



## A LEAK PROOF PLAN

## OT CYBERSECURITY GUIDANCE FOR WATER UTILITIES

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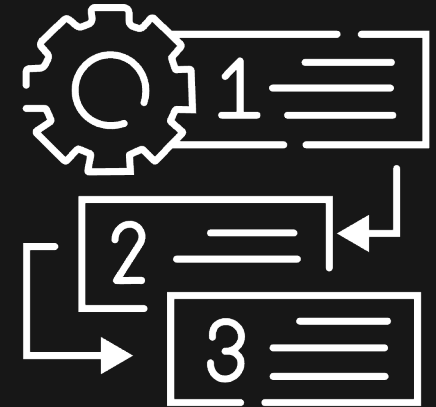
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# THREAT BRIEFING AGENDA

1. High Frequency Threats
2. Hactivist Activity against W/WW Systems
3. Overview of Significant W/WW Cyber events
4. Cyber Attack Surface of W/WW Systems
5. Potential Attack Pathways for Asset Owners to Secure



## TAKEAWAYS

- Targeted devices in W/WW systems
- Adversary methods of network access
- Post-compromise activity of adversaries

# HIGH FREQUENCY THREATS & ATTRIBUTES FOR DEFENSE



## HACKTIVISM

- Targeting of exposed ICS/OT devices
- Erratic use of control system functionality resulting in physical impact
- Geopolitically motivated
- Hacktivism groups occasionally aligned with threat groups



## RANSOMWARE

- Initial access and lateral movement through IT systems into OT
- Use of compromised credentials
- Exploitation of network edge devices

# HACKTIVIST GROUPS

WEAK CREDENTIALS, INTERNET-FACING ASSETS ARE USED TO  
DISRUPT OT IN WATER UTILITIES IN U.S., EUROPE

November 2023

Booster station  
belonging to the  
Municipal Water  
Authority of Aliquippa

CyberAven3gers posted the  
following message:

"Every Equipment  
"Made In Israel" Is  
CyberAv3ngers Legal Target!"

Images of compromised Unitronics  
Vision devices located in  
North America are shared online

The Full Pint Beer  
Brewery in  
Pittsburgh



December 2023

Erris, Ireland water  
scheme

180 residents without  
running water for 2 days

Joint Cybersecurity  
Advisory warns of  
IRGC-affiliated actors  
exploiting PLCs in  
multiple sectors

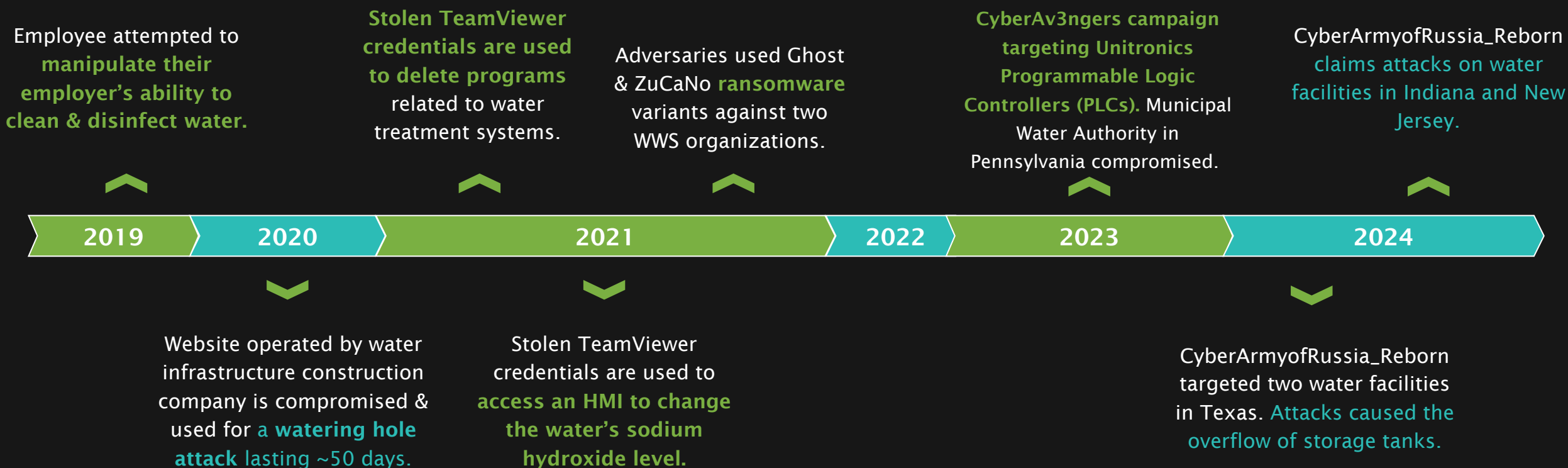
April 2024

Cyber Army of Russia  
Reborn targets exposed  
and insecure OT systems  
– resulting in physical OT  
impact in at least two  
events



# WATER & WASTEWATER CYBER EVENTS IN THE U.S.

Between 2006 and 2023, there were 27 publicly disclosed cyber events within the water & wastewater sector in the U.S. This number has steadily increased due to hacktivist attacks. **There were up to 4x as many undisclosed events in 2023-2024 alone.**



# WATER & WASTEWATER ATTACK SURFACE

## LARGEST POTENTIAL ATTACK SURFACE

BASED ON  
PROFESSIONAL  
SERVICES  
ENGAGEMENTS FOR  
WWS ENTITIES

### PUMP/LIFT STATION

- Process Controllers
- HMI/OIT
- Communications
- Variable Frequency Drives
- Potential Network Ingress/Egress

### TRANSMISSION/DISTRIBUTION

- Remote Terminal Units
- Potential Network Ingress/Egress

### WATER/WASTEWATER TREATMENT

- Remote Access Devices
- Vulnerable VPN or Firewall Appliances
- Vendor Remote Access
- Cross IT/OT Domain Engineering Laptops
- Enterprise IT

### OTHER TARGETS

- Billing Systems
- Historians

# EXPOSED ICS/OT ASSETS

Internet-exposed assets & remote access devices are commonly used for initial access.

Default or weak credentials on ICS/OT devices increase the risk of exposure & compromise.

BASED ON DRAGOS PROFESSIONAL SERVICES ENGAGEMENTS FOR THE WWS SECTOR IN 2022:

EXTERNAL CONNECTIVITY



SHARED CREDENTIALS



**In 2023, CyberAv3ngers successfully compromised Unitronics PLC devices.**

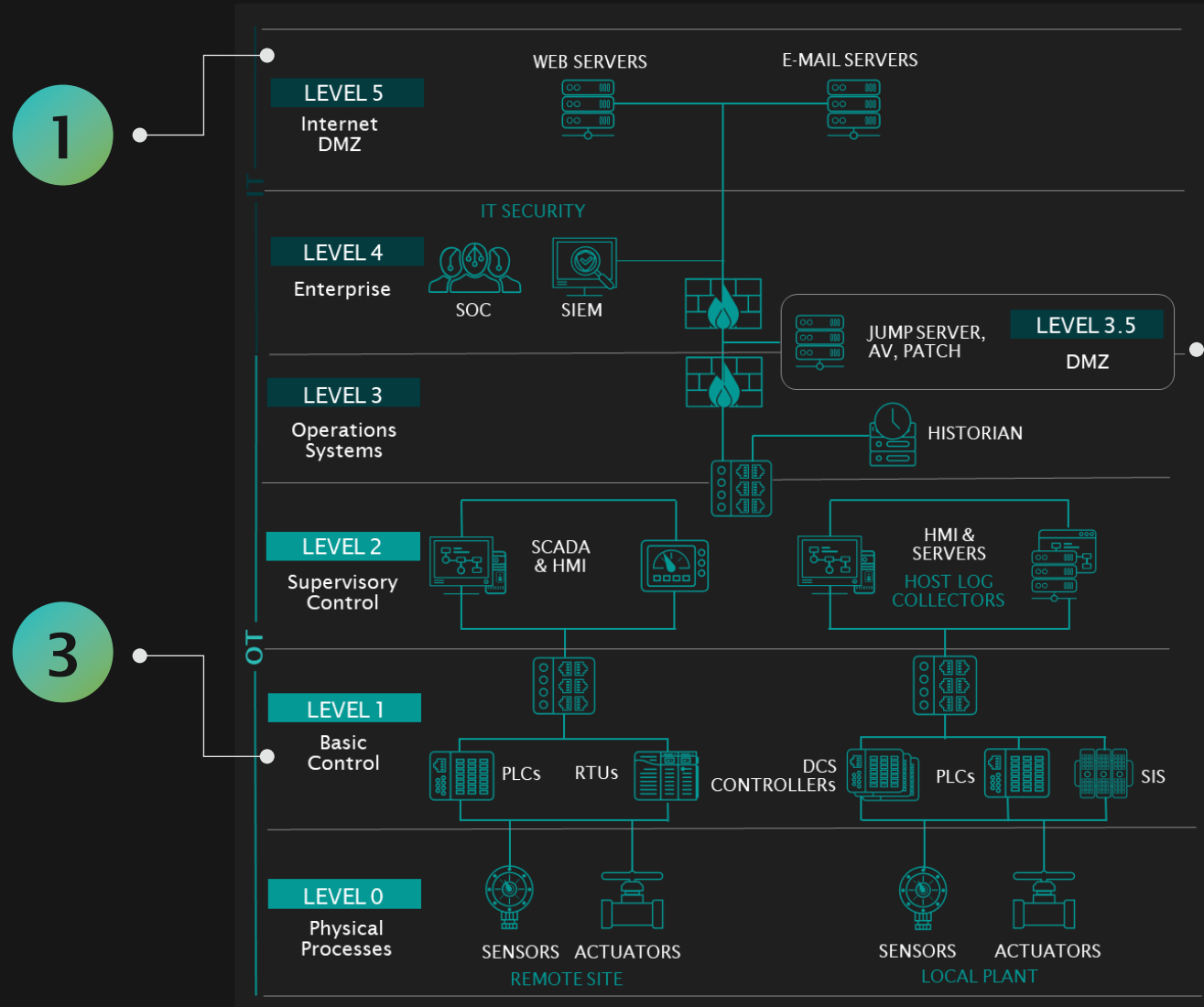
Dragos identified over 1 800 internet-exposed Unitronics devices, but only 0.0001% of Neighborhood Keeper monitored assets are Unitronics.

Dragos assesses with moderate confidence that Unitronics devices are more common in environments with limited visibility, such as remote locations or smaller organizations.

# POTENTIAL ATTACK PATH IN THE WWS

Adversaries gain access to IT environment, leverage vulnerable network assets for navigation

From the OT network, adversaries can exploit any number of vulnerabilities



Pivot towards organization's demilitarized zone (DMZ) ethernet gateways, engineering workstations, jump boxes, etc.

IN THE WWS SECTOR, NEARLY 60% OF THE EXPLOITABLE VULNERABILITIES ARE ON CONTROLLERS



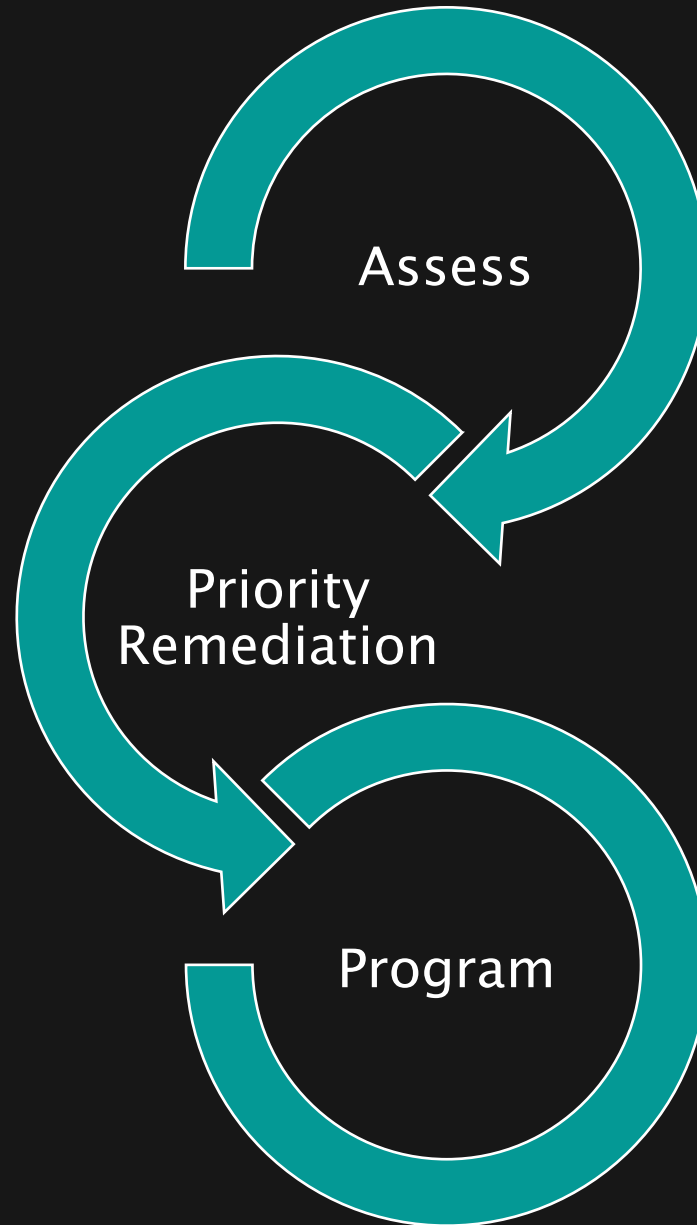
# WE CAN FIX THIS!

## Common Weakness:





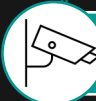


Unprotected systems directly connected to the internet



# EXECUTION



# PRIORITY LIST OF OT CYBERSECURITY CONTROLS

-  Backups and Incident Preparedness
-  Protect External Connectivity & Internet Exposed Devices
-  Secure Remote Access
-  Identify and protect critical assets
-  Logging and Monitoring
-  Vulnerability Management
-  Endpoint Security/Cybersecurity Hardening

# WINDOWS COMMAND PROMPT

## Ping 8.8.8.8

```
Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.22621.963]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\ExampleUser>ping 8.8.8.8

Pinging 8.8.8.8 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=22ms TTL=55
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=25ms TTL=55
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=27ms TTL=55
Reply from 8.8.8.8: bytes=32 time=24ms TTL=55

Ping statistics for 8.8.8.8:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 22ms, Maximum = 27ms, Average = 24ms

C:\Users\ExampleUser>
```

## Netstat -nao > Netstat\_info.txt

```
Command Prompt - netstat - X
TCP 127.0.0.1:9089 0.0.0.0:0 LISTENING 14280
TCP 127.0.0.1:28385 0.0.0.0:0 LISTENING 4
TCP 127.0.0.1:28390 0.0.0.0:0 LISTENING 4
TCP 127.0.0.1:63227 127.0.0.1:63228 ESTABLISHED 4472
TCP 127.0.0.1:63228 127.0.0.1:63227 ESTABLISHED 4472
TCP 172.16.0.36:139 0.0.0.0:0 LISTENING 4
TCP 172.16.0.36:49408 52.159.127.243:443 ESTABLISHED 4076
TCP 172.16.0.36:49742 40.74.108.123:443 ESTABLISHED 10180
TCP 172.16.0.36:50395 72.21.91.29:80 CLOSE_WAIT 7536
TCP 172.16.0.36:50399 13.107.246.36:443 CLOSE_WAIT 7536
TCP 172.16.0.36:63223 170.114.52.2:443 CLOSE_WAIT 9892
TCP 172.16.0.36:63224 170.114.52.2:443 CLOSE_WAIT 9892
TCP 172.16.0.36:63225 13.249.181.243:443 CLOSE_WAIT 9892
TCP 172.16.0.36:63230 13.249.181.243:443 CLOSE_WAIT 9892
TCP 172.16.0.36:63235 206.247.77.208:443 ESTABLISHED 4472
TCP 172.16.0.36:63336 204.79.197.200:443 TIME_WAIT 0
TCP 172.16.0.36:63337 204.79.197.200:443 TIME_WAIT 0
TCP 172.16.0.36:63338 13.59.123.141:443 ESTABLISHED 4472
TCP 172.16.0.36:63339 204.79.197.200:443 ESTABLISHED 11900
TCP 172.16.0.36:63340 20.140.147.200:443 ESTABLISHED 11900
TCP 172.16.0.36:63341 72.21.91.29:80 ESTABLISHED 11900
TCP 172.16.0.36:63342 13.107.3.254:443 ESTABLISHED 11900
TCP 172.16.0.36:63343 72.21.81.200:443 ESTABLISHED 11900
TCP 172.16.0.36:63344 172.64.142.36:80 ESTABLISHED 8884
TCP 172.16.0.36:63345 172.64.142.36:443 ESTABLISHED 8884
TCP 172.16.0.36:63346 204.79.197.222:443 ESTABLISHED 11900
TCP 172.16.0.36:63347 20.189.173.1:443 ESTABLISHED 12380
TCP 172.16.0.36:63348 52.113.196.254:443 ESTABLISHED 11900
TCP 172.16.0.36:63349 13.107.237.36:443 ESTABLISHED 11900
TCP 172.16.0.36:63350 13.107.18.254:443 ESTABLISHED 11900
```

# PRIORITY REMEDIATION

## Firewall Configuration:

- Restricting communication to only what is required.
- ICS/OT/SCADA specific configurations



# RECOMMENDATIONS

SANS



THE FIVE  
ICS CYBER  
SECURITY  
CRITICAL  
CONTROLS

01

ICS Incident Response Plan

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02

Defensible Architecture

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03

ICS Network Visibility & Monitoring

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04

Secure Remote Access

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05

Risk-based Vulnerability Management



Q U E S T I O N S   A N D   A N S W E R S