

### **Teacher Effectiveness**

**Elements of Presence for Adult Learners** 

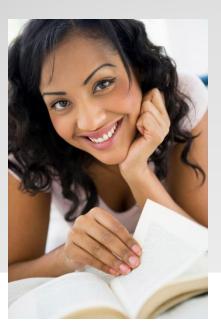
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#### **Characteristics of Adult Learners**



Malcolm Knowles (1970) The Modern Practice of Adult Education.



- 1. Autonomous and self-directed.
- Bring experience and knowledge.
- Goal oriented.
- 4. Relevancy oriented.
- 5. Practical-useful knowledge preferred.
- 6. Desire to be shown respect.

# Teacher Effectiveness: The Seven Principles

- Encourages student-faculty contact
- 2. Encourages cooperation among students
- 3. Encourages active learning
- 4. Gives prompt feedback
- 5. Emphasizes time on task
- 6. Communicates high expectations
- 7. Respects diverse talents and ways of learning

(Chickering and Gamson, 1978)

# Teacher Effectiveness: The Seven Principles

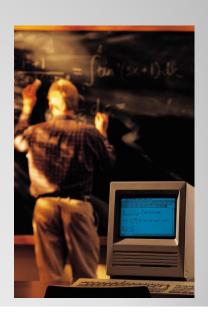
Do these seven principles apply to <a href="Irraditional">Traditional</a>, <a href="On-line">On-line</a> or <a href="Blended">Blended</a> modes of delivery?

# **Teacher Effectiveness: The Seven Principles**

The Answer: Traditional, On-line and Blended are ALL applicable.

"If the power of the new technologies is to be fully realized, they should be employed in ways consistent with the seven principles."

(Chickering and Ehrmann, 1996, p. 2)



# The Community of Inquiry Model: Defining the principles operationally

The framework of this model consists of three elements:

- 1. Cognitive Presence
- 2. Teaching Presence
- 3. Social Presence



(Garrison, 2007)

#### The Community of Inquiry Model:

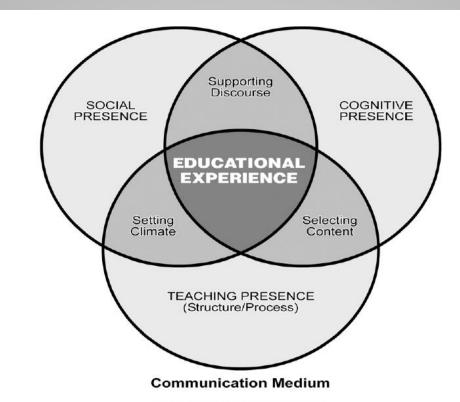


Figure 1. Community of Inquiry Framework

(Garrison, 2007, p. 62)

#### 1. Cognitive Presence (CP)

"The exploration, construction, resolution and confirmation of understanding through collaboration and reflection in a community of inquiry."

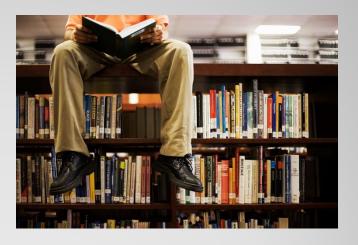
CP is grounded in the work of John Dewey on reflective thinking.

(Gorsky and Blau, 2009, p. 4).

#### 1. Cognitive Presence (CP)

#### The Four Phases of CP

- Triggering Event
- 2. Exploration
- 3. Integration
- 4. Resolution



### 1. Cognitive Presence (CP) Examples

- Set high standards of expectations for student analysis and inquiry.
- Challenge, inspire and question students = reflection, investigation and assessment of concepts and ideas.

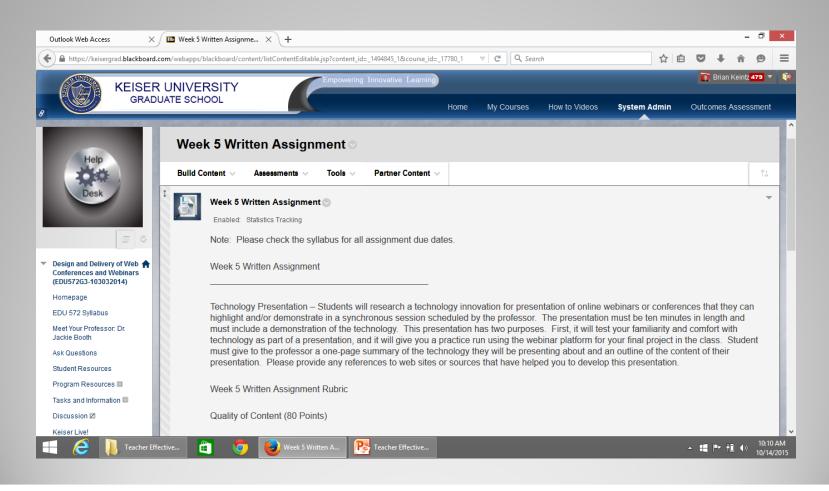


✓ Instructors and students are active participants in the forum/classroom discussions.

(Boettcher & Conrad, 2010)

Ensure that course, program and career outcomes are priority.

## 1. Cognitive Presence (CP) Example



Example of an interactive, on-line presentation by students.

### 1. Cognitive Presence (CP) Example

EDU 572 – Design and Delivery of Web Conferences and Webinars

- √ 100% Online
- ✓ Students develop a 10 minute presentation presented on video conference platform



- ✓ Other students watch and interact with presenter.
- ✓ Feedback provided to presenter through discussion forum.

### 1. Cognitive Presence (CP) Tips

- ✓ Give students activities to reflect on and process new information.
- Stimulate students interest in a topic.
- Guide students towards learning about a topic.
- Ensure activities help students to create a solution or understanding.



"Teacher presence is defined as the design, facilitation and direction of cognitive and social processes for the purposes of realizing [students] personally meaningful and educational worthwhile outcomes."



(Anderson et al., 2001, p. 5)

The Three Categories of TP

- Design and Organization
- √ Facilitating Discourse
- ✓ Direct Instruction



- Significant determinate of perceived learning, student satisfaction and sense of community.
- Studies have shown that TP in threaded discussion is critical to the development of social presence.
- Students ranked instructor modeling as the most important element in building online community.



(Gorsky and Blau, 2009, p. 3)

# 2. Modeling TP (online)



(Boettcher and Conrad, 2010)

- Visibility in the course room, 7 days/week.
- Mutually high expectations.
- Culture of questioning is fostered.
- Guidance, support and time is offered freely.
- Overviews of requirements and expectations give in advance.
- Utilize available tools/technology.
- Constant communication through email, texting, and telephone with students.
- Developing "instructor immediacy" and availability

#### 2. Teaching Presence (TP) Example \_ 🗇 📗 Outlook Web Access 숮 🗎 https://keisergrad.blackboard.com/webapps/blackboard/content/listContent.jsp?course\_id=\_47886\_1&content\_id=\_3410186\_1 ▼ C Q Search KEISER UNIVERSITY **GRADUATE SCHOOL** My Courses How to Videos System Admin Outcomes Assessment Week 3 Discussion Week 3 Discussion Week 3 Discussion Questions What is the best mode for delivery of educational courses in a formal institution of higher education? This week students will be assigned or take a side in a debate that is raging among the faculty at the institution described in course resources entitled, "Faculty crisis at Pleasantville College – Week 3 Debate". You professor will assign you a role and a position that will require you to write a one-page position The Teaching of Adults in Collaborative Online paper that describes an overview of your position on the issue. They must write the paper from the position of the role they were assigned Environments for the debate (EDU570G1-105042015) Dr. Brian Keintz The position paper must be written and submitted to the required Week 3 Discussion SafeAssign by midnight on Wednesday. Post your position paper on their wiki site along with their role in the debate for classmates to see and post their opening argument in the Week 3 Homepage Discussion forum. THE OPENING ARGUMENT MUST BE IN FIRST PERSON AND IN THE ROLE YOU ARE PLAYING IN THE DEBATE. EDU 570 Syllabus Students must engage one another in the debate throughout the week, defending their position and challenging the position of other students in the exercise. You will be posting both in discussion and in the wikis. Student Resources Keiser Live! Email Week 3 Discussion Forum Start Here, Introductions, Ask Questions, Course If you wish to submit your original post to SafeAssign, you first need to go to the Start Here/Discussion folder. Inside that folder is a link where you have unlimited attempts Resources, Discussions to upload your original post, return to check your SafeAssign score, fix your post if needed, and resubmit the corrected document by selecting the START NEW button

Example of the assignment for a role play activity/debate.

Teacher Effective.

10:23 AM

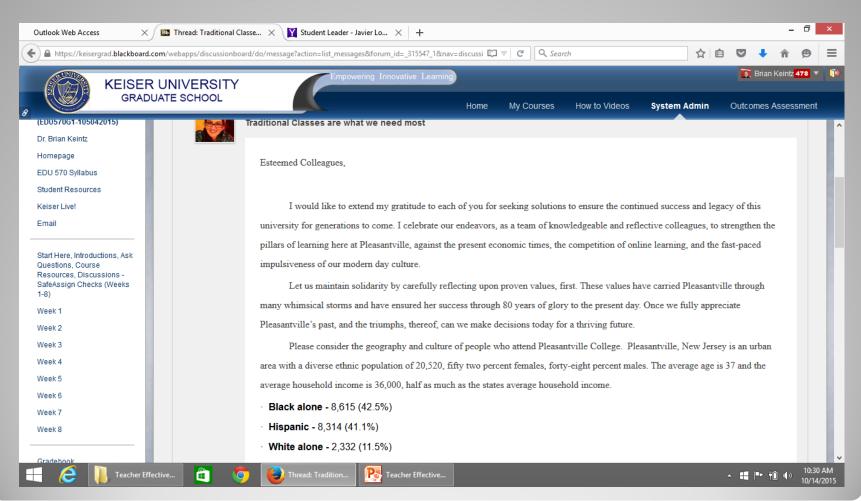
### 2. Teaching Presence (TP) Example



✓ Students are presented a case at a small liberal arts college related to online vs. traditional modes.

- ✓ Each student is assigned a public role (everyone sees) and is emailed a private summary of their hidden agenda.
- ✓ Debate happens in a discussion forum.
- ✓ Professor plays a role with students.

## 2. Teaching Presence (TP) Example



Example of a role play developed by a student in the case exercise. 20



Question: How is online teaching presence applicable to traditional classroom settings?



- Model civil discourse
- Keep students on task
- Encourage students to resolve issues as a group
- Ensure activities reflect clear learning objectives
- Create group activities aimed at

developing critical thinking

### 3. Social Presence (SP)

The <u>perceived presence of others</u> in mediated communication which supports CP and TP in its ability to instigate, sustain and to support interaction.

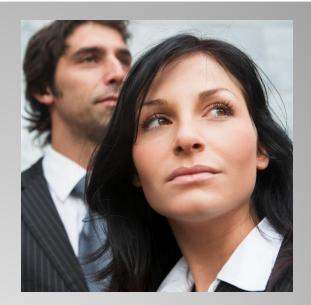


SP is the capacity to project one's self and to establish personal and purposeful relationships.

#### 3. Social Presence (SP)

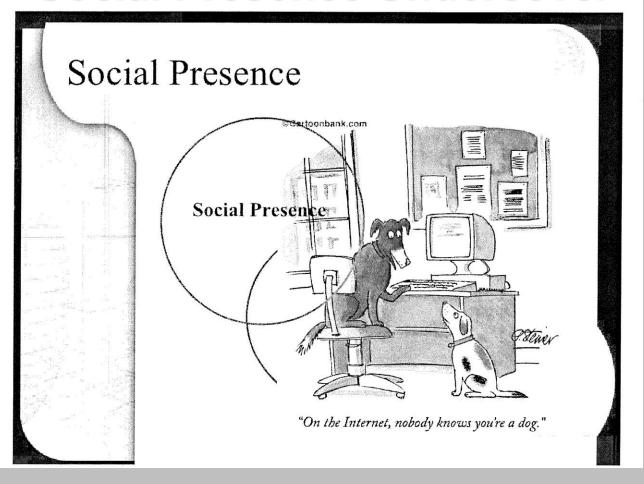
## Three Main Categories of SP

- ✓ Affective Communication
- ✓ Open Communication
- Group Cohesion



Social presence is achieved in the greatest capacity when all three categories are felt collectively by a group of learners.

#### **Social Presence Undercover**



Promoting social presence must be a natural occurrence as the teacher shares aspects of his/her life, family, likes /dislikes and experiences, which in turn inspires students to discuss who they are too.

.....Encouraging students to share more of who they are not only builds learning but community as well. This relationship cultivates a comfort zone and a climate of trust.



This setting is fundamental to laying the groundwork for teacher and cognitive presence

(Boettcher and Conrad, 2010)

#### Examples

- ✓ Introductions during first week of class
- ✓ Provide discussion component for informal threads
- ✓ Demonstrate genuine interest and care for students



EDR 551 – Decision Oriented Educational Research Course

#### Collaboration Forum

- ✓ Students are able to comment, ask questions, or seek feedback from students and professor in an ungraded forum.
- ✓ Students and professor participate as equals.
- ✓ Focus is development of their final research project.

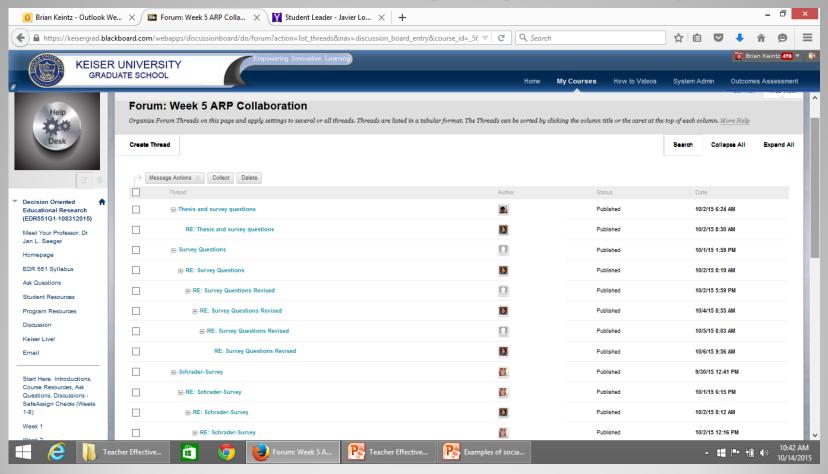


#### 3. Social Presence (SP) Tips

- ✓ Foster an environment where students feel comfortable asking questions and sharing their opinions.
- ✓ Establish clear peer-to-peer and student to instructor expectations for communication.



✓ Develop group activities that lead to a sense of social cohesion.



Example of collaboration discussion room for students in research courses.

#### 3. Social Presence (SP) Using Technology

- Twitter
- Pinterest
- Google+ Hangouts/Video Conferencing
- Instagram
- Facebook
- Snapchat



40 Most Popular Social Networking Sites of the World

# Effective Teachers in an Online Environment



#### Demonstrate:

- A significantly high level of passive and active participation
- High levels of teaching, social and cognitive presence
- Responsiveness in instructional grading, comments and posts.

# Effective Teachers in an Online Environment



#### Teaching Presence in Action

| ELEMENTS           | CATEGORIES  | INDICATORS<br>(examples only)  |
|--------------------|---|--|
| Social Presence    | Open Communication<br>Group Cohesion<br>Personal/Affective            | Learning climate/risk-free expression<br>Group identity/collaboration<br>Self projection/expressing emotions |
| Cognitive Presence | Triggering Event<br>Exploration<br>Integration<br>Resolution          | Sense of puzzlement<br>Information exchange<br>Connecting ideas<br>Appling new ideas                         |
| Teaching Presence  | Design & Organization<br>Facilitating Discourse<br>Direct Instruction | Setting curriculum & methods<br>Shaping constructive exchange<br>Focusing and resolving issues               |

#### **Thank You!**

Do you have any questions?

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