

PROPERTY PROTECTION: PROTECTING YOUR ENTERPRISE

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As professionals, none of what we discuss today should be new.

I am from the Insurance Company, and I am
here to help.

But you are just here because you don't want
to pay claims, right?

What are we protecting your enterprise from?

In the insurance industry, we call these
events **Perils**

Property Perils

FIRE

WATER

WIND

HAIL

AIRCRAFT

RIOT

VEHICLES

EXPLOSION

SMOKE

Property Perils

FIRE

What is Fire?

From the National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)

A rapid oxidation process, which is a chemical reaction resulting in the evolution of light and heat in varying intensities.

Fire has it's place

- Cooking
- Heating
- Controlled Processes

Preventing Destructive Fire

Fire requires 3 elements

- Oxygen
- Fuel
- Source of Ignition (Spark)

Oxygen

- Air is 21% Oxygen

Limited Control

- Oxidizers

Pool Chemicals, Water treatment, Welding Gases,

Fuel

- Limit supplies to needs
- Housekeeping

Fuel

- Keep areas near sources of ignition free of combustibles
 - Heating Equipment
 - Electrical Service
 - Cooking equipment
- Control Combustible load
 - Storage
 - Decorative assemblies
 - Substitution of less combustible materials
- Limit and control combustible waste
 - Use appropriate containers
 - Clear receptacles regularly
- Oxidizing agents
 - Watch for incompatible storage

Source of Ignition (Spark)

- Heating Elements
- Electrical Equipment
- Cooking Equipment
- Hot Work
- Smoking
- Candles

Source of Ignition (Spark)

- Hot Work
 - Know what constitutes Hot Work
 - Hot Work Designated Area
 - Hot Work Program
 - Documented
 - In House and Contractors

Source of Ignition (Spark)

- Smoking Control
 - As education facilities, smoking on campus is tightly controlled
 - As a result, control of surreptitious smoking is a high priority

Source of Ignition (Spark)

- Electrical Equipment
 - Thermographic (Infrared) Testing
 - Frequency is based on power and use
 - Overloading of circuits
 - Our infrastructure was not built for the proliferation of devices
 - Computer/Tablets/Cell Phones
 - LCD Panels/Projectors

Source of Ignition (Spark)

- Electrical Equipment (Continued)
 - Temporary Fixtures
 - Lighting
 - Holiday
 - Special Events
 - Extension Cords
 - Minimize Use
 - Inspect

Source of Ignition (Spark)

- Electrical Equipment (Continued)
 - Lithium Ion Batteries
 - Personal Mobility (Scooters, “Hoverboards”, E-Bikes)
 - Power tools
 - Computers/Tablets/Battery Banks
 - The Hazard
 - Unauthorized repairs to batteries
 - Batteries with no UL or similar listing

Source of Ignition (Spark)

- Cooking
 - Housekeeping – Noted before
 - Appropriate equipment and Location
 - Treat temporary cooking like Hot Work

Best Practices – Fire Protection

When prevention doesn't work, how do we minimize the damage?

Fire Protection – Damage Reduction

- Compartmentation
- Manual Protection
- Automatic Protection

Fire Protection – Compartmentation

- Fire Walls
 - Fire walls exists in two flavors
 - Insurance Speak “Maximum Foreseeable Loss”
 - Hazard protection
 - Penetrations must be controlled and protected
 - Electrical and Data
 - Plumbing
 - HVAC

Fire Protection – Compartmentation

- Fire Doors
 - Regular inspection and maintenance
 - Habit of being propped open
 - Training as well as vigilance is needed

Fire Protection – Compartmentation

- Smoke Control
 - Smoke Damage is pervasive

Fire Protection – Damage Reduction

- Manual Protection
 - Fire Extinguishers
 - Appropriate Type
 - Inspection keeps units ready when needed
 - Tamper Resistant Installations
 - Incipient fires can be controlled and extinguished easily
 - Limited collateral damage

Fire Protection – Damage Reduction

- Automatic Protection
 - Automatic Sprinklers
 - Most fires are controlled by a single operating sprinkler
 - Limited collateral damage
 - 15 gpm for 15 minutes – 225 gallons
 - VS
 - Fire Hose
 - 250 GPM for 10 Minutes 2,500 gallons

Fire Protection – Damage Reduction

- Automatic Protection
 - Automatic Sprinklers
 - Impairment program
 - Additional diligence when systems must be shut off
 - Reducing Hazardous activities during impairments
 - Guaranteeing return to service

Fire Protection – Damage Reduction

- Automatic Protection
 - Automatic Sprinklers
 - Inspection, Testing and Maintenance
 - A prepared sprinkler system is an efficient system.
 - Spare Sprinkler heads can reduce Impaired Sprinklers
 - Knowledge of the system and how it can be *safely* shut down can further reduce damage

Enough about Fire.

It grabs attention, and usually the 6 O'Clock news, but you know what really grabs the attention of insurers?

WATER

Best Practices- Water Damage Prevention

- IoT Program
 - Brett will be going over that

Best Practices- Water Damage Prevention

- What Else?
 - Identify Possible sources!
 - Sinks
 - Water Fountains / Bubblers
 - Toilets
 - Water Heaters
 - Piping exposed to damage
 - Physical Damage
 - Freeze

Best Practices- Water Damage Prevention

- What Else?
 - Identify Cause
 - Physical Damage
 - “Wear and Tear”
 - Freeze

Best Practices- Water Damage Prevention

- What Else?
 - Identify Protection
 - Physical protection of exposed components
 - Inspection and maintenance of Appliances
 - Proactive replacement of materials with limited life spans
 - Flexible Supply lines
 - Water Heaters
 - Insulation of piping exposed to the elements

Best Practices- Water Damage Prevention

- What Else?
 - Identify Mitigation
 - Preparation
 - Do you know how to shut off the supply?
 - Do you have a plan to reduce damage during an event
 - Do you have materials to mitigate damage from water

Additional Property Perils

WIND - HAIL - SNOW – ICE

LIGHTNING

TEMPERATURE EXTREMES

We can control a lot of things, but we can't control the weather. We can prepare.

Property Perils Weather Forecasting:

Local News
National Weather Service

Property Perils Weather

- Roofs
 - Identify areas that may develop leaks
 - Clear drains and scuppers
 - Secure roof mounted equipment
 - Inspection of flashing and ballast

Property Perils Weather

Building Envelope

Windows, Doors and Vents

Closed / Sealed / Locked

Property Perils Weather

Electrical

- GFI Circuits

- Emergency Generators

 - Operational Inspections

 - Adequate Fuel

- Lightning Protection Continuity

Property Perils Weather

Heating

Temperature Monitoring

Inspections

Jurisdictional

Operational

Fuel

Adequate Supply

Property Perils Weather

Prior to extreme events, additional preparation may be warranted

- Window protection, cover of broken glazing and replacement

- Roof protection (Tarps, patches)

- Water exclusion devices (sand bags, water dams, etc)

- Snow removal equipment

One word

PREPARE

Thank you

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