

How to find an academic job

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Introduction

My background:

Ph.D. 2003 Baylor College of Medicine, Houston, TX, Margaret Goodell

Postdoctoral Training: 2003-2010 Children's Hospital Boston, Boston, MA,
George Daley

Grants:

As student: None

As postdoctoral fellow: ACS, ASH Scholar Award, NIDDK K01

First Author Publications:

As student: 1 PNAS, 2 Experimental Hematology

As Postdoctoral Fellow: 2 Blood

My Job Search:

- 12 First Visits
- 6 Second Visits, Scientific spouse also visited these institutions
- Negotiated with 6 institutions, resulting in 3 formal offers for myself and 2 for my spouse

Identifying Opportunities

Medical
School

Know Thyself

Large
University

-Are you OK with teaching?

Private
Research
Institute

-Do you want to interact with clinicians?

-Do you want to focus entirely on research?

Small Teaching
University

-Do you need access to expensive specialized equipment not likely to be found at all institutions?

Research
Hospital

-Do you want access to graduate students?

-Would you enjoy being a mentor/personnel manager?

National
Institution

-Are you restricted geographically?

Non-Academic
Path

-Is cost of living a big issue for you?

Identifying Opportunities

Look for Job Postings

- Journals (Nature, Science, Cell, etc...)
- Society Websites (ASH, ISEH, ISSCR, etc...)
- Institutional or Departmental Websites
- Job Boards at Meetings

Be Proactive and Create Your Own Opportunities!

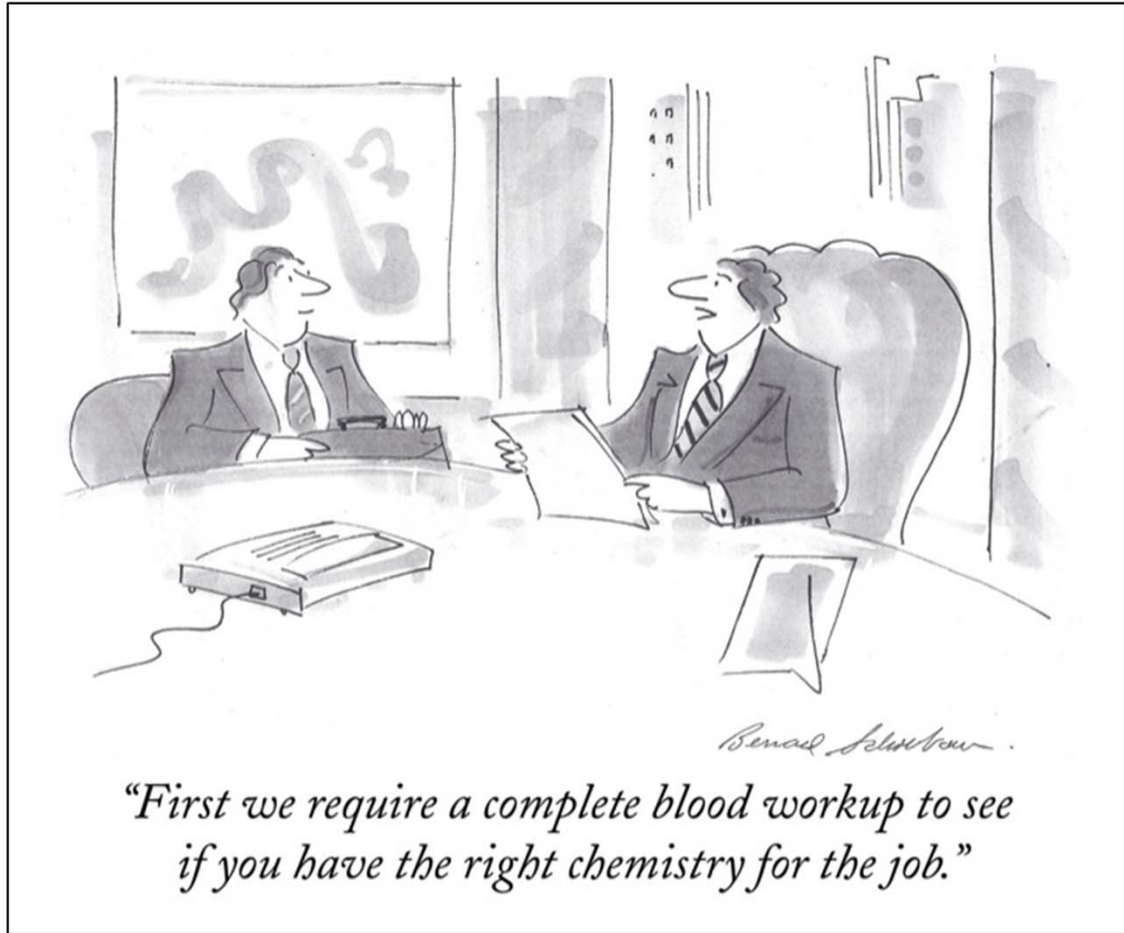
- Ask your graduate and postdoctoral mentors to write to colleagues
- Write to senior colleagues yourself
- Write to heads of Departments/Institutions
- Approach senior colleagues at meetings

My perspective

- PhD in UK and Postdoc in Boston
- Faculty at Baylor College of Med in Houston since 1997
- Direct lab of ~15 trainees, and a stem cell center that has recruited 4 junior faculty
- Participated in many other search committees/recruiting efforts

How does a search committee approach the search?

- Sometimes a specific expertise is sought- may not be explicit in the advert
- Committee often has broad expertise
- Hiring is a huge investment- Looking for promise of future success
- Success
 - Grants and papers
 - Bringing new directions to department
 - Possible collaborations and enrichment



*“First we require a complete blood workup to see
if you have the right chemistry for the job.”*

How do we identify candidates and predict success?

My perspective- med school which is totally dependent on outside funding- must be able to raise grants and become independent; tougher now than ever

- 1st screen → > 100 applications – every typo matters. Every review, paper, and reference counts.
- 10-14 candidates make cut, and further research is done- phone calls, queries (status of papers?) Phone interview (language skills?)
- ~3 brought in for interview

To make first cut

- CV
 - Primary research papers (CNS)
 - Mentor
 - PhD history (mentor and papers)
- Letters of reference → have them sent automatically
 - Specific, and not obviously written by the candidate!
- Research plan- what will their first grant look like?
Can they write?
- Cover letter → well written, neat

Visits

- 1st visit
 - Quality of talk
 - Quality of chalk talk
 - Quality of interactions
 - General mutual interest level/feasibility of recruit
 - Feedback from all people who met (including students)
- 2nd visit
 - Fit/personality
 - Recruitment of spouse/partner
 - Still can win or lose job at this stage
- Negotiation

Preparing for Interview

First Visit

- Seminar – practice practice practice and then practice some more!!!
 - Do not overwhelm with data
 - Put research in context of field
 - Emphasize your unique contributions
 - **BRIEFLY** outline your future research plans (2-3 slides)
 - DO NOT GO LONG! Leave time at end for discussion
- Know the department
- Request an itinerary ahead of time and know the work of your interviewers
 - Review their latest papers/abstracts on plane and prepare questions
- Prepare questions to assess institutional environment, especially when meeting with Assistant Professors
 - Do they feel well-supported
 - Quality of personnel
- Mentally prepare some questions for dinner
 - Does not have to be science-related (the city, schools, etc...)
- Write your thank-you notes on the plane ride home and send them the next day

Preparing for Interview

Second Visit – Chalk Talk

- Practice practice practice and then practice some more!!!
 - Find out ahead of time if slides are OK
 - Practice with and without slides
 - Prepare **FEW** slides (6-8) that are broad outlines of experimental plans and emphasize why your work matters
 - Stand
- Be prepared to answer the following questions without being defensive:
 - What is the first experiment you would do in your new lab?
 - How will you prioritize amongst your experimental goals?
 - What if none of these experiments work?
 - I really don't think that experiment is going to work as you think...
 - Isn't that too ambitious?
 - Why aren't you doing these experiments in mice/zebrafish/worms/whatever?
 - How will you adjust to moving from a large well-funded lab to a lab of 2-3 people with limited resources?
 - How can you compete with Dr.HHMI-funded investigator in your field?
 - What will be the aims of your first R01?
 - Who are your collaborators in this department/institution?
 - Besides NIH, where will you look for funding?

Preparing for Interview

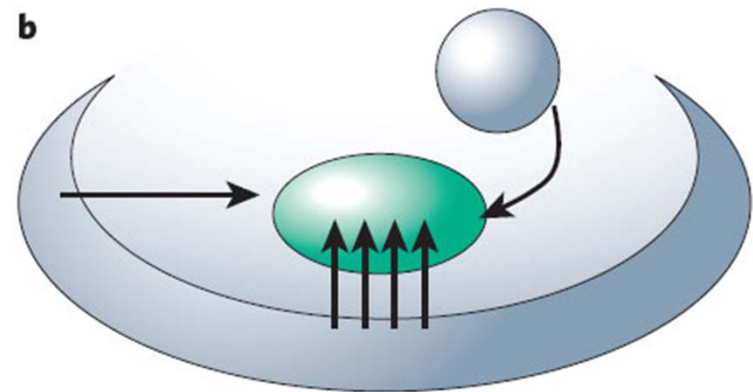
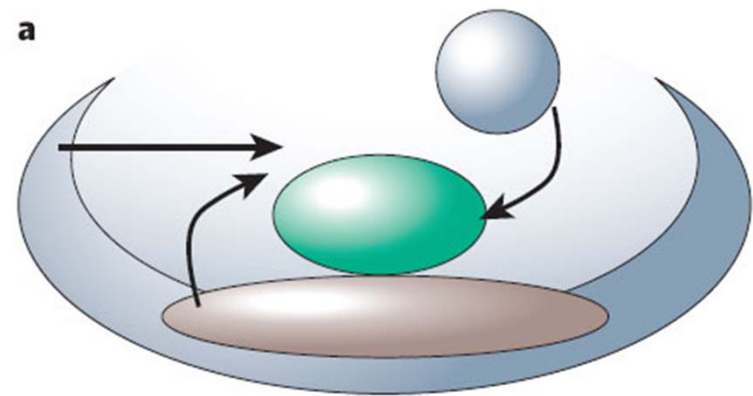
Second Visit

- Again, Request an itinerary ahead of time and know the work of your interviewers
- Be prepared with a list of needs (equipment, mouse space, fish facility, etc...)
- Be prepared to have productive tour with realtor
- Write your thank-you notes on the plane ride home and send them the next day

What should YOU be looking for?

The right niche!

- Is there sufficient financial support?
- Is there mentorship?
- Do I fit?
- Colleagues → they will change your work



The path to research independence

—

an MD perspective

Dr. Michael Heuser

Hematology, Hemostasis, Oncology, and Stem Cell Transplantation

The path to research independence

PhD/MD → Postdoc → Transition phase → Own funding



- A mentor is good, a patron is better
- Write 2-3 proposals
- Preliminary experiments
- Students/PhDs

How to find a new position?

- Create your own one.

The path to research independence

PhD/MD → Postdoc → Transition phase → Own funding



- DFG (Emmy-Noether Program*, individual and group grants)
- Deutsche Krebshilfe (Max-Eder Program*)
- José-Carreras Leukemia Fund
- Wilhelm-Sander Stiftung
- European Research Council (ERC starting grants*)

* Proposals may include position of PI

Max Eder Research Program

- medical doctors, clinically oriented basic researchers
- apply within 6 months after postdoc
- own position, PhD, postdoc, (technician)
- institution has to provide lab space (and technician)
- funding period: 4 years (+ optional 3)
- interview
- time from application to funding: > 1 year

Questions?

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