meet the fire safety and accessibility standards for buildings of the same size.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Building Permits/Standards

Attachments:
AB 835 (LEE) FACT SHEET

AB 869  (Wood D) Hospitals: seismic safety compliance.
Current Text: Amended: 3/7/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/14/2023
Last Amend: 3/7/2023
Status: 3/8/2023-Re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.
Location: 2/23/2023-A. HEALTH

Calendar: 3/21/2023  1:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, JIM, Chair

Summary: Current law establishes the Small and Rural Hospital Relief Program under the administration of the Department of Health Care Access and Information for the purpose of funding seismic safety compliance with respect to small hospitals, rural hospitals, and critical access hospitals in the state. Current law requires the Department of Health Care Access and Information to provide grants to small, rural, and critical access hospital applicants that meet certain criteria, including that seismic safety compliance, as defined, imposes a financial burden on the applicant that may result in hospital closure. Current law also creates the Small and Rural Hospital Relief Fund and continuously appropriates the moneys in the fund for purposes of administering and funding the grant program. Existing law provides for the formation and administration of health care districts. This bill would require the department to give first priority to grants for single- and 2-story general acute care hospitals located in remote or rural areas with less than 80 general acute care beds and general acute care hospital revenue of $75 million or less. The bill would require grants under the program to provide general acute care hospitals with funds to secure an SPC-4D assessment for purposes of planning for, and estimating the costs of, compliance with certain seismic safety standards, as specified. The bill would authorize specified general acute care hospitals to apply for a grant for purposes of complying with those seismic safety standards.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Building Permits/Standards

Attachments:
AB 869 (WOOD) FACT SHEET

AB 932  (Ting D) Accessory dwelling units: Accessory Dwelling Unit Program: reports.
Current Text: Amended: 3/15/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/14/2023
Last Amend: 3/15/2023
Status: 3/16/2023-Re-referred to Com. on H. & C.D.
Location: 3/2/2023-A. H. & C.D.

Calendar: 3/29/2023  9:30 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 126 ASSEMBLY HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT, WICKS, BUFFY, Chair

Summary: The California Housing Finance Agency (CalHFA) administers the Accessory Dwelling Unit Program, for the purpose of assisting homeowners in qualifying for loans to construct accessory dwelling units and junior accessory dwelling units on the homeowners’ property and increasing access to capital for homeowners interested in building accessory dwelling units. Current law requires the CalHFA to convene a working group to develop recommendations for the program, as specified. Current law requires the working group to finish developing recommendations by July 1, 2023, for CalHFA to consider in the next update of its accessory dwelling unit guidelines. This bill would additionally require the working group to report its recommendations to the Legislature by January 1, 2025, as specified.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Building Permits/Standards
AB 955  **(Petrie-Norris D)**  Controlled substances.

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/15/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/14/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/15/2023

**Status:** 3/16/2023-Re-referred to Com. on P. & C.P. Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S. pursuant to Assembly Rule 96.

**Location:** 3/16/2023-A. PUB. S.

**Summary:** Current law makes possession of specified controlled substances, including fentanyl, punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not to exceed one year, except as specified. Current law makes possession of a controlled substance for the purposes of sale of the substance punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for a period of 2, 3, or 4 years. This bill would make the sale of fentanyl on a social media platform, as defined, in California punishable by imprisonment in a county jail for a period of 3, 6, or 9 years.

**Organization**  **Position**  **Priority**  **Assigned**  **Subject**

FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Building Permits/Standards

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AB 976  **(Ting D)**  Accessory dwelling units: owner-occupancy requirements.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/14/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/14/2023

**Status:** 2/23/2023-Referred to Coms. on H. & C.D. and L. GOV.

**Location:** 2/23/2023-A. H. & C.D.

**Calendar:** 3/29/2023 9:30 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 126  ASSEMBLY HOUSING AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT, WICKS, BUFFY, Chair

**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law, among other things, provides for the creation of accessory dwelling units by local ordinance, or, if a local agency has not adopted an ordinance, by ministerial approval, in accordance with specified standards and conditions. Current law requires a local ordinance to require an accessory dwelling unit to be either attached to, or located within, the proposed or existing primary dwelling, as specified, or detached from the proposed or existing primary dwelling and located on the same lot as the proposed or existing primary dwelling. This bill would instead prohibit a local agency from imposing an owner-occupancy requirement on any accessory dwelling unit.

**Organization**  **Position**  **Priority**  **Assigned**  **Subject**

FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Building Permits/Standards

**Attachments:**

AB 976 (TING) FACT SHEET

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AB 1033  **(Ting D)**  Accessory dwelling units: local ordinances: separate sale or conveyance.

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/9/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/15/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/9/2023

**Status:** 3/13/2023-Re-referred to Com. on H. & C.D.

**Location:** 3/9/2023-A. H. & C.D.

**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law, authorizes a local agency, by ordinance or ministerial approval, to provide for the creation of accessory dwelling units in areas zoned for residential use, as specified. Existing law requires the ordinance to include specified standards, including prohibiting the accessory dwelling unit from being sold or otherwise conveyed separate from the primary residence, except as provided by a specified law. This bill would instead provide that an accessory dwelling unit may be sold or otherwise conveyed separate from the primary residence as provided by specified law, as described above, or by ordinance.

**Organization**  **Position**  **Priority**  **Assigned**  **Subject**

FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Building Permits/Standards

**Attachments:**

AB 1033 (TING) FACT SHEET

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AB 1114  **(Haney D)**  Planning and zoning: housing development projects: postentitlement phase permits.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/15/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)
Introduced: 2/15/2023  
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Coms. on L. GOV. and H. & C.D.  
Location: 3/2/2023-A. L. GOV.

**AB 1114**  
(HANEY) FACT SHEET

**Summary:** Current law defines “postentitlement phase permit” to include all nondiscretionary permits and reviews filed after the entitlement process has been completed that are required or issued by the local agency to begin construction of a development that is intended to be at least 2/3 residential, excluding discretionary and ministerial planning permits, entitlements, and certain other permits and reviews. These permits include, but are not limited to, building permits and all interdepartmental review required for the issuance of a building permit, permits for minor or standard off-site improvements, permits for demolition, and permits for minor or standard excavation and grading. Current law defines other terms for its purposes. Current law establishes time limits for completing reviews regarding whether an application for a postentitlement phase permit is complete and compliant, and whether to approve or deny an application, as specified, and makes any failure to meet these time limits a disapproval of the housing development project and a violation of the Housing Accountability Act. Current law requires a local agency, beginning on specified dates determined by population size, to provide an option for postentitlement phase permits to be applied for, completed, and retrieved by the applicant on its internet website, and accept applications for postentitlement phase permits and any related documentation by electronic mail until that process has been established. This bill would modify the definition of “postentitlement phase permits” to eliminate the nondiscretionary aspect of permits not otherwise excluded, thereby applying the definition to those permits without regard to whether they are nondiscretionary.

**Organization**  
FIRE

**Position**  
JMBall, RNoack

**Priority**  
Building Permits/Standards

**Subject**  
Building Permits/Standards

**Attachments:**  
AB 1114 (HANEY) FACT SHEET

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**AB 1132**  
(Friedman D)  
Solar energy systems: permit fees.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/15/2023  
Introduced: 2/15/2023  
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on L. GOV.

**Location: 3/2/2023-A. L. GOV.

**Calendar:** 3/2/2023  1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 127  
ASSEMBLY LOCAL GOVERNMENT, AGUIAR-CURRY, CECILIA, Chair

**Summary:** Current law, for purposes of governing property rights, defines a “solar energy system” as specified to include any solar collector or other solar energy device whose primary purpose is to provide for the collection, storage, and distribution of solar energy for space heating, space cooling, electric generation, or water heating. Current law prescribes and limits permit fees that a city or county may charge for a residential and commercial solar energy system. Current law repeals these provisions on January 1, 2025. This bill would extend that repeal date to January 1, 2034. By extending the operation of the requirements imposed on a city or county in connection with those solar energy systems, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**Organization**  
FIRE

**Position**  
JMBall, RNoack

**Priority**  
Building Permits/Standards

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**AB 1183**  
(Holden D)  
Streamlined housing projects: construction permits: notice.

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/14/2023  
Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Last Amend: 3/14/2023  
Status: 3/15/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author. Referred to Com. on L. GOV.

**Location: 3/2/2023-A. L. GOV.

**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law authorizes a development proponent to submit an application for a multifamily housing development that is subject to a streamlined, ministerial approval process, as provided, and not subject to a conditional use permit, if the development satisfies specified objective planning standards, including, among others, that the development is a multifamily housing
development that contains 2 or more residential units and the development proponent commits to record, prior to the issuance of the first building permit, a land use restriction or covenant providing that any lower or moderate-income housing units remain available at affordable housing costs or rent to persons and families of lower or moderate income for no less than 55 years or 45 years, as specified. This bill, if a city or county approves a construction project through the expedited, streamlined permitting described above, would require the city or county to require the development proponent to place a sign of reasonable dimensions and design on the parcel in which the project is located that includes specified information, including the development proponent’s contact information, the construction permit numbers, and a brief project description.

Attachments:
AB 1183 (HOLDEN) FACT SHEET

**AB 1183**

**Lowenthal D**

**Development projects: demolition of residential dwelling units.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/9/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/9/2023

**Status:** 3/13/2023-Re-referred to Com. on H. & C.D.

**Location:** 3/9/2023-A. H. & C.D.

**Summary:** The Housing Crisis Act of 2019, among other things, prohibits an affected city or an affected county, as defined, from approving a housing development project that will require the demolition of one or more residential dwelling units, unless the project creates at least as many residential dwelling units as will be demolished. The act also prohibits an affected city or affected county from approving any housing development project that will require the demolition of occupied or vacant protected units, unless specified conditions are met. In this regard, the act requires a project that will require the demolition of occupied or vacant protected units to, among other things, (1) replace all existing or demolished protected units, (2) include a minimum amount of residential units, (3) allow existing occupants to occupy their units until 6 months before the start of construction activities, and (4) provide relocation benefits to the existing occupants of any protected units that are lower income households. This bill would expand the demolition of residential dwelling units prohibitions to prohibit an affected city or affected county from approving any development project that will require the demolition of occupied or vacant protected units, or that is located on a site where protected units were demolished in the previous 5 years, unless the conditions described above are met.

**Organization**  |  **Position**  |  **Priority**  |  **Assigned**  |  **Subject**
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | | | JMBall, RNoack | Building
Permits/Standards

**AB 1236**

**Grayson D**

**Fire protection: residential fire sprinklers.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/16/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Status:** 2/17/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 19.

**Location:** 2/16/2023-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Current law authorizes specified local jurisdictions and fire protection districts to make changes or modifications that are more stringent than specified state standards, as provided. Current law explicitly neither mandates nor prohibits a fire protection district or a local jurisdiction from mandating the installation of residential fire sprinkler systems in the construction of new dwelling units or the retrofitting of existing dwelling units. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation that would identify a consistent and safe minimum size of residential fire sprinklers that would reduce costs for homeowners and property owners.

**Organization**  |  **Position**  |  **Priority**  |  **Assigned**  |  **Subject**
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | Under Review | | JMBall, RNoack | Building
Permits/Standards

**AB 1413**

**Ting D**

**Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program: reports.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 2/18/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 20.

**Location:** 2/17/2023-A. PRINT
Summary: Current law establishes the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention Program for the purpose of providing jurisdictions, as defined, with one-time grant funds to support regional coordination and expand or develop local capacity to address their immediate homelessness challenges, as specified. Current law requires the Interagency Council on Homelessness, upon appropriation, to distribute $650,000,000 among cities, counties, and continuums of care, for round 1 of the program in the 2019–20 fiscal year, as provided. Current law requires a recipient, after receiving program funds, by January 1 of the year following receipt of the funds and annually on that date thereafter until all funds have been expended, to submit a report to the council, as specified, and requires each applicant that receives a round 1 program allocation, no later than January 1, 2026, to submit to the council a final report in a format provided by the council, as well as detailed uses of all program funds. This bill would, instead, require each applicant that receives a round 1 program allocation to submit the final report by July 1, 2026.

AB 1490  

(Lee D) Affordable housing development projects: adaptive reuse.

Introduced: 2/17/2023
Status: 3/9/2023-Referred to Coms. on H. & C.D. and L. GOV.
Location: 3/9/2023-A. H. & C.D.

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to give priority with respect to funding under the Multifamily Housing Program to projects that prioritize adaptive reuse in existing developed areas served with public infrastructure, as specified. This bill would define adaptive reuse as the retrofitting and repurposing of an existing building to create new residential units. The bill would require a local government to provide an affordable housing project that is an adaptive reuse project and that guarantees that 100% of the units be made available for lower income households, 50% of which shall be made available to extremely low income households or very low income households, specified benefits and exemptions by local government agencies, including, among other things, approval of all entitlements and permits applicable to the project in 30 days or less, exemption from any minimum floor area ratio, and waiver of local building and permit fees, as specified.

AB 1505  

(Rodriguez D) Seismic retrofitting: soft story multifamily housing.

Introduced: 2/17/2023
Status: 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on E.M.
Location: 3/16/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Calendar: 3/27/2023 2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 444  ASSEMBLY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, RODRIGUEZ, FREDDIE, Chair

Summary: Current law establishes the Seismic Retrofitting Program for Soft Story Multifamily Housing for the purposes of providing financial assistance to owners of soft story multifamily housing for seismic retrofitting to protect individuals living in multifamily housing that have been determined to be at risk of collapse in earthquakes, as specified. Current law also establishes the Seismic Retrofitting Program for Soft Story Multifamily Housing Fund, and its subsidiary account, the Seismic Retrofitting Account, within the State Treasury. Current law provides that the Legislature will appropriate $250,000,000 from the General Fund in the 2023–24 Budget Act to the Seismic Retrofitting Program for Soft Story Multifamily Housing Fund for the purposes of carrying out the program. Current law requires the California Residential Mitigation Program to develop and administer the program, as specified. Current law makes these provisions inoperative on July 1, 2042, and repeals them as of January 1, 2043. This bill would, instead, appropriate $250,000,000 from the General Fund to the CRMP for the purpose of implementing the Seismic Retrofitting Program for Soft Story Multifamily Housing.
**AB 1661**

**Bonta D**  
**Electrical and gas service: accessory dwelling units.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/9/2023-Referred to Com. on U. & E.

**Location:** 3/9/2023-A. U. & E.

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**Summary:** Existing law vests the Public Utilities Commission with regulatory authority over public utilities, including electrical corporations and gas corporations. Existing law requires the commission to require every residential unit in an apartment house or similar multiunit residential structure, condominium, or mobilehome park issued a building permit on or after July 1, 1982, with certain exceptions, to be individually metered for electrical and gas service. This bill would additionally except from that requirement an accessory dwelling unit, as defined, if the owner of the property on which the accessory dwelling unit is located elects to have the accessory dwelling unit’s electrical and gas services metered through existing or upgraded utility meters located on that property. The bill would require an electrical corporation and gas corporation, if an owner of such a property elects to have the accessory dwelling unit’s electrical and gas services metered through utility meters located on that property, to allow the property owner to do so. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

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**Notes:** 02/21/2023 PER AUTHOR’S OFFICE: Fact sheet is still in development; the measure is sponsored by the City of Oakland with support from ADU organizations.

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**SB 48**

**Becker D**  
**Water and Energy Savings Act.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/1/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/5/2022

**Last Amend:** 3/1/2023

**Status:** 3/16/2023-March 21 hearing postponed by committee.

**Location:** 3/8/2023-S. E. U., & C.

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**Summary:** Current law requires each utility to maintain records of the energy usage data of all buildings to which they provide service for at least the most recent 12 complete calendar months, and to deliver or otherwise provide that aggregated energy usage data for each covered building, as defined, to the owner, as specified. This bill would expand those requirements, beginning January 1, 2025, to include each utility that provides water service and its water usage data.

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**Attachments:**

**SB 48 (BECKER) FACT SHEET**

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**SB 63**

**Ochoa Bogh R**  
**Homeless and Mental Health Court and Transitioning Home Grant Programs.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/4/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/4/2023

**Status:** 3/9/2023-Set for hearing March 28.

**Location:** 1/18/2023-S. PUB. S.

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**Calendar:** 3/28/2023 9:30 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2200  SENATE PUBLIC SAFETY, WAHAB, AISHA, Chair

**Summary:** Under current law, the Board of State and Community Corrections administers several grant programs, including a mentally ill offender crime reduction grant program, a medication-assisted treatment grant program, and a violence intervention and prevention grant program. This bill would establish two new grant programs until January 1, 2028: the Homeless and Mental Health Court Grant Program that would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, be administered by the Judicial Council and provide grants to counties for the purpose of establishing or expanding homeless courts and mental health courts, as specified; and the Transitioning Home Grant Program that would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, be administered by the board and provide grants to county sheriffs and jail administrators to fund programs aimed at reducing homelessness among inmates released from custody, as specified.
SB 294  
(Wiener D)  Housing development projects: floor area ratios.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/2/2023  html pdf
Introduced: 2/2/2023
Status: 2/15/2023-Referred to Coms. on GOV. & F. and HOUSING.
Location: 2/15/2023-S. GOV. & F.

Summary: The Planning and Zoning Law requires a city or county to adopt a general plan for land use development within its boundaries that includes, among other things, a housing element. Current law prohibits a local agency, as defined, from imposing a floor area ratio standard that is less than 1.0 on a housing development project that consists of 3 to 7 units, or less than 1.25 on a housing development project that consists of 8 to 10 units. Current law prohibits a local agency from imposing a lot coverage requirement that would physically preclude a housing development project of not more than 10 units from achieving the floor area ratios described above. This bill would delete the 10-unit maximum for eligible projects, and would prohibit a local agency from imposing a floor area ratio standard that is less than 2.5 on a housing development project that consists of 11 to 20 units. The bill would prohibit a local agency from imposing a floor area ratio standard that is less than 1.25 for every ten housing units, rounded to the nearest ten units, on a housing development project that consists of more than 20 units.

SB 356  
Current Text: Amended: 3/14/2023  html pdf
Introduced: 2/8/2023
Last Amend: 3/14/2023
Status: 3/16/2023-March 21 hearing postponed by committee.
Location: 2/15/2023-S. HOUSING

Summary: Current law establishes the Code Enforcement Incentive Program pursuant to which the Department of Housing and Community Development, upon appropriation by the Legislature, makes funds available as matching grants to cities, counties, and cities and counties that operate local building enforcement programs for more than 3 years, as provided. Current law requires the recipient city, county, or city and county to provide a cash or in-kind local match of least 25% in the first year, 50% in the 2nd year, and 75% in the 3rd year, and limits the maximum grant to a single recipient under the program to $1,000,000. Current law requires the department to award grants under the program on a competitive basis, based on criteria weighted for specified applicants, including local government applicants that propose to identify and prosecute owners with habitual, repeated, multiple code violations that have remained unabated beyond the period required for abatement. This bill would revise the cash or in-kind local match requirement, described above, to instead require a recipient city, county, or city and county to match at least 35% of the funds awarded over 3 years.

SB 405  
(Cortese D)  Planning and zoning: housing element: inventory of sites: regional housing need.
Introduced: 2/9/2023
Status: 2/22/2023-Referred to Com. on HOUSING.
Location: 2/22/2023-S. HOUSING

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to determine
the existing and projected need for housing for each region, as specified. Current law requires the appropriate council of governments, or for cities and counties without a council of governments, to adopt a final regional housing need plan that allocates a share of the regional housing need to each city, county, or city and county, as provided. Current law requires a city or county to determine whether each site in its inventory of land can accommodate the development of some portion of its share of the regional housing need, as provided. This bill, for a housing element or amendment adopted as part of the seventh planning period, would require the planning agency to provide notice to the owner of a site included in the above-described inventory that the site is included in that inventory, if the owner’s identity and contact information is known, as specified. If the site owner notifies the planning agency or the department that the owner does not intend to develop at least 80% of the number of units for the site, determined as described above, during the current planning period, the bill would provide that the site would not be considered a site that can be developed to meet the jurisdiction’s share of the regional housing need, except as specified. The bill would require that the information be an important factor for the department in determining whether the housing element identifies sufficient sites to meet the jurisdiction share of regional housing. The bill would require the department to amend specified standards, forms, and definitions to implement these provisions.

SB 405 (CORTESE) FACT SHEET

SB 423 (Wiener D) Land use: streamlined housing approvals: multifamily housing developments.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/13/2023 html, pdf

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Status: 3/14/2023-Set for hearing March 21.

Location: 2/22/2023-S. HOUSING

Calendar: 3/21/2023 1:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1200 SENATE HOUSING SPECIAL ORDER, WIENER, SCOTT, Chair

Summary: Existing law, the Planning and Zoning Law, authorizes a development proponent to submit an application for a multifamily housing development that is subject to a streamlined, ministerial approval process, as provided, and not subject to a conditional use permit, if the development satisfies specified objective planning standards, including, among others, that the development proponent has committed to record, prior to the issuance of the first building permit, a land use restriction or covenant providing that any lower or moderate-income housing units required, as specified, remain available at affordable housing costs, as defined, or rent to persons and families of lower or moderate-income for no less than specified periods of time. Existing law repeals these provisions on January 1, 2026. This bill would authorize the Department of General Services to act in the place of a locality or local government, at the discretion of that department, for purposes of the ministerial, streamlined review for development on property owned by or leased to the state. The bill would delete the January 1, 2026, repeal date, thereby making these provisions operative indefinitely. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

SB 456 (Menjivar D) Multifamily Housing Program: nonprofit corporations: homeless or at-risk youth.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/13/2023 html, pdf

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Status: 3/7/2023-Set for hearing March 21.

Location: 2/22/2023-S. HOUSING

Calendar: 3/21/2023 1:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1200 SENATE HOUSING, WIENER, SCOTT, Chair

Summary: Current law establishes the Multifamily Housing Program administered by the Department of Housing and Community Development. Current law requires assistance for projects under the program to be provided in the form of deferred payment loans to pay for eligible costs of specified types of development, as provided. Current law requires that specified funds appropriated to provide housing for individuals and families who are experiencing homelessness or who are at risk of
homelessness and who are inherently impacted by or at increased risk for medical diseases or conditions due to the COVID-19 pandemic or other communicable diseases be disbursed in accordance with the Multifamily Housing Program for specified uses. Current law exempts these specified funds from the deferred payment loan requirement, as specified. Current law also requires at least 8 percent of these specified funds to be available for projects serving homeless youth, or youth at risk of homelessness, as defined. This bill would, instead, require that at least 8 percent of the specified funds be available for units, rather than projects, serving homeless youth, or youth at risk of homelessness.

### SB 456 (MENJIVAR) FACT SHEET

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**  
---|---|---|---|---  
FIRE | | | JMBall, RNoack | Building Permits/Standards

**Attachments:**  
[SB 456 (MENJIVAR) FACT SHEET](attachment:SB 456 (MENJIVAR) FACT SHEET)

#### (Committee on Housing) Accessory dwelling units.

**Current Text:**  
[Introduced: 2/14/2023](attachment:html) [pdf]

**Introduced:** 2/14/2023  
**Status:** 2/22/2023-Referred to Com. on HOUSING.  
**Location:** 2/22/2023-S. HOUSING

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**Summary:** Current law provides for the creation by local ordinance, or by ministerial approval if a local agency has not adopted an ordinance, of accessory dwelling units to allow single-family or multifamily dwelling residential use in accordance with specified standards and conditions. Current law also provides for the creation of junior accessory dwelling units by local ordinance, or, if a local agency has not adopted an ordinance, by ministerial approval, in accordance with specified standards and conditions. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes and reorganize various provisions relating to the creation and regulation of accessory dwelling units and junior accessory dwelling units, including the provisions described above, and would make related nonsubstantive conforming changes.

### SB 477 (SEN. HOUSING) FACT SHEET


**Current Text:**  
[Introduced: 2/15/2023](attachment:html) [pdf]

**Introduced:** 2/15/2023  
**Status:** 3/14/2023-Set for hearing March 29.  
**Location:** 2/22/2023-S. GOV. & F.

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**Calendar:** 3/29/2023 9:30 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE GOVERNANCE AND FINANCE, CABALLERO, ANNA, Chair

**Summary:** The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law, in conformity with federal income tax law, generally defines "gross income" as income from whatever source derived, except as specifically excluded, and provides various exclusions from gross income. This bill would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, provide an exclusion from gross income for any qualified taxpayer, as defined, for amounts received for costs and losses associated with the 2020 Zogg Fire in the County of Shasta, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

### SB 542 (DAHLE) FACT SHEET

#### (Allen D) Development projects: emergency preparedness.

**Current Text:**  
[Introduced: 2/15/2023](attachment:html) [pdf]

**Introduced:** 2/15/2023  
**Status:** 2/22/2023-Referred to Com. on GOV. & F.  
**Location:** 2/22/2023-S. GOV. & F.

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**Summary:** Would require a proponent of a new development within a state responsibility area or local...
responsibility area that is within a high or very high fire hazard severity zone to include an evacuation plan with its application submitted to the local government for the development. The bill would subject the evacuation plan to the independent approval of the local government, as defined, the respective law enforcement and fire agencies that have jurisdictional response authority over the relevant area, and the California Highway Patrol if the proposed evacuation routing utilizes state or federal highways. The bill would require the evacuation plan to consist of specified information, including a wildfire behavior study, a traffic engineering study, and the best available routes for evacuation egress by populations within the development when threatened by wildfire. By imposing new duties on local governments in reviewing and approving developments in high and very high fire hazard severity zones, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**  
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FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Building  
Permits/Standards

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**SB 576** (Nguyen R) **Local planning.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/15/2023 [html, pdf]

**Introduced:** 2/15/2023

**Status:** 2/22/2023-Referred to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 2/15/2023-S. RLS.

**Summary:** The Planning and Zoning Law establishes in each city and in each county a planning agency with the powers necessary to carry out the purposes of the law. Current law authorizes the legislative body of each city and county to assign the functions of the planning agency to a planning department, one or more planning commissions, administrative bodies or hearing officers, the legislative body itself, or any combination thereof, as it deems appropriate and necessary. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to those provisions.

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**SB 713** (Padilla D) **Planning and zoning: density bonuses: preemption.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/16/2023 [html, pdf]

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Status:** 3/1/2023-Referred to Coms. on HOUSING and GOV. & F.

**Location:** 3/1/2023-S. HOUSING

**Summary:** The Density Bonus Law requires a city or county to provide a developer that proposes a housing development within the city or county with a density bonus and other incentives or concessions, as specified, if the developer agrees to construct certain types of housing. Current law requires a city, county, or city and county to adopt an ordinance specifying how compliance with the Density Bonus Law will be implemented and, except as provided, specifies that failure to adopt an ordinance does not relieve the city, county, or city and county from compliance with that law. This bill would specify that the provisions of the Density Bonus Law prevail in the event of a conflict between that law and an ordinance, regulation, or other local law enacted by initiative.

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**SB 736** (McGuire D) **Planning and zoning: housing: postentitlement phase permits.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023 [html, pdf]

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/1/2023-Referred to Coms. on GOV. & F. and HOUSING.

**Location:** 3/1/2023-S. GOV. & F.

**Summary:** The Permit Streamlining Act, which is part of the Planning and Zoning Law, requires each public agency to provide a development project applicant with a list that specifies the information that will be required from any applicant for a development project. Specifically, current law establishes time limits for completing reviews regarding whether an application for a postentitlement phase permit is complete and compliant, and whether to approve or deny an application, as specified. Current law
requires a local agency, if a postentitlement phase permit is determined to be incomplete, denied, or determined to be noncompliant, to provide a process for the applicant to appeal that decision in writing to the governing body of the agency or, if there is no governing body, to the director of the agency, as provided by that agency. This bill would delete the provision for the applicant to appeal a decision to the director of the local agency, as described above, and, instead, require a local agency to provide a process for the applicant to appeal that decision in writing to the governing body of the agency only.

**SB 740**

**Cortese D**  Hazardous materials management: stationary sources: skilled and trained workforce.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023  html, pdf

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/7/2023-Set for hearing March 29.

**Location:** 3/1/2023-S. E.Q.

**Calendar:** 3/29/2023  9 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1200  SENATE ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY, ALLEN, BENJAMIN, Chair

**Summary:** Current law requires an owner or operator of a stationary source that is engaged in certain petroleum-related activities, and with one or more covered processes that require the preparation and submission of an risk management plan (RMP), when contracting for the performance of construction, alteration, demolition, installation, repair, or maintenance work at the stationary source to require that its contractors and any subcontractors use a skilled and trained workforce to perform all onsite work within an apprenticeable occupation in the building and construction trades. Current law defines “skilled and trained workforce” to include, among other criteria, skilled journeypersons who are paid at least a rate equivalent to the applicable prevailing hourly wage rate. This bill would extend that workforce requirement to contracts awarded, extended, or renewed on or after January 1, 2024, by an owner or operator of a stationary source that is engaged in manufacturing hydrogen, biofuels, lithium batteries, or certain specified chemicals, in mining or beneficiating lithium, or in capturing, sequestering, or using carbon dioxide in specified conditions.

**Organization**  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Building  Permits/Standards

**Attachments:**

SB 740 (CORTESE) FACT SHEET

**SB 835**

**Smallwood-Cuevas D**  Housing.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023  html, pdf

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/1/2023-Referred to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 2/17/2023-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Current law, the Planning and Zoning Law, requires each city, county, or city and county to prepare and adopt a general plan for its jurisdiction that contains certain mandatory elements, including a housing element. Current law requires the housing element to identify the existing and projected housing needs of all economic segments of the community. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation regarding requirements for the housing element of a local government’s general plan.

**Organization**  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Building  Permits/Standards

**SB 837**

**Archuleta D**  Energy: building energy standards: unvented attics.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023  html, pdf

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/1/2023-Referred to Com. on E., U. & C.

**Location:** 3/1/2023-S. E. U., & C.

**Summary:** Current law requires the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission to prescribe, by regulation, building design and construction standards and energy and
water conservation design standards for new residential and nonresidential buildings to reduce wasteful, uneconomic, inefficient, and unnecessary consumption of energy and to manage energy loads to help maintain electrical grid reliability. Current law requires the commission to periodically review the standards and adopt revisions that it deems necessary. This bill would require the commission, in the review of those regulations that is pending as of January 1, 2024, to consider revising the definition of “conditioned space, indirectly” to include unvented attics, as provided.

Attachments:
SB 837 (ARCHULETA) FACT SHEET

Communications

**AB 864** (Haney D) Substance use disorder: telephone system.
Current Text: Amended: 3/9/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)
Introduced: 2/14/2023
Last Amend: 3/9/2023
Status: 3/13/2023-Re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.
Location: 3/9/2023-A. HEALTH

Summary: Current law authorizes the State Department of Health Care Services to certify qualified alcoholism or drug abuse recovery or treatment programs, as prescribed. Under existing law, the department regulates the quality of these programs, taking into consideration the significance of community-based programs to alcohol and other drug abuse recovery and the need to encourage opportunities for low-income and special needs populations to receive alcohol and other drug abuse recovery or treatment services. This bill would require the department to establish and maintain a 3-digit, statewide, nonemergency telephone system for substance use disorder treatment referrals.

**AB 1102** (Patterson, Jim R) Telecommunications: privacy protections: 988 calls.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)
Introduced: 2/15/2023
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Coms. on C. & C. and P. & C.P.
Location: 3/2/2023-A. C. & C.

Summary: Under current law, the Public Utilities Commission has regulatory authority over public utilities, including telephone corporations. Existing law prohibits a telephone corporation, when selling or licensing lists of residential subscribers, from including the telephone number of any subscriber assigned an unpublished or unlisted access number without the subscriber’s written waiver of this protection. Current law prohibits a provider of mobile telephony services, as defined, or any affiliate or agent of the provider, when providing the name and dialing number of a subscriber for inclusion in a directory or directory database, from including the dialing number of any subscriber without first obtaining the express consent of that subscriber. However, current law authorizes providing those telephone numbers without regard to consent to a law enforcement agency, fire protection agency, public health agency, public environmental health agency, city or county emergency services planning agency, or private for-profit agency operating under contract with, and at the direction of, one or more of these agencies, for the sole purpose of responding to a 911 call, communicating an imminent threat to life or property, or testing the systems that respond to 911 calls. This bill would additionally authorize providing those telephone numbers to those parties without consent for the purpose of responding to a 988 call or testing the systems that respond to 988 calls.

Attachments:
AB 1102 (JIM PATTERSON) FACT SHEET

**AB 1231** (Santiago D) Telecommunications: universal service.
The Moore Universal Telephone Service Act establishes the Universal Lifeline Telephone Service program to provide low-income households with access to affordable basic residential telephone service. The act makes legislative findings and declarations regarding lifeline telephone service, including that the program should be implemented in a way that is equitable and nondiscriminatory. This bill would additionally include that the program should be implemented in a way that provides the most benefit to low-income Californians.

**AB 1276** (McKinnor, D) Emergency response services: “911” call and dispatch data.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/16/2023

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Status:** 3/2/2023-Referred to Coms. on HEALTH and P. & C.P.

**Location:** 3/2/2023-A. HEALTH

Summary: Would require the University of California at Davis Health (UC Davis Health) to establish a program for the receipt and collection of “911” emergency call and dispatch data, in order to complete an analysis of the data for the purpose of improving emergency response services systems. The bill would require UC Davis Health to adopt uniform statewide data standards for “911” call and dispatch data, as specified, and to create a data portal that catalogs the collected data, aggregated on a statewide level, excluding any personally identifiable information.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Communications

**SCR 27** (Ochoa Bogh, R) California Public Safety Telecommunicators Week.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/13/2023

**Introduced:** 2/13/2023

**Status:** 2/27/2023-Ordered to inactive file on request of Senator Ochoa Bogh.

**Location:** 2/27/2023-S. INACTIVE FILE

Summary: Would declare the week of April 9, 2023, to April 15, 2023, inclusive, as California Public Safety Telecommunicators Week.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Communications

**Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)**

**AB 225** (Grayson, D) Real property: environmental hazards booklet.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/11/2023

**Introduced:** 1/11/2023

**Status:** 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on B. & P.

**Location:** 3/2/2023-A. B.&P.

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Real Estate to develop a booklet to educate and inform consumers on, among other things, common environmental hazards that are located on, and affect, real property. Current law requires the types of common environmental hazards to include, but not be limited to, asbestos, radon gas, lead-based paint, formaldehyde, fuel and chemical storage...
tanks, and water and soil contamination. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature that when the booklet is next updated, as existing resources permit or as private resources are made available, it be updated to include 3 new sections on wildfires, climate change, and sea level rise, as specified. The bill would require the State Department of Public Health to seek the advice and assistance of departments within the Natural Resources Agency in the writing of the booklet, as specified.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
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FIRE |  |  | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)

**Attachments:**

AB 225 (GRAYSON) FACT SHEET

**AB 267**  

**Current Text:** Amended: 2/9/2023  html  pdf

**Introduced:** 1/23/2023

**Last Amend:** 2/9/2023

**Status:** 3/14/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (March 13). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

**Location:** 3/13/2023-A. APPR.

**Summary:** Current law requires the State Fire Marshal to prepare and adopt rules and regulations establishing minimum requirements for the prevention of fire and panic in connection with the use of tents, awnings, or other fabric enclosures. Current law provides that it is unlawful for any person, firm, or corporation to establish, maintain, or operate a specified event in or under which 10 or more persons may gather for any lawful purpose in any tent, awning, or other fabric enclosure unless a tent, awning, or other fabric enclosure, and all auxiliary tents, curtains, drops, awnings, and all decorative materials, are made from a nonflammable material or are treated and maintained in a flame-retardant condition. Current law provides specified exceptions to the above-described provision. This bill would increase the amount of persons to 11 who may gather for any lawful purpose in any such tent, awning, or other fabric enclosure. The bill would expand the exceptions to the above-described provision by including any tent designed or manufactured for children’s play, camping, backpacking, or mountaineering.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
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FIRE |  |  | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)

**AB 415**  
((Rodriguez D) Emergency Fairgrounds Communications Grant Act.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/2/2023  html  pdf

**Introduced:** 2/2/2023

**Status:** 3/14/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on C. & C. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (March 13). Re-referred to Com. on C. & C.

**Location:** 3/13/2023-A. C. & C.

**Calendar:** 4/19/2023  1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 437  ASSEMBLY COMMUNICATIONS AND CONVEYANCE, BOERNER HORBATH, TASHA, Chair

**Summary:** Would enact the Emergency Fairgrounds Communications Grant Act and would require, on or before January 1, 2025, the Office of Emergency Services to establish a grant program to provide fairgrounds with grant funding for the purpose of building and upgrading communication and internet infrastructure on fairgrounds. The bill would require the office to establish standards to determine the awarding of grant funding that award funding based on a fairground’s need for internet capabilities in order to service an emergency response operation. The bill would require those standards to require, at a minimum, that a fairground receiving grant funds be located in an area with sufficient open-access middle-mile broadband infrastructure within a reasonable distance to support the fairground’s expanded broadband capabilities and be capable of providing public access to the fairground’s broadband network throughout the year. The bill would also require the office to consult with the Department of Technology and the Department of Food and Agriculture to coordinate the statewide building and upgrading of communication and internet infrastructure on fairgrounds. The bill would provide that the program is operative only upon an appropriation by the Legislature for its purposes.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
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FIRE |  |  | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)
**AB 474**

*(Rodriguez D)*  
State Threat Assessment Center: transnational criminal organizations.  

Current Text: Introduced: 2/7/2023  
Introduced: 2/7/2023  
Status: 3/14/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on PUB. S. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (March 13). Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.  
Location: 3/13/2023-A. PUB. S.  

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Summary: Would find and declare that the State Threat Assessment Center (STAC) serves as California’s information-sharing clearinghouse of strategic threat analysis and situational awareness reporting for statewide leadership and the public safety community, as specified, and that the STAC is California’s state primary fusion center, as designated by the Governor, and is operated by the Department of the California Highway Patrol, the Office of Emergency Services, and the Department of Justice. The bill would make other findings and declarations related to drug trafficking and transnational criminal organizations.

**AB 570**

*(Gallagher R)*  
Fire protection: Special District Fire Response Fund: county service areas.  

Current Text: Introduced: 2/8/2023  
Introduced: 2/8/2023  
Status: 3/14/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (March 13). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.  
Location: 3/13/2023-A. APPR.  

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Summary: Current law creates within the office of the Governor, the Office of Emergency Services. Existing law also tasks the Office of Emergency Services with establishing and administering the FIRESCOPE Program (Firefighting RESources of California Organized for Potential Emergencies), to maintain and enhance the efficiency and effectiveness of managing multiagency firefighting resources in responding to an incident. Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services to administer the Special District Fire Response Fund and, in cooperation with the board of directors of the FIRESCOPE Program, to develop a standard grant application form, establish an annual timeline to apply for grants, employ strategies to ensure that underfunded special districts that provide fire protection services are aware of the availability of the Special District Fire Response Fund, establish reporting requirements for grant recipients, and develop metrics for consideration of grant applications, as specified. This bill would define, for purposes of receiving grants under the FIRESCOPE Program that are funded by the Special District Fire Response Fund, a "special district that provides fire protection services" to include a county service area, as described, formed exclusively for fire protection services.

**AB 570**

*(Gallagher)*  
Attachments:  
AB 570 ((GALLAGHER) FACT SHEET)

**AB 609**

*(Papan D)*  

Current Text: Introduced: 2/9/2023  
Introduced: 2/9/2023  
Status: 3/14/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (March 13). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.  
Location: 3/13/2023-A. APPR.  

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Summary: Current law, until January 1, 2029, establishes the Office of Wildfire Technology Research and Development within CAL FIRE under the direct control of the director of CAL FIRE. Under existing law, the Office of Emergency Services (Cal OES) is responsible for studying, testing, and advising regarding procurement of emerging technologies and tools in order to more effectively prevent and suppress wildfires throughout the state, as provided. This bill would require the Office to submit a report, as specified, to the Legislature, on or before July 1, 2025, that assesses the feasibility of CAL FIRE and Cal OES, working with the National Interagency Aviation Committee and the International Airtanker Board, to conduct an evaluation of innovative new aerial firefighting technologies, as specified, and whether any new technologies exist that might meet CAL FIRE standards of water and
retardant delivery systems, as specified. The bill would also require the office to consider whether updates are appropriate to CAL FIRE and Cal OES procedures and deployment protocols to include innovative wildfire technologies currently available in California.

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**AB 619** *(Fong, Vince R)* State government: emergency services: nonprofit service providers.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/9/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/9/2023  
**Status:** 2/17/2023-Referred to Com. on E.M.  
**Location:** 2/17/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

**Calendar:** 3/27/2023  2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 444  ASSEMBLY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, RODRIGUEZ, FREDDIE, Chair

**Summary:** The California Emergency Services Act authorizes the Governor to declare a state of emergency during conditions of disaster or extreme peril to persons or property. Current law authorizes the Governor, during a state of emergency, to suspend any regulatory statute, or statute prescribing the procedure for conduct of state business, or the orders, rules, or regulations of any state agency, including provisions relating to eligibility to receive unemployment compensation benefits, if the Governor determines and declares that strict compliance with any statute, order, rule, or regulation would in any way prevent, hinder, or delay the mitigation of the effects of the emergency. Current law requires each department, division, bureau, board, commission, officer, and employee of this state to render all possible assistance to the Governor and to the Director of Emergency Services in carrying out the act. This bill would authorize a nonprofit entity that provides services pursuant to a contract with a state agency, during a state of war emergency or a state of emergency, to request the state agency to allow that nonprofit to modify the method in which it provides those services so long as the purpose of the contract is served.

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**AB 661** *(Patterson, Joe R)* Emergency information: automatic notification.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/9/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/9/2023  
**Status:** 2/10/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 12.  
**Location:** 2/9/2023-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation that would authorize residents in a mobilehome parks to voluntarily agree to receive emails, text messages, or automated calls from park management or the owner or operator of the park with information regarding unforeseen events relevant to the park from local, state, or federal authorities.

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**AB 692** *(Patterson, Jim R)* California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: egress route projects: fire safety.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/13/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/13/2023  
**Status:** 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on NAT. RES.  
**Location:** 2/23/2023-A. NAT. RES.

**Calendar:** 3/27/2023  2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 447  ASSEMBLY NATURAL RESOURCES, RIVAS, LUZ, Chair

**Summary:** Would, until January 1, 2030, exempt from the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) egress route projects undertaken by a public agency to improve emergency access to and evacuation from a subdivision without a secondary egress route if the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection has recommended the creation of a secondary access to the subdivision and certain
The bill would require the lead agency to hold a noticed public meeting to hear and respond to public comments before determining that a project is exempt. The bill would require the lead agency, if it determines that a project is not subject to CEQA and approves or carries out that project, to file a notice of exemption with the Office of Planning and Research and with the clerk of the county in which the project will be located.

**AB 692 (JIM PATTERSON) FACT SHEET**

**AB 693**
**California Emergency Services Act: State Emergency Plan: frequency of update.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/13/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 2/13/2023  
**Status:** 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on E.M.  
**Location:** 2/23/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT  
**Calendar:** 3/27/2023  2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 444  
**Summary:** Current law establishes the Office of Emergency Services, which is responsible for the state's emergency and disaster response services for natural, technological, or human-induced disasters and emergencies, including responsibility for activities necessary to prevent, respond to, recover from, and mitigate the effects of emergencies and disasters on people and property. Current law requires the Office of Emergency Services to update the State Emergency Plan on or before January 1, 2019, and every 5 years thereafter. This bill would require the Office of Emergency Services to update the State Emergency Plan on or before January 1, 2024, and every 3 years thereafter.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**  
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FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)  

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**  
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FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)  

**AB 750**
**Menace to public health: closure by law enforcement.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/16/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 2/13/2023  
**Last Amend:** 3/16/2023  
**Status:** 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on PUB. S. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on PUB. S. Read second time and amended.  
**Location:** 3/16/2023-A. PUB. S.  
**Summary:** Current law authorizes specified law enforcement and public safety officers and professionals to close an area where a menace to the public health or safety is created by a calamity, including flood, storm, fire, earthquake, explosion, accident, or other disaster, and makes it a misdemeanor for a person to enter an area closed by law enforcement for this purpose. This bill specifies that a duly authorized representative of a news service, newspaper, or radio or television station or network is not authorized to transport, facilitate the entry, or facilitate the transport of a person into an area closed as specified, if that person is not a duly authorized representative of a news service, newspaper, or radio or television station or network.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**  
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FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)  

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**  
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FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)  

**AB 781**
**Accessibility to emergency information and services: emergency shelters: persons with pets.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/13/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)  
**Introduced:** 2/13/2023  
**Status:** 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on E.M.  
**Location:** 2/23/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT  
**Calendar:** 3/27/2023  2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 444  
**Summary:** This bill specifies that a duly authorized representative of a news service, newspaper, or radio or television station or network is not authorized to transport, facilitate the entry, or facilitate the transport of a person into an area closed as specified, if that person is not a duly authorized representative of a news service, newspaper, or radio or television station or network.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**  
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FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)  

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**  
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FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)  

Page 22/67
Summary: Current law, the California Emergency Services Act, provides that political subdivisions, as defined, have full power during a local emergency to provide mutual aid to any affected area in accordance with local ordinances, resolutions, emergency plans, or agreements. Existing law defines “emergency plan” for these purposes to mean official and approved documents that describe the principles and methods to be applied in carrying out emergency operations or rendering mutual aid during emergencies. Current law requires that a county send a copy of its emergency plan to the Office of Emergency Services upon an update to the plan. This bill would require a county, on or before July 1, 2024, to update its emergency plan to designate emergency shelters able to accommodate persons with pets. The bill would require a city that has previously adopted an emergency plan designating emergency shelters to update its emergency plan to designate emergency shelters able to accommodate persons with pets on or before July 1, 2024. The bill would require an emergency shelter designated as able to accommodate persons with pets to be in compliance with safety procedures regarding the sheltering of pets established in the component of the state and local emergency plan and applicable disaster assistance policies and procedures of the Federal Emergency Management Agency. This bill would require that whenever a city or county designates an emergency shelter, cooling center, or warming center that it also designates an emergency shelter, cooling center, or warming center, as applicable, that can accommodate persons with pets.

AB 1108  (Calderon D)  County emergency plans.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/15/2023
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on E.M.
Location: 3/2/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Summary: Would require each county to review and update its emergency plan at least every 2 years. Because the bill would require local officials to perform additional duties, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The bill would remove the date by which the office is required to update the best practices referenced above.

AB 1303  (Rodriguez D)  California Emergency Services Act: disaster preparedness.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/16/2023
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on E.M.
Location: 3/2/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Summary: Would require the California State Warning Center, within the Office of Emergency Services, to develop a process for private-sector fuel transporters to voluntarily share information, as specified, for the purpose of providing fuel to local and state public-safety agencies actively involved in responding to or recovering from a disaster.

SB 57  (Gonzalez D)  Utilities: disconnection of residential service.
Current Text: Amended: 3/15/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 12/16/2022
Last Amend: 3/15/2023
Status: 3/15/2023-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Referred to Com. on RLS.
Location: 12/16/2022-S. RLS.
Summary: Would require an electrical corporation, local publicly owned electric utility, gas corporation, local publicly owned gas utility, water corporation, or local agency that owns a public water system to postpone the disconnection of a customer's residential service for nonpayment of a delinquent account when the temperature will be 32 degrees Fahrenheit or cooler, or 95 degrees Fahrenheit or warmer, within the utility's service area during the 24 hours after that service disconnection would occur, as specified. The bill would require each of those utilities to notify its residential ratepayers to report when their utility service has been disconnected in violation of that requirement, as specified. The bill would require the PUC to establish a citation program to impose a penalty on an electrical corporation or gas corporation that violates that requirement, and require each local publicly owned electric utility and local publicly owned gas utility to annually report to the State Energy Resources Conservation and Development Commission the number of residential service connections it disconnected for nonpayment of a delinquent account. The bill would authorize the State Water Resources Control Board to enforce the requirement that a water corporation and local agency that owns a public water system postpone a disconnection of a customer's residential service, as specified.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)

SB 673  (Bradford D)  Accessibility to emergency information and services.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/16/2023
Status: 3/1/2023-Referred to Com. on RLS.
Location: 2/16/2023-S. RLS.

Summary: The California Emergency Services Act, among other things, establishes the Office of Emergency Services for the purpose of mitigating the effects of natural, man-made, or war-caused emergencies and makes findings and declarations relating to ensuring that preparation within the state will be adequate to deal with those emergencies. Current law, upon the next update of a county's emergency plan, requires the county to integrate access and functional needs into that emergency plan, as provided. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to those provisions.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Emergency Management/Planning (EM&P)

Emergency Medical Services

AB 24  (Haney D)  Emergency response: opioid antagonist kits.
Current Text: Amended: 3/6/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 12/5/2022
Last Amend: 3/6/2023
Status: 3/7/2023-Re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.
Location: 2/2/2023-A. HEALTH

Summary: Current law requires the State Department of Public Health, subject to an appropriation in the Budget Act of 2016, to award funding to local health departments, local governmental agencies, or on a competitive basis to other organizations, as specified, to support or establish programs that provide naloxone to first responders and to at-risk opioid users through programs that serve at-risk drug users. Current law exempts from civil liability any person who, in good faith and not for compensation, renders emergency medical or nonmedical care or assistance at the scene of an emergency other than an act or omission constituting gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct. This bill would require a person or entity that owns, manages, or is responsible for a designated facility, defined as a bar, as defined, gas station, public library, or residential hotel, as defined, in a county that is experiencing an opioid overdose crisis, as defined, to acquire and post an opioid antagonist kit, which includes an instructional poster and opioid antagonist nasal spray, in areas that are readily accessible only by employees, including, but not limited to, a break room, and to restock the opioid antagonist kit after each use. The bill would apply the provisions governing civil liability described above to a person or designated facility that provides aid with an opioid antagonist kit stored at the designated facility. The bill would provide that a designated facility and its employees...
have no obligation to provide an opioid antagonist in the event of an apparent overdose and shall face no liability if they fail to identify an apparent overdose or provide an opioid antagonist, and that a designated facility is not obligated to acquire, post, or restock opioid antagonist kits under specified circumstances. The bill would require the department to provide opioid antagonist kits free of charge, to create the opioid antagonist poster with easy-to-understand instructions and graphics on the administration of the attached opioid antagonist nasal spray, and to make the determination on how best to allocate and distribute its limited supply of opioid antagonist among its various programs in the event of an opioid antagonist supply shortage.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Medical Services

**Attachments:**
 AB 24 (HANEY) FACT SHEET

**AB 40** *(Rodriguez D) Emergency medical services.*
**Current Text:** Amended: 3/15/2023  html, pdf
**Introduced:** 12/5/2022
**Last Amend:** 3/15/2023
**Status:** 3/16/2023-Re-referred to Com. on E.M.
**Location:** 1/26/2023-A, EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT
**Calendar:** 3/27/2023 2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 444 ASSEMBLY EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT, RODRIGUEZ, FREDDIE, Chair
**Summary:** Would require the Emergency Medical Services Authority to develop an electronic signature for use between the emergency department medical personnel at a receiving facility and the transporting emergency medical personnel that captures the points in time when the hospital receives notification of ambulance arrival and when transfer of care is executed for documentation of ambulance patient offload time, as defined. The bill would require the authority to develop a statewide standard of 20 minutes, 90% of the time, for ambulance patient offload time. The bill would also require the authority to develop an audit tool to improve data accuracy regarding transfer of care, as specified, and to provide technical assistance and funding as needed, subject to an appropriation, for small rural hospitals and volunteer EMS providers to implement these provisions. The bill would require the authority to adopt emergency regulations to implement these provisions on or before March 1, 2024.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Medical Services

**AB 55** *(Rodriguez D) Emergency medical services.*
**Current Text:** Introduced: 12/5/2022  html, pdf
**Introduced:** 12/5/2022
**Status:** 1/26/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.
**Location:** 1/26/2023-A, HEALTH
**Summary:** Current law requires, with exceptions, that the reimbursement to emergency medical transport providers for emergency medical transports, as defined, be increased by application of an add-on to the associated Medi-Cal fee-for-service payment schedule. Current law requires that the add-on increase be calculated on or before June 15, 2018, and remain the same for later state fiscal years, to the extent the department determines federal financial participation is available and is not otherwise jeopardized. Under current law, the resulting fee-for-service payment schedule amounts are equal to the sum of the Medi-Cal fee-for-service payment schedule amount for the 2015-16 state fiscal year and the add-on increase. This bill would set the Medi-Cal fee-for-service reimbursement rate for emergency medical transports at $350 per transport. Under the bill, the resulting fee-for-service payment schedule amounts would instead be equal to the sum of the Medi-Cal fee-for-service payment schedule amount, based on the $350 rate, and the add-on increase.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
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FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Medical Services

**AB 70** *(Rodriguez D) Emergency response: trauma kits.*
**Current Text:** Introduced: 12/12/2022  html, pdf
**Introduced:** 12/12/2022
Status: 3/15/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on JUD. (Ayes 13. Noes 0.) (March 14). Re-referred to Com. on JUD.

Location: 3/15/2023-A. JUD.

### Calendar: 3/21/2023 9 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 437

**ASSEMBLY JUDICIARY, MAIENSCHEN, BRIAN, Chair**

**Summary:** Current law requires the person or entity responsible for managing the building, facility, and tenants of certain occupied structures, including those that are owned or operated by a local government entity, and that are constructed on or after January 1, 2023, to comply with certain requirements, including acquiring and placing at least 6 trauma kits on the premises, as specified. This bill would apply the trauma kit requirement to certain structures that are constructed prior to January 1, 2023, and subject to subsequent modifications, renovations, or tenant improvements, as specified.

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**AB 71 (Rodriguez D) Pupil instruction: bleeding control.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 12/12/2022  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/12/2022

**Status:** 1/26/2023-Referred to Com. on ED.

**Location:** 1/26/2023-A. ED.

**Summary:** Would require, commencing with the 2025–26 school year, the governing board of a school district or the governing body of a charter school that requires a course in health education for graduation from high school to include in that course instruction in bleeding control, as provided. The bill would require the State Department of Education to provide guidance on how to implement these provisions, including, but not limited to, who may provide instruction. The bill would provide that a local agency, entity of state or local government, or other public or private organization that sponsors, authorizes, supports, finances, or supervises, and a public employee who provides or facilitates, the instruction of pupils in bleeding control pursuant to the bill shall not be liable for any civil damages alleged to result from the acts or omissions of an individual who received such instruction, except as provided.

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**AB 296 (Rodriguez D) Office of Emergency Services: 9-1-1 Public Education Campaign.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/26/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/26/2023

**Status:** 2/9/2023-Referred to Coms. on E.M. and C. & C.

**Location:** 2/9/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

**Summary:** Would establish the 911 Public Education Campaign, to be administered by the Office of Emergency Services, for the purpose of educating the public on when it is appropriate to call 911 for assistance. The bill would include in the goals of the campaign, among others, reducing the number of unnecessary calls to 911 call centers and reducing delays in the 911 system caused by nonemergency calls being placed. The bill would authorize the office to use federal preparedness grant funds or funds appropriated by the Legislature for these purposes to implement these provisions.

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**AB 379 (Rodriguez D) Emergency medical services.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/2/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/2/2023

**Status:** 2/3/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 5.
### Summary:
The Emergency Medical Services System Act establishes the Emergency Medical Services Authority (EMSA), which is responsible for the coordination and integration of all emergency medical services. Current law authorizes each county to develop an emergency medical services program and requires a county that does so to designate a local EMS agency (LEMSA). Among other duties, the LEMSAs are responsible for implementation of advanced life support systems and limited advanced life support systems and for the monitoring of training programs. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation requiring increased LEMSAs transparency to the EMSA.

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### AB 462
**(Ramos D)**  
**Overdose response teams.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/2/2023 [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/6/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/2/2023

**Status:** 3/14/2023-Coauthors revised. From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (March 14). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.

**Location:** 3/14/2023-A. APPR.

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**Summary:** Would, until January 1, 2029, establish the Overdose Response Team Fund, to be available upon appropriation by the Legislature, for the administration of grants by the Board of State and Community Corrections to county sheriffs’ departments’ task forces established for overdose response. The bill would authorize a department receiving a grant to establish and implement overdose response teams with the sheriffs’ departments of those counties. The bill would require the teams to respond to and investigate overdose deaths and nonfatal overdoses. The bill would require counties participating in these programs to send annual reports to the Assembly Committee on Public Safety, including the number of arrests for specified crimes, the amount of fentanyl and opioids seized in each county, and the number of units of opioid antagonists administered, distributed, or recovered at each overdose scene.

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### AB 482
**(Wilson D)**  
**Air ambulance services.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/9/2023 [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/7/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/9/2023

**Status:** 3/13/2023-Re-referred to Com. on HEALTH.

**Location:** 3/9/2023-A. HEALTH

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**Summary:** The Emergency Medical Air Transportation Act imposed a penalty of $4 until December 31, 2022, upon every conviction for a violation of the Vehicle Code or a local ordinance adopted pursuant to the Vehicle Code, other than a parking offense. The act requires the county or court that imposed the fine to transfer the revenues collected to the Treasurer for deposit into the Emergency Medical Air Transportation and Children’s Coverage Fund. Current law requires the assessed penalty to continue to be collected, administered, and distributed until exhausted or until December 31, 2023, whichever occurs first. Current law establishes the Aeronautics Account in the State Transportation Fund, and continuously appropriates the moneys in the account for expenditure for airport purposes by the Division of Aeronautics within the Department of Transportation and the California Transportation Commission. This bill would annually transfer $8,000,000 from the Aeronautics Account to the Emergency Medical Air Transportation and Children’s Coverage Fund and continuously appropriate those moneys to augment Medi-Cal reimbursement for emergency medical air transportation and related costs.

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**Notes:** 02/21/2023 PER AUTHOR’S OFFICE: Spot bill. Nichole is working on AB 482 so when there is
AB 532  
(Lackey R)  Emergency medical services.


Introduced: 2/8/2023

Status: 2/9/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 11.

Location: 2/8/2023-A. PRINT

Summary: The Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act establishes the Emergency Medical Services Authority. Under current law, the authority is responsible for the coordination and integration of all state activities concerning emergency medical services. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to those provisions.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Emergency Medical Services

AB 716  
(Boerner Horvath D)  Emergency ground medical transportation.

Current Text:  Introduced: 2/13/2023  html  pdf

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Status: 2/27/2023-Referred to Coms. on E.M. and HEALTH pursuant to Assembly Rule 96.

Location: 2/27/2023-A. EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Summary: Current law requires the Emergency Medical Services Authority to report specified information, including reporting ambulance patient offload time twice per year to the Commission on Emergency Medical Services. This bill would require the authority to annually report the allowable maximum rates for ground ambulance transportation services in each county, including trending the rates by county, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Emergency Medical Services

AB 719  
(Boerner Horvath D)  Medi-Cal benefits.

Current Text:  Introduced: 2/13/2023  html  pdf

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Status: 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Location: 2/23/2023-A. HEALTH

Summary: Current law establishes a schedule of benefits under the Medi-Cal program, including nonmedical transportation for a beneficiary to obtain covered Medi-Cal services. Current law requires nonmedical transportation to be provided by the beneficiary's managed care plan or by the department for a Medi-Cal fee-for-service beneficiary. This bill would require the State Department of Health Care Services to require managed care plans to contract with public transit operators for the purpose of establishing reimbursement rates for nonmedical and nonemergency medical transportation trips provided by a public transit operator. The bill would require the rates reimbursed by the managed care plan to the public transit operator to be based on the department's fee-for-service rates for nonmedical and nonemergency medical transportation service.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Emergency Medical Services

AB 767  
(Gipson D)  Community Paramedicine or Triage to Alternate Destination Act.

Current Text:  Introduced: 2/13/2023  html  pdf

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Status: 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.

Location: 2/23/2023-A. HEALTH

Summary: This bill would require the State Department of Health Care Services to require managed care plans to contract with public transit operators for the purpose of establishing reimbursement rates for nonmedical and nonemergency medical transportation trips provided by a public transit operator. The bill would require the rates reimbursed by the managed care plan to the public transit operator to be based on the department's fee-for-service rates for nonmedical and nonemergency medical transportation service.
Summary: Would expand the allowable community paramedicine services program specialties to include providing short-term, postdischarge followup for persons recently discharged from a hospital due to a serious health condition, including collaboration with, and by providing referral to, home health services when eligible. The bill would require, on or before January 1, 2025, the authority to amend regulations to include that program specialty. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  Recommend  Support  JMBall, RNoack  Emergency Medical Services

AB 902  (Rodriguez D)  Ambulances: fee and toll exemptions.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/14/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/14/2023
Status: 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on TRANS.
Location: 2/23/2023-A. TRANS.

Summary: Current law provides for the exemption of authorized emergency vehicles from the payment of a toll or charge on a vehicular crossing, toll highway, or high-occupancy toll (HOT) lane and any related fines, when the authorized emergency vehicle is being driven under specified conditions, including, among others, the vehicle is displaying an exempt license plate and a public agency identification, such as "Police." This bill would extend the exemption from fees imposed under the Vehicle Code to a vehicle owned by a public or private entity used as an authorized emergency vehicle, as defined. The bill would include in the exemption of an authorized emergency vehicle exempt from the payment of a toll or charge a vehicle displaying an exempt license plate and emergency identification, including, but not limited to, "Ambulance."

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  Recommend  Support  JMBall, RNoack  Emergency Medical Services

AB 977  (Rodriguez D)  Emergency departments: assault and battery.
Current Text: Amended: 3/15/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/14/2023
Last Amend: 3/15/2023
Status: 3/16/2023-Re-referred to Com. on PUB. S.
Location: 2/23/2023-A. PUB. S.

Summary: Would make an assault or battery committed against a physician, nurse, or other health care worker of a hospital engaged in providing services within the emergency department punishable by imprisonment in a county jail not exceeding one year, by a fine not exceeding $2,000, or by both that fine and imprisonment. The bill would authorize a health facility that maintains and operates an emergency department to post a notice in the emergency department stating that an assault or battery against staff is a crime, and may result in a criminal conviction, as provided. By expanding the scope of a crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  Recommend  Support  JMBall, RNoack  Emergency Medical Services

AB 1001  (Haney D)  Health facilities: behavioral health emergency services.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/15/2023
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.
Location: 3/2/2023-A. HEALTH

Summary: Would require a general acute care hospital to adopt policies to respond to a patient requiring behavioral health emergency services, as defined. The bill would require that these protocols meet standards established by the department and consist of various parameters such as minimum staffing requirements for behavioral health emergency services, procedures for response by behavioral
health emergency services personnel in a timely manner, and annual training, as specified. The bill would require the department to adopt regulations on standards for general acute care hospitals related to behavioral health emergency services. The bill would require all hospitals to maintain records related to certain data on behavioral health emergency services provided for a period of 3 years and to report that data to the department on a quarterly basis. The bill would require the department to post quarterly reports on that data on its internet website.

### AB 1036

**Bryan (D)** Health care coverage: emergency medical transport.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/15/2023  
Amended: 3/16/2023

**Introduced:** 2/15/2023

**Status:** 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.

**Location:** 3/2/2023-A. HEALTH

**Calendar:** 4/11/2023 1:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, JIM, Chair

**Summary:** Current law requires a policy of disability insurance issued, amended, delivered, or renewed in this state on or after January 1, 1999, that provides hospital, medical, or surgical coverage with coverage for emergency health care services to include coverage for emergency medical transportation services without regard to whether or not the emergency provider contracts with the insurer or to prior authorization. Current law establishes the Medi-Cal program, which is administered by the State Department of Health Care Services and under which qualified low-income individuals receive health care services. The Medi-Cal program is, in part, governed and funded by federal Medicaid program provisions. Current law establishes a schedule of benefits under the Medi-Cal program, including various emergency medical services. This bill would require a physician, upon an individual’s arrival to an emergency department of a hospital, to certify in the treatment record whether an emergency medical condition existed, or was reasonably believed to have existed, and required emergency medical transportation services, as specified. This bill would, if a physician has certified that emergency medical transportation services according to these provisions, require a health care service plan, disability insurance policy, and Medi-Cal managed care plan, to provide coverage for emergency medical transport, consistent with an individual’s plan or policy. The bill would specify that the indication by a physician pursuant to these provisions is limited to an assessment of the medical necessity of the emergency medical transport services, and does not apply or otherwise impact provisions regarding coverage for care provided following completion of the emergency medical transport. The bill would specify for Medi-Cal benefits, these provisions do not apply to various specified provisions relating to nonemergency transport services or any other law or regulation related to reimbursement or authorization requirements for services provided for emergency services and care.

### AB 1060

**Ortega (D)** Health care coverage: naloxone hydrochloride.

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/16/2023  
Introduced: 2/15/2023

**Introduced:** 2/15/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/16/2023

**Status:** 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on HEALTH. Read second time and amended.

**Location:** 3/16/2023-A. HEALTH

**Summary:** Would make legislative findings relating to developments within the United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) on potentially approving a certain naloxone hydrochloride nasal spray for nonprescription use.

### AB 1164

**Lowenthal (D)** Hospitals: emergency departments: crowding score.

**Attachments:**  
AB 1060 (ORTEGA) PRESS RELEASE Bill Mandating Coverage of Naloxone
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/16/2023
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.
Location: 3/2/2023-A. HEALTH

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Summary: Would require a licensed general acute care hospital with an emergency department to
determine the range of crowding scores, as defined, that constitute each category of the crowding
scale, as provided, for its emergency department. The bill would require the hospital to calculate and
record a crowding score at a minimum every 4 hours, except as specified, to assess the crowding
condition of the hospital's emergency department.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  Recommend  1  JMBall, RNoack  Emergency Medical Services

AB 1168 (Bennett D) Emergency medical services (EMS): prehospital EMS.
Current Text: Amended: 3/16/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/16/2023
Last Amend: 3/16/2023
Status: 3/16/2023-Referred to Coms. on HEALTH and E.M. From committee chair, with author's
amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on HEALTH. Read second time and amended.
Location: 3/16/2023-A. HEALTH

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Summary: Would require a city or fire district that contracted for or provided, as of June 1, 1980,
prehospital EMS, to be deemed to retain its authorities regarding, and administration of, the
prehospital EMS when a city or fire district enters into an agreement with a county for the joint
exercise of powers regarding prehospital EMS, or that ceased to contract for, provide, or administer
prehospital EMS as a result of a judicial finding, as specified, or that contracts with a county to provide
prehospital EMS in areas outside of that city or fire district pursuant to statute. The bill would state the
Legislature's intent that a city's or fire district's entry into a written agreement with a county for the
joint exercise of powers regarding prehospital EMS, as described, does not make the city or fire district
ineligible to contract with a county, as described above, or result in the transfer, termination,
relinquishment, or extinguishment of that city's or fire district's authorities regarding, or administration
of, prehospital EMS, and to abrogate contrary judicial holdings.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  Recommend  Support  JMBall, RNoack  Emergency Medical Services

AB 1180 (Rodriguez D) Emergency medical services.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/16/2023
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on HEALTH.
Location: 3/2/2023-A. HEALTH

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Summary: Current law establishes the Emergency Medical Services Authority, and requires the
authority to be headed by a director who is a licensed physician and surgeon with substantial
experience in the practice of emergency medicine. This bill would remove the requirement that the
director be a licensed physician and surgeon with substantial experience in the practice of emergency
medicine and would instead require the director to have substantial experience in the practice of
emergency preparedness, response, and recovery.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  Recommend  Support  JMBall, RNoack  Emergency Medical Services

AB 1215 (Carrillo, Wendy D) Pets Assistance With Support Grant Program: homeless shelters: domestic
violence shelters: pets.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/16/2023
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on H. & C.D.

Page 31/67
AB 1612  
(Pacheco  D)  Emergency Medical Services Authority.  
Introduced: 2/17/2023  
Status: 2/18/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 20.  
Location: 2/17/2023-A. PRINT  
Summary: Existing law, the Emergency Medical Services System and the Prehospital Emergency Medical Care Personnel Act, establishes the Emergency Medical Services Authority, which is responsible for the coordination of various state activities concerning emergency medical services (EMS), including development of planning and implementation guidelines for EMS systems. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to the provision establishing the authority.  
Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject  
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FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Medical Services  

SB 35  
(Umberg  D)  Community Assistance, Recovery, and Empowerment (CARE) Court Program.  
Current Text: Introduced: 12/5/2022  html,  pdf  
Introduced: 12/5/2022  
Status: 1/18/2023-Referred to Com. on RLS.  
Location: 12/5/2022-S. RLS.  
Summary: The Community Assistance, Recovery, and Empowerment (CARE) Act, effective January 1, 2023, authorizes specified adult persons to petition a civil court to create a voluntary CARE agreement or a court-ordered CARE plan and implement services, to be provided by county behavioral health agencies, to provide behavioral health care, including stabilization medication, housing, and other enumerated services, to adults who are currently experiencing a severe mental illness and have a diagnosis identified in the disorder class schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders, and who meet other specified criteria. Current law authorizes CARE Act proceedings to commence in the county where the respondent resides, is found, or is facing criminal or civil proceedings. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive changes to that provision.  
Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject  
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FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Emergency Medical Services  

Notes: 02/21/2023 PER AUTHOR’S OFFICE: JUST SPOT BILL RIGHT NOW.
Would require an emergency medical services provider who treats and releases or transports an individual to a medical facility who is experiencing a suspected or an actual overdose to report the incident to the Emergency Medical Services Authority. The bill requires the authority to report the data gathered pursuant to the bill to the Overdose Detection Mapping Application Program managed by the Washington/Baltimore High Intensity Drug Trafficking Area program.

### SB 402

**Wahab D**  
**Emergency services: limiting police response.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/9/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/9/2023

**Status:** 2/22/2023-Referred to Coms. on HEALTH and G.O.

**Location:** 2/22/2023-S. HEALTH

**Summary:** Current law requires the future implementation of a statewide “988” telephone system for suicide prevention and mental health crises. This bill would require 911 or other service center calls for service relating to mental health or homelessness, as specified, to be dispatched to fire district or department personnel, EMS personnel, mental health personnel, or nonsworn unarmed police personnel and not to police officers, except as otherwise provided.

### AB 251

**Ward D**  
**California Transportation Commission: vehicle weight safety study.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/2/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/18/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/2/2023

**Status:** 3/6/2023-Re-referred to Com. on TRANS.

**Location:** 2/2/2023-A. TRANS.

**Calendar:** 3/20/2023  2:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100  ASSEMBLY TRANSPORTATION, FRIEDMAN, LAURA, Chair

**Summary:** Would require the California Transportation Commission (CTC) to convene a task force to study the relationship between vehicle weight and injuries to vulnerable road users, such as pedestrians and cyclists, and degradation to roads, and to study the costs and benefits of imposing a passenger vehicle weight fee, or restructuring an existing fee to include consideration of vehicle weight. The bill would require the CTC, by no later than January 1, 2026, to prepare and submit a report to the Legislature, as specified.

### AB 627

**Jackson D**  
**Heavy-duty trucks: grant program: operating requirements.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/9/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/9/2023

**Status:** 3/8/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

**Location:** 2/17/2023-A. TRANS.

**Calendar:** 4/17/2023  2:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100  ASSEMBLY TRANSPORTATION, FRIEDMAN, LAURA, Chair
Summary: Would prohibit, on and after January 1, 2030, a person from operating a diesel-fueled heavy-duty truck on the city streets or county roads located in the Counties of Riverside or San Bernardino, as specified.

Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | | | JMBall, RNNoack | Emergency Vehicles

**AB 597** (Rodriguez D) **Workers’ compensation: first responders: post-traumatic stress.**

Current Text: Amended: 2/23/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/9/2023

Last Amend: 2/23/2023

Status: 2/27/2023-Re-referred to Com. on INS.

Location: 2/17/2023-A. INS.

| Desk | Policy | Fiscal Floor | Desk | Policy | Fiscal Floor | Conf. Conc. | Enrolled | Vetoed | Chaptered
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Summary: Current law provides, until January 1, 2025, that, for certain state and local firefighting personnel and peace officers, the term “injury” includes post-traumatic stress that develops or manifests during a period in which the injured person is in the service of the department or unit. Existing law requires the compensation awarded pursuant to this provision to include full hospital, surgical, medical treatment, disability indemnity, and death benefits. This bill would, for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2024, make that provision applicable to emergency medical technicians and paramedics, as defined.

**AB 621** (Irwin D) **Workers’ compensation: special death benefit.**

Current Text: Introduced: 2/9/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/9/2023

Status: 2/17/2023-Interrupted to Com. on INS.

Location: 2/17/2023-A. INS.

| Desk | Policy | Fiscal Floor | Desk | Policy | Fiscal Floor | Conf. Conc. | Enrolled | Vetoed | Chaptered
|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---
| 1st House | 2nd House |

Calendar: 3/22/2023 10 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 437 ASSEMBLY INSURANCE, CALDERON, LISA, Chair

Summary: Current law provides that no benefits, except reasonable expenses of burial not exceeding $1,000, shall be awarded under the workers’ compensation laws on account of the death of an employee who is an active member of the Public Employees’ Retirement System, unless the death benefits available under the Public Employees’ Retirement Law are less than the workers’ compensation death benefits. In that case, the surviving spouse and children of the employee are also entitled to the difference between the 2 death benefit amounts. Current law exempts local safety members and patrol members, as defined, from this limitation. This bill would expand that exemption to include state safety members, peace officers, and firefighters for the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection who are members of Bargaining Unit 8.

**AB 700** (Grayson D) **California Firefighter Cancer Prevention and Research Program.**

Current Text: Introduced: 2/13/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Status: 3/8/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 2/23/2023-A. HEALTH

| Desk | Policy | Fiscal Floor | Desk | Policy | Fiscal Floor | Conf. Conc. | Enrolled | Vetoed | Chaptered
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| 1st House | 2nd House |

Calendar: 3/28/2023 1:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY HEALTH, WOOD, JIM, Chair

Summary: Would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature in the annual Budget Act or another statute for these purposes, establish the California Firefighter Cancer Prevention and Research
Program, and would require the State Department of Public Health, in consultation with the University of California Office of Research and Innovation and the FIRESCOPE Program, to develop and administer the program. The bill would require the department to award grants to eligible educational institutions to conduct research using a fire service community-based participatory research model, as defined.

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**AB 1107**  
(Mathis R)  
Workers’ compensation: presumptive injuries.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2023  
Introduced: 2/15/2023  
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on INS.  
Location: 3/2/2023-A. INS.

Summary: Would, for injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2024, make that provision applicable to additional members and employees of the Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, including members of the Office of Correctional Safety or the Office of Internal Affairs.

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**AB 1145**  
(Maienschein D)  
Workers’ compensation.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on INS.  
Location: 3/2/2023-A. INS.

Summary: Current law relating to workers compensation, until January 1, 2025, provides that, in the case of certain state and local firefighting personnel and peace officers, the term “injury” includes post-traumatic stress disorder that developed or manifested during a period while the member is in the service of the department or unit, and establishes a disputable presumption in this regard. This bill would provide, only until January 1, 2030, that in the case of certain state nurses, psychiatric technicians, and various medical and social services specialists, the term “injury” also includes post-traumatic stress that develops or manifests itself during a period in which the injured person is in the service of the department or unit. The bill would apply to injuries occurring on or after January 1, 2024. The bill would prohibit compensation from being paid for a claim of injury unless the member has performed services for the department or unit for at least 6 months, unless the injury is caused by a sudden and extraordinary employment condition.

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**AB 1213**  
(Ortega D)  
Workers’ compensation: aggregate disability payments.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on INS.  
Location: 3/2/2023-A. INS.

Summary: Current law establishes a workers’ compensation system, administered by the Administrative Director of the Division of Workers’ Compensation, to compensate an employee for injuries sustained in the course of their employment. Current law requires every employer to establish a utilization review process, as described, and establishes an independent medical review process to resolve disputes over a utilization review decision, as specified. Current law requires that aggregate disability payments for a single injury occurring on or after certain dates be limited, as provided. This bill would require that if a denial of treatment requested by a treating physician is subsequently overturned by independent medical review or by the Workers’ Compensation Appeals Board, any temporary disability paid or owing from the date of the denial until the treatment is authorized would not be included in the calculation of the aggregate disability payments.

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**AB 1254**  
(Flora R)  
State employees: compensation: firefighters.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on P.E. & R.  
Location: 3/2/2023-A. P.E. & R.  
Summary: Current law provides that in order for the state to recruit skilled firefighters for the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, it is the policy of the state to consider prevailing salaries and benefits prior to making salary recommendations. Current law requires the Department of Human Resources, in order to provide comparability in pay, to take into consideration the salary and benefits of other jurisdictions employing 75 or more full-time firefighters who work in California. This bill would require the state to pay firefighters who are rank-and-file members of State Bargaining Unit 8, employed by the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, within 15% of the average salary for corresponding ranks in 20 listed California fire departments. The bill would require the state and the exclusive representative for State Bargaining Unit 8 to jointly survey annually and calculate the estimated average salaries for those fire departments. The bill would provide that when determining compensation for uniformed classifications of the department, it is the policy of the state to consider the salary of corresponding ranks within the comparable jurisdictions listed, as well as other factors, including internal comparisons.

**AB 1278**  
(Rodriguez D)  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on INS.  
Location: 3/2/2023-A. INS.  
Summary: Current law authorizes an insurer, employer, or entity that provides physician network services to establish or modify a medical provider network for the provision of medical treatment to injured employees. Current law requires every medical provider network to post on its internet website information about how to obtain a copy of any notification regarding the medical provider network that is required to be given to an employee by regulations adopted by the administrative director. This bill would additionally authorize an employee to request that a copy of a specified notification be provided to the treating physician or other designee of the employee by electronic means.

**AB 1405**  
(Flora R)  
Department of Forestry and Fire Protection: workweek hours.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2023  
Introduced: 2/17/2023  
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Com. on P.E. & R.  
Location: 3/2/2023-A. P.E. & R.  
Summary: Current law establishes that it is the policy of the state that the normal workweek of permanent employees in fire suppression classes of the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection not exceed 84 hours per week. Current law authorizes work in excess of the designated normal workweek to be compensated in cash or time off in accordance with department regulations. Under current law, if these provisions conflict with the provisions of a memorandum of understanding, then the memorandum of understanding generally controls without further legislative action. This bill would require the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to implement a 56-hour maximum workweek for
The bill would require the department to work with the Department of Human Resources to implement the changes necessary to comply with these maximum workweek provisions on or before December 1, 2026.

**AB 1423** (Schiavo D) Product safety: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances: artificial turf or synthetic surfaces.

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/16/2023 html pdf

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/16/2023

**Status:** 3/16/2023-Refereed to Com. on E.S. & T.M. From committee chair, with author’s amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on E.S. & T.M. Read second time and amended.

**Location:** 3/16/2023-A. E.S. & T.M.

**Summary:** Current law, beginning January 1, 2025, prohibits the manufacture, sale, delivery, hold, or offer for sale in commerce of any cosmetic product that contains any intentionally added perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS), as defined. Existing law similarly prohibits, commencing January 1, 2025, a person from manufacturing, distributing, selling, or offering for sale in the state any new, not previously used, textile articles that contain regulated PFAS, except as specified, and requires a manufacturer to use the least toxic alternative when removing regulated PFAS in textile articles to comply with these provisions.

This bill would, commencing July 1, 2024, require a manufacturer of a covered surface, defined as artificial turf or a synthetic surface that resembles grass, to indicate whether or not the covered surface contains added PFAS, as provided, on the product packaging or label of the covered surface and to not advertise a covered surface containing regulated PFAS, as defined, as otherwise, if it contains regulated PFAS. Commencing July 1, 2024, the bill would require a manufacturer or installer of a covered surface proposing to design, sell, or install a field with a covered surface to any party to notify the party at the initial stages of negotiations or planning of a contract that the covered surface contains regulated PFAS.

**Attachments:**
- AB 1423 (SCHIAVO) FACT SHEET

**AB 1660** (Ta R) Cosmetic products: perfluoroalkyl and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS).

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023 html pdf

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/9/2023-Referred to Com. on E.S. & T.M.

**Location:** 3/9/2023-A. E.S. & T.M.

**Summary:** Existing law requires the State Air Resources Board to adopt regulations to achieve the maximum feasible reduction in volatile organic compounds emitted by consumer products, as defined, if the state board determines adequate data exist to establish the regulations are necessary to attain state and federal ambient air quality standards and the regulations are commercially and technologically feasible and necessary. This bill would authorize the state board to exempt an intentionally added PFAS from that prohibition if the state board determines that the intentionally added PFAS has characteristics that are beneficial for the environmental goals of the State of California and is not identified as persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic to the environment. This bill contains other existing laws.

**Attachments:**
- AB 1660 (TA) FACT SHEET

**SB 577** (Hurtado D) California Fire Service Training and Education Program: California Fire and Arson Training Act: fees.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/15/2023 html pdf
Summary: Current law establishes the California Fire Service Training and Education Program in the office of the State Fire Marshal. Existing law requires the State Fire Marshal, with policy guidance and advice from the State Board of Fire Services, to carry out the management of the program. Existing law authorizes the State Fire Marshal to, among other things, establish and collect admission fees and other fees that may be necessary to be charged for seminars, conferences, and specialized training given, as provided. Current law also authorizes the State Fire Marshal to establish and collect fees to implement the California Fire and Arson Training Act, which requires the State Fire Marshal to, among other things, establish and make recommendations related to minimum standards for fire protection personnel and fire personnel instructors, develop course curricula for arson, fire technology, and apprenticeship training, and promote the California Fire Academy System, as provided. This bill would instead authorize the State Fire Marshal to establish and collect the admission fees and other fees associated with the California Fire Service Training and Education Program, and to establish the fees to implement the California Fire and Arson Training Act, only to the extent that state appropriations and other funding sources are insufficient to cover the necessary costs of the activities eligible to be paid from those fees.

Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject
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FIRE | Sponsor/Support | 1 | JMBall, RNoack | Employment & Firefighters (E&F)

SB 623


Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2023

Introduced: 2/15/2023

Status: 2/22/2023-Referred to Com. on RLS.

Location: 2/15/2023-S. RLS.

Summary: Current law provides, until January 1, 2025, that, for certain state and local firefighting personnel and peace officers, the term “injury” includes post-traumatic stress that develops or manifests during a period in which the injured person is in the service of the department or unit. Current law requires the compensation awarded pursuant to this provision to include full hospital, surgical, medical treatment, disability indemnity, and death benefits. This bill would make technical, nonsubstantive conforming changes to these provisions.

Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject
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FIRE | | | JMBall, RNoack | Employment & Firefighters (E&F)

SB 700

(Bradford D) Employment discrimination: cannabis use.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Status: 3/1/2023-Referred to Com. on RLS.

Location: 2/16/2023-S. RLS.

Summary: Existing law, on and after January 1, 2024, makes it unlawful for an employer to discriminate against a person in hiring, termination, or any term or condition of employment, or otherwise penalize a person because of the person’s use of cannabis off the job and away from the workplace, except as specified. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to these provisions.

Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject
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FIRE | | | JMBall, RNoack | Employment & Firefighters (E&F)

SB 809


Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2023

Introduced: 2/17/2023
Status: 3/17/2023-March 28 set for first hearing canceled at the request of author.
Location: 3/1/2023-S. JUD.

Summary: Current law, the Investigative Consumer Reporting Agencies Act, prohibits certain persons, including a person intending to use an investigative consumer report for employment purposes, from procuring or causing to be prepared the report unless certain conditions are met. Under that act, one of those conditions require the person procuring or causing the report to be made to provide a clear and conspicuous disclosure in writing to the consumer, at any time before the report is procured or caused to be made and in a document that consists solely of the disclosure, certain information. This bill would require that information to also include either all laws and regulations that impose restrictions or prohibitions for employment on the basis of a conviction, if any, or all the specific job duties of the position for which a conviction may have a direct and adverse relationship that has the potential to result in an adverse employment action, as described.

Organization Position Priority Assigned Subject
FIRE JMBall, RNNoack Employment & Firefighters (E&F)

Fire Prevention/Mitigation (FP&M)

AB 99 (Connolly D) Department of Transportation: state roads and highways: integrated pest management.
Current Text: Amended: 3/1/2023 html pdf
Introduced: 1/9/2023
Last Amend: 3/1/2023
Status: 3/6/2023-Re-referred to Coms. on E.S. & T.M. and TRANS. pursuant to Assembly Rule 96.
Location: 3/6/2023-A. E.S. & T.M.

Calendar: 3/28/2023 1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 444 ASSEMBLY ENVIRONMENTAL SAFETY AND TOXIC MATERIALS, LEE, ALEX, Chair
Summary: Would require the Department of Transportation to adopt a statewide policy to only use integrated pest management, as defined, that does not use herbicides or pesticides on state roads and highways in each county that has adopted an ordinance prohibiting roadside spraying of herbicides and pesticides. The bill would require the department, in developing the statewide policy, to contract with an outside entity that possesses expertise in integrated pest management.

Organization Position Priority Assigned Subject
FIRE JMBall, RNNoack Fire Prevention/Mitigation (FP&M)

Attachments:
AB 99 (CONNOLLY) FACT SHEET

AB 277 (Rodriguez D) Extreme Weather Forecast and Threat Intelligence Integration Center.
Introduced: 1/23/2023
Status: 3/14/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on W., P., & W. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (March 13). Re-referred to Com. on W., P., & W.
Location: 3/13/2023-A. W., P. & W.

Calendar: 3/28/2023 9 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 444 ASSEMBLY WATER, PARKS AND WILDLIFE, BAUER-KAHAN, REBECCA, Chair
Summary: Would require the Office of Emergency Services and the Department of Water Resources to jointly establish and lead the Extreme Weather Forecast and Threat Intelligence Integration Center for the purpose of collecting, assessing, and analyzing extreme weather data and atmospheric conditions, as specified. The bill would require that the center be composed of representatives from specified organizations and would authorize the office and the department to invite other organizations to designate additional representatives, as specified.
**AB 297**

(Fong, Vince R) Wildfires: local assistance grant program: advance payments.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/26/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/26/2023

**Status:** 2/2/2023-Referred to Com. on NAT. RES.

**Location:** 2/2/2023-A. NAT. RES.

**Calendar:** 3/27/2023  2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 447  ASSEMBLY NATURAL RESOURCES, RIVAS, LUZ, Chair

**Summary:** Current law requires the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to establish a local assistance grant program for fire prevention and home hardening education activities. Under existing law, the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection may, until January 1, 2024, authorize advance payments from a grant program award, not to exceed 25% of the total grant award, except as specified. This bill would extend the director’s authority to authorize advance payments from a grant program award to January 1, 2034.

**Attachments:**

[AB 297 (V. FONG) FACT SHEET](#)

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**AB 338**

(Aguiar-Curry D) Public works: definition.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/30/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/30/2023

**Status:** 2/9/2023-Referred to Com. on L. & E.

**Location:** 2/9/2023-A. L. & E.

**Calendar:** 3/22/2023  1:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 447  ASSEMBLY LABOR AND EMPLOYMENT, KALRA, ASH, Chair

**Summary:** Current law requires that, except as specified, not less than the general prevailing rate of per diem wages, determined by the Director of Industrial Relations, be paid to workers employed on public works projects. Existing law defines the term “public works” for purposes of requirements regarding the payment of prevailing wages to include construction, alteration, demolition, installation, or repair work done under contract and paid for using public funds, except as specified. Current law makes a willful violation of laws relating to the payment of prevailing wages on public works a misdemeanor. This bill would, commencing January 1, 2025, expand the definition of “public works” to include fuel reduction work done under contract and paid for in whole or in part out of public funds performed as part of a fire mitigation project, as specified. The bill would limit those provisions to work that falls within an apprenticeable occupation in the building and construction trades for which an apprenticeship program has been approved and to contracts in excess of $100,000. The bill would delay the application of those provisions until January 1, 2026, for nonprofits.

**Attachments:**

[AB 338 (AGUIAR-CURRY) FACT SHEET](#)

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**AB 388**


**Current Text:** Amended: 3/2/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/2/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/2/2023

**Status:** 3/6/2023-Re-referred to Com. on NAT. RES.

**Location:** 3/2/2023-A. NAT. RES.

**Calendar:** 3/27/2023  2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 447  ASSEMBLY NATURAL RESOURCES, RIVAS, LUZ, Chair
Summary: Current law requires the Wildfire and Forest Resilience Task Force, including the Natural Resources Agency, the California Environmental Protection Agency, the Office of Planning and Research, and the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection, in coordination with certain public agencies, to develop a comprehensive implementation strategy to track and ensure the achievement of the goals and key actions identified in the Wildfire and Forest Resilience Action Plan, as provided. This bill would require the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection, in consultation with the task force, to establish a roadmap for developing and deploying larger landscape level projects to contribute to the achievement of the goals outlined in the implementation strategy. The bill would authorize the director to directly award regional block grants to eligible regional entities, forest collaboratives, and partnerships to implement regional plans, strategies, agreements, and initiatives.

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**AB 541 (Wood D)**  
California Safe Drinking Water Act: wildfire aftermath: benzene testing.  
*Current Text:* Introduced: 2/8/2023  
*Introduced:* 2/8/2023  
*Status:* 3/15/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on APPR. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 9. Noes 0.) (March 14). Re-referred to Com. on APPR.  
*Location:* 3/14/2023-A. APPR.

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Summary: Would direct the State Water Resources Control Board, on or after January 1, 2024, to require a public water system, water corporation, or water district that has experienced a major wildfire event within their service territory to test their water source for the presence of benzene immediately following that major wildfire event.

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**Attachments:**  
AB 541 (WOOD) FACT SHEET

**AB 625 (Aguiar-Curry D)**  
Forest Biomass Waste Utilization Program.  
*Current Text:* Introduced: 2/9/2023  
*Introduced:* 2/9/2023  
*Status:* 2/17/2023-Referred to Coms. on U. & E. and NAT. RES.  
*Location:* 2/17/2023-A. U. & E.

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Calendar: 3/22/2023 Upon adjournment of Utilities and Energy Committee - 1021 O Street, Room 1100 ASSEMBLY UTILITIES AND ENERGY, GARCIA, EDUARDO, Chair

Summary: Current law establishes the State Board of Forestry and Fire Protection in CAL-FIRE to represent the state’s interest in the acquisition and management of state forests and requires the board to maintain an adequate forest policy. The former Governor, Edmund G. Brown Jr., issued Executive Order No. B-52-18 that, among other things, established a Forest Management Task Force, now known as the Wildfire and Forest Resilience Task Force, involving specified state agencies to create the action plan for wildfire and forest resilience. The executive order also established a Joint Institute for Wood Products Innovation, to be located within the state board. This bill would establish the Forest Waste Biomass Utilization Program to be administered by the state board’s Joint Institute for Wood Products Innovation to develop an implementation plan to meet the goals and recommendations of, and the comprehensive framework to align with the state’s wood utilization policies and priorities and focused market strategy of, specified statewide forest management plans, and to develop a workforce training program to complement the workforce needs associated with the implementation plan. The bill would require the state board, in coordination with the Wildfire and Forest Resilience Task Force, to submit an annual report to the Legislature, beginning January 1, 2025, on the progress made on implementing the implementation plan.

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**Attachments:**  
SB 625 (AGUIAR-CURRY) FACT SHEET 2023.03.15

**AB 788 (Petrie-Norris D)**  
Fire prevention: grant programs: reporting.
**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/13/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/13/2023

**Status:** 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on NAT. RES.

**Location:** 2/23/2023-A. NAT. RES.

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**Calendar:** 3/27/2023  2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 447  ASSEMBLY NATURAL RESOURCES, RIVAS, LUZ, Chair

**Summary:** Current law requires the Wildfire and Forest Resilience Task Force to develop a comprehensive implementation strategy to track and ensure the achievement of the goals and key actions identified in the state's "Wildfire and Forest Resilience Action Plan" issued by the task force in January 2021. Current law requires the task force to submit, as part of the implementation strategy, a report to the appropriate policy and budget committees of the Legislature on progress made in achieving the goals and key actions identified in the state's action plan, on state expenditures made to implement these key actions, and on additional resources and policy changes needed to achieve these goals and key actions, as provided. This bill would require the task force, on or before July 1, 2024, and annually thereafter, to compile and post on its internet website specified information relating to specified state and federal grant programs relating to fire prevention, as provided.

**Organization**  | **Position**  | **Priority**  | **Assigned**  | **Subject**  
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | JMBall, RN | Noack | FIRE Prevention/Mitigation (FP&M)  

**Attachments:**

[AB 788 (PETRIE-NORRIS) PRESS RELEASE](#)

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**AB 1041**  (Ramos D) *Wildlife: white sage: taking and possession.*

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/13/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/15/2023

**Status:** 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on W., P., & W.

**Location:** 2/23/2023-A. W., P. & W.

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**Summary:** Under current law, it is unlawful to uproot, remove, harvest, or cut dudleya, as defined, from land owned by the state or a local government or from property not their own without written permission from the landowner in their immediate possession, except as provided, and to sell, offer for sale, possess with intent to sell, transport for sale, export for sale, or purchase dudleya uprooted, removed, harvested, or cut in violation of that provision. Current law establishes specified criminal penalties for a violation of those provisions. This bill would extend those same prohibitions to white sage and would subject a violation of those prohibitions to the same criminal penalties established for dudleya.

**Organization**  | **Position**  | **Priority**  | **Assigned**  | **Subject**  
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | JMBall, RN | Noack | Fire Prevention/Mitigation (FP&M)  

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**AB 1155**  (Flora R) *Wildfire mitigation plans: vegetation management: vegetation inspection standards.*

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/16/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Last Amend:** 3/16/2023

**Status:** 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on U. & E. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on U. & E. Read second time and amended.

**Location:** 3/16/2023-A. U. & E.

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**Summary:** Current law requires electrical corporations, local publicly owned electric utilities, and electrical cooperatives to prepare and update wildfire mitigation plans, as specified. Current law requires a wildfire mitigation plan to include, among other things, plans for vegetation management. Current law requires the wildfire mitigation plans and updates prepared by electrical corporations to be submitted to the Office of Energy Infrastructure Safety for review and approval, while those prepared by local publicly owned electric utilities and electrical cooperatives are submitted to the California Wildfire Safety Advisory Board. This bill would require the standards for vegetation inspection in the plans for vegetation management to meet specific requirements related to visually assessing and inspecting trees. The bill would specify that an electrical corporation, local publicly owned electric utility, or electric cooperative, or a person engaging in vegetation management on behalf of those entities, meeting those requirements for vegetation inspection establishes a rebuttable presumption.

**Organization**  | **Position**  | **Priority**  | **Assigned**  | **Subject**  
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | JMBall, RN | Noack | Fire Prevention/Mitigation (FP&M)  

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that the relevant standard of care is met.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Fire  Prevention/Mitigation (FP&M)

**AB 1513** (Calderon D) Electrical corporations: financing orders: wildfire mitigation expenses.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/14/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

**Location:** 3/9/2023-A. U. & E.

**Summary:** Existing law authorizes the Public Utilities Commission to fix the rates and charges for every public utility, and requires that those rates and charges be just and reasonable. Existing law authorizes an electrical corporation to file an application requesting the commission to issue a financing order to authorize the recovery of costs and expenses related to a catastrophic wildfire, including fire risk mitigation capital expenditures, through the issuance of bonds by the electrical corporation that are secured by a rate component, as provided. This bill would, in addition to capital expenditures related to wildfires, authorize the use of bonds secured by a rate component for recovery of wildfire mitigation efforts, operational and maintenance expenses related to an electrical corporation’s wildfire mitigation plan, wildfire risk mitigation costs, and vegetation management costs and expenses. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**Attachments:**
AB 1513 (CALDERON) IOU Coalition Support Ltr Assm. U&E 03-15-2023

**AB 1554** (Patterson, Joe R) California Environmental Quality Act: exemption: wildfire fuels reduction projects.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/9/2023-Referred to Com. on NAT. RES.

**Location:** 3/9/2023-A. NAT. RES.

**Summary:** This bill would expressly exempt from CEQA a project reduction of fuels in areas within moderate, high, and very high fire hazard severity zones, as provided. Because a lead agency would be required to determine whether a project qualifies for this exemption, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

**SB 310** (Dodd D) Prescribed fire: civil liability: cultural burns.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/6/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/6/2023

**Status:** 2/15/2023-Referred to Coms. on N.R. & W. and JUD.

**Location:** 2/15/2023-S. N.R. & W.

**Summary:** Current law provides that no person shall be liable for any fire suppression or other costs otherwise recoverable for a prescribed burn if specified conditions are met, including, among others, a burn boss, as certified through a certification program developed by the State Fire Marshal, has reviewed and approved a written prescription for the burn, the burn complies with that written prescription, and either the landowner has provided written permission or the governing body of a Native American tribe has given approval, as provided. Current law exempts cultural burns conducted by a cultural fire practitioner from those requirements that a person certified as a burn boss review and approve a written prescription and that the burn be conducted in compliance with the written prescription. Existing law defines cultural burn and cultural fire practitioner, as provided. This bill would revise and recast those provisions by, among other things, expanding the definition of burn boss to also include a person qualified for specified positions through the National Wildfire Coordinating Group,
as provided, and limiting the tribal approval condition to the approval of the governing body of a California Native American tribe.

### SB 436

**Organization**
- FIRE

**Position**
- Under Review

**Priority**
- JMBall, RNNoack

**Subject**
- Fire Prevention/Mitigation (FP&M)

### Summary:
The California Energy Infrastructure Safety Act authorizes the Office of Energy Infrastructure Safety to do many things related to energy infrastructure safety, including determining that a regulated entity is not in compliance with any matter under the authority of the office. If necessary, the act authorizes the office to undertake an investigation into whether the regulated entity is noncompliant with its duties and responsibilities or has otherwise committed violations of any laws, regulations, or guidelines within the authority of the office. The act authorizes the office to issue a notice of defect or violation to direct the regulated entity to correct any defect or noncompliance with the approved wildfire mitigation plan or failure to comply with any laws, regulations, or guidelines within the authority of the office. This bill would require the office, on or before April 1, 2025, and every 3 years thereafter, to prepare a Wildfire Risk Baseline and Forecast for the state, as provided. The bill would require the forecast to accomplish certain things, including establishing key risk metrics for wildfire risk for the state as a whole, by county, and by geographic location.

### SB 470

**Organization**
- FIRE

**Position**
- Under Review

**Priority**
- JMBall, RNNoack

**Subject**
- Fire Prevention/Mitigation (FP&M)

### Summary:
Current law requires the State Fire Marshal to identify areas in the state as moderate, high, and very high fire hazard severity zones based on consistent statewide criteria and based on the severity of fire hazard that is expected to prevail in those areas. Current law requires a local agency to designate, by ordinance, moderate, high, and very high fire hazard severity zones in its jurisdiction within 120 days of receiving recommendations from the State Fire Marshal, as provided. This bill would express the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation that would direct state agencies and departments to ensure grant eligibility for projects that reduce the risk of wildfire for entire neighborhoods and communities through water delivery system improvements for fire suppression purposes in high fire hazard severity zone or very high fire hazard severity zone communities, as designated by the State Fire Marshal or by a local agency.

### Notes:
Wildfire insurance working group should work with her.

### SB 504

**Organization**
- FIRE

**Position**
- Under Review

**Priority**
- JMBall, RNNoack

**Subject**
- Fire Prevention/Mitigation (FP&M)

### Summary:
Wildfires: defensible space: grant programs: local governments.

**Current Text:**
- Introduced: 2/14/2023
- Status: 2/22/2023-Referred to Com. on N.R. & W.
- Location: 2/22/2023-S. N.R. & W.
Summary: Current law requires the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to establish a local assistance grant program for fire prevention and home hardening education activities and provides that local agencies, among others, are eligible for these grants. Current law requires the State Fire Marshal to identify areas of the state as moderate, high, and very high fire hazard severity zones based on specified criteria. Current law requires a local agency to designate, by ordinance, moderate, high, and very high fire hazard severity zones in its jurisdiction within 120 days of receiving recommendations from the State Fire Marshal, and authorizes a local agency, at its discretion, to include areas within the jurisdiction of the local agency, not identified as moderate, high, and very high fire hazard severity zones by the State Fire Marshal, as moderate, high, and very high fire hazard severity zones, respectively. This bill would require the department, when reviewing applications for the local assistance grant program, to give priority to any local governmental entity that is qualified to perform defensible space assessments in very high and high fire hazard severity zones who reports that information using the common reporting platform, as provided.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  Recommend  Support  JMBall, RNoack  Fire Prevention/Mitigation (FP&M)

Attachments:
SB 504 (WOOD) FACT SHEET

SB 675  (Limón D)  Prescribed grazing: local assistance grant program: Regional Forest and Fire Capacity Program: Wildfire and Forest Resilience Task Force.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  html, pdf
Introduced: 2/16/2023
Status: 3/1/2023-Referred to Com. on N.R. & W.
Location: 3/1/2023-S. N.R. & W.

Summary: Current law requires the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to establish a local assistance grant program for eligible fire prevention and home hardening education activities in the state, including public education outreach activities, as provided. Current law, until January 1, 2024, authorizes the Director of Forestry and Fire Protection to authorize advance payments from a local assistance grant award, as provided. Existing law makes funding for this program subject to an appropriation by the Legislature. This bill would expand the definition of fire prevention activities to include prescribed grazing, defined as the lawful application of a specific kind of livestock at a determined season, duration, and intensity to accomplish defined vegetation or conservation goals, including reducing the risk of wildfire by reducing fuel loads, controlling undesirable or invasive plants, and promoting biodiversity and habitat for special status species. The bill would expand allowable public education outreach activities to include training on livestock management and community-supported prescribed grazing.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  Recommend  Support  JMBall, RNoack  Fire Prevention/Mitigation (FP&M)

Fireworks

AB 1403  (Garcia D)  Public safety: fireworks: enforcement: funding.
Introduced: 2/17/2023
Status: 3/9/2023-Refereed to Coms. on G.O. and E.S. & T.M.
Location: 3/9/2023-A. G.O.

Summary: Current law provides that it is unlawful for any person to sell, or offer for sale, safe and sane fireworks, as defined, at any time outside of specified periods of time. This bill would provide that it is not unlawful for any person to sell, or offer for sale, novelties, except as provided. The bill would define novelties to mean those devices containing small amounts of chemical composition, which are designed to produce limited visual, motion, or audible effects, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
### AB 1567


**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/9/2023-Referred to Coms. on W., P., & W. and NAT. RES.

**Location:** 3/9/2023-A. W.,P. & W.

**Summary:** The California Drought, Water, Parks, Climate, Coastal Protection, and Outdoor Access For All Act of 2018, approved by the voters as Proposition 68 at the June 5, 2018, statewide primary election, authorizes the issuance of bonds in the amount of $4,100,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance a drought, water, parks, climate, coastal protection, and outdoor access for all program. Article XVI of the California Constitution requires measures authorizing general obligation bonds to specify the single object or work to be funded by the bonds and further requires a bond act to be approved by a 2/3 vote of each house of the Legislature and a majority of the voters. This bill would enact the Safe Drinking Water, Wildfire Prevention, Drought Preparation, Flood Protection, Extreme Heat Mitigation, and Workforce Development Bond Act of 2023, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of $15,105,000,000 pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for safe drinking water, wildfire prevention, drought preparation, flood protection, extreme heat mitigation, and workforce development programs. This bill contains other related provisions.

### ACA 2


**Current Text:** Introduced: 12/5/2022  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/5/2022

**Status:** 12/6/2022-From printer. May be heard in committee January 5.

**Location:** 12/5/2022-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Would establish the Water and Wildfire Resiliency Fund within the State Treasury, and would require the Treasurer to annually transfer an amount equal to 3% of all state revenues that may be appropriated as described from the General Fund to the Water and Wildfire Resiliency Fund. The measure would require the moneys in the fund to be appropriated by the Legislature and would require that 50% of the moneys in the fund be used for water projects, as specified, and that the other 50% of the moneys in the fund be used for forest maintenance and health projects, as specified.

### SB 638

**(Eggman D)** Climate Resiliency and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/16/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Status:** 3/7/2023-Set for hearing March 28.

**Location:** 3/1/2023-S. N.R. & W.

**Calendar:** 3/28/2023 9:30 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2100  SENATE NATURAL RESOURCES AND WATER, MIN, DAVE, Chair

**Summary:** Would enact the Climate Resiliency and Flood Protection Bond Act of 2024 which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in the amount of $4,500,000,000, pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law, for flood protection and climate resiliency projects.

**Attachments:**

SB 638 (EGGMAN) FACT SHEET

### SB 867

**(Allen D)** Drought and Water Resilience, Wildfire and Forest Resilience, Coastal Resilience, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Biodiversity and Nature-Based Climate Solutions, Climate Smart

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/7/2023-Set for hearing March 28.

**Location:** 3/1/2023-S. N.R. & W.

Would enact the Drought and Water Resilience, Wildfire and Forest Resilience, Coastal Resilience, Extreme Heat Mitigation, Biodiversity and Nature-Based Climate Solutions, Climate Smart Agriculture, and Park Creation and Outdoor Access Bond Act of 2023, which, if approved by the voters, would authorize the issuance of bonds in an unspecified amount pursuant to the State General Obligation Bond Law to finance projects for drought and water resilience, wildfire and forest resilience, coastal resilience, extreme heat mitigation, biodiversity and nature-based climate solutions, climate smart agriculture, and park creation and outdoor access programs.

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**AB 1716**  
(Committee on Environmental Safety and Toxic Materials)  
Hazardous wastes and materials: certified unified program agencies.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/9/2023-Referred to Com. on E.S. & T.M.

**Location:** 3/9/2023-A. E.S. & T.M.

Current law, as part of the hazardous waste control laws, requires any waste identified by the Department of Toxic Substances Control as hazardous or extremely hazardous to be managed in accordance with permits, orders, and regulations issued or adopted by the department. This bill would revise the requirements for the exclusion of a recyclable material from classification by the department as a waste by requiring, among other things, that (A) the material be held in a container, tank, containment building, waste pile, or on a drip pad that meets the requirements of the department’s interim status regulations applicable to containers, tanks, containment buildings, waste piles, or drip pads that store hazardous waste, (B) a container or tank in which the material is held be labeled, marked, and placarded in accordance with the department’s hazardous waste labeling, marking, and placarding requirements applicable to generators, as provided, and (C) the required labeling or marking be posted on signage at the location where the material is stored if labeling or marking the container or tank is not practicable.

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**SB 38**  
(Laird D)  
Battery storage facilities: safety systems.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 12/5/2022  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 12/5/2022

**Status:** 1/18/2023-Referred to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 12/5/2022-S. RLS.

Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact future legislation to address the need for better safety systems at battery storage facilities.
AB 86  
(Jones-Sawyer D)  
Homelessness: lead entity.  
Current Text: Introduced: 1/4/2023  
Introduced: 1/4/2023  
Status: 1/5/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee February 4.  
Location: 1/4/2023-A. PRINT

Summary: Current law requires the Council on Homelessness to, among other things, identify mainstream resources, benefits, and services that can be accessed to prevent and end homelessness in California and promote systems integration to increase efficiency and effectiveness to address the needs of people experiencing homelessness. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to establish a single entity to serve as the lead for ending homelessness, who would perform specified duties.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RN  Homelessness

AB 284  
(Patterson, Joe R)  
Department of Housing and Community Development: annual report: Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program.  
Current Text: Introduced: 1/24/2023  
Introduced: 1/24/2023  
Status: 2/2/2023-Referred to Com. on H. & C.D.  
Location: 2/2/2023-A. H. & C.D.

Summary: Under current law, grants under the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention (HHAP) program are allocated in 4 rounds of funding, administered by the California Interagency Council on Homelessness, as provided. Current law requires the Department of Housing and Community Development to submit an annual report to the Governor and both houses of the Legislature on the operations and accomplishments during the previous fiscal year of the housing programs administered by the department. Current law requires that the report include, among other things, the number of units assisted by those programs and the number of individuals and households served and their income level. This bill would additionally require that this report include an evaluation of the HHAP program.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RN  Homelessness

AB 550  
(Schiavo D)  
Homelessness: public hearings.  
Current Text: Amended: 3/2/2023  
Introduced: 2/8/2023  
Last Amend: 3/2/2023  
Status: 3/6/2023-Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.  
Location: 3/2/2023-A. L. GOV.

Summary: Would require a city, county, and city and county, on or before January 1, 2025, and annually thereafter, to conduct a point-in-time count of homeless persons within that jurisdiction and, on or before January 1, 2026, and annually thereafter, to hold a public hearing to present the data gathered and discuss plans to solve issues related to homelessness in that jurisdiction. The bill would require the city, county, and city and county to, at least 30 days before the public hearing, publish the results of the data gathered on that jurisdiction’s internet website and, within 6 months after the public hearing, to develop a plan to reduce homelessness within that jurisdiction. By requiring local agencies to conduct a point-in-time count of homeless persons and develop a plan to reduce homelessness, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RN  Homelessness

AB 799  
(Rivas, Luz D)  
Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program: Homelessness Accountability Act.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/13/2023  
Introduced: 2/13/2023  
Status: 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on H. & C.D.
Summary: Current law establishes the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program for the purpose of providing jurisdictions with one-time grant funds to support regional coordination and expand or develop local capacity to address their immediate homelessness challenges informed by a best-practices framework focused on moving homeless individuals and families into permanent housing and supporting the efforts of those individuals and families to maintain their permanent housing. Current law provides for the allocation of funding under the program among continuums of care, cities, and counties in 4 rounds, the first of which is administered by the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency, and the others are administered by the Homeless Coordinating and Financing Council. This bill, the Homelessness Accountability Act, would instead specify that the purpose of the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program is to provide ongoing grant funds to support regional coordination and expand or develop local capacity to address their immediate homelessness challenges informed by best-practices and to solve homelessness using evidence-based or, where no evidence exists, a data-informed and promising framework, as provided.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Homelessness

Attachments:
AB 799 (L. RIVAS) FACT SHEET

AB 1377  (Friedman D) Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention Program: Round 3.
Introduced: 2/17/2023
Last Amend: 3/9/2023
Status: 3/13/2023-Re-referred to Com. on H. & C.D.
Location: 3/9/2023-A. H. & C.D.

Summary: Current law establishes, among various other programs intended to address homelessness in this state, the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program for the purpose of providing jurisdictions with one-time grant funds to support regional coordination and expand or develop local capacity to address their immediate homelessness challenges informed by a best-practices framework focused on moving homeless individuals and families into permanent housing and supporting the efforts of those individuals and families to maintain their permanent housing. Existing law provides for the allocation of funding under the program among continuums of care, cities, counties, and tribes in 4 rounds, which are to be administered by the Interagency Council on Homelessness. Current law, beginning with round 3 of the program, requires applicants to provide specified information for all rounds of program allocations through a data collection, reporting, performance monitoring, and accountability framework, as established by the council. This includes data on the applicant’s progress towards meeting their outcome goals, to be submitted annually, for each year of the program, and other information if the applicant has not made significant progress towards those goals. This bill would also require data and a narrative summary of specific and quantifiable steps that the applicant has taken to improve the delivery of housing and services to people experiencing homelessness or at risk of homelessness, on transit properties that operate in their jurisdiction.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Homelessness

AB 1592  (Dixon R) Interagency Council on Homelessness.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/17/2023
Status: 3/9/2023-Referred to Com. on H. & C.D.
Location: 3/9/2023-A. H. & C.D.

Summary: Existing law requires the Governor to establish the Interagency Council on Homelessness, and requires the council to have specified goals, including, to identify mainstream resources, benefits, and services that can be accessed to prevent and end homelessness in California, and to report to the Governor, federal Cabinet members, and the Legislature on homelessness and work to reduce homelessness. This bill would require the council to report annually to the Governor, federal Cabinet members, and the Legislature, commencing June 30, 2026, on homelessness and work to reduce homelessness, and would require the report to include the cost per person and distribution of funding within United States Department of Housing and Urban Development’s Continuum of Care program by city and census-designated area.
**AB 1618** (Wilson D) Homelessness.

*Current Text:* Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

*Introduced: 2/17/2023*

*Status:* 2/18/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 20.

*Location:* 2/17/2023-A. PRINT

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*Summary:* Existing law establishes the California Interagency Council on Homelessness to identify mainstream resources, benefits, and services that can be accessed to prevent and end homelessness in California by creating partnerships between federal, state, local, and nonprofit entities. This bill would make a technical, nonsubstantive change to these provisions. This bill contains other existing laws.

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**AB 1656** (Wicks D) Homelessness: funding.

*Current Text:* Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

*Introduced: 2/17/2023*

*Status:* 2/18/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 20.

*Location:* 2/17/2023-A. PRINT

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*Summary:* Existing law establishes various programs to prevent and ameliorate homelessness, including the Homeless Youth Act of 2018 and the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact subsequent legislation to establish an ongoing funding source to address the state’s homelessness crisis.

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**SB 7** (Blakespear D) Regional housing needs allocation: homelessness.

*Current Text:* Amended: 2/13/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

*Introduced: 12/5/2022*

*Last Amend: 2/13/2023*

*Status:* 2/22/2023-Re-referred to Com. on HOUSING.

*Location:* 2/22/2023-S. HOUSING

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*Summary:* Existing law establishes various programs to address homelessness, including requiring the Governor to create an Interagency Council on Homelessness and establishing the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention program for the purpose of providing jurisdictions, as defined, with one-time grant funds to support regional coordination and expand or develop local capacity to address their immediate homelessness challenges, as specified. This bill, for regional housing need assessments on or after January 1, 2024, would require “homeless” to be included as an income category for purposes of the regional housing needs allocation plan. By requiring each council of governments to revise the income categories used in regional housing needs allocations, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program. The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement. This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason. This bill contains other existing laws.

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**SB 63** (Ochoa Bogh R) Homeless and Mental Health Court and Transitioning Home Grant Programs.

*Current Text:* Introduced: 1/4/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

*Introduced: 1/4/2023*


*Location:* 1/18/2023-S. PUB. S.
Calendar: 3/28/2023 9:30 a.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE PUBLIC SAFETY, WAHAB, AISHA, Chair

Summary: Under current law, the Board of State and Community Corrections administers several grant programs, including a mentally ill offender crime reduction grant program, a medication-assisted treatment grant program, and a violence intervention and prevention grant program. This bill would establish two new grant programs until January 1, 2028: the Homeless and Mental Health Court Grant Program that would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, be administered by the Judicial Council and provide grants to counties for the purpose of establishing or expanding homeless courts and mental health courts, as specified; and the Transitioning Home Grant Program that would, subject to an appropriation by the Legislature, be administered by the board and provide grants to county sheriffs and jail administrators to fund programs aimed at reducing homelessness among inmates released from custody, as specified.

Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | | | JMBall, RNoack | Building Permits/Standards, Homelessness

Attachments:
SB 63 (OCHOA BOGH) FACT SHEET

SB 246 (Ochoa Bogh R) California Interagency Council on Homelessness.
Introduced: 1/26/2023
Location: 2/9/2023-S. HUM. S.

Calendar: 3/20/2023 3 p.m. or upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE HUMAN SERVICES, ALVARADO-GIL, MARIE, Chair

Summary: Current law sets forth the composition of the California Interagency Council on Homelessness, which includes, among others, the Secretary of Business, Consumer Services, and Housing and the Secretary of California Health and Human Services, who serve as cochairs of the council. This bill would add a representative from the State Council on Developmental Disabilities to the council described above.

Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | | | JMBall, RNoack | Homelessness

Attachments:
SB 246 (OCHOA BOGH) FACT SHEET

SB 547 (Blakespear D) Housing study: homelessness.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2023 [html, pdf]
Introduced: 2/15/2023
Status: 2/22/2023-Referred to Com. on RLS.
Location: 2/15/2023-S. RLS.

Summary: Current law requires the Governor to establish the Interagency Council on Homelessness, and requires the council to, among other things, identify mainstream resources, benefits, and services that can be accessed to prevent and end homelessness in California and promote systems integration to increase efficiency and effectiveness to address the needs of people experiencing homelessness. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to study the viability of constructing housing for the homeless on state-owned property.

Organization | Position | Priority | Assigned | Subject
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | | | JMBall, RNoack | Homelessness

SB 657 (Caballero D) Homelessness services staff training.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023 [html, pdf]
Introduced: 2/16/2023
Status: 3/13/2023-Set for hearing April 17.
Location: 3/1/2023-S. HUM. S.

Calendar: 4/17/2023 3 p.m. or upon adjournment of Session - 1021 O Street, Room 2200 SENATE HUMAN SERVICES, ALVARADO-GIL, MARIE, Chair

Summary: Existing law establishes the California Department of Aging in the California Health and
Human Services Agency. Existing law requires each area agency on aging to maintain a professional staff that is supplemented by volunteers, governed by a board of directors or elected officials, and whose activities are reviewed by an advisory council consisting primarily of older individuals from the community. This bill would require the council to coordinate with the California continuums of care and the area agencies on aging to partner in their shared regions to provide gerontological training for homelessness services staff, to ensure that homelessness service providers are well trained and well equipped to assist vulnerable older adults with accessing resources to gain a permanent housing solution. The bill would be implemented contingent on an appropriation for those purposes in the budget act. This bill contains other existing laws.
inadequate, unfairly discriminatory, or otherwise in violation of the act. In considering whether a rate is excessive, inadequate or unfairly discriminatory, current law requires the Insurance Commissioner to consider whether the rate mathematically reflects the insurance company’s investment income. Current law authorizes the provisions of Proposition 103 to be amended by a statute that furthers the purposes of the act and is enacted by the Legislature with a 2/3 vote. For insureds 65 years of age or older, this bill would limit an increase in their yearly premium for a policy of residential property insurance by no more than 25 percent for insured property located in a high or very high fire hazard severity zone, as identified by the State Fire Marshal, as specified, and allow only one premium increase in a 5-year period.

### AB 478 (CONNOLLY) FACT SHEET

#### (Essayli R) Residential property insurance: Wildfire risk reporting penalties.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/14/2023  html,  pdf

**Introduced:** 2/14/2023

**Status:** 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on INS.

**Location:** 2/23/2023-A. INS.

**Summary:** Current law requires an admitted insurer with written California premiums totaling $10,000,000 or more, to submit a report, as specified, to the commissioner with specified fire risk information on its residential property policies. Existing law subjects an admitted insurer that fails to submit a report to a civil penalty to be fixed by the commissioner, not to exceed $5,000, or $10,000 if the act was willful. This bill would increase the limit of the penalty against an admitted insurer for a willful failure to report specified fire risk information on its residential property policies from $10,000 to $15,000.

### AB 970 (Rivas, Luz D) Insurance: Climate and Sustainability Insurance and Risk Reduction Program.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/14/2023  html,  pdf

**Introduced:** 2/14/2023

**Status:** 2/23/2023-Referred to Com. on INS.

**Location:** 2/23/2023-A. INS.

**Calendar:** 3/22/2023 10 a.m. - State Capitol, Room 437 ASSEMBLY INSURANCE, CALDERON, LISA, Chair

**Summary:** Would require the Department of Insurance to establish and administer the Climate and Sustainability Insurance and Risk Reduction Program, to be funded upon appropriation, for the purpose of achieving specified goals, including developing proof of concepts that expand insurance options, especially in vulnerable and disadvantaged communities where climate risks are currently uninsured or underinsured. The bill, upon appropriation, would establish 6 climate insurance pilot projects in specified local jurisdictions to reduce physical risks from flooding and extreme heat and to reduce the protection gap in communities with high risks and low insurance uptake. The local jurisdictions would be required to develop and establish a specific pilot project in consultation with the department to achieve specified objectives, including prioritizing predisaster mitigation activities. The bill would require the department to provide technical support for the pilot projects and to establish a competitive grant solicitation program to support the design and funding of readily implementable and scalable projects that address climate risks and expand insurance options, as specified. The bill would repeal these provisions on January 1, 2035. The bill would include a statement of legislative findings and declarations.

### AB 1269 (Schiavo D) Fire insurance.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/16/2023  html,  pdf

**Introduced:** 2/16/2023

**Status:** 2/17/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 19.

**Location:** 2/16/2023-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to require fire insurance
companies to send notifications to their insureds about how they can qualify for discounts on their fire insurance.

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**Notes:** 02/23/2023 PER AUTHOR'S OFFICE: THIS IS A 2-YEAR BILL.

### Local Government

**AB 34**  
**Valencia** (D)  
Elections: independent redistricting commissions.  
Current Text: Introduced: 12/5/2022  html, pdf  
Introduced: 12/5/2022  
Status: 12/6/2022-From printer. May be heard in committee January 5.  
Location: 12/5/2022-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Current law defines “independent redistricting commission” to mean a body, other than a legislative body, that is empowered to adopt the district boundaries of a legislative body. Current law permits a local jurisdiction to establish an independent redistricting commission to change the legislative body’s district boundaries. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation to establish an independent redistricting commission in the County of Orange.

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**Attachments:**  
AB 34 (VALENCIA) FACT SHEET

**AB 433**  
**Jackson** (D)  
State- and county-funded grants: advance payments.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/6/2023  html, pdf  
Introduced: 2/6/2023  
Status: 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on A. & A.R.  
Location: 3/16/2023-A. A. & A.R.

**Summary:** Current law establishes a pilot program, which is repealed on July 1, 2025, to explore possible improvements to the state’s existing advance payment practices for state-funded assistance grants. Current law authorizes an administering state agency of a grant program to advance a payment to a recipient entity, which means a local agency or a nongovernmental entity that is awarded a grant by an administering state agency and with whom the administering state agency has entered into a contract pursuant to that grant, in accordance with specified procedures. This bill would require state and county departments that offer grants to nonprofit organizations to advance a payment of 10% of the total grant amount awarded to the nonprofit organization, upon request of the nonprofit administrators.

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**AB 453**  
**Cervantes** (D)  
District-based elections.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/6/2023  html, pdf  
Introduced: 2/6/2023  
Status: 3/15/2023-From committee: Do pass and re-refer to Com. on L. GOV. with recommendation: To Consent Calendar. (Ayes 8. Noes 0.) (March 15). Re-referred to Com. on L. GOV.  
Location: 3/15/2023-A. L. GOV.

**Calendar:** 3/29/2023  1:30 p.m. – State Capitol, Room 447  ASSEMBLY LOCAL GOVERNMENT, AGUIAR-CURRY, CECILIA, Chair

**Summary:** Current law requires a political subdivision that changes from an at-large method of election to a district-based election, or that establishes district-based elections, to perform various actions before a public hearing at which it votes upon an ordinance establishing district-based elections. Among these actions, the political subdivision must hold at least 2 public hearings before drawing a draft map of the proposed boundaries and at least 2 public hearings after all maps are drawn, and invite the public’s input at these hearings. This bill would require a public hearing...
concerning district-based elections, as described above, that is consolidated with a meeting of the governing body of the political subdivision that includes other substantive agenda items, to begin at a fixed time regardless of its order on the agenda. The bill would require the governing body to provide notice of the hearing to the public.

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**AB 557** (Hart D) **Open meetings: local agencies: teleconferences.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/8/2023  html  pdf

**Introduced:** 2/8/2023

**Status:** 2/17/2023-Referred to Com. on L. GOV.

**Location:** 2/17/2023-A. L. GOV.

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**Summary:** Current law, until January 1, 2024, authorizes a local agency to use teleconferencing without complying with specified teleconferencing requirements in specified circumstances when a declared state of emergency is in effect, or in other situations related to public health, as specified. If there is a continuing state of emergency, or if state or local officials have imposed or recommended measures to promote social distancing, existing law requires a legislative body to make specified findings not later than 30 days after the first teleconferenced meeting, and to make those findings every 30 days thereafter, in order to continue to meet under these abbreviated teleconferencing procedures. Current law requires a legislative body that holds a teleconferenced meeting under these abbreviated teleconferencing procedures to give notice of the meeting and post agendas, as described, to allow members of the public to access the meeting and address the legislative body, to give notice of the means by which members of the public may access the meeting and offer public comment, including an opportunity for all persons to attend via a call-in option or an internet-based service option. Current law prohibits a legislative body that holds a teleconferenced meeting under these abbreviated teleconferencing procedures from requiring public comments to be submitted in advance of the meeting and would specify that the legislative body must provide an opportunity for the public to address the legislative body and offer comment in real time. This bill would extend the above-described abbreviated teleconferencing provisions when a declared state of emergency is in effect, or in other situations related to public health, as specified, indefinitely.

**Attachments:**

AB 557 (HART) FACT SHEET

**AB 590** (Hart D) **State-funded assistance grants and contracts: advance payments.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/9/2023  html  pdf

**Introduced:** 2/9/2023

**Status:** 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on A. & A.R.

**Location:** 3/16/2023-A. A. & A.R.

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**Summary:** Current law authorizes an administering state agency of a grant program to advance a payment to a recipient entity, which means a local agency or a nongovernmental entity that is awarded a grant by an administering state agency and with whom the administering state agency has entered into a contract pursuant to that grant, in accordance with specified procedures. These procedures include stipulating an advance payment structure and request process within the grant agreement or contract and ensuring that the advance payment to the recipient entity does not exceed 25% of the total grant amount awarded to the recipient entity, except in specified circumstances. Current law establishing the pilot program further authorizes an administering state agency to advance payment to a recipient state agency awarded a grant in accordance with specified procedures, including stipulating an advance payment structure and request process within the grant agreement or contract between the state agency administering the program and the recipient state agency and requiring the recipient state agency to provide an itemized budget, spending timeline, and workplan. This bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to improve and expand the state’s existing advance payment practices for state grants and contracts with nonprofits. The bill would authorize an administering state agency to advance a payment to a recipient entity, defined to mean a private, nonprofit organization qualified under federal law, subject to meeting specified requirements. The bill would require the administering state agency to prioritize recipient entities and projects serving disadvantaged, low-income, and under-resourced communities, and to ensure an advance payment to the recipient entity does not exceed 25% of the total grant or contract amount.
**AB 817** (Pacheco D) Open meetings: teleconferencing: subsidiary body.

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/16/2023  
**Introduced:** 2/13/2023  
**Last Amend:** 3/16/2023  
**Status:** 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on L. GOV. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on L. GOV. Read second time and amended.

**Location:** 3/16/2023-A. L. GOV.

**Summary:** Current law, until January 1, 2026, authorizes the legislative body of a local agency to use alternative teleconferencing in certain circumstances related to the particular member if at least a quorum of its members participate from a singular physical location that is open to the public and situated within the agency's jurisdiction and other requirements are met, including restrictions on remote participation by a member of the legislative body. This bill would authorize a subsidiary body, as defined, to use alternative teleconferencing provisions similar to the emergency provisions indefinitely and without regard to a state of emergency. In order to use teleconferencing pursuant to the Ralph M. Brown Act, the bill would require the legislative body that established the subsidiary body by charter, ordinance, resolution, or other formal action to make specified findings by majority vote, before the subsidiary body uses teleconferencing for the first time and every 12 months thereafter.

**Organization**  
FIRE

**Position**  
JMBall, RNoack

**Priority**  
Local

**Subject**  
Government

---

**AB 989** (Flora R) Local government: ordinances.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/15/2023  
**Introduced:** 2/15/2023  
**Status:** 2/16/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 18.

**Location:** 2/15/2023-A. PRINT

**Summary:** Current law authorizes any local agency to enact any ordinance that adopts a code by reference if the referenced code is specified in the title of the ordinance. Current law requires that after the first reading of the title of the adopting ordinance, and of the title of the code to be adopted thereby, and of the title of the secondary codes therein adopted by reference, the legislative body shall make copies of the primary code and also copies of the secondary codes, if any, being considered for adoption, open to public inspection with the clerk of the legislative body. Current law prohibits, however, the adoption by reference of any penalty clauses that may appear in any code that is adopted by reference; a penalty clause may be enacted only if set forth in full, and published, in the adopting ordinance. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the provision prohibiting adoption by reference of any penalty clause.

**Organization**  
FIRE

**Position**  
JMBall, RNoack

**Priority**  
Local

**Subject**  
Government

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**AB 1011** (Weber D) Social care: data privacy.

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/16/2023  
**Introduced:** 2/15/2023  
**Last Amend:** 3/16/2023  
**Status:** 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on P. & C.P. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on P. & C.P. Read second time and amended.

**Location:** 3/16/2023-A. P. & C.P.

**Summary:** The Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) establishes certain requirements relating to the provision of health insurance, including provisions relating to the confidentiality of health records. The Confidentiality of Medical Information Act prohibits a provider of health care, a health care service plan, a contractor, a corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates, or any business that offers software or hardware to consumers, including a mobile application or other...
related device, as defined, from intentionally sharing, selling, using for marketing, or otherwise using any medical information, as defined, for any purpose not necessary to provide health care services to a patient, except as provided. This bill would, among other things, prohibit a participating organization of a closed-loop referral system (CLRS) from adding to, or accessing from, a CLRS an individual’s personally identifiable information or social care information unless specified requirements are met, including that the individual provides consent.

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**AB 1073**  
*(Flora R)* Fire protection districts.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/15/2023  
Introduced: 2/15/2023  
Status: 2/16/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 18.  
Location: 2/15/2023-A. PRINT

Summary: Current law provides the authority for the organization and powers of fire protection districts. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to that law.

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**AB 1176**  
*(Zbur D)* Local government.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Status: 2/17/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 19.  
Location: 2/16/2023-A. PRINT

Summary: Current law prohibits a city, county, or city and county from restricting which types of electric vehicles may access an electric vehicle charging station approved for passenger vehicles that both is publicly accessible and the construction of which was funded, at least in part, by the state or through moneys collected from ratepayers. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to those provisions.

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**AB 1248**  
*(Bryan D)* Local redistricting: independent redistricting commissions.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Status: 3/2/2023-Referred to Coms. on ELECTIONS and L. GOV.  
Location: 3/2/2023-A. ELECTIONS

Summary: Would require a county, general law city, charter city, school district, or community college district that contains over 300,000 residents to establish an independent redistricting commission to adopt district boundaries after each federal decennial census. The bill would require a county, city, school district, or community college district with over 300,000 residents that does not enact an ordinance, resolution, or charter amendment establishing an independent redistricting commission by March 1, 2030, and March 1 of every subsequent year ending in 0, to establish a 14-member independent redistricting commission according to specified procedures, including procedures for the random selection of the members of the commission from among applicants meeting certain qualifications. By requiring certain local jurisdictions to establish independent redistricting commissions to adopt district boundaries, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

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**AB 1348**  
*(Grayson D)* Local government: open meetings.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Introduced: 2/16/2023  
Status: 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on A. & A.R.
Summary: Current law, the California Public Records Act, requires state agencies and local agencies to make public records available for inspection, subject to specified criteria, and with specified exceptions. Current law, the Ralph M. Brown Act, requires the meetings of the legislative body of a local agency to be conducted openly and publicly, with specified exceptions. Current law makes agendas of public meetings and other writings distributed to the members of the governing board disclosable public records, with certain exceptions. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the public record provisions governing the writings related to agendas of public meetings.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**  
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FIRE |  |  | JMBall, RNoack | Local Government

**AB 1379**  
**Papan D** Local agencies: financial affairs.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)  
Introduced: 2/17/2023  
Status: 2/18/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 20.  
Location: 2/17/2023-A. PRINT  
Summary: Current law requires that the officer of each local agency who has charge of the financial records furnish to the Controller a report of all the financial transactions of the local agency during the preceding fiscal year. If a local agency maintains an internet website, current law requires that the local agency post information on the annual compensation of its elected officials, as specified. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to that law.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**  
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FIRE |  |  | JMBall, RNoack | Local Government

**AB 1460**  
**Bennett D** Local government.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)  
Introduced: 2/17/2023  
Status: 2/18/2023-From printer. May be heard in committee March 20.  
Location: 2/17/2023-A. PRINT  
Summary: Existing law, the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000, provides the exclusive authority and procedure for the initiation, conduct, and completion of changes of organization and reorganization for cities and districts, except as specified. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to the provision naming the act.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**  
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FIRE | Spot Bill |  | JMBall, RNoack | Local Government

**Notes:** 02/21/2023 PER AUTHOR’S OFFICE: We have no amendments planned for AB 1460 at this moment.

**AB 1637**  
**Irwin D** Local government: internet websites and email addresses.  
Current Text: Amended: 3/16/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)  
Introduced: 2/17/2023  
Last Amend: 3/16/2023  
Status: 3/16/2023-Referral to Coms. on L. GOV. and P. & C.P. From committee chair, with author’s amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on L. GOV. Read second time and amended.  
Location: 3/16/2023-A. L. GOV.  
Summary: The California Public Records Act requires a local agency to make public records available for inspection and allows a local agency to comply by posting the record on its internet website and directing a member of the public to the internet website, as specified. This bill, no later than January 1, 2025, would require a local agency, as defined, that maintains an internet website for use by the public to ensure that the internet website utilizes a “.gov” top-level domain or a “.ca.gov” second-level domain, and would require a local agency that maintains an internet website that is noncompliant with that requirement to redirect that internet website to a domain name that does utilize a “.gov” or “.ca.gov” domain. This bill, no later than January 1, 2025, would also require a local agency that...
maintains public email addresses to ensure that each email address provided to its employees utilizes a ".gov" domain name or a ".ca.gov" domain name. By adding to the duties of local officials, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

**AB 1753**

(Committee on Local Government) Local government: reorganization.

*Current Text:* Introduced: 3/2/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 3/2/2023

*Status:* 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on L. GOV.

*Location:* 3/16/2023-A. L. GOV.

**Summary:** The Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 provides the sole and exclusive authority and procedure for the initiation, conduct, and completion of changes of organization and reorganization for cities and districts. The act requires a petitioner or legislative body desiring to initiate proceedings for a change of organization or reorganization to submit an application to the executive officer of the principal county. The act specifies when an application is complete and acceptable for filing, and requires the executive officer to immediately issue a certificate of filing when an application is accepted for filing, as specified. Upon the filing of an application or a resolution pursuant to the act, but prior to the issuance of a certificate of filing, current law requires the executive officer to give notice of the filing to the assessor and auditor of each county within which the territory subject to the jurisdiction change is located, as specified. Current law prohibits the executive officer from issuing a certificate pursuant to the provisions described above until resolutions are adopted by specified counties and cities in which they agree to accept the exchange of property tax revenues. Current law authorizes a county and any local agency within the county to develop and adopt a master property tax transfer agreement, as specified. This bill would, if applicable, prohibit the executive officer from accepting for filing an application for change or organization or reorganization and issuing a certificate of filing pursuant to the provisions described above, and would provide that an application is not deemed accepted for filing pursuant to the provisions described above, if an agreement for the exchange of property tax revenues has not been adopted pursuant to the provisions described above.

**ACA 1**

(Aguiar-Curry D) Local government financing: affordable housing and public infrastructure: voter approval.

*Current Text:* Introduced: 12/5/2022 [html](#) [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 12/5/2022

*Status:* 12/6/2022-From printer. May be heard in committee January 5.

*Location:* 12/5/2022-A. PRINT

**Summary:** The California Constitution prohibits the ad valorem tax rate on real property from exceeding 1% of the full cash value of the property, subject to certain exceptions. This measure would create an additional exception to the 1% limit that would authorize a city, county, city and county, or special district to levy an ad valorem tax to service bonded indebtedness incurred to fund the construction, reconstruction, rehabilitation, or replacement of public infrastructure, affordable housing, or permanent supportive housing, or the acquisition or lease of real property for those purposes, if the proposition proposing that tax is approved by 55% of the voters of the city, county, or city and county, as applicable, and the proposition includes specified accountability requirements. The measure would specify that these provisions apply to any city, county, city and county, or special district measure imposing an ad valorem tax to pay the interest and redemption charges on bonded indebtedness for these purposes that is submitted at the same election as this measure.

**SB 68**

(McGuire D) Local government.

*Current Text:* Introduced: 1/5/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

*Introduced:* 1/5/2023

*Status:* 1/18/2023-Referred to Com. on RLS.
Summary: Current law provides for the formation and powers of various local governments, including counties and cities. The Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 provides the sole and exclusive authority and procedure for the initiation, conduct, and completion of changes of organization and reorganization for cities and districts. This bill would state the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation relating to local government.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Local Government

SB 411  (Portantino D)  Open meetings: teleconferences: bodies with appointed membership.
Introduced: 2/9/2023
Status: 2/22/2023-Referred to Coms. on GOV. & F. and JUD.
Location: 2/22/2023-S. GOV. & F.

Summary: Current law, until January 1, 2024, authorizes the legislative body of a local agency to use alternate teleconferencing provisions during a proclaimed state of emergency or in other situations related to public health that exempt a legislative body from the general requirements (emergency provisions) and impose different requirements for notice, agenda, and public participation, as prescribed. The emergency provisions specify that they do not require a legislative body to provide a physical location from which the public may attend or comment. Current law, until January 1, 2026, authorizes the legislative body of a local agency to use alternative teleconferencing in certain circumstances related to the particular member if at least a quorum of its members participate from a singular physical location that is open to the public and situated within the agency’s jurisdiction and other requirements are met, including restrictions on remote participation by a member of the legislative body. This bill would authorize a legislative body to use alternate teleconferencing provisions similar to the emergency provisions indefinitely and without regard to a state of emergency. The bill would alternatively define “legislative body” for this purpose to mean a board, commission, or advisory body of a local agency, the membership of which board, commission, or advisory body is appointed and which board, commission, or advisory body is otherwise subject to the Ralph M. Brown Act.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Local Government

Attachments:
SB 411 (PORTANTINO) FACT SHEET

SB 532  (Wiener D)  Ballot measures: local taxes.
Current Text: Introduced: 2/14/2023  html  pdf
Introduced: 2/14/2023
Status: 3/14/2023-Set for hearing March 29.
Location: 2/22/2023-S. GOV. & F.

Summary: Current law requires that the ballots used when voting upon a measure proposed by a local governing body or submitted to the voters as an initiative or referendum measure, including a measure authorizing the issuance of bonds or the incurrence of debt, have printed on them a true and impartial statement describing the purpose of the measure. If the proposed measure imposes a tax or raises the rate of a tax, current law requires the ballot to include in the statement of the measure the amount of money to be raised annually and the rate and duration of the tax to be levied. This bill would exempt from this requirement a measure that imposes or increases a tax with more than one rate or authorizes the issuance of bonds.

Organization  Position  Priority  Assigned  Subject
FIRE  JMBall, RNoack  Local Government

Attachments:
SB 532 (WIENER) FACT SHEET

SB 537  (Becker D)  Open meetings: local agencies: teleconferences.
**SB 769 (Gonzalez D) Local government: fiscal and financial training.**

Current Text: Introduced: 2/17/2023  [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/17/2023

Status: 3/1/2023-Referred to Com. on GOV. & F.

Location: 3/1/2023-S. GOV. & F.

Summary: Would require, if a local agency provides any type of compensation, salary, or stipend to a member of a legislative body, or provides reimbursement for actual and necessary expenses incurred by a member of a legislative body in the performance of official duties, all local agency officials, as defined, to receive at least two hours of fiscal and financial training, as described. The bill would require the training to be received at least once every two years, as provided. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.

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Attachments:

**SB 769 (GONZALEZ) FACT SHEET**

**SB 882 (Committee on Governance and Finance) Local Government Omnibus Act of 2023.**


Introduced: 2/23/2023

Status: 3/8/2023-Referred to Com. on GOV. & F.

Location: 3/8/2023-S. GOV. & F.

Summary: Existing law prohibits a person from being eligible for election or appointment to the office of the county treasurer, county tax collector, or county treasurer-tax collector of any county unless that person meets at least one of several criteria, including that the person possess a valid certificate issued by the Treasury Management Association showing the person to be designated as a Certified Cash Manager, with a minimum of 16 college semester units, or their equivalent, in accounting, auditing, or finance. This bill would remove, commencing January 1, 2024, that criteria as an option for eligibility for the above-described offices.

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**Miscellaneous**

**SB 374 (Ashby D) Vehicles: specialized license plates.**

Current Text: Amended: 3/13/2023  [html](#) [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/9/2023

Last Amend: 3/13/2023

Status: 3/13/2023-From committee with author's amendments. Read second time and amended. Re-referred to Com. on TRANS.

Location: 2/22/2023-S. TRANS.

Calendar: 3/28/2023  1:30 p.m. - 1021 O Street, Room 1200  SENATE TRANSPORTATION, GONZALEZ,
LENAN, Chair

**Summary:** Current law authorizes a person who is a firefighter, retired firefighter, or a surviving family member of a firefighter or retired firefighter to apply for special license plates for their vehicle. The special license plates, which contain the words "California Firefighter" and run in a regular numerical series, are issued upon application to the Department of Motor Vehicles, presentation of proof of certain facts, and payment of certain fees, including $35 for a renewal of registration that includes the continued display of the special license plate. This bill would increase the fee to $40 for a renewal of registration that includes the continued display of the special license plate.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
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FIRE | Recommend Support | JMBall, RNoack | Miscellaneous

**Attachments:**
- SB 374 (ASHBY) FACT SHEET 2.9.23

**SB 782**

(Limón D) Department of Forestry and Fire Protection.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/17/2023 [html](#), [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023

**Status:** 3/1/2023-Referral to Com. on RLS.

**Location:** 2/17/2023-S. RLS.

**Summary:** Current law requires the Department of Forestry and Fire Protection to have possession and control of all records, books, papers, offices, equipment, supplies, moneys, funds, appropriations, land, and other property, real or personal, held for the benefit or use of all bodies, offices, and officers whose duties, powers, and functions have been transferred to, and conferred upon, the department. This bill would make a nonsubstantive change to this law.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
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FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Miscellaneous

**Attachments:**
- SB 782

**PERS**

**SB 252**

(Gonzalez D) Public retirement systems: fossil fuels: divestment.

**Current Text:** Introduced: 1/30/2023 [html](#), [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 1/30/2023

**Status:** 2/9/2023-Referral to Coms. on L., P.E. & R. and JUD.

**Location:** 2/9/2023-S. L., P.E. & R.

**Summary:** Current law prohibits the boards of the Public Employees’ Retirement System and the State Teachers’ Retirement System from making new investments or renewing existing investments of public employee retirement funds in a thermal coal company, as defined. Current law requires the boards to liquidate investments in thermal coal companies on or before July 1, 2017, and requires the boards, in making a determination to liquidate investments, to constructively engage with thermal coal companies to establish whether the companies are transitioning their business models to adapt to clean energy generation. Current law provides that it does not require a board to take any action unless the board determines in good faith that the action is consistent with the board’s fiduciary responsibilities established in the California Constitution. This bill would prohibit the boards of the Public Employees’ Retirement System and the State Teachers’ Retirement System from making new investments or renewing existing investments of public employee retirement funds in a fossil fuel company, as defined. The bill would require the boards to liquidate investments in a fossil fuel company on or before July 1, 2030. The bill would temporarily suspend the above-described liquidation provision upon a good faith determination by the board that certain conditions materially impact normal market mechanisms for pricing assets, as specified, and would make this suspension provision inoperative on January 1, 2035.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
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FIRE | PPA | PERS

**Attachments:**
- SB 252 (GONZALEZ) FACT SHEET

**Public Safety**

**AB 740**

(Gabriel D) Department of General Services: drone cybersecurity.
**Summary:** Would require the Department of General Services, in consultation with the Chief of the Office of Information Security, to adopt rules and regulations, by January 1, 2025, to ensure that each unmanned aircraft and unmanned aircraft system used by a government entity, as defined, in part, to include local governmental entities, for any purpose meets appropriate safeguards to ensure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of any data collected, transmitted, or stored by that unmanned aircraft or unmanned aircraft system, as specified; and to specify requirements for a comprehensive plan to be adopted by a government entity to discontinue the use of noncompliant aircraft and systems, as specified. This bill would, beginning on the date the department adopts the rules and regulations, authorize a government entity to use unmanned aircraft or unmanned aircraft systems it did not previously use only if that aircraft or system complies with those rules and regulations. The bill would, by July 1, 2025, require a government entity that uses a noncompliant aircraft or system to submit to the department a comprehensive plan for discontinuing its use, as specified.

**Organization**

**Priority**

**Position**

**Assigned**

**Subject**

**FIRE**

Under Review

JMBall, RNNoack

Public Safety

**Attachments:**

AB 740 (GABRIEL) FACT SHEET

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**AB 944**

**(Irwin D)** Fire stations: alternative power generation.

**Summary:** Current law designates areas over which the state has primary responsibility for preventing and suppressing fires. Current law also authorizes the formation of fire protection districts for the purpose of providing local fire protection and other services relating to the protection of lives and property. This bill would declare the intent of the Legislature to subsequently amend this bill to include provisions that would require fire stations to have an alternative method of power generation during power outages.

**Organization**

**Priority**

**Position**

**Assigned**

**Subject**

**FIRE**

JMBall, RNNoack

Public Safety

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**AB 1531**

**(Flora R)** Electrified security fences: local ordinances.

**Summary:** Current law authorizes an owner of real property to install and operate on their property an electrified security fence that meets specified requirements, including that the fence is used to protect and secure commercial, manufacturing, or industrial property, or property zoned under another designation, but legally authorized to be used for a commercial, manufacturing, or industrial purpose. Current law prohibits an owner of real property from installing and operating an electrified security fence if a local ordinance prohibits that installation and operation. This bill would instead prohibit an owner of real property that is not commercial, manufacturing, or industrial property, or property zoned under another designation, but legally authorized to be used for those purposes, from installing and operating an electrified security fence if a local ordinance prohibits that installation and operation.

**Organization**

**Priority**

**Position**

**Assigned**

**Subject**

**FIRE**

JMBall, RNNoack

Public Safety

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**Retirement**
**AB 739**

(Lackey R) Public retirement systems: defined benefit plans: funding.

Current Text: Introduced: 2/13/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/13/2023

Status: 3/13/2023-In committee: Set, first hearing. Hearing canceled at the request of author.

Location: 2/23/2023-A. P.E. & R.

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Summary: The California Public Employees’ Pension Reform Act of 2013 (PEPRA) generally requires a public retirement system, as defined, to modify its plan or plans to comply with the act. PEPRA prohibits a public employer’s contribution to a defined benefit plan, in combination with employee contributions to the plan, from being less than the normal cost rate, as defined, for the plan in a fiscal year. Current law authorizes a public retirement system to suspend contributions if certain conditions are satisfied, one of which is that the plan be funded by more than 120%, based on a computation by the retirement system actuary in accordance with specified standards, that is included in the annual valuation. This bill would revise the conditions for suspending contributions to a public retirement system defined benefit plan to increase the threshold percentage amount of plan funding to more than 130%.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Retirement |

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**AB 1020**


Current Text: Amended: 3/13/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/15/2023

Last Amend: 3/13/2023

Status: 3/14/2023-Re-referred to Com. on P.E. & R.

Location: 3/9/2023-A. P.E. & R.

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Summary: The County Employees Retirement Law of 1937 prescribes the rights, benefits, and duties of members of the retirement systems established pursuant to its provisions. Current law requires, if a safety member, a firefighter member, or a member in active law enforcement who has completed 5 years or more of service develops heart trouble, that the heart trouble be presumed to arise out of and in the course of employment. This bill would additionally require, if a safety member, firefighter, or member in active law enforcement who has completed 5 years or more of service develops hernia or pneumonia, that the hernia or pneumonia be presumed to arise out of and in the course of employment.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Retirement |

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**AB 1246**

(Nguyen, Stephanie D) Public Employees’ Retirement System optional settlements.

Current Text: Amended: 3/16/2023  [html](#)  [pdf](#)

Introduced: 2/16/2023

Last Amend: 3/16/2023

Status: 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on P.E. & R. From committee chair, with author's amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on P.E. & R. Read second time and amended.

Location: 3/16/2023-A. P.E. & R.

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Summary: Current law permits a member of the Public Employees’ Retirement System (PERS) who retires on or before December 31, 2017, to elect from among several optional settlements for the purpose of structuring the member’s retirement allowance. Current law prohibits a member who elects to receive specified optional settlements from changing the member’s optional settlement and designated beneficiary after election of an optional settlement unless a specified event occurs, including the death of a beneficiary who predeceased the member, a dissolution of marriage or a legal separation in which the judgment dividing the community property awards the total interest in the retirement system to the retired member, or in an annulment of marriage in which the court confirms the annulment. This bill would extend the ability of a retiree to change their designated beneficiary to include naming a new spouse following a retiree’s divorce and subsequent remarriage. The bill would allow a retiree’s new spouse to receive the retiree’s postdivorce retirement settlement benefits.

**Organization** | **Position** | **Priority** | **Assigned** | **Subject**
---|---|---|---|---
FIRE | JMBall, RNoack | Retirement |

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**SB 300**

(Seyarto R) Public employees’ retirement: fiscal impact: information.

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Page 64/67
**SB 660**  
(Alvarado-Gil D) **Public Employees’ Retirement System.**

**Summary:** The Public Employees’ Retirement Law (PERL) creates the Public Employees’ Retirement System (PERS) for the purpose of providing pensions and benefits to public employees and their beneficiaries and prescribes the rights and duties of employers participating in the system. PERL authorizes public agencies to join PERS pursuant to contract and defines “employer” for purposes of contributions by employers that are contract members of the system. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to that definition.

**Taxation**

**AB 294**  
(Petrie-Norris D) **Personal Income Tax Law: Corporation Tax Law: wildfires: exclusions.**

**Summary:** Would, for taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2022, provide an exclusion from gross income for any qualified taxpayer, as defined, for amounts received for costs and losses associated with wildfires or natural disaster, as provided. This bill would make findings and declarations related to a gift of public funds.

**AB 362**  
(Lee D) **Real property taxation: land value taxation study.**

**Summary:** Would require the California Department of Tax and Fee Administration to conduct or commission a study on the efficacy of a statewide land value taxation system as an alternative to the
current appraisal methods utilized for real property taxation. The bill would require the study to be provided to the Legislature by January 1, 2025. The bill would make related findings and declarations.

**AB 362** (LEE) **Author's Sample Support Letter**

**AB 362 (LEE) FACT Sheet**

**AB 582** (Connolly D) **Personal Income Tax: tax credits: fire-resistant home improvements.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/13/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/9/2023
**Last Amend:** 3/13/2023
**Status:** 3/14/2023-Referred to Com. on REV. & TAX.

**Location:** 2/17/2023-A. REV. & TAX

**Calendar:** 3/20/2023  2:30 p.m. - State Capitol, Room 126  ASSEMBLY REVENUE AND TAXATION, IRWIN, JACQUI, Chair

**Summary:** The Personal Income Tax Law allows various credits against the taxes imposed by that law. This bill would allow a credit against those taxes for each taxable year beginning on or after January 1, 2023, and before January 1, 2028, to a qualified taxpayer, as defined, in an amount equal to 40% of the taxpayer’s qualified expenses, as defined, not to exceed $400 per taxable year, or $2,000 cumulatively.

**AB 1500** (Irwin D) **Property taxation: application of base year value: disaster relief.**

**Current Text:** Amended: 3/16/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/17/2023
**Last Amend:** 3/16/2023
**Status:** 3/16/2023-Referred to Com. on REV. & TAX. From committee chair, with author’s amendments: Amend, and re-refer to Com. on REV. & TAX. Read second time and amended.

**Location:** 3/16/2023-A. REV. & TAX

**Summary:** Current law, where real property has been damaged or destroyed by misfortune or calamity, excludes from the definition of “newly constructed” and “new construction” any timely reconstruction of the real property, or portion thereof, where the property after reconstruction is substantially equivalent to the property prior to damage or destruction. Current law, pursuant to the authorization of the California Constitution, authorizes the transfer of the base year value of property that is substantially damaged or destroyed by a disaster, as declared by the Governor, to comparable replacement property within the same county that is acquired or newly constructed within 5 years after the disaster, as provided. Current law authorizes the owner of property substantially damaged or destroyed by a disaster, as declared by the Governor, to apply the base year value of that property to replacement property reconstructed on the same site of the damaged or destroyed property within 5 years after the disaster if the reconstructed property is comparable to the substantially damaged or destroyed property, determined as provided. This bill would extend the 5-year time period described above by 3 years if the property was substantially damaged or destroyed by the 2018 Woolsey Fire on or after November 1, 2018, but on or before November 30, 2018. The bill would make these provisions applicable to the determination of base year values for the 2018–19 fiscal year and fiscal years thereafter.

**SB 370** (McGuire D) **Personal Income Tax Law: Corporation Tax Law: wildfires: exclusions.**

**Current Text:** Introduced: 2/9/2023 [html](#) [pdf](#)

**Introduced:** 2/9/2023
**Status:** 2/22/2023-Referred to Com. on GOV. & F.

**Location:** 2/22/2023-S. GOV. & F.

**Summary:** The Personal Income Tax Law and the Corporation Tax Law, in conformity with federal income tax law, generally defines “gross income” as income from whatever source derived, except as specifically excluded, and provides various exclusions from gross income. This bill would, for taxable
years beginning on or after January 1, 2020, provide an exclusion from gross income for any qualified
taxpayer, as defined, for amounts received for costs and losses associated with the 2019 Kincade Fire
in the County of Sonoma, as provided.

**SB 520**  
(Seyarto R) Property taxation: homeowners’ exemption.  
Current Text: Introduced: 2/14/2023  [html](#), [pdf](#)  
Introduced: 2/14/2023  
Status: 2/22/2023-Referred to Com. on GOV. & F.  
Location: 2/22/2023-S. GOV. & F.  

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**Summary:** Current law provides, pursuant to a specified provision of the California Constitution, for a
homeowners’ property tax exemption in the amount of $7,000 of the full value of a dwelling, as
defined. Current law provides that this exemption does not extend, among other things, to property
that is rented, vacant, under construction on the lien date, or that is a vacation or secondary home of
the owner or owners. Current law provides that, notwithstanding this provision, if a person receiving
the exemption is not occupying the dwelling on the lien date because the dwelling was damaged in a
misfortune or calamity, the person shall be deemed to occupy that same dwelling as their principal
place of residence on the lien date, provided the person's absence from the dwelling is temporary and
the person intends to return to the dwelling when possible to do so. This bill would provide that, if a
person receiving the exemption is confined to a hospital or other care facility, the person shall be deemed to occupy that dwelling as their principal place of residence, provided that the person would occupy the dwelling if they were not confined to the hospital or other care facility, the person intends to return to the dwelling when possible to do so, and the dwelling is not rented or leased to a third party.

**Attachments:**  
[SB 520 (SEYARTO) FACT SHEET](#)

**SCA 4**  
(Seyarto R) Property taxation: principal residence and family home transfers.  
Introduced: 3/6/2023  
Status: 3/15/2023-Referred to Coms. on GOV. & F. and E. & C.A.  
Location: 3/15/2023-S. GOV. & F.  

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**Summary:** The California Constitution limits the amount of ad valorem taxes on real property to 1% of
the full cash value of that property, defined as the county assessor’s valuation of real property as
shown on the 1975–76 tax bill and, thereafter, the appraised value of the real property when
purchased, newly constructed, or a change in ownership occurs after the 1975 assessment, subject to
an annual inflation adjustment not to exceed 2%. The California Constitution, until February 15, 2021,
excluded from classification as a “purchase” or “change in ownership” the purchase or transfer of a
principal residence, and the first $1,000,000 of other real property, in the case of a purchase or
transfer between parents and their children, or between grandparents and their grandchildren if all
the parents of those grandchildren are deceased, except as provided. At the November 3, 2020,
statewide general election, the voters approved Proposition 19. Pursuant to Proposition 19, the
California Constitution, on and after February 16, 2021, removes the above-described exclusion from
classification as a “purchase” and “change in ownership” requiring reappraisal, and instead excludes
from classification as a “purchase” and “change in ownership” the purchase or transfer of a family
home or family farm, as those terms are defined, of the transferor in the case of a transfer between
parents and their children, or between grandparents and their grandchildren if all the parents of those
grandchildren are deceased, if the property continues as the family home or family farm of the
transferee, as specified. This measure would end the operation of the above-described provisions of
Proposition 19 on January 1, 2025.

**Organization**  
FIRE  
**Position**  
JMBall, RNoack  
**Priority**  
**Assigned**  
JMBall, RNoack  
**Subject**  
Taxation  

Total Measures: 192  
Total Tracking Forms: 192