NCAN's research documents the prevalence of “unaffordability” at public two-year and four-year institutions for students from low- and moderate-income families. The following charts demonstrate the affordability landscape of postsecondary education. When net price and emergency expenses are not covered by subsidized loans and student earnings from part-time employment, NCAN defines the remaining deficit as an “affordability gap.” In instances where the sum of loans and wages equals or surpasses the sum of net price and emergency costs, we refer to the surplus as “an affordability margin.”

The **Pell Grant** is a federal need-based aid award that helps millions of students annually.

**State grant programs** are crucial for college access and success, and can be based on financial need, merit, or a variety of factors.

**There are 178,293 Pell Grant recipients in Ohio.**

**Ohio receives $710,200,990 in Pell Grant funding each year.**

**Average Undergraduate Grant Aid (per FTE)**

Source: Federal Student Aid Pell Grant 2021-2022 End of Year Report.
In the 2023-2024 FAFSA cycle, Ohio ranks 20th in FAFSA Completion. 53% of high school seniors in Ohio completed a FAFSA for the 2023-2024 cycle (as of 7/1/2023).


The OHIO Class of 2023 left $108 million in Pell Grants unclaimed, by not completing a FAFSA.

Source: NCAN, Pell Dollars Left on the Table Report.

The chart to the right reflects degree attainment (including an associate's degree or higher,) for adults ages 25 and older.