College Affordability in NEW MEXICO

Public higher education is becoming less affordable. NCAN’s research shows that, between 2013-14 to 2017-18, there was a great decline in the percentage of affordable two- and four-year public institutions for the average Pell Grant recipient. Students’ financial aid, family contributions, and work earnings failed to cover the full cost of attendance. The remaining value is defined as an “affordability gap”.¹

This is the state of college affordability for Pell Grant recipients in New Mexico.

**PERCENTAGE OF INSTITUTIONS THAT ARE AFFORDABLE, 2017-18**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2-Year</th>
<th>4-Year</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>New Mexico</td>
<td>67%</td>
<td>45%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>U.S.</td>
<td>43%</td>
<td>25%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**AFFORDABILITY GAPS, 2017-18¹**

- 2-Year:
  - New Mexico: $(923)
  - U.S.: $(2,000)
- 4-Year:
  - New Mexico: $640
  - U.S.: $2,406

**STATE GRANT AID**

State aid programs are crucial for college access and success, and can be based on financial need, merit, or a variety of factors.

**Average Undergraduate Grant Aid**

(Per full time equivalent student, in 2017-18)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>New Mexico</th>
<th>U.S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$940</td>
<td>$890</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FEDERAL PELL GRANT AID**

The Pell Grant is a federal need-based award that helps millions of students annually.

**New Mexico**

(2017-18)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Total Pell Grant Recipients</th>
<th>Total Pell Grant Dollars</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>44,156</td>
<td>$168,401,181</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

¹ A negative affordability gap, i.e., when the cost of attendance is less than the sum of financial aid, family contributions, and a student’s wages, means that college is affordable. Conversely, a positive gap means there is less financial aid than is needed to pay for college.
College Access and Completion in NEW MEXICO

FAFSA COMPLETION
The Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) determines eligibility for many types of aid. FAFSA completion is strongly associated with college enrollment. Nationally, 57% of high school seniors completed the FAFSA for the 2019-20 cycle.ii

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>State Rank (all states, DC and PR)</th>
<th>40</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FAFSA Completion: High School Seniors</td>
<td>50%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

EFNSA COMPLETION
Enrollment in postsecondary education is crucial for expanding economic opportunity. The chart below reflects the percentage of adults, age 18-24, who are enrolled in college.iii

DEGREE ATTAINMENT
The chart below reflects the percentage of Americans, age 25 to 64, with associate degrees and higher.iv

For more information, contact:
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warickc@ncan.org

About NCAN: The National College Attainment Network has more than 450 member organizations across the U.S. working to close equity gaps in postsecondary completion. NCAN members support more than 2 million students and families each year and span the education, government, and civic sectors.

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iii Note: The FAFSA completion figures represent the percentage of seniors who completed the FAFSA by June 28, 2019.


v Ibid.