Introducing the Alaska Longitudinal Child Abuse and Neglect Linkage Project (ALCANLink)

 Δ Making smarter use of available data



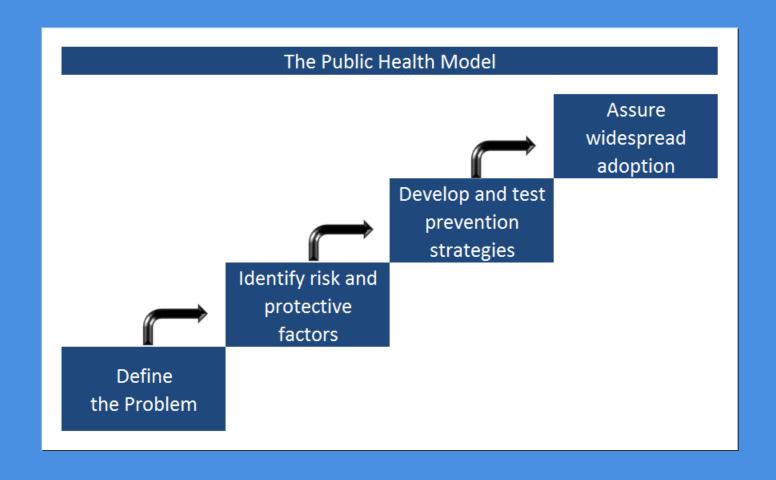


Safe States Conference, Aurora CO September 11th — 14th, 201*7*

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Data

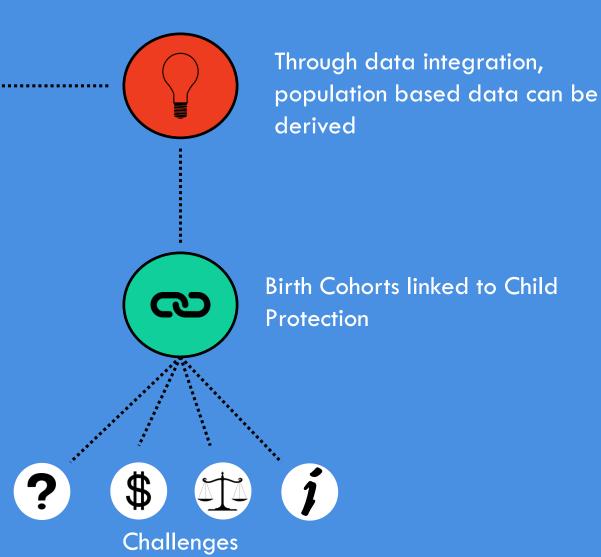


Data linkage

Complex public health problems require comprehensive longitudinal data



Much of what we know about child maltreatment is based on annual child welfare data



Mixed design approach

ALCANLink

Alaska Pregnancy Risk Assessment Monitoring System (Alaska PRAMS)

Follow-up



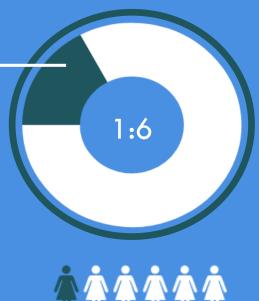
Administration and response





Maternal experiences

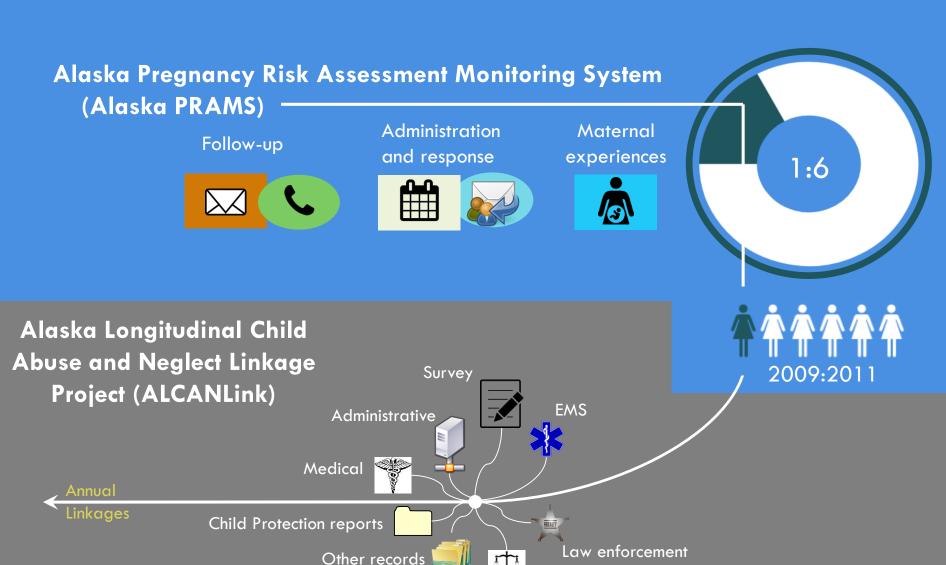






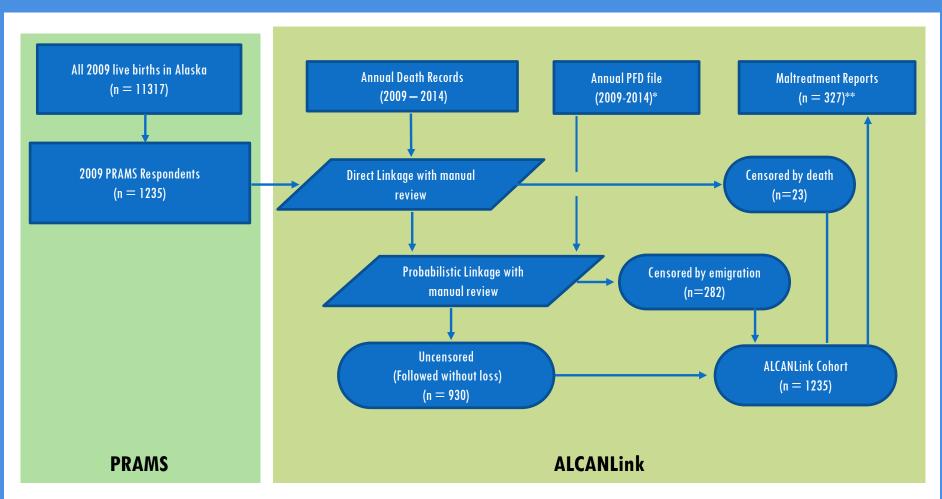
Mixed design approach

ALCANLink



ALCANLink

Mixed design approach

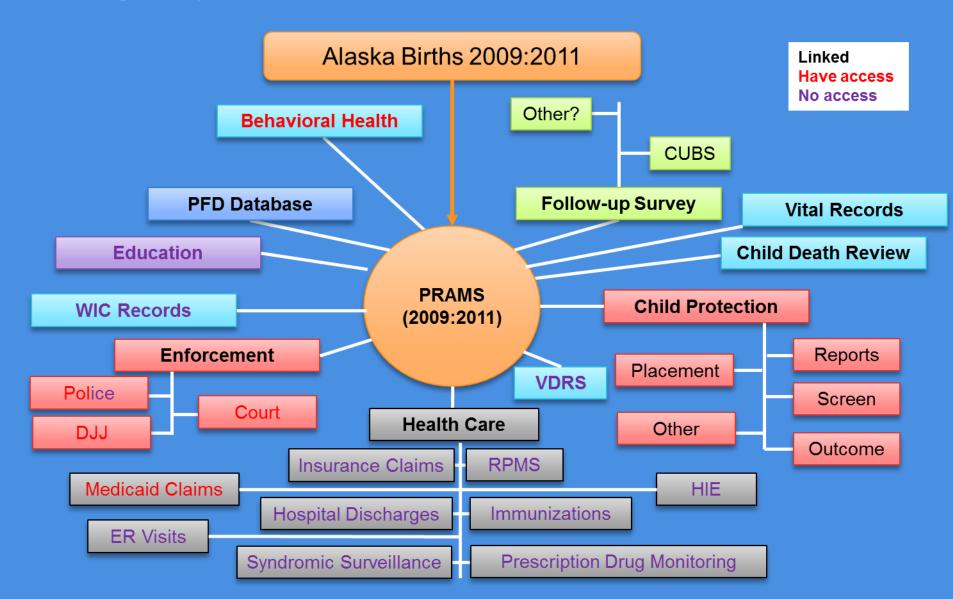


^{*} Permeant Fund Dividend

^{**}Report of maltreatment to either child protective services, child advocacy center, Anchorage Police Department, or the Child Death Review team

ALCANLink

Mixed design approach



Descriptive Epidemiology -

2009-2011 PRAMS respondents

N = 3,549 (represents 49,634 births)

51.5% Male, 48.5% Female

930 reported to OCS by 2015

- 404 reported only once,
- 178 only twice, and
- 348 three or more times

Before age 5 Proportion of 2009 Alaska birth cohort

Comparison



Weighted PRAMS estimates are nearly equivalent to full birth cohort linkage observation

Maltreatment occurrence-

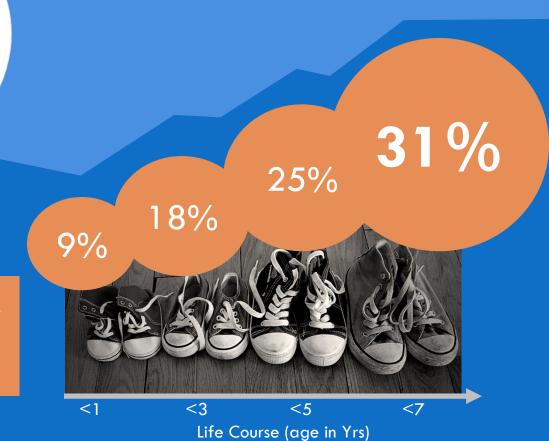


Maltreatment occurrence



Incidence Proportion (cumulative incidence)

Among children born in 2009:2011, nearly 10,241 were reported for maltreatment before age 7



Maternal Stressors

21% of children are born to mothers reporting 4 or more of these stressors

- Homeless
- Partner went to jail
- Being in a fight
- Lost job
- Partner lost job
- Argued with partner more
- Close family member very sick

- Separated/divorced
- Moved
- Someone close died
- Lot of bills couldn't pay
- Partner didn't want pregnancy
- Someone close had problem with drugs/drinking

Maternal Stressors

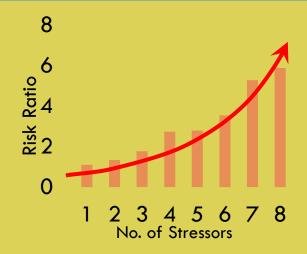
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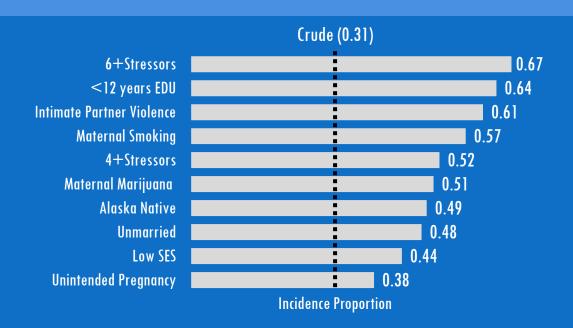
1 in 2

reported for maltreatment before age 7 years



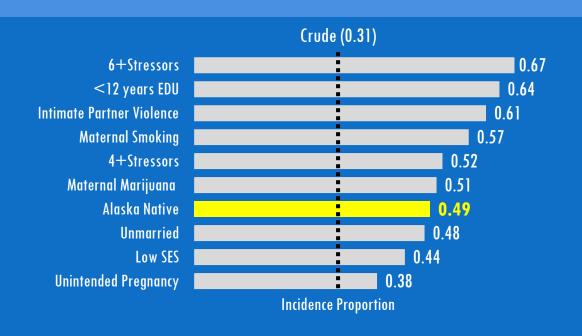
Variable risk-

Children born with different life trajectories for maltreatment



Variable risk-

Children born with different life trajectories for maltreatment



Compared to
White Children,
Alaska Native
Children:



Race doesn't define risk, rather the disproportionate load of factors that are modifiable and preventable.

Predictive analytics

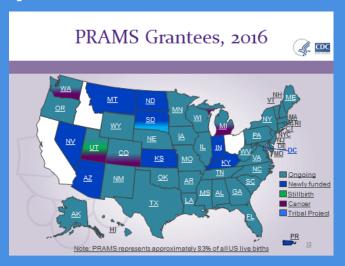


- Low income families (Mothers/births on Medicaid)
- Maternal substance use before/during pregnancy
- 6 or more of 13 maternal stressors reported
- Military families
- Unmarried mothers
- Low maternal age/education

- Multiple children
- History of maternal IPV
- Delayed/absent prenatal care
- Prior history with OCS or DJJ
- History of poor mental health

Replication-

Developing implementation package



Searching for funder to support the development of a flexible data platform



← STATUS ← TATUS ← TATUS

Small multi-state collaboration pilot (partners welcomed)



Goal to have majority of the package ready by mid 2018...





- Standardized methods
- Data sharing agreement templates
- Data platform for integration and linkage
- Linkage support and technical assistance
- Analysis support
- Tips for overcoming challenges (accessing CPS records)

Summary

If you don't know where you're at, it doesn't matter where you're going

Public Health Model Assure widespread adoption

Develop/test prevention strategies

Identify risk/protective factors

Define the problem

Building a strong foundation for prevention



Linkage of entire birth cohorts with state child protection records is beneficial but may be challenging to standardize between states and resource prohibitive



ALCANLink methodology can measure cumulative incidence, develop predictive models, and conduct comprehensive etiologic assessment



Working to package and standardize ALCANLink methodology for multi-state collaboration and potentially nationally

Thank you

$$F_{(t)} = \int_0^t f_{(t)} dt = f_{(t)} \frac{dF_{(t)}}{dt} = 1 - e^{-H_t} = 1 - e^{-\sum_{K=1}^K \lambda_k t_k} \approx \frac{I * \overline{D}}{(I * \overline{D} + 1)} = R$$





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- Parrish JW, Young MB, Perham-Hester KA, Gessner BD. Identifying risk factors for child maltreatment in Alaska: a population-based approach. Am J Prev Med 2011 Jun;40(6):666-673
- Parrish JW, Lanier P, Newby-Kew A, Arvidson J, Shanahan M. Maternal Intimate Partner Violence Victimization Before and During Pregnancy and Postbirth Child Welfare Contact: A Population-Based Assessment. Child Maltreat 2016 Feb;21(1):26-36
- Parrish JW, Shanahan ME, Schnitzer PG, Lanier P, Daniels JL, Marshall SW. Quantifying Sources of Bias in Longitudinal Data Linkage Studies of Child Abuse and Neglect: Measuring the impact of outcome specification, linkage error, and partial cohort follow-up. (Accepted for publication in Injury Epidemiology)

