

An Update on *Myriophyllum* Ring-test Activities

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Outline

- Background of *Myriophyllum* Workgroup
- Protocol
- Current status of final ring test

Background

***Myriophyllum* Work Group**

- formed at the AMRAP (Aquatic Macrophyte Risk Assessment for Pesticides) workshop in 2008
- AMRAP participants identified the need to test certain herbicides on a rooted, macrophyte species for Tier 1 risk assessments in EU
- *Myriophyllum* (submerged, rooted dicot) selected as species of choice
- objective to develop and ring-test a protocol for *Myriophyllum* species

Workgroup Lead: Peter Dohmen (BASF)

Workgroup members

- 13 representatives from academia, government authorities & industry
- representatives from 15 participating laboratories

Schedule

- Protocol developed in 2008
- Pre-test & final ring test from 2009 to 2011
- OECD Test Guideline project initiated in May 2011
 - Workgroup contacts with OECD: Gertie Arts (Alterra) & Jo Davies (Syngenta)



Protocol

Method for *Myriophyllum* species

Test system	Plant pots in glass test vessels (minimum volume of 2 L)
Sediment	Artificial sediment (OECD 219) with added N and P nutrients
Media	Smart and Barko medium at pH 7.5
Application	Via water column
Test design	5 concentrations plus control, each with 3 replicate test vessels containing one plant pot of 3 shoots
Test conditions	20 ± 2°C with 16/8 photoperiod (160 μE·m ⁻² ·s ⁻¹)
Test duration	3 to 7-day acclimation phase followed by 7 day (<i>M. aquaticum</i>) or 14 day (<i>M. spicatum</i>) exposure phase
Assessments	Shoot length on minimum of 4 occasions Fresh and dry weight at beginning and end of test
Endpoints	EC ₅₀ based on increase in biomass and growth rates



Pre-test and final ring test

Pre-test (2009)

- Opportunity for labs to gain experience
- Species – *M. aquaticum* & *M. spicatum*
- Test compounds – 3,5-DCP & 2,4-D
- 11 laboratories
 - both species show similar sensitivity to 3,5-DCP & 2,4-D with low variability between laboratories
 - Shoot length, fresh weight & dry weight provide consistent and reproducible measures of effect.
 - Quality of plant material is critical for achieving reproducible results

Final ring test (2010 to 2011)

- Species – *M. aquaticum* & *M. spicatum*
- Test compounds – 3,5-DCP, isoproturon & trifluralin

Final ring test - Participating laboratories

Laboratory	<i>Myriophyllum aquaticum</i>			<i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i>		
	3,5-DCP	Isoproturon	Trifluralin	3,5-DCP	Isoproturon	Trifluralin
Alterra	X	X		X	X	
BASF SE	X	X	X	X	X	X
Bayer CropScience				X	X	X
BioChem Agrar GmbH				X		
Chemex Environmental International Ltd				X	X	
ECT Oekotoxikologie GmbH	X	X				
Eurofins Agrosience Services GmbH	X	X	X	X	X	
Fraunhofer, IME	X					
Harlan Laboratories Ltd				X	X	
IBACON GmbH	X	X	X			
IPO (Organic Chemistry Branch Pszczyna)	X	X	X			
Smithers Viscient	X			X		
Dr.U.Noack-Laboratorien		X				
UBA,				X	X	
University of Serbia	X	X	X			
Total number of tests	9	8	5	9	7	2

Next steps

Final ring test (2010 to 2011)

- Results available by end of 2011
- Preparation of journal paper
- Reported to OECD within next three months
- Evaluated under the OECD test guideline process

Poster in AMEG Session (RP133)

A PROPOSED OECD TEST GUIDELINE FOR THE SUBMERGED, SEDIMENT-ROOTED MACROPHYTE, *MYRIOPHYLLUM* Jo Davies, Syngenta, UK, Peter Dohmen, BASF, Germany and Gertie Arts, Alterra, The Netherlands.