Patterns of and Trends in Substance Use in Florida: Annual Update Report 2024

Presented by: Ben Hackworth, MPH FADAA Epidemiologist Consultant December 20, 2024



Sponsored by the Florida Alcohol and Drug Abuse Association, a subsidiary of the Florida Behavioral Health Association, and the State of Florida, Department of Children and Families



Objectives

- Identify updates in substance use trends in Florida.
- Understand patterns of substance use regionally and statewide.
- Identify substance use trends for fatal and non-fatal overdoses in Florida.

Introduction

The 2024 Annual Update Report, Substance Use Trends in Florida:

- Offers new Florida data trends available after the release of the 2024 Annual Report.
- Presents information primarily for and about Florida with a focus on youth trends in substance misuse in Florida.
- Provides an update on substance-related deaths from the Florida Medical Examiner's 2023 Interim Report, published July 2024.

Data Sources

- Based on data released following the preparation of the 2024 Annual Report, Patterns and Trends of Substance Use Within and Across the Regions of Florida, published in June 2024.
 - Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)
 - Florida Health Charts, sponsored by the Florida Department of Health
 - Drugs Identified in Deceased Persons by Florida Medical Examiners: 2023
 Annual Update Report, prepared by the Florida Medical Examiners
 Commission
 - 2024 Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey (FYSAS)

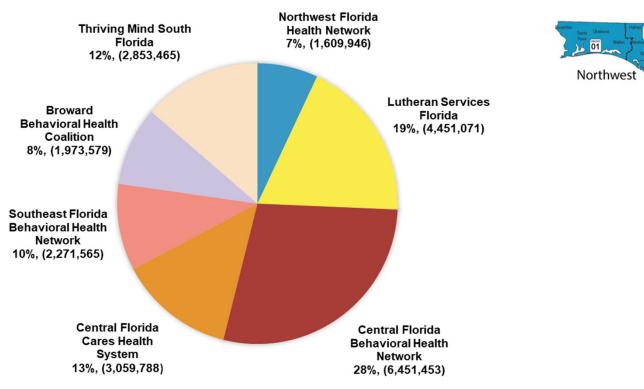
Methodology

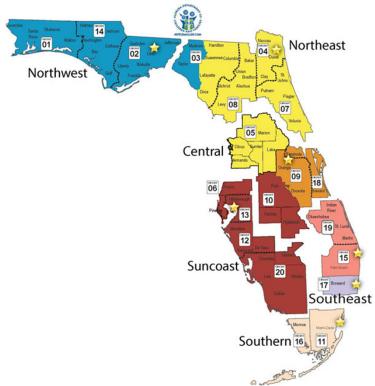
- The Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey (FYSAS) assesses risk and protective factors for substance use and is administered to Florida's middle and high school students.
- Data on substance use among adults and youth in the United States and Florida is from the National Survey on Drug Use and Health (NSDUH), sponsored by the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA). This source provides the prevalence of substance use based on survey responses.

Methodology

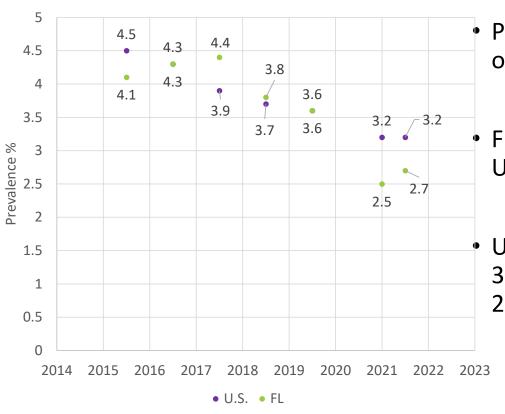
- Morbidity (hospitalizations and emergency department visits) rates for the United States are age-adjusted data. Florida-specific morbidity rates were obtained through the public-facing dashboard <u>FL Health CHARTS</u>, provided by Florida <u>Department of Health and maintained by Florida's Bureaus of Community Health</u> Assessment and Vital Statistics. Morbidity rates for Florida overall are ageadjusted and obtained directly from <u>FLHealth CHARTS</u>.
- Data on the number of occurrences among drug deaths in Florida is updated from the _Florida Medical Examiners Commission Drugs Identified in Deceased Persons by Florida Medical Examiners: 2023 Interim Report.

Florida by Geographic Region, Managing Entity, County, 2024





Past Year Pain Reliever Use among Adults, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



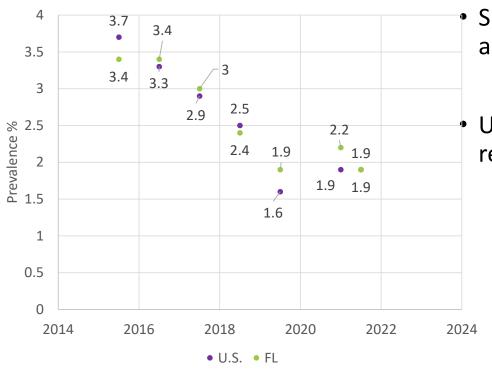
Pain reliever trends show a decrease over this timeframe.

Florida adults have lower rates than U.S. adults.

U.S. adults remain the same rate at 3.2% and Florida adults increased to 2.7% for 2021-2022.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

Past Year Pain Reliever Misuse among Youth, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022

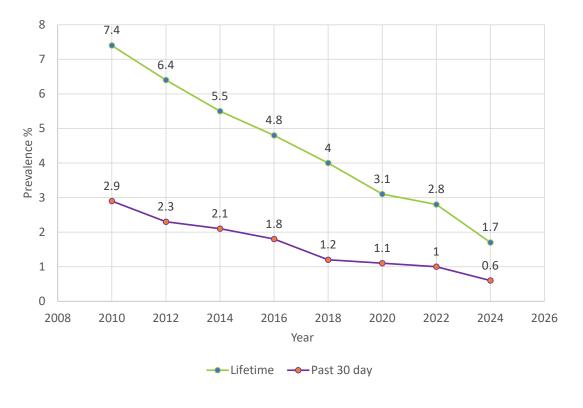


Sharper decline in past year use among youth versus adults.

U.S. and Florida youth report pain reliever misuse at 1.9%.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

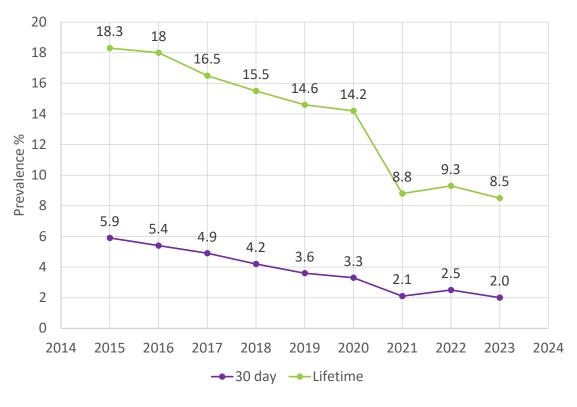
Lifetime and Past 30-day Pain Reliever Misuse among Youth in Florida, 2010-2024



- Sharp decline in use since 2010.
- Rates are lowest ever reported for lifetime and past 30-day use.
- Past 30-day use falls below 1%.

FYSAS

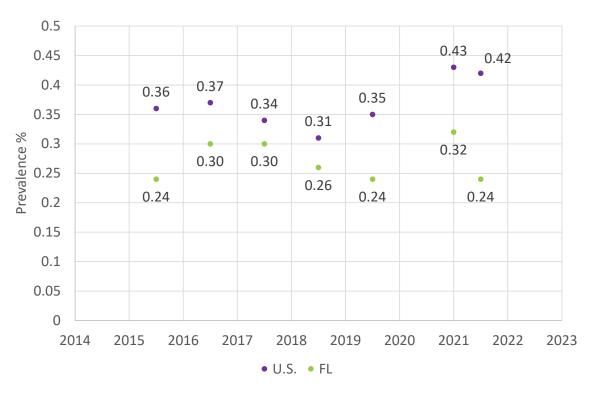
Prescription Pain Reliever Misuse among 12th Grade Youth in the U.S., 2015-2023



- Decreasing trends across the U.S. are reported from 2015-2023.
- Slight increases were reported in 2022 but the latest survey in 2023 indicates the lowest prevalence rates at 2.0% and 8.5%.

MTF

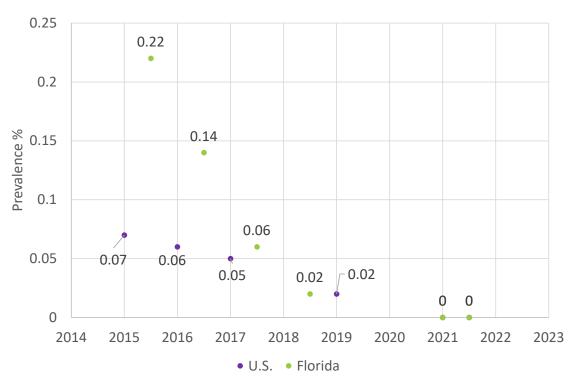
Past Year Heroin Use among Adults, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



 Heroin use among Florida adults is consistently lower than U.S. adults.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

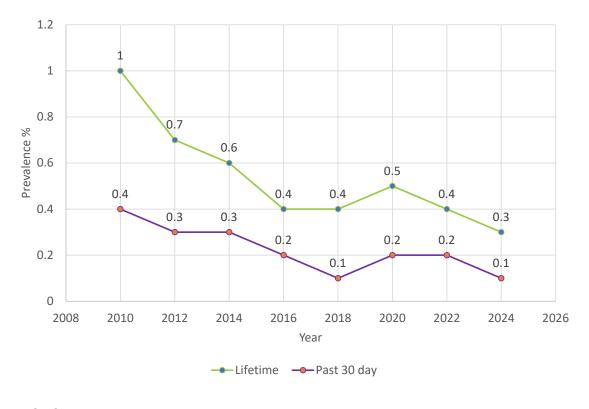
Past Year Heroin Use among Youth, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



- Sharp decrease in heroin use among Florida youth since 2015.
- Youth prevalence rates are not available because no respondents are reporting using heroin in the past year.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

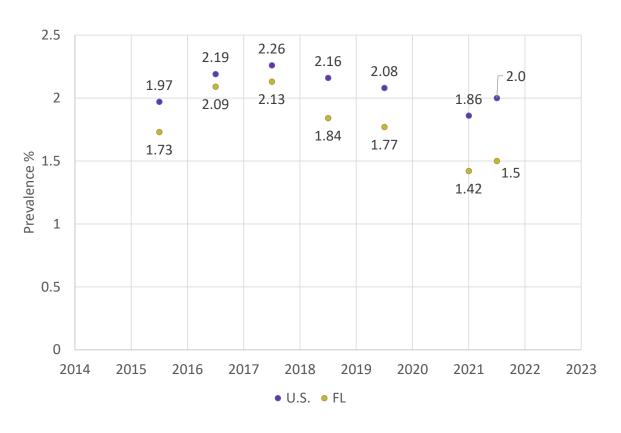
Lifetime and Past 30-day Heroin Use among Youth in Florida, 2010-2024



- Past 30-day heroin use has fallen to 0.1%.
- Lifetime use continues to decrease.

FYSAS

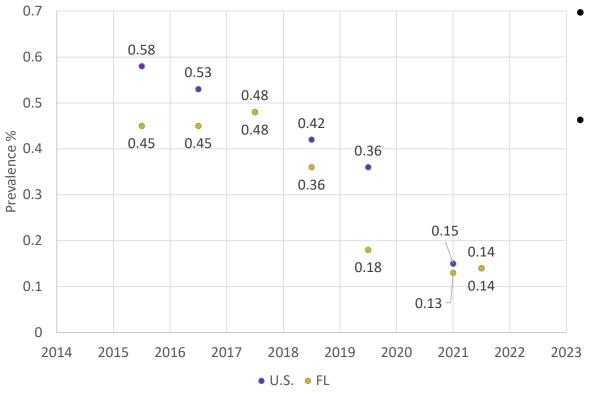
Past Year Cocaine Use among Adults, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



- Cocaine use among adults is more common than heroin use but than less Rx use.
- Highest prevalence rates from 2017-2018.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

Past Year Cocaine Use among Youth, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022

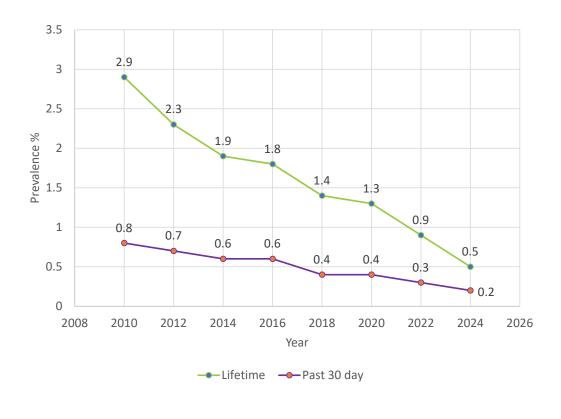


 Cocaine use among youth continues to decrease.

• U.S. and Florida youth report cocaine use in the past year at 0.14%.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

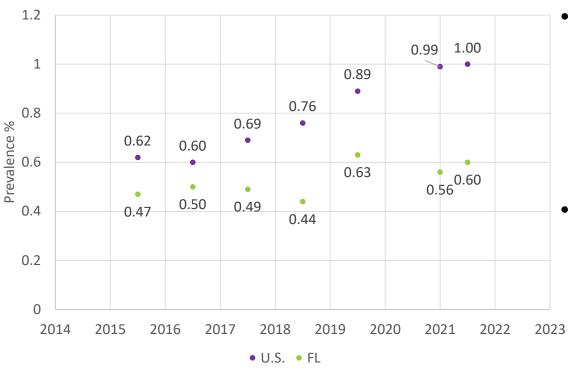
Lifetime and Past 30-day Cocaine Use among Youth, Florida, 2010-2024



- Cocaine use continues to decrease for past 30-day use and lifetime use.
- 61% decrease in prevalence for lifetime use from 2020 – 2024.

FYSAS

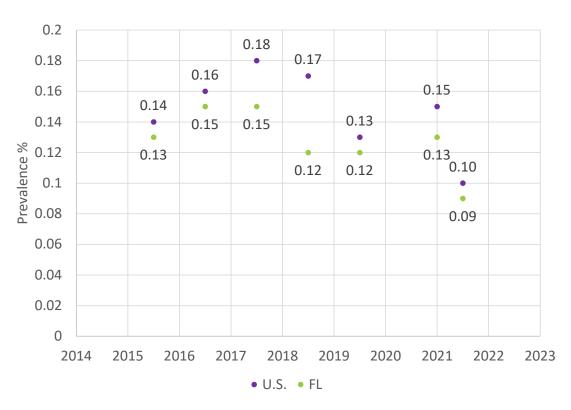
Past Year Methamphetamine Use among Adults, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



- Methamphetamine use among U.S. adults has increased to the highest prevalence rate of 1.00% in a recent survey.
- Methamphetamine use among Florida adults has increased but not at the same rate as the U.S.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

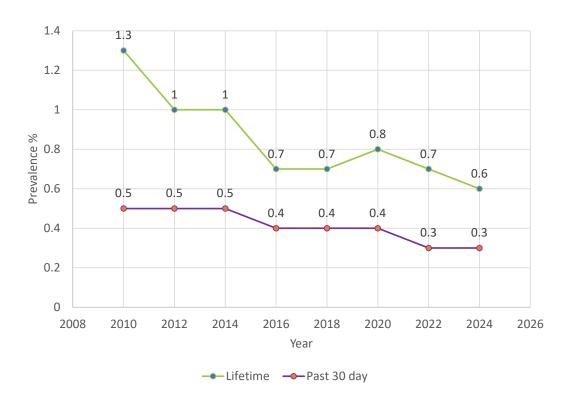
Past Year Methamphetamine Use among Youth, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



- Highest rates for U.S. and Florida youth were reported in 2017-2018.
- Declines in use in 2021-2022 recent survey.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

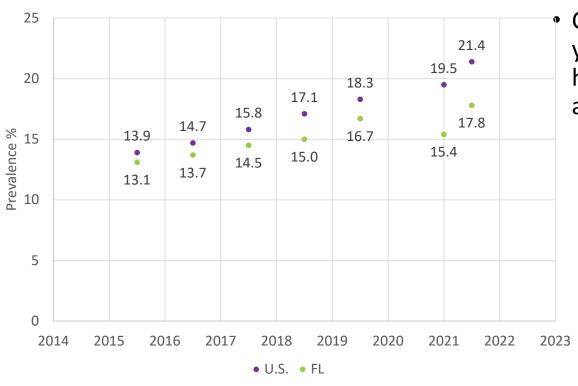
Lifetime and Past 30-day Methamphetamine Use among Youth in Florida, 2010-2024



- Past 30-day use has stayed consistent between 0.3%-0.5%.
- Past 30-day prevalence use remained the same for 2024.
- Lifetime use has seen decreases since 2020.

FYSAS

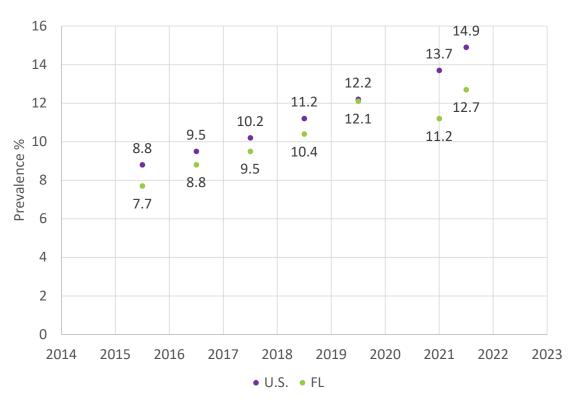
Past Year Marijuana Use among Adults, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



Continued increases in past year marijuana use with highest rates for U.S. (21.4%) and Florida (17.8%) adults.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

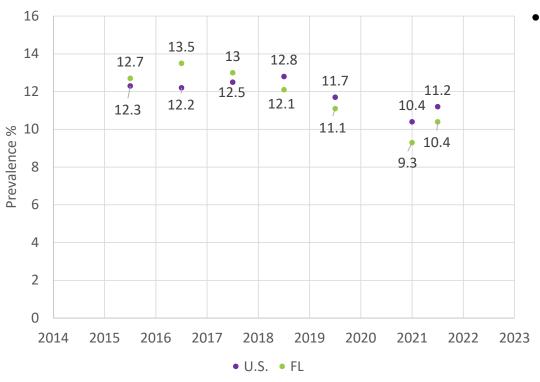
Past Month Marijuana Use among Adults, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



- Similar trends for past 30-day use for adults.
- Highest rates in recent survey reports U.S. (14.9%) and Florida (12.7%) adults.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

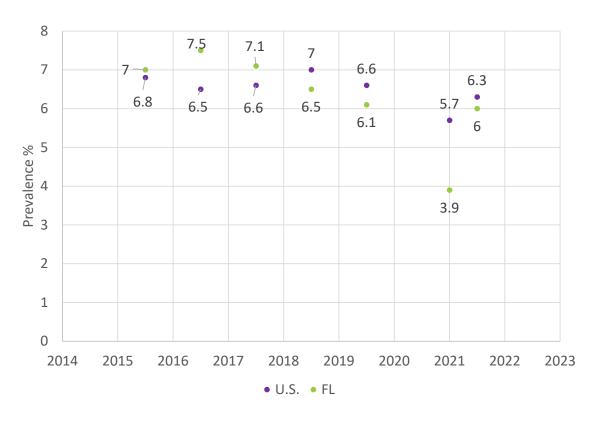
Past Year Marijuana Use among Youth, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



 U.S .and Florida youth reported 11.2% and 10.4% past year marijuana use, respectively.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

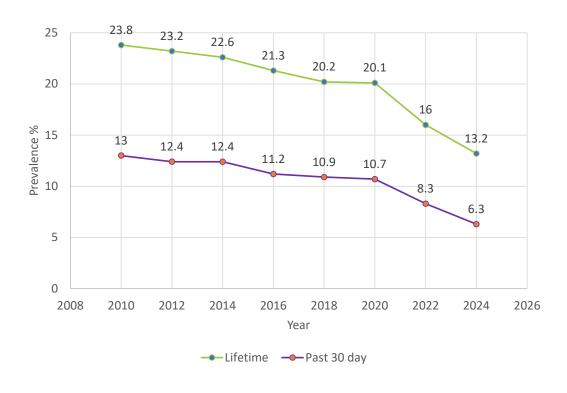
Past Month Marijuana Use among Youth, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



- Slight increase for U.S. youth in 2021-2022 survey.
- 2021-2022 survey reports similar rates for Florida youth to previous survey results at 6.0%

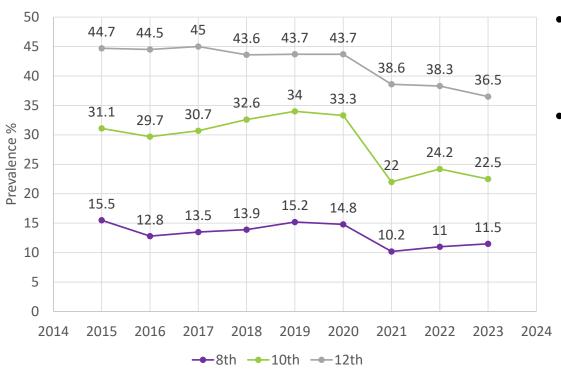
Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

Lifetime and Past 30-day Marijuana Use among Youth in Florida, 2010-2024



- Slow decrease in marijuana trends until 2020.
- 34% decrease in change since 2020.
- Lowest marijuana rates reported in recent 2024 survey.

Lifetime Marijuana Use Among 8th, 10th, 12th Grade Youth in the U.S., 2015-2023



- Stable trend lines occurred from 2015 through 2021 across all grades.
- Sharp decline in rates occurred in 2021, then rates became stable again from 2021 through 2023.

MTF

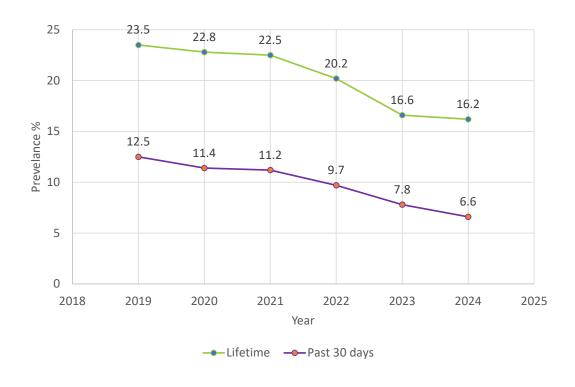
Past Month Marijuana Use among 8th, 10th, and 12th Grade Youth in the U.S., 2015-2023



• Similar to lifetime use, rates decreased across all grades in 2021.

MTF

Lifetime and Past 30-day Vaping Nicotine among Youth in Florida, 2019-2024



- Highest rates were reported in 2019.
- Prevalence rates continue to decrease.
- Past 30-day prevalence rate decreased by 1.2%
- Vaping nicotine is the second most commonly used substance.

FYSAS

Lifetime Vaping Nicotine among 8th, 10th, 12th Grade Youth in the U.S., 2017-2023



- Lifetime use among all grades was highest in 2020.
- Slight decreases among all grades were reported in 2023.

MTF

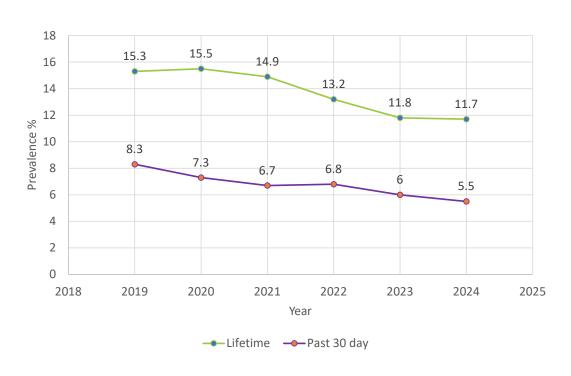
Past 30-day Vaping Nicotine among 8th, 10th, and 12th Grade Youth in the U.S., 2017-2023



 Decreases in use were reported for all grades in 2023.

MTF

Lifetime and Past 30-day Vaping Marijuana among Youth in Florida, 2019-2024



- Rates are lower for vaping marijuana versus vaping nicotine.
- Trendlines are similar to vaping nicotine trends with a continuation of lower rates than the previous survey year.
- Vaping nicotine prevalence rates are closing the gap with vaping nicotine rates.

FYSAS

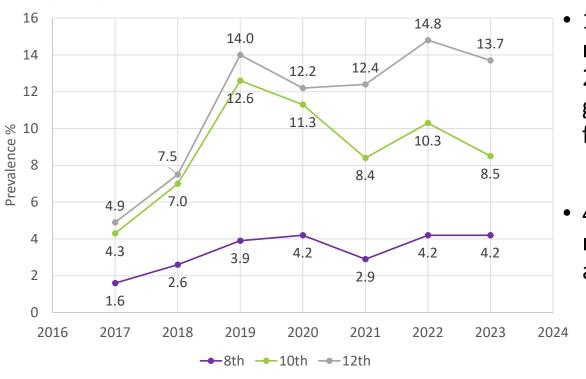
Lifetime Vaping Marijuana among 8th, 10th, and 12th Grade Youth in the U.S., 2017-2023



 10th and 12th grade youth saw a decrease in 2023 while 8th grade use continues to increase since 2021.

MTF

Past 30-day Vaping Marijuana among 8th, 10th, and 12th Grade Youth in the U.S., 2017-2023

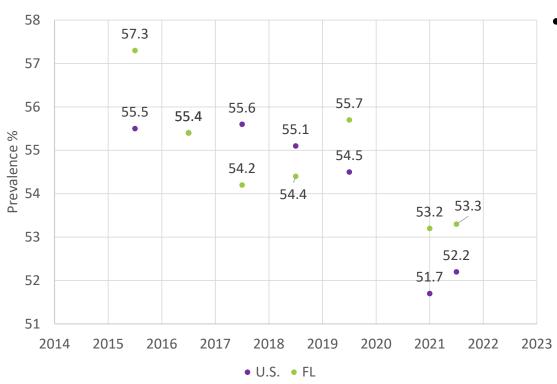


 10th and 12th grade youth reported similar rates from 2017-2020 but use among 10th grade youth is decreasing at faster rates.

 4.2% of 8th grade youth reported use in 2020, 2022, and 2023.

MTF

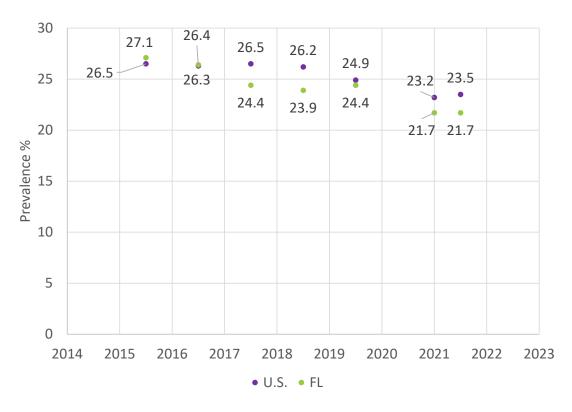
Past Month Alcohol Use Among Adults, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



 Alcohol is the most used substance among adults with rates lower than previous survey years at 52.2% and 53.3% for U.S. and Florida adults.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

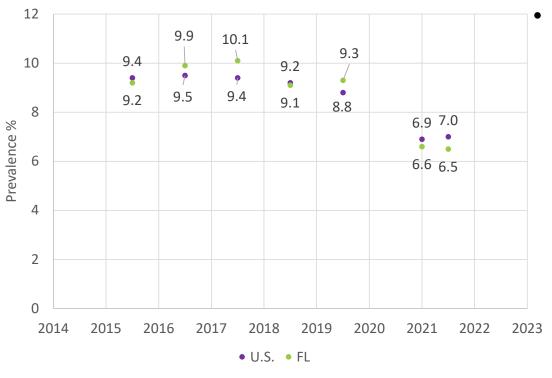
Past Month Binge Alcohol Use among Adults, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022



 U.S. and Florida binge alcohol use among adults have similar trendlines and rates with the U.S. having slightly higher rates starting in 2017-2018 survey years.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

Alcohol Use among Youth, Past Month, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022

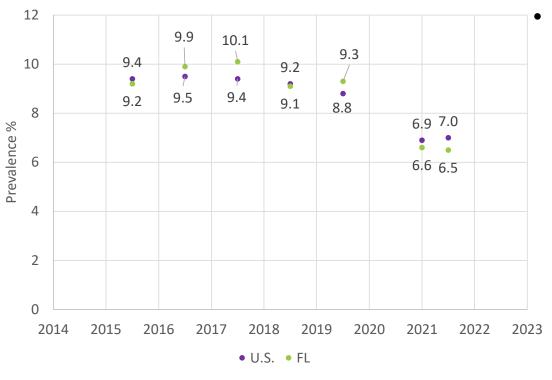


 Recent survey reports lower rates of past month alcohol use among youth in the U.S. and Florida with similar trends in 2021 and 2021-2022.

NSDUH

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

Alcohol Use among Youth, Past Month, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022

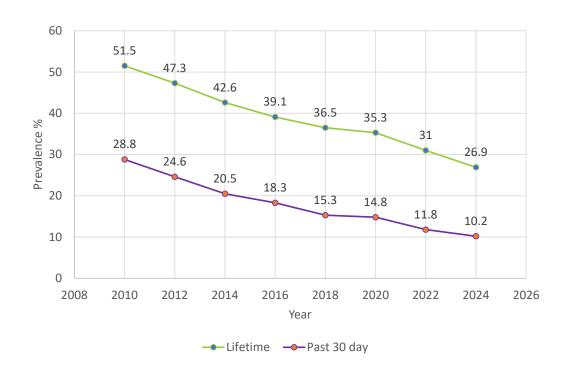


 Recent survey reports lower rates of past month alcohol use among youth in the U.S. and Florida with similar trends in 2021 and 2021-2022.

NSDUH

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

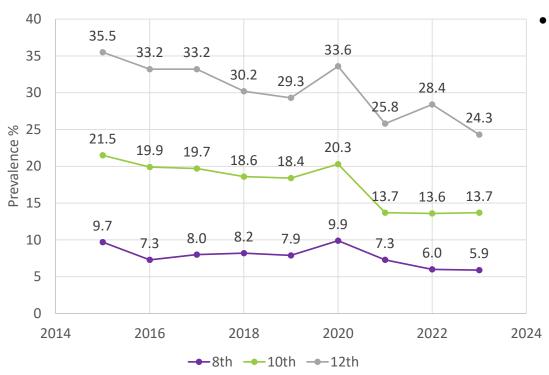
Lifetime and Past 30-day Alcohol Use among Youth in Florida, 2010-2024



- Steady decreases in alcohol use, although it is the most used substance among youth in Florida.
- Almost a 50% decrease in change from 2010-2024 for lifetime prevalence.

FYSAS

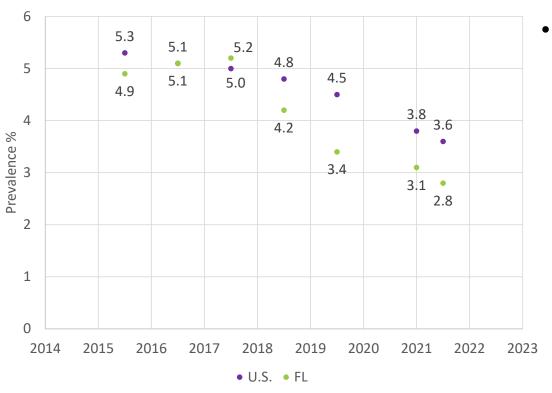
Past Month Alcohol Use among 8th, 10th, and 12th Grade Youth in the U.S., 2015-2023



• Similar trends from lifetime use are also shown in past month alcohol use across 8th, 10th, and 12th grade youth.

MTF

Binge Alcohol Use among Youth, U.S. and Florida, 2015-2022

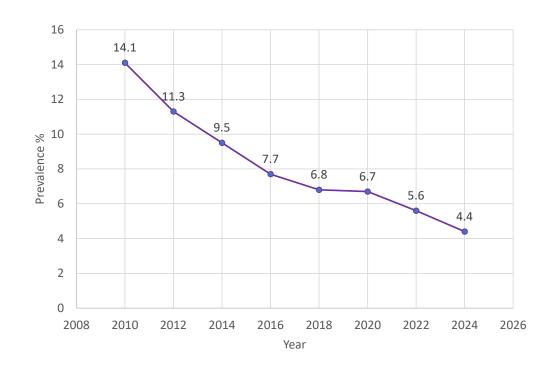


 Highest rates were reported in 2017-2018 but has since decreased to 3.6% and 2.8% for U.S. and Florida youth, respectively.

Note: Data points are plotted in between axis years as survey results are from a two-year average.

NSDUH

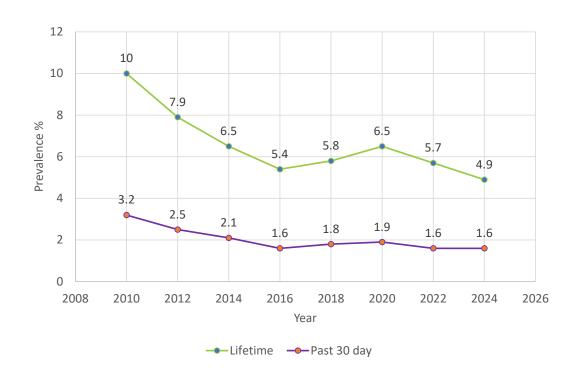
Binge Alcohol Use among Youth in Florida, 2010-2024



• Continued decreases in binge alcohol use with lowest rate of 4.4% in 2024.

FYSAS

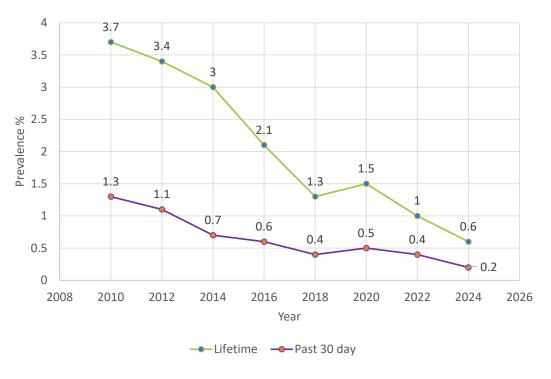
Lifetime and Past 30-day Inhalant Use Among Youth, Florida, 2010-2024



- Rates increased from 2016 2020 but decreased to 4.9% and 1.6% for lifetime and past 30-day use, respectively.
- Rates remained the same at 1.6% for past 30-day use.

FYSAS

Lifetime and Past 30-day Club Drug Use Among Youth, Florida, 2010-2024

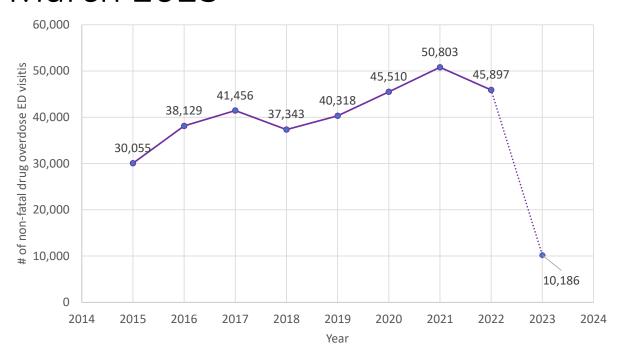


- Lifetime use falls under 1.0% for the first time in recent 2024 survey.
- Past 30-day use at 0.2%.

Mortality

Florida Department of Health: Florida Health Charts

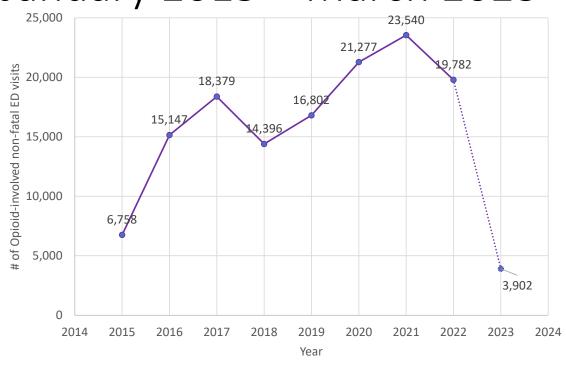
All Drug Non-fatal Overdose Emergency Department Visits, Florida, From January 2015 – March 2023



- Decrease in nonfatal drug overdose (ED) visits in 2022.
- Second highest non-fatal drug overdose (ED) visits recorded.
- 10,186 non-fatal drug overdose (ED) visits from January – March 2023.

FLHealth Charts

Opioid-involved Non-fatal Overdose Emergency Department Visits, Florida, From January 2015 – March 2023



- Under 20,000 non-fatal opioid overdose (ED) visits were reported in 2022.
- 3,902 non-fatal opioid overdose visits from January – March 2023.

FLHealth Charts



Fatal Drug Overdose Death Rate in the U.S. and Florida, 2015- 2022

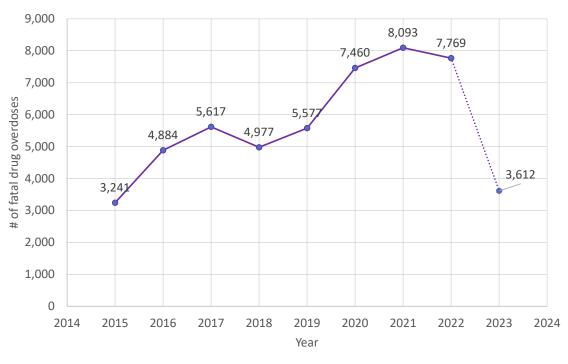


- The first decrease in drug overdose death rates since 2018 occurred in Florida for 2022.
- The U.S. death rate for drug overdoses remained the same from 2021-2022.

→ U.S. → Florida



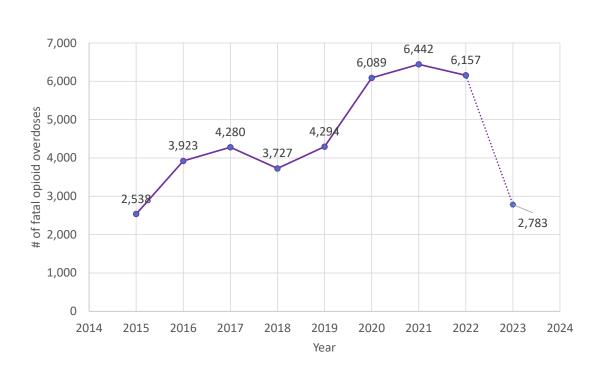
Fatal Drug Overdose Deaths in Florida, From January 2015 – March 2023



- Drug overdose deaths decreased in Florida for the first time since 2018.
- 3,612 fatal drug overdose deaths reported from January – March 2023.

FLHealth Charts

Fatal Opioid Overdose Deaths in Florida, From January 2015 – March 2023



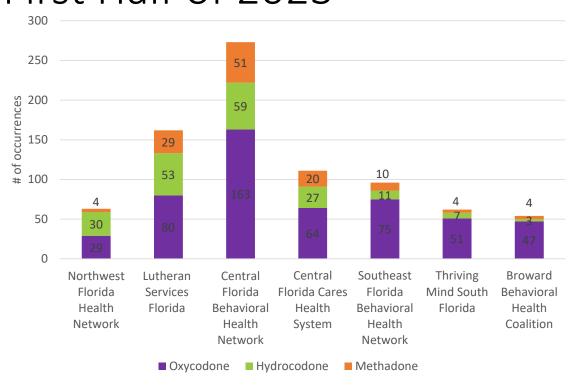
- Similar to drug overdose trends, opioid overdose deaths decreased in 2022.
- 2,783 fatal opioid overdose deaths reported from January – March 2023.

FLHealth Charts

Mortality

Florida Medical Examiners Commission 2023 Interim Report

Prescription Opioids Occurrences among Decedents in Florida for Managing Entities, First Half of 2023



Rate per 100,000 population:

• NWFN: 3.9

• LSF: 3.6

• CFBHN: 4.2

• CFCHS: 3.6

• SFBHN: 4.2

• TMSF 2.2

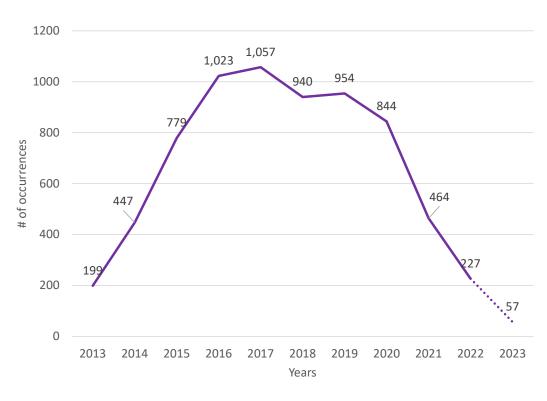
• BBHC: 2.7

Note:

(# of occurrences/ Managing Entity Pop.) x 100,000 = Rate per 100,000 Adds value to the number of deaths for each Managing Entity due to population differences across Managing Entity regions.

<u>FDLE</u>

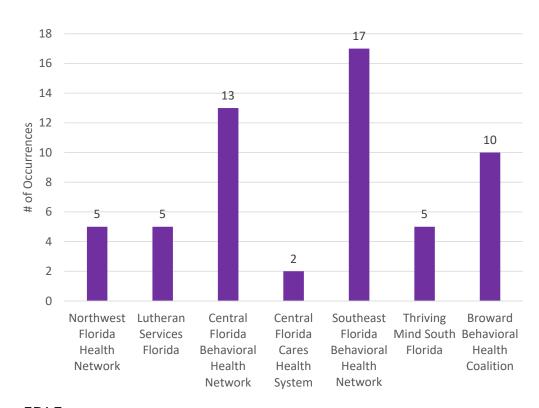
Heroin-related Deaths among Decedents in Florida, 2013- First Half of 2023



- Heroin-related deaths show a bell curve with highest rates in 2017.
- The number of heroin occurrences is becoming obsolete.
- Decline in heroin-related deaths will continue in 2023.

FDLE

Heroin-related Deaths among Decedents for Managing Entities, First Half of 2023



• Rate per 100,000 population:

• NFHN: 0.31

• LSF: 0.11

• CFBHN: 0.20

• CFCHS: 0.07

• SFBHN: 0.75

• TMSF: 0.18

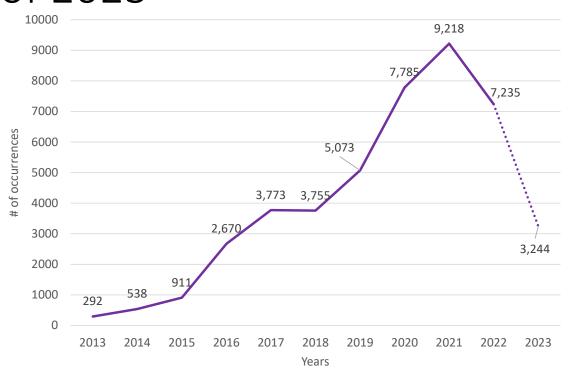
• BBHC: 0.15

Note:

(# of occurrences/ Managing Entity Pop.) x 100,000 = Rate per 100,000 Adds value to the number of deaths for each Managing Entity due to population differences across Managing Entity regions.

FDLE

Fentanyl and Fentanyl Analog-related Deaths among Decedents in Florida, 2013-First Half of 2023

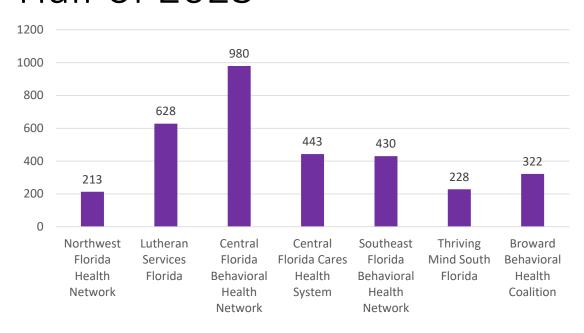


- A decrease in fentanyl and fentanyl-analogrelated deaths occurred in 2022.
- An additional decrease in deaths could occur in 2023 with 6,488 estimated fentanyl and fentanyl analog-related deaths.

Note: FH= First Half of 2023 FH (n) \times 2 = 2023 estimate

<u>FDLE</u>

Fentanyl and Fentanyl Analog-related deaths among decedents for Managing Entities, First Half of 2023



Rate per 100,000 population:

• NFHN: 13.2

• LSF: 14.1

• CFBHN: 15.2

• CFCHS: 14.5

• SFBHN: 18.9

• TMSF: 8.0

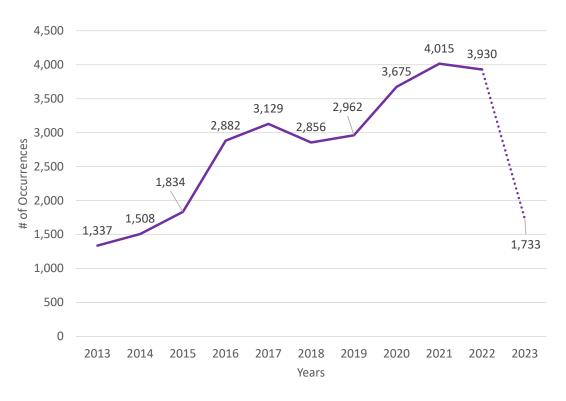
BBHC: 16.3

Note:

(# of occurrences/ Managing Entity Pop.) x 100,000 = Rate per 100,000 Adds value to the number of deaths for each Managing Entity due to population differences across Managing Entity regions.

FDLE

Cocaine-related Deaths among Decedents in Florida, 2013- First Half of 2023

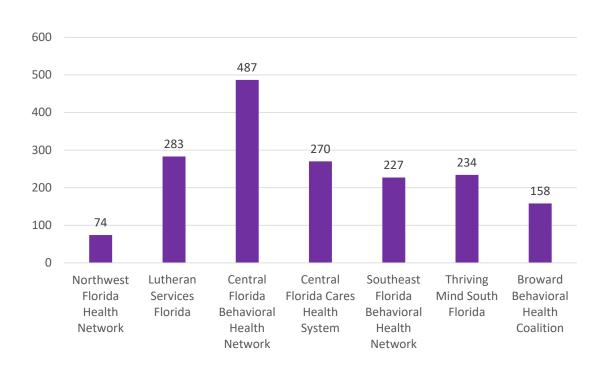


- For the first time since 2018, a decrease in cocaine-related deaths occurred in 2022.
- An estimate of 3,466 cocaine-related deaths could occur for 2023.

Note: FH= First Half of 2023 FH (n) \times 2 = 2023 estimate

FDLE

Cocaine-related Deaths among Decedents for Managing Entities, First Half of 2023



Rate per 100,000 population:

• NFHN: 4.6

• LSF: 6.4

• CFBHN: 7.5

• CFCHS: 8.8

• SFBHN = 10.0

• TMSF: 8.2

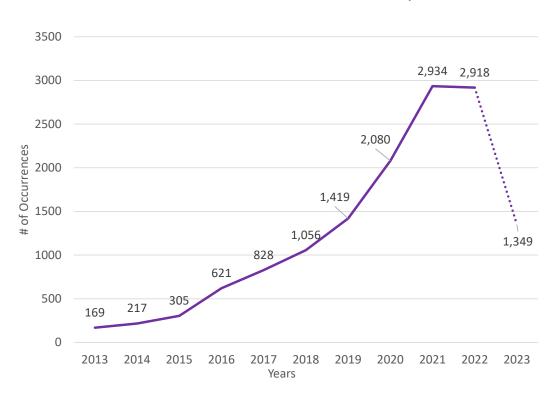
• BBHC: 8.0

Note:

(# of occurrences/ Managing Entity Pop.) x 100,000 = Rate per 100,000 Adds value to the number of deaths for each Managing Entity due to population differences across Managing Entity regions.

<u>FDLE</u>

Methamphetamine-related Deaths among Decedents in Florida, 2013- First half of 2023

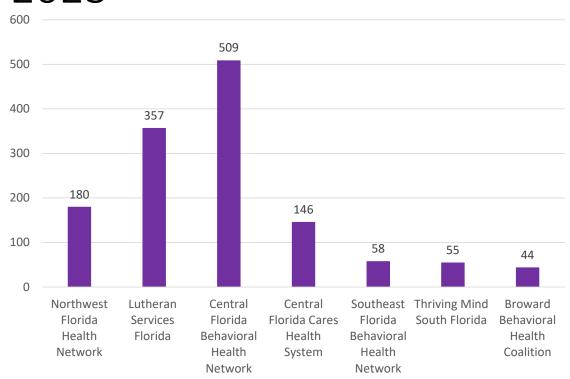


- 1,349 occurrences
- An additional decrease in the number of methamphetaminerelated deaths for 2023

Note: FH= First Half of 2023 FH (n) \times 2 = 2023 estimate

<u>FDLE</u>

Methamphetamine-related Deaths among Decedents for Managing Entities, First Half of 2023



Rate per 100,000 population:

• NFHN: 11.2

• LSF: 8.0

• CFBHN: 7.9

• CFCHS: 4.8

• SFFBHN: 2.6

• TMSF: 1.9

• BBHC: 2.2

Note:

(# of occurrences/ Managing Entity Pop.) x 100,000 = Rate per 100,000 Adds value to the number of deaths for each Managing Entity due to population differences across Managing Entity regions.

FDLE

Conclusion

- Substances reported in the 2024 FYSAS show continued decreases in prevalence rate among Florida youth.
- Marijuana use among youth and adults has increased nationally, but not among Florida youth according to the 2024 FYSAS.
- Vaping nicotine and marijuana among youth remains steady with a slight decrease in overall rates for Florida youth according to recent FYSAS survey data. However, vaping nicotine is a top substance for youth nationally.

Conclusion

- Florida Emergency Department Visits in 2022 decreased for the first time since 2018 and will likely decrease again in 2023.
- Drugs Identified in Deceased Persons by Florida Medical Examiners: 2023 Interim Report, indicates promising data reported to estimate additional decreases in drug overdoses from 2022 with the total number of occurrences among drugs listed decreasing.

References

- Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- Florida Department of Health, FLHealth Charts
- Florida Medical Examiners Commission Drugs Identified in Deceased Persons by Florida Medical Examiners: 2023 Interim Report
- Florida Youth Substance Abuse Survey (FYSAS)
- Monitoring the Future Survey
- National Survey on Drug Use and Health