Legislative Priorities
The prosperity of the State of Kansas is absolutely dependent upon the prosperity of our cities. Over 84% of Kansans live in an incorporated city. In an effort to promote healthy and sustainable communities, the elected and appointed city officials of Kansas hereby establish the following as our legislative priorities for 2023:

Home Rule. Consistent with the Home Rule Amendment of the Kansas Constitution approved by voters in 1960, we support local elected officials making decisions for their communities, particularly local tax and revenue decisions.

Countywide Sales and Use Taxes. Since 1977, Kansas has successfully used a city-county revenue sharing formula for the benefit of all. The existing formula benefits both city and county taxpayers and ensures there is a fair method to distribute funds that are generated primarily in cities.

Government Competition. Local governments should continue to retain local control over the services that they provide to their residents and businesses. We recognize that free markets, under normal circumstances, are the best vehicle for allocating goods and services. However, there are circumstances where the free market either does not efficiently allocate goods and services, creates externalities that endanger public safety and welfare, or simply does not provide a service. In such instances, it falls to government to respond to the will of the people to provide the good or service. In addition, local governments provide services for the sole benefit of their residents and should continue to receive tax benefits to allow those services at a low cost.

Property Taxes. We recognize in areas of the state there is a large reliance on property taxes to fund local and state government. All property taxing authorities, including cities, counties, the state, school districts, special districts, and community colleges should be equally transparent, and have to abide by the same limitations, restrictions and requirements. Any additional transparency measures should not be burdensome or costly. We encourage the state and local governments to work on making government more efficient and recognize the need to work together on innovative approaches to reduce reliance on property taxes.

Uniform Traffic Code. We support a comprehensive review and recodification of the Uniform Traffic Code.
**Mental Health.** We support allocating additional resources for mental health programs. Funds should be allocated for community mental health centers and additional bed space for patients with mental health issues.

**Ambulance Attendants.** We support allowing non-certified attendants to drive ambulances for inter-facility patient transfers with one attendant providing patient care. These staff should be trained to operate emergency vehicles. We continue to support the use of certified attendants for emergency situations.

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**Finance & Taxation**

An adequate source of revenue is necessary to fund the essential services of city government. Each city is unique in both services provided and the ability to pay for such services; maximum flexibility should be granted to local governing bodies to determine the amount and source of funding for city services.

**Tax/Spending Lid.** Local spending and taxing decisions are best left to the local officials representing the citizens that elected them. We strongly oppose any state-imposed limits on the taxing and spending authority of cities.

**Tax Policy.** The League supports the long-established philosophy of balancing revenue from income, sales, and property taxes to assure the fiscal ability of the state and local governments to provide the services citizens want and need. Changes to tax policies should not be undertaken without a full understanding of the overall impact upon all taxpayers, taxing entities, and the sources and amounts of tax revenues to be generated or eliminated by such policy changes.

**Property Taxes.** We recognize in areas of the state there is a large reliance on property taxes to fund local and state government. All property taxing authorities, including cities, counties, the state, school districts, special districts, and community colleges should be equally transparent and have to abide by the same limitations, restrictions and requirements. Any additional transparency measures should not be burdensome or costly. We encourage the state and local governments to work to make government more efficient and recognize the need to work together on innovative approaches to reduce reliance on property taxes.

**Property Tax Exemptions.** We support a broad tax base and believe the existing property tax base should be protected. We encourage the legislature to resist any proposal to further exempt any specific property classification from taxation, including industry-specific exemptions. We support the current statutory definition of machinery and equipment and the exemption should not be
expanded. The legislature should actively review existing exemptions to determine if they should continue or be repealed.

**Property Valuation.** We support appraisals based on fair-market value as historically used in Kansas. We oppose caps in property valuations as unconstitutional and inequitable.

**LAVTR.** The state legislature, as required by Kansas statutes, should help to relieve the burden on property taxpayers by funding the Local Ad Valorem Tax Reduction (LAVTR) program.

**Taxes Paid Under Protest.** Due to the effect that taxes paid under protest and large property tax exemptions can have on cities, the state and the county where the city is located should be required to notify cities when taxes, including compensating use and ad valorem taxes, are paid under protest or a large tax exemption is filed so that cities have accurate data when making budgetary decisions.

**Mandatory Spending.** We oppose any law that requires a city spend a certain threshold to receive and maintain state dollars. All spending decisions should remain at the local level.

**Countywide Sales and Use Taxes.** Since 1977, Kansas has successfully used a city-county revenue sharing formula for the benefit of all. The existing formula benefits both city and county taxpayers and ensures there is a fair method to distribute funds that are generated primarily in cities.

**Sales Tax.** Kansas should have a broad sales tax on all goods and services. Cities should be able to impose voter-approved local sales taxes. Sales tax exemptions should be limited to those for which the benefit outweighs the tax dollars lost.

**Alternative Revenue Sources.** Cities should be authorized to approve alternative revenue sources in order to maintain appropriate levels of funding for the health, safety and welfare of our citizens.

**Budget Timeline.** The current statutory framework for the adoption of municipal budgets makes it difficult for cities to plan for budgets that must be presented to governing bodies five months before the start of the fiscal year. We support legislation to allow the adoption of City budgets by November 30 but keep the August 25 deadline for cities not exceeding the Revenue Neutral Rate and October 1 for cities choosing to exceed the Revenue Neutral Rate to certify for certification of the amount of ad valorem tax revenue needed.

**Finance Policies.** Cities should be allowed to set financial policies in-line with bond rating requirements and other generally accepted best practices for municipal management.
EMS/Hospital Funding. Municipal hospitals and emergency medical services (EMS) are challenged in meeting their communities’ needs. We support the expansion of Medicaid in Kansas to allow such entities access to federal funding, helping cities maintain and provide critical services for their citizens. If the legislature fails to approve Medicaid Expansion, additional state funding needs to be made available to rural hospitals in order to retain businesses and their employees and sustain the health and lives of Kansans.

Unfunded Mandates. We oppose unfunded mandates. If the state or federal governments seek to promote particular policy objectives, such mandates should be accompanied by an appropriate level of funding.

City and County Revenue Sharing. The State Legislature should fund existing city and county revenue sharing programs as required by Kansas statutes.

Telecommunications Taxes. We support cities’ continued ability to impose and collect taxes and fees on telecommunications providers.

Federal Loan Programs. We support changes to allow local governments to participate directly in federal loan programs.

Banking and Investment Restrictions. We support maximum banking and investment choices for local government. At a minimum, all cities, counties and school districts should have the same banking and investment authority the state has granted to itself.

Library Funding. We support Kansas statutes being modernized to reflect revenue neutral rate requirements when determining a public library’s eligibility for state funding.

Public Safety

Cities play a critical role in the protection of the health and safety of the citizens of Kansas. Because mandated programs are costlier and less efficient, government at all levels should cooperate in the development of health and safety programs.

Law Enforcement and Public Safety. We believe cooperative efforts, rather than state and federal mandated requirements, are vital to the efficient and effective development of local law enforcement and public safety programs.
**Asset Forfeiture.** We support the use of asset forfeiture as an important component in reducing financial gains from criminal acts while providing civil due process. All assets forfeited, or the proceeds of the sale of the same, should remain with the local government that seizes the property.

**Municipal Court.** Municipal courts serve a vital role protecting an individual’s right to equal protection under the law following arrest or detainment. We support the local control of, and judicial authority of, municipal courts. All assessed court funds under a municipal court order, other than restitution collected and payable to a third party and state assessments paid under K.S.A. 12-4117, shall be retained by the local municipality. We support municipalities’ ability to set appropriate fines and fees.

**Emergency 911 Services.** Cities and counties should maintain local control of the 911 system and the 911 tax should continue to include both wireline and wireless communications. We support legislation providing flexibility for local governments to utilize these funds to provide emergency services. 911 funds should not be diverted by the legislature for other uses.

**Emergency Management.** Because cities play a crucial role in effective emergency management, implementation strategies must promote cooperative efforts between federal, state and local governments. Changes to the Emergency Management Act should consider the role of the city in responding to disasters.

**Medical Charges.** The cost of health care services for prisoners and individuals in custody is a growing concern for cities. We strongly believe the first person responsible for the payment of medical costs should be the individuals in custody. Another needed change, to begin addressing these costs, is to clarify that the entity charging for a crime is responsible in the event those costs cannot be recovered. We support the pooling of resources between all state and local law enforcement agencies.

**Law Enforcement Discretion.** We support local governments’ discretion in establishing law enforcement vehicle pursuit policies and the ability of law enforcement officers to use discretion in determining when to make an arrest.

**Service Animal Fraud.** We recognize the important role service animals play for the disabled community. The use of such animals is being tainted by service animal fraud. We support strengthening and redefining the crime of service animal fraud to dis incentivize individuals from
asserting their animal is a service animal in order to avoid vicious animal, exotic, livestock, or breed-specific ordinances.

**Alcohol & CMB Regulation.** We support the authority of cities to license and regulate alcoholic liquor and cereal malt beverage retailers and establishments.

**Medical Marijuana.** The legislature should carefully weigh the impact of medical marijuana on law enforcement and human resources. In addition, medical marijuana should be subject to existing state and local sales tax and cities should be able to levy their own excise fees and receive a portion of any state funds to offset the impact of medical marijuana. Also, cities should have the ability to opt-in to allowing dispensaries in their city. Kansas should only allow the cultivation and processing of medical marijuana and THC in licensed facilities and should not allow residential grow operations of any sort. In addition, Kansas should delay implementation to give time to study any issues that might result from the passage of medical marijuana legislation.

** Firearms and Weapons.** We support the local regulation of firearms and weapons.

**Homeland Security.** First responders at the local level serve as the front-line defense in the prevention and response to terrorism and other security risks. Local governments should be granted maximum flexibility and discretion over implementation of monies and strategies regarding homeland security.

**Regulation.** Any regulation should balance the costs to the benefit of the regulation. Existing regulations that no longer pass this balancing test should be repealed.

**Cybersecurity.** Organizations of every size constantly face cyber-related incidents. We encourage the State to provide collaborative discussions, training programs, and feasibility studies for the impact of cyber-attacks on cities. Cities will use information provided by the state government to determine best practices and policies for municipal implementation.

**Scrap Metal.** Cities are currently preempted from regulating scrap metal. We support a narrowing of this preemption so that cities can address issues at the local level.

**Mental Health.** We support allocating additional resources for mental health programs. Funds should be allocated for community mental health centers and additional bed space for patients with mental health issues.
Expanded Gaming. If the State Legislature authorizes expanded gaming, cities should receive funds to offset the impact, similar to agreements for other gaming that occurs in Kansas.

Infrastructure

Cities construct, manage, operate and maintain numerous infrastructure components that provide a high quality of life. Infrastructure involving transportation, municipal utilities, energy services, and water and environmental structures are all dependent on the ability of local officials to self-determine what’s appropriate for their own communities. This self-governance relies on the expectation of cooperation from the state government and full funding as required by law under current statutory programs from both the state and federal government.

Transportation

Connecting Links. The State should maintain KDOT’s funding for connecting link programs at the FY 2020 level for cities to provide for the maintenance of state highways within city limits. We support full funding of the City Connecting Link Improvement Program (CCLIP).

City-County Highway Fund. The City-County Highway Fund is essential to maintaining local roads and bridges and should be fully funded and not be diverted for other purposes. Such funding should include the transfer of fees from the registration of out-of-state commercial vehicles, as directed by K.S.A. 9-3425i. The proceeds from any increases to the motor fuel tax rates should be allocated in accordance with current statutory provisions.

Comprehensive Transportation Program. We support full funding of the Eisenhower Legacy Transportation Program. We oppose any use of these funds to balance the state’s General Fund budget. Any reduction in funding jeopardizes existing programs.

Transportation Safety. The State should work in cooperation with local governments to continue to provide safe roads and bridges within Kansas. The State should focus on all users of the transportation systems and recognize that a system that is designed for use by pedestrians, bicycles, and vehicles is safer and more economically prosperous for all Kansans.

Transportation Maintenance. Because transportation infrastructure is critical to state and local development activities, we support the continued maintenance of the transportation
infrastructure in Kansas. We further support continued funding to support multimodal transportation networks, including for mass transit, biking, and walking infrastructure.

Transportation Development Districts. We support the continued ability of cities to establish transportation development districts to meet the economic development and transportation infrastructure needs in the community.

Electric Charging Station Infrastructure. We support the expansion of electric charging station infrastructure throughout the state in order to increase the pace of electric vehicle adoption and positively impact local communities. We support a change to allow sales of electricity at EV charging stations and for EV charging stations to not be classified as regulated utilities.

Airport Funding. We support the continued use of state economic development dollars (EDIF funds) to enhance airport facilities and services.

Recreational Trails. We support the development of recreational trails, including rails to trails, aquatic trails, and hike-and-bike on levee trails projects, and oppose any legislation that would make such development more burdensome or costly.

Rail Service. We support existing and enhanced passenger and freight rail service in Kansas and seek a strong partnership with the state and federal government to achieve meaningful improvements.

Uniform Traffic Code. We support a comprehensive review and recodification of the Uniform Traffic Code.

Utilities

Broadband. Access to reliable broadband service is increasingly important to the economic health of Kansas cities. We support the establishment of the Broadband Deployment Grant to facilitate broadband expansion in Kansas. Guidance for the grant program and broadband-related statutes must recognize the important role local governments play in such expansion and not remove important planning and right of way authority from local governments.

Service Territory. Municipalities must retain the authority to purchase, construct, or extend the infrastructure necessary to supply the cities and their inhabitants with public utilities, including
electric services. We believe in the current statutory framework which allows cities’ jurisdictional limits to change over time, due to the annexation of land, including land located within the service territory of another utility provider.

**Municipal Operation.** We support the ability of cities to operate municipal gas, water, electric, sewer, telecommunications, broadband, solid waste, stormwater or other utility services. We further support the ability of cities to set and control the rates for locally owned and operated utilities, and support the current defined service territory statutes.

**Right of First Refusal.** We support municipal utilities having the ability to invest in new electric/transmission projects in order to provide reliable, affordable service to local customers. We oppose efforts prohibiting competition for transmission projects in Kansas.

**Franchise Authority.** We oppose any legislation restricting the current franchise authority for cities, including limits on franchise fees.

**Mandates.** We oppose unfunded federal and state mandates regulating the operation of municipal gas, water, electric, sewer, telecommunications, solid waste, stormwater utilities or other utility services. Any mandates passed down to cities should not be imposed without a cost-benefit analysis and should be accompanied by appropriate funding. In addition, regulations should provide for a reasonable implementation schedule.

**Public Water Supply Supervision Program.** We support changes to the statutory language increasing the funding stability for the Kansas Department of Health and Environment’s Public Water Supply Supervision program. These changes must balance municipal cost concerns and recognize the state has a responsibility to contribute to these important public health matters. In addition, we recognize a need to update standards to meet federal clean drinking water standards.

**Right-of-Way.** Cities must maintain their ability to regulate the public right-of-way and recover reasonable compensation for use of the right-of-way. Kansas policy should not be dictated by overreaching federal mandates. We oppose efforts to codify at the state level federal directives limiting cities’ powers.

**Energy**
**Electric Utility Deregulation.** Community-owned and operated municipal electric utilities make long-term power supply decisions and investments with the goal of benefiting their overall community. We support continued local control over power supply decisions.

**Statewide Energy Policy.** We support the development of a coordinated and comprehensive Energy Plan. Further, we support creative and cooperative implementation of renewable energy and energy efficient technologies that are environmentally sustainable and economically successful.

**Energy Efficiency.** Energy efficiency saves money, drives investment across all sectors of the economy, creates jobs, and reduces the environmental impact of energy use. Accordingly, we support public and private incentives to encourage energy efficiency and renewable energy.

**Building Codes.** We oppose any measures to preempt local building codes. Further, cities should continue to be allowed to shape local codes to incentivize net zero or net-zero ready building requirements.

**Propane.** We support cities’ authority to protect public safety by regulating the capacity of propane units/facilities for residential or commercial purposes.

**Water and Environment**

**Water Quality.** We support a clean and safe public water supply and the protection of public health and aquatic life. We endorse regional and cooperative solutions to water quality challenges that address point and non-point source pollution while balancing municipal cost concerns.

**Water Quantity.** Government at all levels should aggressively pursue the conservation, protection and development of current and future municipal water supplies. We support cost-effective efforts to extend the life of reservoirs and to expand reservoir storage for use by municipal water suppliers. We support immediate state action, in consultation with municipal providers, to address over-appropriated surface and groundwater resources while respecting priority of water rights. The water rights management tools that have been developed in recent years should be modified or expanded so that they provide the same type of flexibility and authority to any water rights holder regardless of class.
**Water Planning.** We support increased municipal representation on the Kansas Water Authority; broad-based revenue sources and distribution for the state Water Plan Fund; and a re-evaluation of the process for adopting the annual state Water Plan Fund budget.

**Infrastructure Funding.** We support increased federal and state funding to assist local communities with their water, wastewater, stormwater, levee and dam infrastructure and associated security needs. In addition, we call for loan terms of up to 40 years when the useable lifespan of an improvement will exceed the term of the loan.

**Stormwater Management.** We endorse regional and cooperative solutions to stormwater quality and quantity challenges that address point and non-point source pollution. We further endorse state measures to incentivize and enable investment in green infrastructure (e.g., street trees, use of native plants, etc.) to support sustainable communities.

**Solid Waste.** The home rule powers of cities to dispose of and manage municipal solid waste should not be restricted. This includes local control and decision-making surrounding recycling and composting programs.

**Hazardous Waste.** We support a comprehensive state-local approach to provide assistance in identifying hazardous wastes and to develop programs to monitor and dispose of such wastes. We encourage state agencies to work cooperatively with local governments in the development and approval of programs to identify, monitor and dispose of hazardous waste. Further, appropriate education and training should be provided prior to the implementation of such programs.

**Clean Air.** We support air quality controls and a state-developed air quality plan that protects the health and safety of Kansans while balancing municipal cost concerns.

**Water and Wastewater Certification.** We support improved certification programs that better align the necessary skillsets for real world water and wastewater system operation with the content of the corresponding exams. We support review of water and wastewater certification to ensure validity and reliability. These certifications need to continue to be protective of the public health and environment. We encourage contracting and collaboration to help utilities acquire the knowledge, skills, abilities, and certifications needed to effectively and efficiently serve Kansas rate payers.

**Human Resources**
City employees are the foundation of effective city government. City governing bodies must have the authority to develop local personnel policies to attract and maintain a high-quality public workforce.

Workers’ Compensation. We support reasonable and just benefits for employees injured within the course and scope of their public employment, and effective enforcement of the Workers’ Compensation Act.

KPERS & KP&F. We support the full funding of the Kansas Public Employees Retirement System (KPERS) and Kansas Police & Fire (KP&F) retirement systems and honoring all commitments that have been made by KPERS and KP&F. The local KPERS system should remain separate from the state and school retirement system. Changes to the KPERS system should not impact a city’s ability to hire and retain qualified public employees, including any undue burden on hiring KPERS retirees, or reduce benefits promised to employees.

Public Employer-Employee Relations Act (PEERA)/Collective Bargaining. We oppose any federal or state mandate requiring collective bargaining at the local level.

Personnel Mandates. We oppose state and federal mandates involving public personnel.

Weapons and Firearms. We support the ability of local governments to set policies regarding the carrying of weapons and firearms by municipal employees while they are engaged in their work.

Prevailing Wage. We oppose federal and state mandates requiring or prohibiting the payment of prevailing wage.

Health Care & Other Benefits. We support cooperation and active study of ways to relieve the financial burden of securing employee health care coverage, including the continued option for cities to participate in the state health care program.

Unemployment. We support reasonable and just benefits for employees who are qualified individuals under the Kansas Employment Security Law. We oppose the finding that volunteers, who are paid a nominal stipend, are considered a qualified individual. We support legislation to define “volunteer” in Kansas employment law such that it is consistent with federal law.
Ambulance Attendants. We support allowing non-certified attendants to drive ambulances for inter-facility patient transfers with one attendant providing patient care. These staff should be trained to operate emergency vehicles. We continue to support the use of certified attendants for emergency situations. Add to legislative priorities.

Government Policies & Procedures

Abiding by the longstanding constitutional Home Rule authority of Kansas cities, there is a need to ensure local governments maintain autonomy and the authority of self-governance to create a safe and sustainable quality of life for residents. In an effort to construct appropriate policies for their community, such as economic and community development initiatives, cities should be committed to implementing procedures which ensure ethical and transparent governance from their officials.

Home Rule. Consistent with the Home Rule Amendment of the Kansas Constitution approved by voters in 1960, we support local elected city officials making decisions for their communities, particularly local tax and revenue decisions.

Government Competition. Local governments should continue to retain local control over the services that they provide to their residents. We recognize that free markets, under normal circumstances, are the best vehicle for allocating goods and services. However, there are circumstances where the free market either does not efficiently allocate goods and services, creates externalities that endanger public safety and welfare, or simply does not provide a service. In such instances, so it falls to government to respond to the will of the people to provide the good or service. In addition, local governments provide services for the sole benefit of their residents and should continue to receive tax benefits to allow those services at a low cost.

Protection of the First Amendment. The right of the people through their democratically elected and appointed officials to petition and speak to their government officials shall not be abridged. We support cities’ First Amendment right of freedom of association to work together to accomplish common goals.

Police Powers. We support the authority of cities to regulate in order to protect the health, safety, and welfare of the public.
Non-Discrimination. We oppose any discrimination against persons, by reason of their race, religion, color, sex, disability, national origin, ancestry, sexual orientation, or gender identity. We oppose discrimination against any person because of the person's race, color, religion, sex (including pregnancy, gender identity, or sexual orientation), age (40 or older), national origin, ancestry, disability, military/veteran status, or genetic information.

City Elections. City elections should remain non-partisan and separate from state and national elections. We oppose any action by the state or federal government that would threaten the ability of cities to hold non-partisan elections. The decision to hold partisan local elections should remain with local governments.

Filing for Office. In order to encourage a higher number of candidates to file for office, we support the filing location for city elections being available in the city clerk’s office. The state should evaluate remote filing options in the future.

Filling of Vacancies. The current statutes for filling vacancies have served the state well for over fifty years. Vacancy filling should remain the responsibility of local governing bodies made up of duly elected officials.

Annexation. The ability of cities to grow is inherent in the economic growth and development of the state. Therefore, we support local jurisdictions’ ability to make their own decisions regarding orderly growth through annexation.

Sign Regulation. We support the authority of local government to regulate signs in compliance with federal law.

Public Property & Rights-of-Way. We support the ability of cities to control and manage public property and rights-of-way and to impose franchise or use fees on those entities that utilize the rights-of-way.

Eminent Domain. Eminent domain is a fundamental municipal power. The authority to acquire property through condemnation proceedings is critical for public improvement projects. We support increased flexibility for local governments to use eminent domain for economic development purposes, including blight remediation, without seeking legislative approval.

Governmental Immunity. We support continued immunity for cities from tort liability and legislation strengthening the Kansas Torts Claims Act.
**Interlocal Cooperation.** We support the principle of voluntary cooperation among all levels of government.

**City/County Consolidation.** We support processes for local consolidation without undue statutory barriers. We further believe the issue of consolidation is an inherently local one and the voters should be allowed to determine whether consolidation with another unit of government occurs.

**Summary Publication of Resolutions.** We support legislation allowing cities to publish a summary of a resolution, with the full text of any resolution posted on the city’s official website, in lieu of publication of the full resolution.

**Private Cemetery Liability.** We support legislation removing the requirement for cities to care for and maintain formerly private cemeteries that have been dissolved.

**Community Development**

**Housing.** The lack of quality housing across the state creates an impediment to growth and economic development. The League supports programs that encourage access to quality housing, including but not limited to, the recommendations of the State Housing Study, the Housing Investor Tax Credit Act, the Kansas Affordable Housing Tax Credit Act, the Kansas Rural Home Loan Guarantee Act, guaranteeing appraisals in rural counties, the Historic Kansas Act, and the Kansas Rural Housing Incentive District Act.

**Rural Housing Incentive Loan Fund.** We support the creation of a State low interest revolving loan fund to finance development in Rural Housing Incentive Districts.

**Abandoned and Blighted Housing.** We support legislation that streamlines and expedites the process for local governments, neighborhood organizations and private businesses to deal with the blight of abandoned, nuisance, foreclosed housing, and commercial structures to protect the rights and property values of surrounding property owners.

**Housing-Rental Inspections.** We support giving cities the authority to require inspections of rental housing for the safety of tenants and to protect the rights and property values of surrounding property owners.
**Revitalization Tools.** We support the continued use of the Neighborhood Revitalization Act, the Downtown Redevelopment Act, the Transportation Development District Act and the Community Improvement District Act to promote local neighborhood development.

**Economic Development Partnerships.** State and regional partnerships are vital to the sustained growth of the state and should be supported by policy and with adequate funding.

**Tax Abatements.** We support the authority of cities to offer tax abatements to encourage business investment in their communities.

**Tax Increment Financing (TIF).** We support the continued use of TIF to promote economic development. TIF laws should allow maximum flexibility and allow for efficient use by communities.

**STAR Bonds.** We support the ability of cities to utilize STAR bonds to promote economic development in their communities.

**Land Use and Zoning.** We support the ability of local officials to make land use and zoning decisions within their community, including decisions about the location, placement, size, appearance and siting of transmission and receiving facilities and any other communications facilities.

**Tourism.** We support cooperative ventures between the state and local government in Kansas to promote tourism as an industry that is vital to growth and development all across the state.

**Tax credits.** We support the continued availability of tax credits as a tool for economic development.

**Transparency in Government**

**Open Meetings.** All levels of government should be subject to the same open meetings requirements. These laws should not be unduly burdensome.

**Open Records.** All levels of government should be subject to the same open records requirements. State laws governing open records should balance the public’s right of access, with the necessity of protecting the privacy of individual citizens, and the ability of public agencies to
conduct their essential business functions. We support a city’s ability to recoup reasonable costs associated with open records requests.

**Intergovernmental Dialogue.** Communication between all levels of government is critical to the successful delivery of public services to the citizens of Kansas. Representatives from cities provide facts and information crucial to intergovernmental relations, and as such, should have the same rights and responsibilities as private interest lobbyists. We support current law regarding the use of state and local public moneys to provide information and advocate on behalf of our cities and citizens. Any reporting system should not increase the administrative burden on local governments.

**Body Cameras.** We support the ability of local governments to determine when and how body cameras will be used by law enforcement officers. We support the establishment of reasonable regulations concerning public access to recordings, balancing the needs of law enforcement and the individuals whose images are captured in the recordings.

**Federal Issues**

Local officials welcome the opportunity to work together with federal and state officials on policies impacting local communities. Federal agencies should research and understand the fiscal impact on local units of government when implementing new guidelines or laws. Cities manage their finances, infrastructure and personnel more effectively without unfunded federal mandates.

**Local Control.** We support local elected officials making decisions for their communities. Though the Home Rule powers granted cities in the Kansas Constitution do not affect federal powers, we call on our representatives and federal agencies to look at federal legislation and regulations with local control in mind.

**Police Reform.** We support the work of our local police departments to make our communities safer for all. Any federal or state proposals for police reform should be focused on providing resources for local law enforcement, incentivizing transparency, and encouraging good police practices, including equity and justice.

**Federal Recovery Money for Cities.** Federal funding from the CARES Act and the American Rescue Plan Act have been critical for local governments to both respond to the negative impacts
of the pandemic and support the economic recovery. As cities work on plans to best help their residents, Congress should not move to take back these funds.

Federal Bipartisan Infrastructure Legislation (BIL). Federal funding from the Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL) will be critical for local governments to support critical city services and the economic recovery. The League supports programs that enhance a better quality of life for all residents, including but not limited to, federal-aid highway programs, bridge replacement, public transportation, expansion of EV charging stations, broadband expansion, protection against wildfires, protection against cyberattacks, improve water infrastructure, replace lead pipes, and for airport infrastructure development.

Advanced Refunding of Bonds. In order to allow cities to quickly recover from this current recession, we urge Congress to allow cities to issue tax exempt advance refunding municipal bonds. Cities refinancing bonds will be able to free much needed cash flow to reduce taxes or create capital investments.

Community Development Block Grants (CDBG). We support continued funding for Community Development Block Grants, Community Service Block Grants and HOME Grants. These programs’ funding is an essential component of cities’ strategies to fund critical community services and infrastructure needs.

Municipal Bonds. We support the removal or modification of overly burdensome and costly restrictions affecting the issuance of municipal bonds. Further, we support the continued tax-exempt status for municipal bonds.

Broadband Deployment & Municipal Oversight. Access to reliable broadband service is increasingly important to the economic health of Kansas cities. However, federal action via legislation or orders from federal agencies must recognize the key role local governments play in such expansion, and it must not remove important planning and right of way authority from local governments. Cities must be afforded the continued right to address safety, health and welfare for both their citizens and other entities with valuable infrastructure in the right of way. In addition, the right of way serves as an important resource for citizens, and the right to offset costs of management and levy taxes should not be limited.

Energy Spikes. We support federal review and investigation of the extraordinary energy price spikes seen throughout the Midwest in Winter 2021. Based on the information gathered, we encourage Congress and federal, regional and state agencies to make appropriate changes in laws
and regulations governing natural gas and electricity production and sales in order to promote stability in energy prices.

**Immigration Reform.** We support a federal solution to immigration reform. Any immigration policy should not negatively impact local governments with additional law enforcement or administrative burdens. We support Congress continuing assistance to under-served areas with large immigrant populations, who are attempting to remain in compliance with the United States Citizenship and Immigration Services.

**Medicare Reimbursement Rates.** We encourage the federal government to establish reasonable reimbursement rates.

**Transportation.** We support consistent federal funding of the nation’s surface multimodal transportation with increased support to critical regional infrastructure priorities.

**Every Day Counts Initiative.** We support the Federal Highway Administration U.S. Department of Transportation’s Every Day Counts initiative to enhance roadway safety, integrate automation, reduce traffic congestion, and shorten project delivery processes in order to save time, money, and resources.

**Stormwater.** We support simple and flexible federal regulations of municipal stormwater run-off that allow for orderly and cost-effective development. The federal government should appropriate funds for research and for the development of pilot projects on stormwater management.

**Water Quality.** We support a clean and safe public water supply and the protection of public health and aquatic life. We endorse federal investments and cooperative solutions that address water quality challenges and take into account municipal cost concerns.

**Hazardous Waste.** We urge federal agencies to work cooperatively with state and local governments in the development and approval of programs to identify, monitor and dispose of hazardous waste. Appropriate education and training should be provided prior to the implementation of such programs.

**Telecommunications Data.** We support the continued ability of public safety officials to access data from telecommunications companies in times of emergencies to assist investigations.
**Rail Service.** We support existing and enhanced passenger and freight rail service in Kansas. In many cases, this service is the only affordable alternative to highway transportation in communities. Changes to Amtrak service should not sacrifice this alternative nor the investments in the service by cities.

**Railroad Quiet Zones.** We urge Congress to reexamine the Train Horn Rule with the Federal Railroad Administration. Rules for implementing quiet zones should be less burdensome and allow for differences in community circumstances while continuing to protect public safety. We also request Congress provide federal funds for the purpose of establishing quiet zones and consider new technology which may enhance the safety of quiet zones while minimizing or eliminating train horn noise.

**Policy Development**

This *Statement of Municipal Policy* was developed by city officials through the League’s policy committees. There are three policy committees that are focused in specific areas: Finance & Taxation, Public Officers & Employees, and Utilities & Environment. The fourth committee, the Legislative Policy Committee, reviews the entire Statement and the recommendations of the three specific committees. The Statement is then submitted to the Governing Body and is ultimately adopted by the Convention of Voting Delegates at the League’s Annual Conference. For more information about the League policy committees or process, check out the League website at [www.lkm.org](http://www.lkm.org) or contact us at (785) 354-9565.